

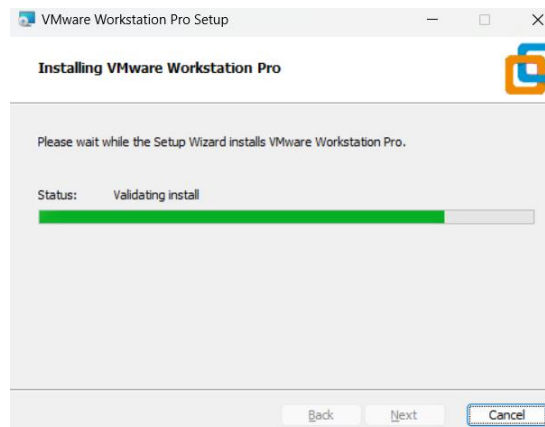
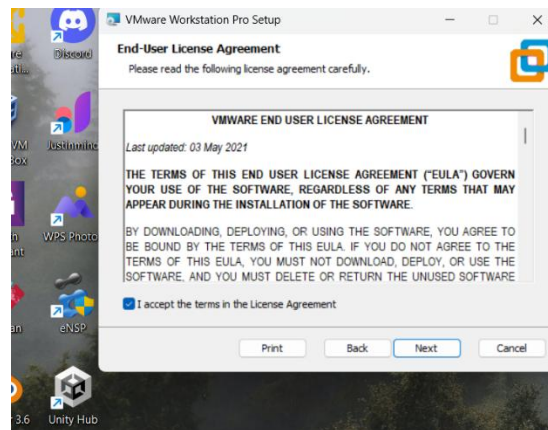
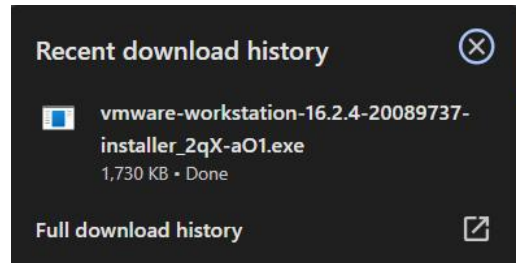
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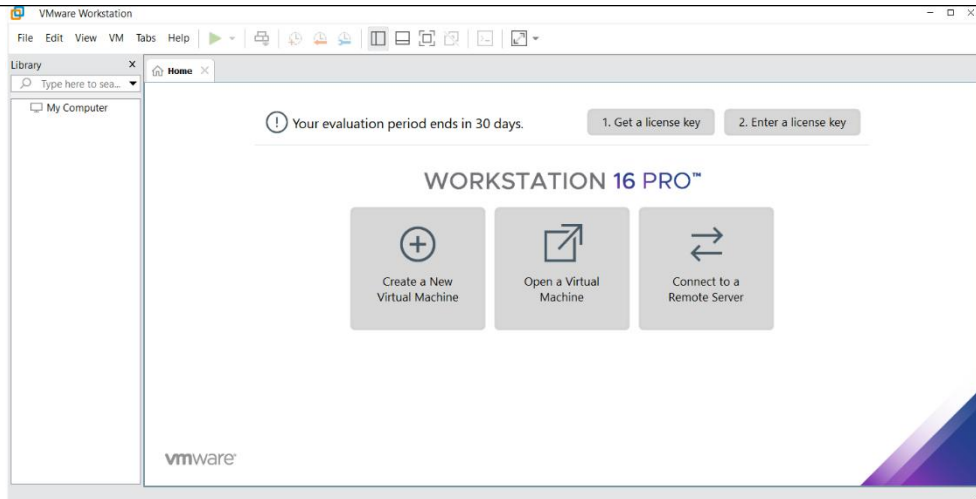
COMPUTER CRIME AND DIGITAL EVIDENCE

PRACTICAL 1 LAB REPORT

1. Building your forensics Workstation

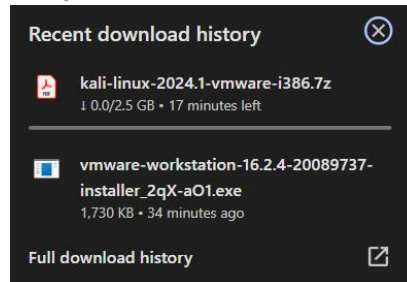
- a. Download and install VMware Workstation Pro on my computer.



