

Module 1

Monday, June 17, 2024 9:16 AM

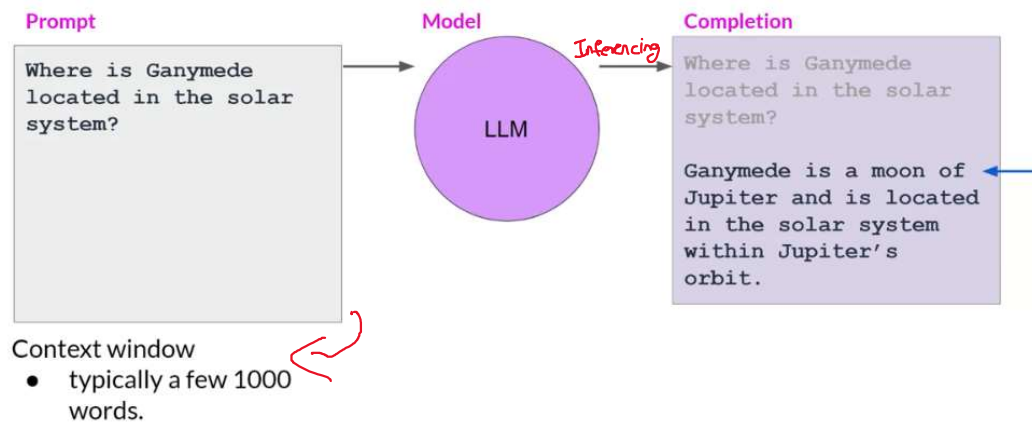
Generative AI project lifecycle

Foundation, training & tuning then

Examples of Gen AI

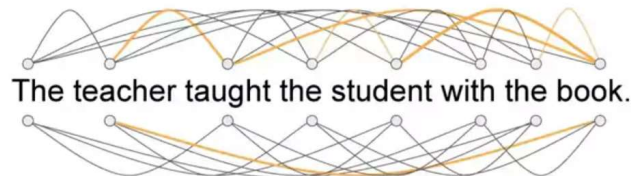
- Text generation
- Image Generation
- Coding assistant

We are able to communicate with LLMs with natural language, instead of machine code.



Use Cases:

- Generating essay
- Translation → NL to machine code
Language to Language
- Information retrieval with name-entity recognition
- Augmenting with external datasources



Because of the architecture, it has the potential

→ Information from external sources
 → Augmenting with external datasources

Before Transformers

We had RNN, which had limited ability of previous context. To generate new text, we need to understand the semantics

Transformers therefore are used because they scale efficiently, parallel process and attention to input meaning

Encoder only architecture can be used for classification task

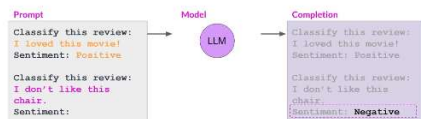
Encoder Decoder architecture are usually used for sequence-to-sequence task

Decoders are popular and used for generational tasks

Great way to improve performance of prompt engineering is with giving examples of chat responses.

In-context learning (Zero-Shot Inference).
 (Big Models perform very well)

② One-shot inference → We give example of how the model should perform



One-shot inference

③ Few Shot inference : Give multiple examples.

Generative Configuration:

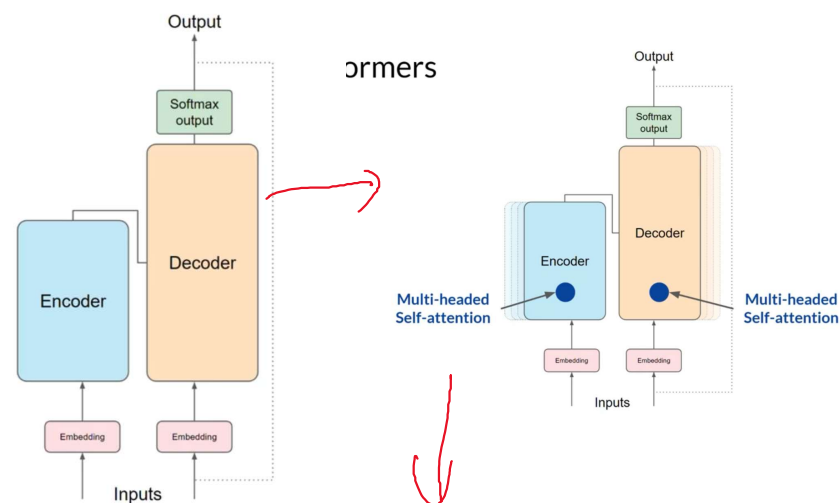
Max new tokens : Limit the number of tokens it will generate

