

## FPFlow: Detect and Prevent Browser Fingerprinting with Dynamic Taint Analysis

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## **INTRODUCTION**

## **Browser Fingerprinting**

- > Collecting a set of browser attributes to uniquely identify the web user.
- > The diversity of many browser properties has been exploited.
- > Hardware feature extracted with rendering functions (e.g., toDataURL) can track user across different browsers.

## **Prevention of Browser Fingerprinting**

- > Many protection mechanisms has been proposed.
- X Can only detect or prevent a certain kind of browser fingerprinting.
- X Not all of them actually "protect" the web user.
- X Some protection methods makes the browser easier to be fingerprinted.
- X Many methods prevent fingerprinting by sacrificing client functionalities (e.g., disabling Canvas API or Fixing the window size).

#### **Contribution**

- > We proposed an information-flow based method to detect and prevent browser fingerprinting.
- We implemented FPFlow based on Chromium as the prototype of our method.
- ➤ We conducted a large-scale experiment on FPFlow on Alexa top 10,000 sites and found 71.3% site potentially performing browser fingerprinting.

## **MOTIVATION**

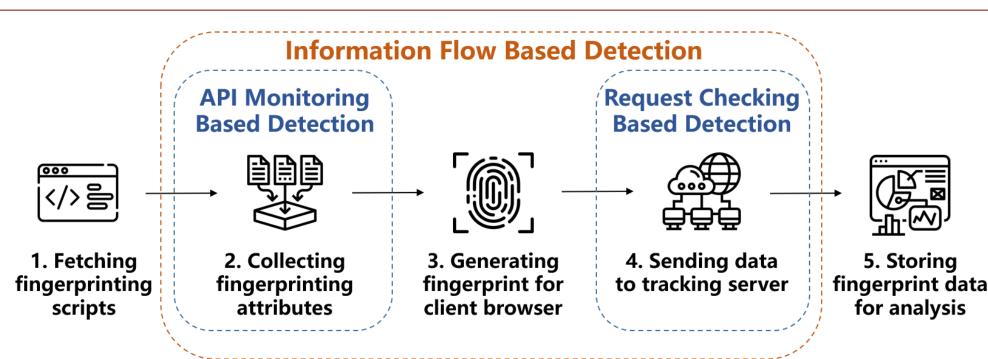


Figure 1: The Process of Browser Fingerprinting

## **API Monitoring Based Detection**

- Logging access to certain DOM APIs
- ✓ Canvas & AudioContext fingerprinting
- **✗** Property-based fingerprinting
- ✗ Doesn't know if the data is sent out

## **Request Checking Based Detection**

- Searching for fingerprinting attributes in web requests.
- ✓ Property-based fingerprinting
- ✗ Canvas & AudioContext fingerprinting
- **✗** Fingerprint encoding or hashing

## **Information Flow Based Detection**

- ➤ Taint Source: Fingerprinting Attributes
- > Tant Sink: Web Request
- Runtime Propagation: Decide whether the fingerprinting attributes are sent
- ✓ Canvas & AudioContext fingerprinting
- ✓ Property-based fingerprinting
- ✓ Confirm that fingerprinting attributes are sent out
- ✓ Can handle fingerprint encoding and hashing

## **SYSTEM DESIGN**

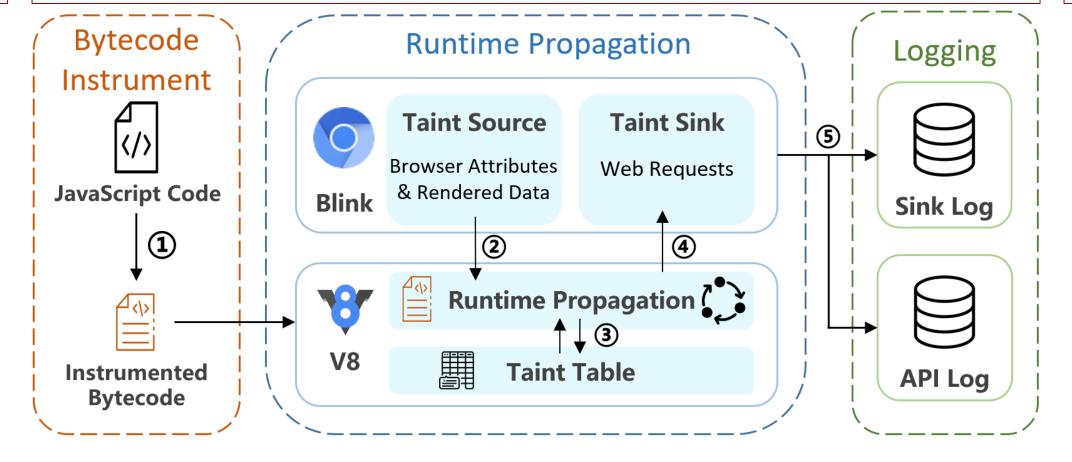


Figure 2: Abstract Architecture of FPFlow

#### **Bytecode Instrument**

- When loading a script, V8 parses the source code to AST then generates bytecode.
- FPFlow adds additional bytecodes for taint propagation at bytecode generation phase.
- FPFlow propagates taint at property load, basic operations, and Native function calls.