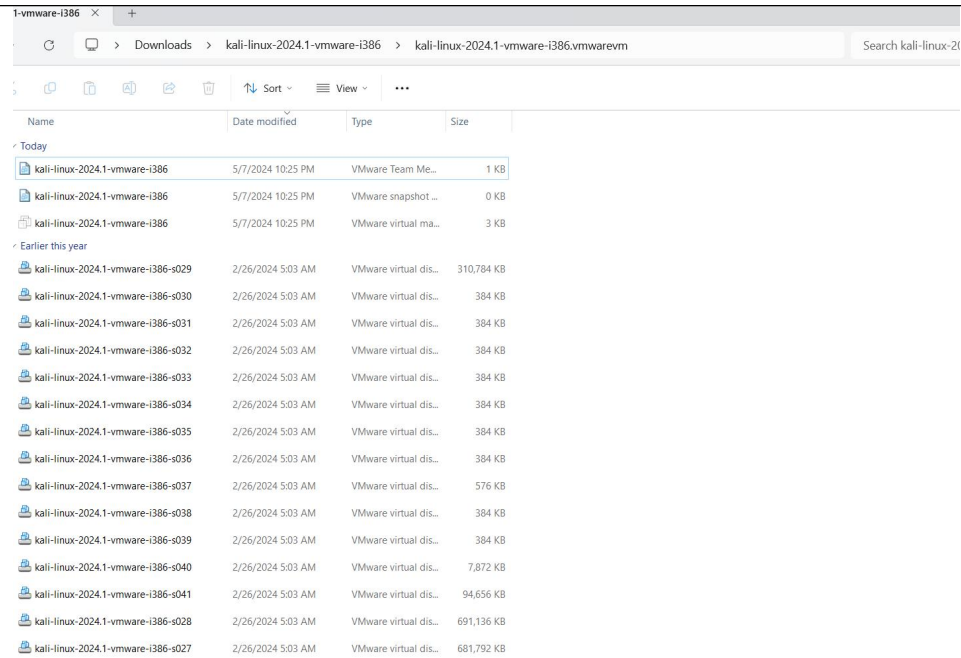


- Here's how the VMware Workstation home screen will appear.

b. Download Kali Linux (Kali Linux 64 bit VMware Preinstalled Image)

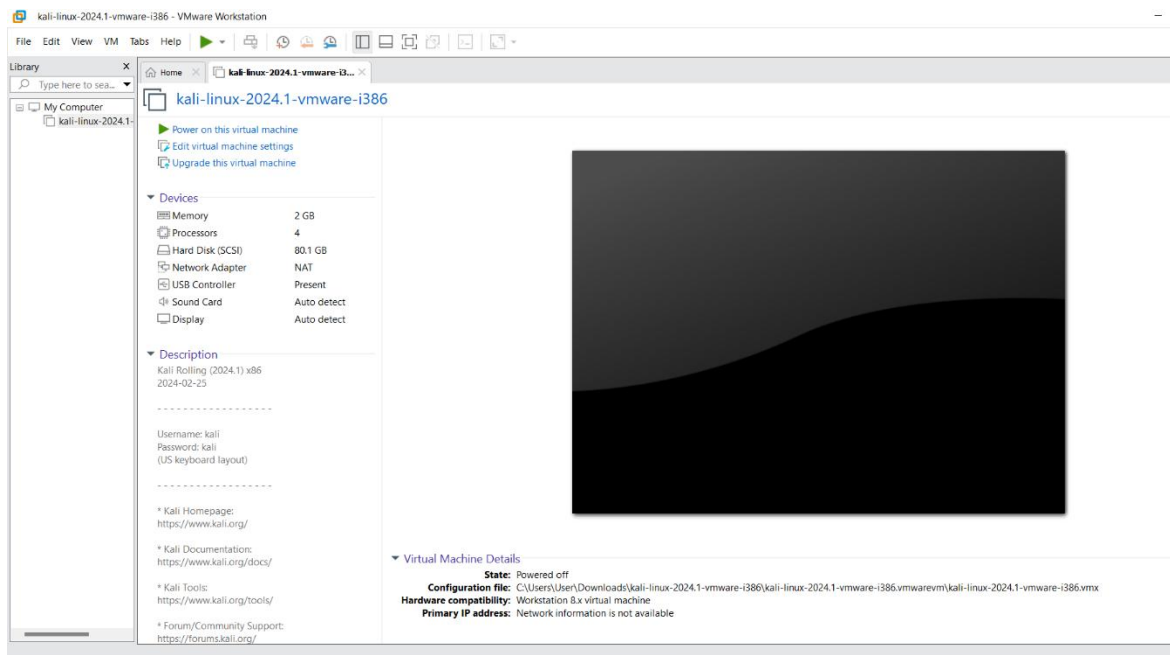


- In this case, the downloaded item was a PDF even though I was anticipating a zipped file. As a result, I was able to obtain the picture that is shown below by extracting the text of the PDF file. I then moved the VMware virtual machine 3KB file into the VMware Workstation.