Generate using random sampling:

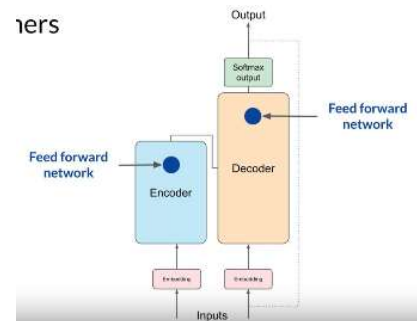


Because of the architecture, it has the potential find meaning and relation between every word.

These attention weights are learned during training.



Initial intention of transformer architecture was for sequence-to-sequence task

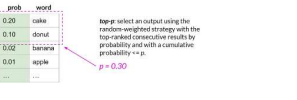
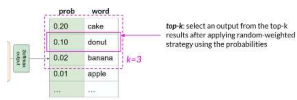
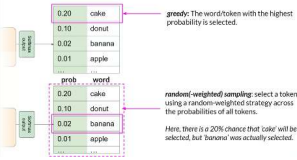


max new tokens -> it will generate

Greedy v/s random sampling:
Top-1 & Top-k are different methods to provide random sampling

This increases the chance that the generated text is sensible

Generative config - greedy vs. random sampling

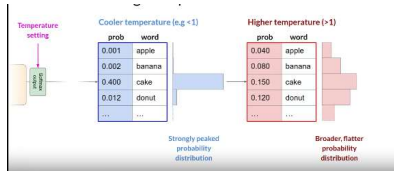


A higher topK value allows for more diversity by considering a larger set of tokens, while a lower value like topK=1 (greedy decoding) restricts sampling to just the single most likely token, favoring coherence over diversity

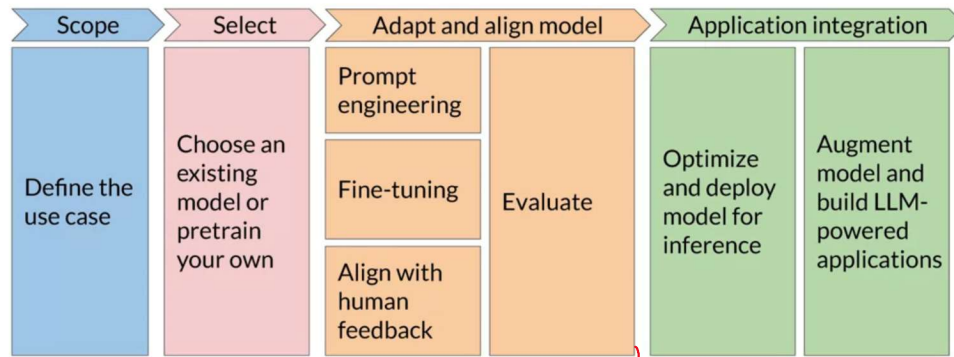
A higher topP value (e.g. 0.9) allows for more diversity by considering a wider range of tokens, while a lower value (e.g. 0.5) restricts sampling to a narrower set of high probability tokens, favoring coherence over diversity.

From <<https://www.perplexity.ai/search/help-me-understand-isLx8PHnRIC6ng2YjjiA9A>>

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Generative AI Lifecycle:



We need to define exactly what our use case is, this

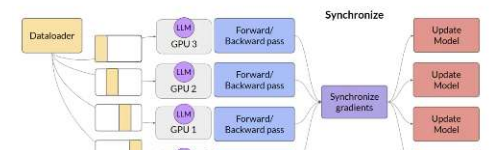
Highly iterative.

... challenge of LLM

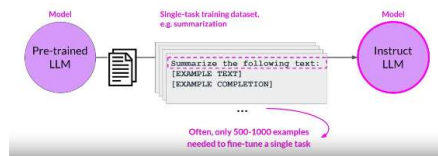
Efficient Multi-GPU compute strategy:

Pytorch Distributed Data Parallel (DDP)

Distributed Data Parallel (DDP)



Fine-tuning on a single task



- Single-task training dataset
- Often only 500-1000 examples are needed to fine-tune a single task.

Problem: Catastrophic forgetting

Solution: Fine-tune on multiple tasks
(or) Parameter Efficient Fine-tuning (PEFT)

Multi-task, instruction