#### **Get Tainted**

When JavaScript accesses to fingerprinting attributes (DOM properties or functions), the JavaScript object is marked as tainted.

#### **Taint Propagation**

- FPFlow maintains a taint table to store object taints.
- During execution, FPFlow propagates taint and update the taint table.

#### **Taint Sink**

- When the web page initiates a web request, FPFlow checks whether it contains taint data.
- If so, FPFlow marks the request as fingerprinting request, and can stop it to prevent fingerprinting.

#### Logging

- Sink log contains the target URL, method, carried taint and stack trace of the request.
- API log records all the accesses to DOM API.

**Table 1: Selected Taint Source and Sink** 

Туре		DOM APIs	
Taint Source (208 in total)	Properties (206)	userAgent, innerHeight, colorDepth, Cookie etc.	
	Functions (2)	toDataUrl, getChannelData	
Taint Sinks		XMLHTTPRequest, HTMLElement.src,	
(5 in total)		WebSocket, Fetch, Navigator.sendBeacon	

## Challenges

- > FPFlow should only propagate taint for V8 native functions implemented in C++. We solve this problem by collecting the address of all native functions during the V8 bootstrap phase.
- > A runtime fingerprinting protection framework requires a low overhead. FPFlow reduces the overhead by optimizing the storage and propagation of JavaScript object taint.

## **PRELIMINARY RESULTS**

### Large scale result

- > 7,132 sites (71.3%) are potentially performing browser fingerprinting.
- 6,654 sites are sending user data to third-party domain.

**Table 2: Most Used Tracking Services** 

Service	Sites	Service	Sites
doubleclick.com	5,745	rubiconproject.com	1,283
google-analytics.com	4,941	adnxs.com	729
google.com	1,941	criteo.com	535
googlesyndication.com	1,672	rlcdn.com	499
facebook.com	1,556	casalemedia.com	486

<b>Table 3: Most Used Fingerprint Attributes</b>				Table 4: Usage of Request Methods	
Attribu	te Sites	Attribute	Sites	Request Methods	Sites
Cookie	e 6,829	Platform	3,428	Element.src	6,345
UserAge	ent 6,827	CookieEnabled	3,334	XMLHTTPRequest	5,020
Histor	y 4,848	Language	3,310	Fetch	2,251
AppVers	ion 4,823	Plugins	2,790	sendBeacon	1,961
Resolusi	on 3,483	ColorDepth	2,783	WebSocket	203

## **Fingerprinting Script Behavior**

#### **Tracker Loader**

- A script loading many tracking scripts according to configuration.
- Different websites have different configurations.

# 'content": "var kuid = Krux('get', 'user'); ... new Image().src = https://cm.g.doubleclick.net/pixel?google\_nid=krux\_digital&google\_hm='+baseEnd 'content": "var kuid = Krux('get', 'user'); ... \

#### Fingerprint encoding

 Some sites will encode browser fingerprint, especially Canvas fingerprint before sending to the remote server.

## return fingerprint.util.MD5.hex\_md5(location.href.split("?")[0]) getUserAgent: function() { return fingerprint.util.MD5.hex\_md5(navigator.userAgent)

#### Fingerprinting Beacon

- Sending many requests to one UR
- May have different parameters each time.

t.push("canvas fp:" + fingerprint.util.MD5.hex\_md5(r.toDataURL())), https://g2.gumgum.com/hbid/imp?si=20829&pi=3&gdprApplies=0&uspConsent=1YN N&schain=1.0,1!ezoic.ai,92a6db08b43e2ef47ed9427cb6e2953f,1,,,&vw=800&vh=6 00&sw=800&sh=600&pu=https://www.thewindowsclub.com/&ce=true&dpr=1&jcsi={' t":0,"rq":8,"pbv":"3.27.0"}&ogu=https://www.thewindowsclub.com&ns=10240 https://g2.gumgum.com/hbid/imp?si=20875&pi=3&gdprApplies=0&uspConsent=1YN N&schain=1.0,1!ezoic.ai,92a6db08b43e2ef47ed9427cb6e2953f,1,,,&vw=800&vh=6 00&sw=800&sh=600&pu=https://www.thewindowsclub.com/&ce=true&dpr=1&jcsi={ t":0,"rq":8,"pbv":"3.27.0"}&ogu=https://www.thewindowsclub.com&ns=10240

#### **Limitations**

- > FPFlow uses dynamic taint analysis to analyze information flow, leading to potential false positives and false negatives.
- > We are currently working on evaluating the accuracy of our detection result.

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