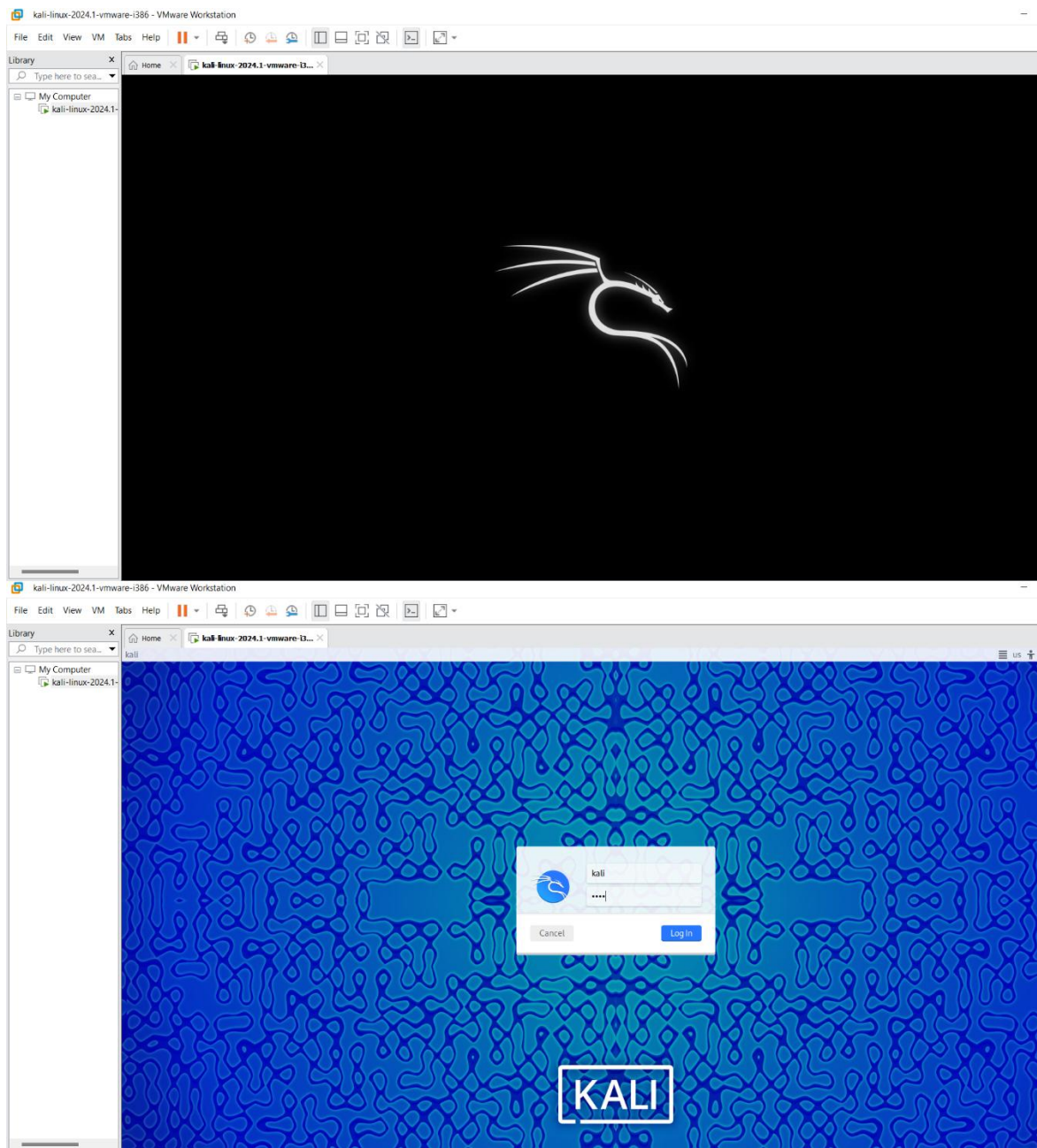


Name	Date modified	Type	Size
Today			
kali-linux-2024.1-vmware-i386	5/7/2024 10:25 PM	VMware Team Me...	1 KB
kali-linux-2024.1-vmware-i386	5/7/2024 10:25 PM	VMware snapshot ...	0 KB
kali-linux-2024.1-vmware-i386	5/7/2024 10:25 PM	VMware virtual ma...	3 KB
Earlier this year			
kali-linux-2024.1-vmware-i386-s029	2/26/2024 5:03 AM	VMware virtual dis...	310,784 KB
kali-linux-2024.1-vmware-i386-s030	2/26/2024 5:03 AM	VMware virtual dis...	384 KB
kali-linux-2024.1-vmware-i386-s031	2/26/2024 5:03 AM	VMware virtual dis...	384 KB
kali-linux-2024.1-vmware-i386-s032	2/26/2024 5:03 AM	VMware virtual dis...	384 KB
kali-linux-2024.1-vmware-i386-s033	2/26/2024 5:03 AM	VMware virtual dis...	384 KB
kali-linux-2024.1-vmware-i386-s034	2/26/2024 5:03 AM	VMware virtual dis...	384 KB
kali-linux-2024.1-vmware-i386-s035	2/26/2024 5:03 AM	VMware virtual dis...	384 KB
kali-linux-2024.1-vmware-i386-s036	2/26/2024 5:03 AM	VMware virtual dis...	384 KB
kali-linux-2024.1-vmware-i386-s037	2/26/2024 5:03 AM	VMware virtual dis...	576 KB
kali-linux-2024.1-vmware-i386-s038	2/26/2024 5:03 AM	VMware virtual dis...	384 KB
kali-linux-2024.1-vmware-i386-s039	2/26/2024 5:03 AM	VMware virtual dis...	384 KB
kali-linux-2024.1-vmware-i386-s040	2/26/2024 5:03 AM	VMware virtual dis...	7,872 KB
kali-linux-2024.1-vmware-i386-s041	2/26/2024 5:03 AM	VMware virtual dis...	94,656 KB
kali-linux-2024.1-vmware-i386-s028	2/26/2024 5:03 AM	VMware virtual dis...	691,136 KB
kali-linux-2024.1-vmware-i386-s027	2/26/2024 5:03 AM	VMware virtual dis...	681,792 KB

