Protocol Description

Alice and Bob are supposed to do a secure two-party record linkage with the following protocol, which consists of the initialization state and linkage stage.

Initialization:

- 1. Alice
 - a. generates the Paillier key pair (PrivK, PubK)
 - b. sends PubK to Bob
 - c. encodes each of her records into a Bloom Filter (e.g., see the method in [1])
 - d. sends the parameters used to generate Bloom Filters to Bob
- 2. Bob
 - a. encodes each of his records into a Bloom Filter in the same parameters as Alice

Linkage:

Let BLa be a Bloom Filter of a record from Alice, and let BLb be a Bloom Filter of a record from Bob. That is, BLa and BLb are two binary arrays, and suppose their length is L.

The following steps calculate the similarity ratio between BLa and BLb.

- 1. Alice
 - a. for i=1 to L, generates BLa'[i] = Enc(PubK, BLa[i])
 - b. sends the encrypted bloom filter BLa' to Bob
- 2. Bob
 - a. let M be the modulus used by the Paillier encryption
 - b. generates three random numbers r, e' and e0', ensuring that 2*r*L+e' < M, r*L+e0' < M, e'/r < 0.001, and e0'/r < 0.001
 - i. the conditions e'/r < 0.001 and e0'/r < 0.001 should be set as parameter, which can be easily adjusted for different accuracy
 - c. calculates homomorphically $H = (\sum_{i=1}^{L} BLb[i] * BLa'[i])*r + Enc(PubK, e0')$ and homomorphically $N = (\sum_{i=1}^{L} BLa'[i] + Enc(PubK, \sum_{i=1}^{L} b[i]))*r + Enc(PubK, e')$
 - For convenience the above description assumes the operations (* and +) are the same in the plaintext and ciphertext domains; for Paillier system, they need to be replaced accordingly (+ by *, * by ^).
 - d. sends H and N to Alice
- 3. Alice
 - a. decrypts h = Dec(PrivK, H) and n = Dec(PrivK, N)
 - b. calculates the approximate Dice coefficient as 2*h/n

Reference

[1] Rainer Schnell, Tobias Bachteler and Jörg Reiher. "Privacy-preserving record linkage using Bloom filters", BMC Medical Informatics and Decision Making, 2009.