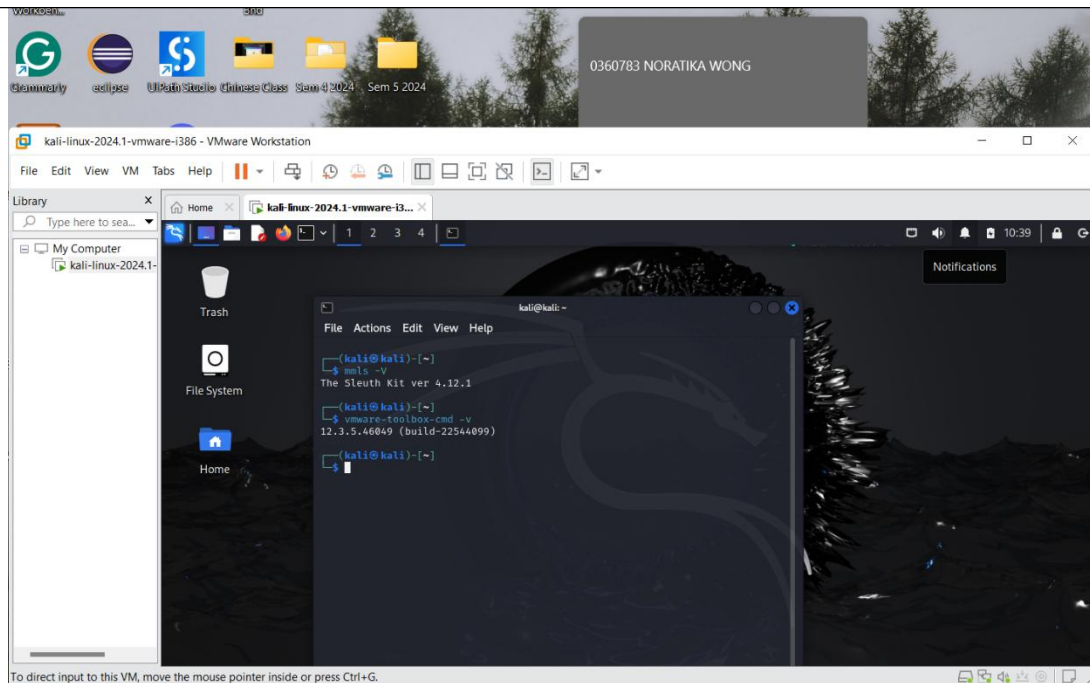
- c. Click "Open." After the import process is completed, user will see the newly imported Kali Linux virtual machine listed among the available virtual machines on the left side of VMware Workstation, as shown below.



d. Here is how user can check the version of TSK installed on Kali Linux and Vmware-tools.



- User will need to power on the Kali-Linux first and then put in the username and password which is 'kali'.



- 'mmis -V' This command is being used to check the version of TSK (The Sleuth Kit) installed on the system while 'vmware-toolbox-cmd -v' This command is used to check the version of VMware Tools installed on the system. Above is shown both the version of TSK that already being installed in system and VMware Tools.

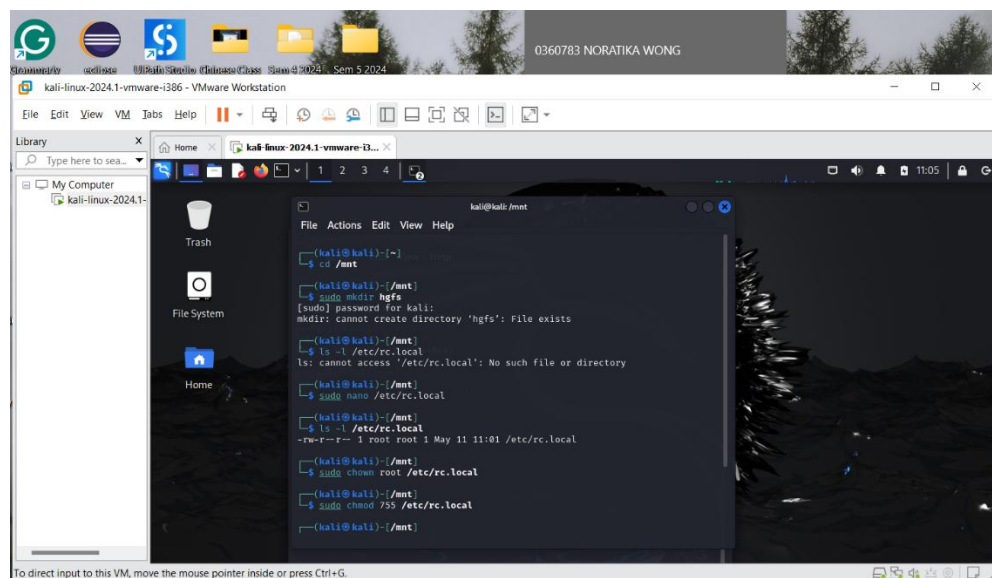
2. Creating a shared folder

a. Create the missing folder in the system

- The command 'cd /mnt' modifies the current directory to '/mnt', which is commonly utilised as a mount point for external file systems or devices.
- 'sudo mkdir hgfs' In this case, the mkdir command is run with administrator rights using sudo. The command 'mkdir' denotes "make directory," and the directory that is being created inside of '/mnt' is called 'hgfs'.
- Use the following command to create or change the /etc/rc.local file 'sudo nano /etc/rc.local'. This command opens the /etc/rc.local file and launches the Nano text editor with administrator rights, if it doesn't already exist. In here there will be screen pop which user need to press together 'Ctrl + X' and after that 'Enter' to exist from the screen and back to the terminal screen.

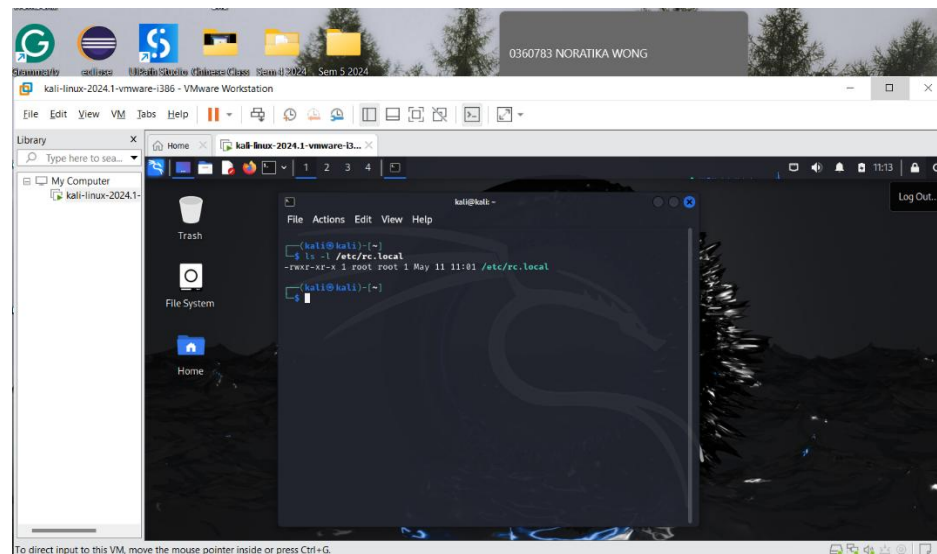
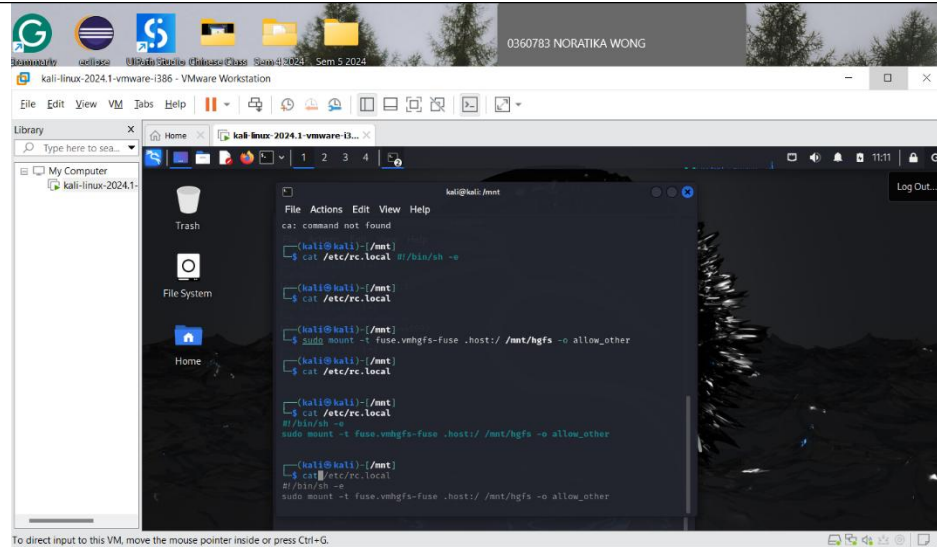
- 'ls -l /etc/rc.local' This command displays comprehensive details on the ownership and permissions of the /etc/rc.local file.
- 'sudo chown root /etc/rc.local' This changes the owner of the file to root.
- 'sudo chmod 755 /etc/rc.local' This changes the file permissions to 755, which means it becomes executable by the owner (root) and readable and executable by others.
- 'cat #!/bin/sh -e' This line specifies the shell to be used for executing the script (/bin/sh) and -e ensures that the script exits immediately if any command fails.

'sudo mount -t fuse.vmhgfs-fuse .host:/ /mnt/hgfs -o allow_other' This mounts the VMware shared folder to /mnt/hgfs using the fuse.vmhgfs-fuse file system type, allowing other users to access it. For this command user need to type cat first and press space until the below line to type in the '#!/bin/sh -e' another space to next line and type in 'sudo mount -t fuse.vmhgfs-fuse .host:/ /mnt/hgfs -o allow_other'



```

kali@kali:~/mnt
File Actions Edit View Help
kali@kali:~$ cd /mnt
kali@kali:~/mnt$ sudo mkdir hgfs
[sudo] password for kali:
mkdir: cannot create directory 'hgfs': File exists
kali@kali:~/mnt$ ls -l /etc/rc.local
ls: cannot access '/etc/rc.local': No such file or directory
kali@kali:~/mnt$ sudo nano /etc/rc.local
kali@kali:~/mnt$ ls -l /etc/rc.local
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root 1 May 11 11:01 /etc/rc.local
kali@kali:~/mnt$ sudo chown root /etc/rc.local
kali@kali:~/mnt$ sudo chmod 755 /etc/rc.local
kali@kali:~/mnt$
  
```

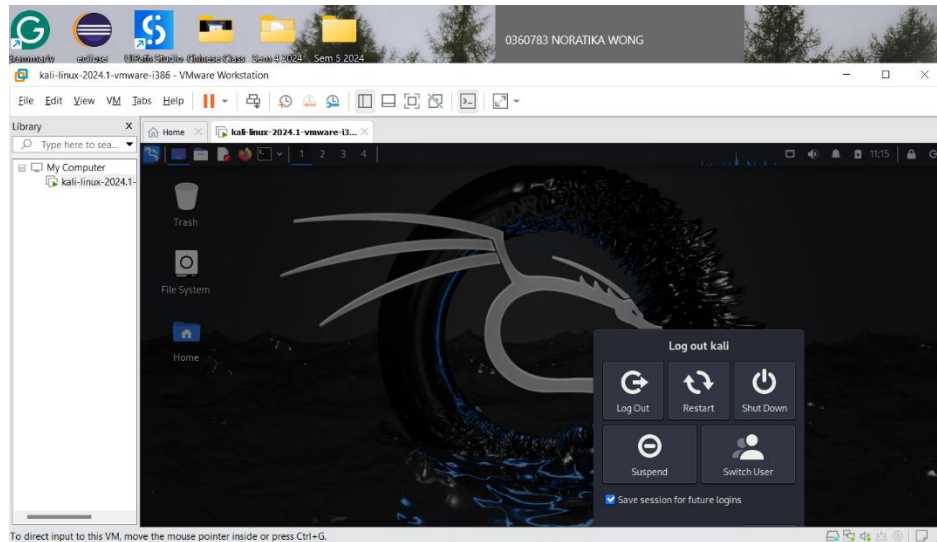



- Now to check user can key in the command ``ls -l /etc/rc.local`` which provides information about the ``/etc/rc.local`` file. The output will be ``-rwxr-xr-x.`` indicates the file's permissions. Each letter or symbol represents permissions for different user groups. In this case, the first ``-`` indicates it's a regular file. The next set of characters (``rwx``) indicates that the owner has read, write, and execute permissions, while the next group (``r-x``) indicates that the group and others have read and execute permissions, but not write permissions.

The final `` indicates that there are no additional permissions or special modes set.

Overall, this means that now the file is readable and executable by all users, and

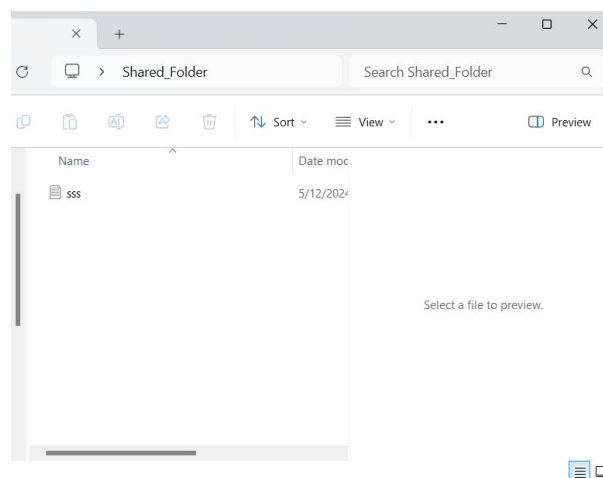
writable only by the owner.



- The machine must be powered off before continue with the next step which is to enable shared file.

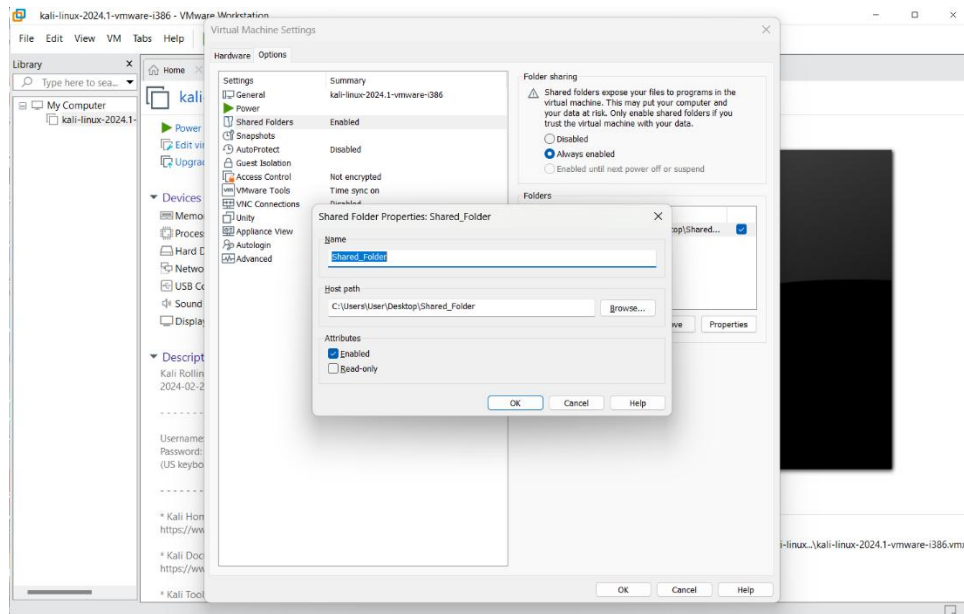
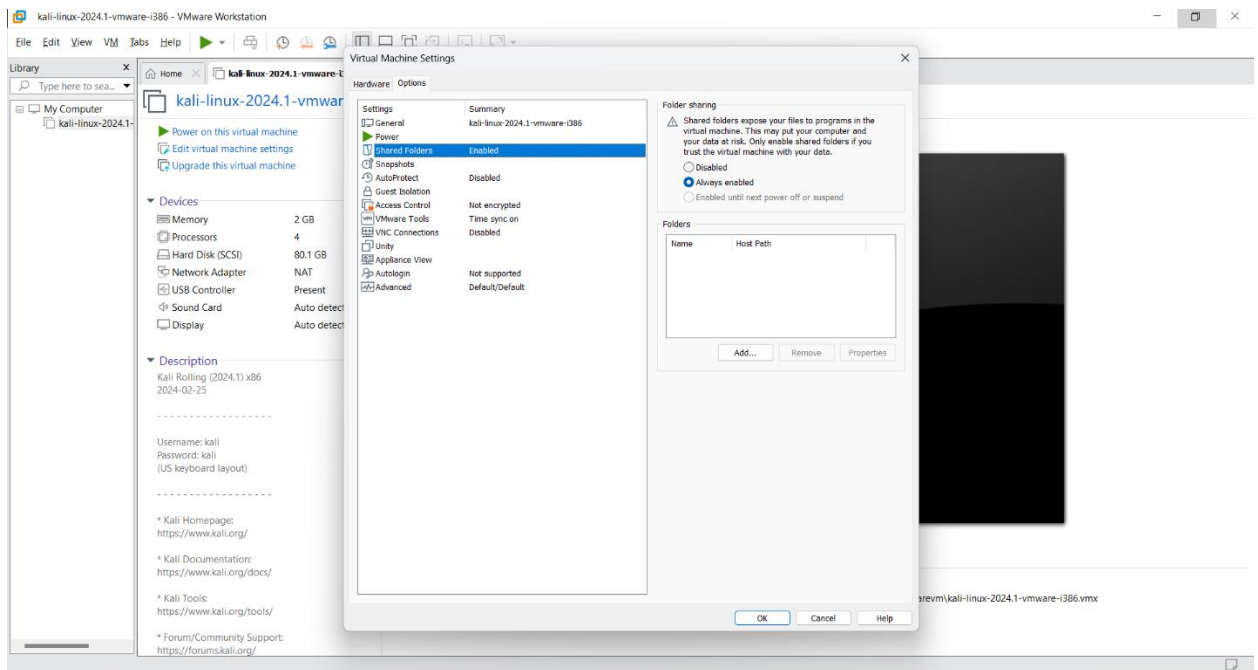
b. Shared file between the laptop and Kali Linux through VMware Workstation

- In the initial step of file sharing, users must first create a directory on their laptop and place a text file inside.



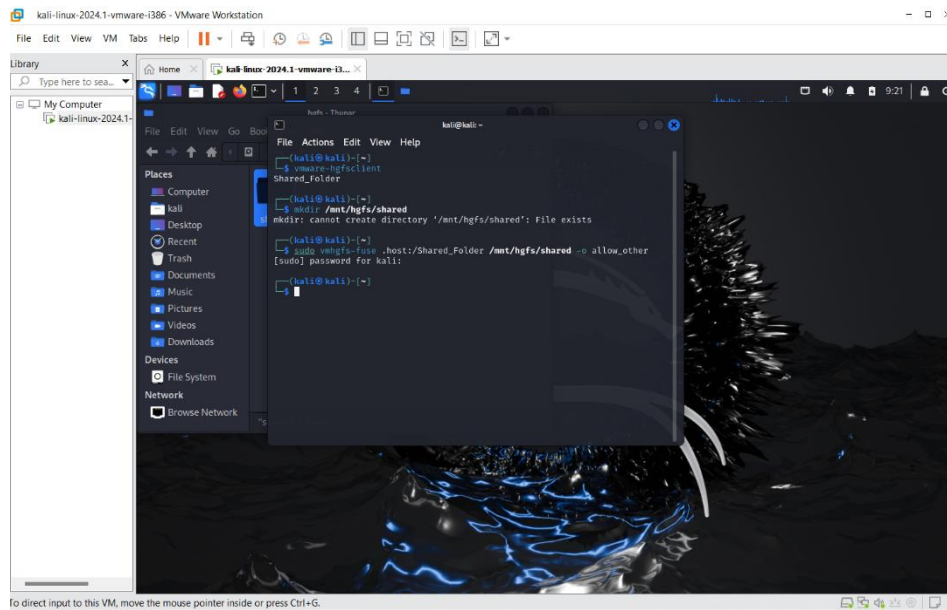
- After successfully creating the file, users should open VMware Workstation and navigate to the Kali Linux virtual machine. From there, they can click on 'Edit virtual machine settings,' then access 'Options' to enable folder sharing and add the previously created

file. Users must ensure to enable the attribute part.



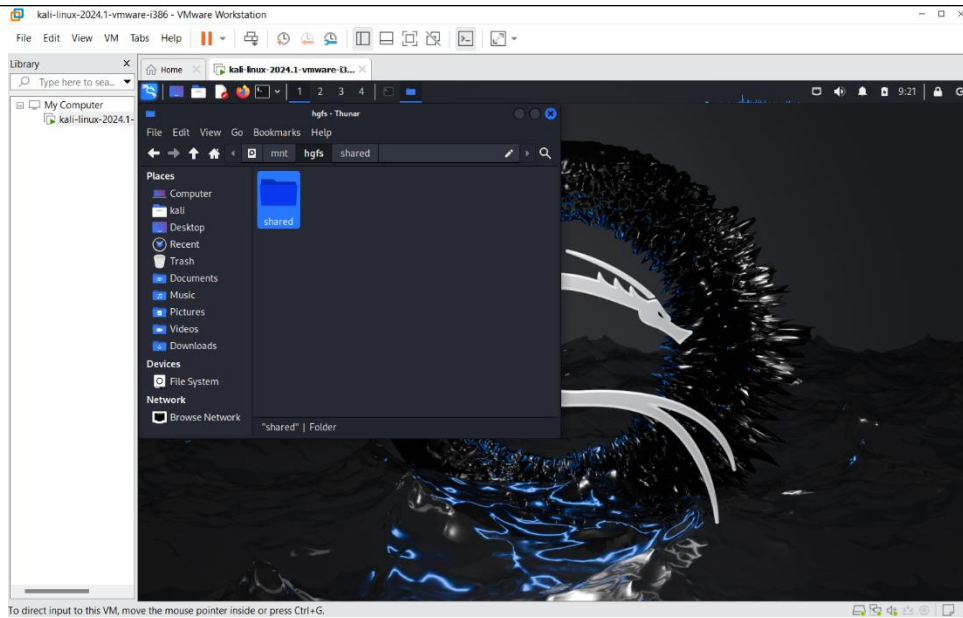
- After successfully adding the file path, the user should power on the virtual machine and

log back into Kali Linux. Then, they can access the terminal, located at the top of the home screen.

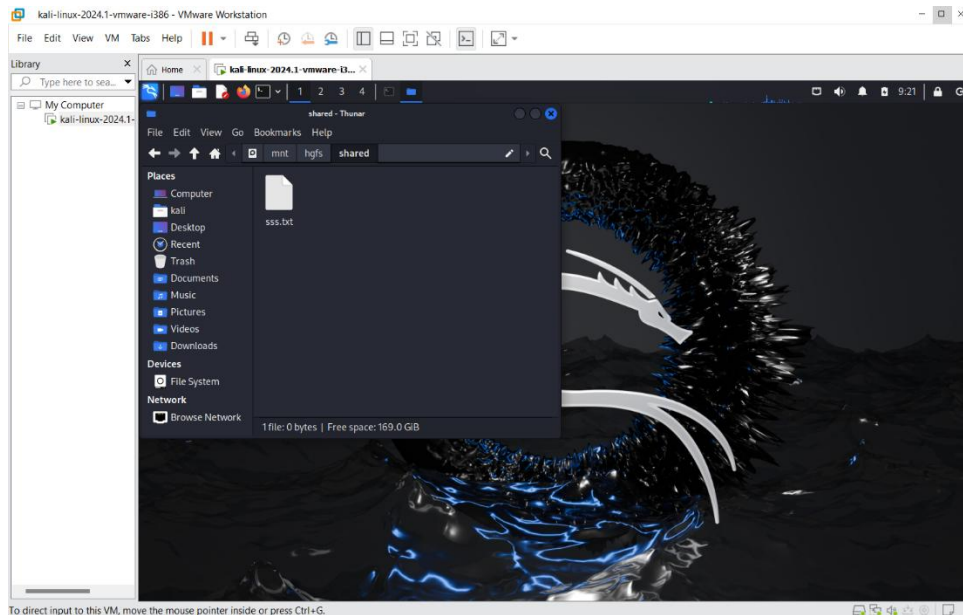


- The first command is used to find out the available shared folders from the VMware host. The second creates a directory named "shared" in the /mnt/hgfs directory. This directory will be used as a mount point for accessing the shared folders from the VMware host. The command `sudo vmhgs-fuse .host:/ file name /mnt/hgfs/shared -o allow_other` does the following: It mounts a shared folder from a VMware host onto your local file system.

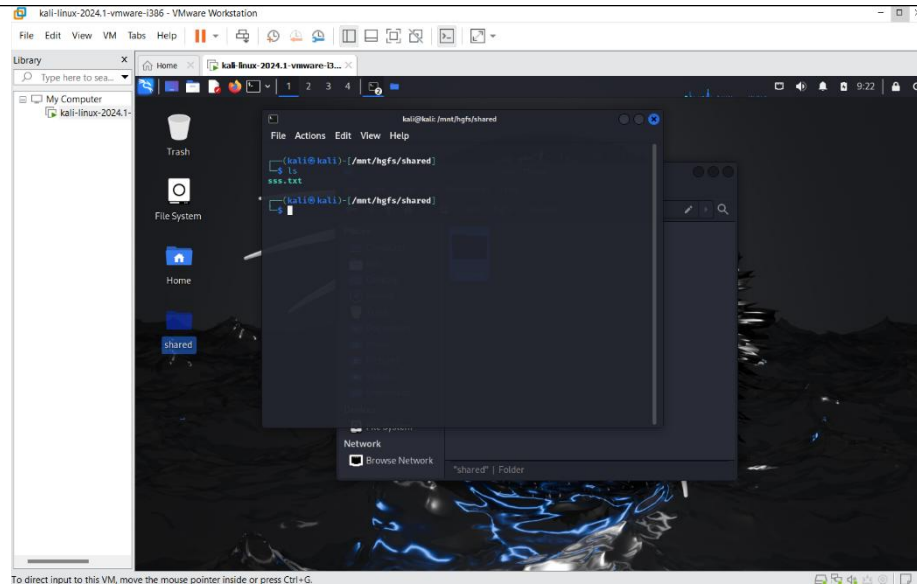
The `sudo` command ensures the execution with administrative privileges. `vmhgs-fuse` is the command used for mounting VMware shared folders. `.host:/` specifies the VMware host and the root directory of shared folders. `file name` is where you specify the name of the shared folder you want to mount. `/mnt/hgfs/shared` is the directory created earlier, serving as the mount point for accessing the shared folder. Finally, `-o allow_other` allows other users to access the mounted shared folder, enabling broader accessibility beyond the user who mounted it.



- The file that was created can be found by navigating to "Devices" > "File System," then opening the "mnt" directory and selecting "hgfs." Within this directory, it can be discovered the file mentioned in the previous explanation.



- The shared file between this system and the computer has been successfully shared. The text file that was created within the Kali Linux file system can be located.



- To confirm the existence of the file, you can open the terminal in the file directory by right-clicking and then input the `ls` command. This command will list all files and directories present in the current directory, ensuring the file's presence.