PostLab

A. Machine Problems

- 1. Colonial Adventure Tours is considering offering outdoor adventure classes to prepare people to participate in hiking, biking, and paddling adventures. Only one class is taught on any given day. Participants can enroll in one or more classes. Classes are taught by the guides that Colonial Adventure employs. Participants do not know who the instructor for a particular class will be until the day of the class. Colonial Adventure Tours needs your help with the database design for this new venture. In each step, represent your answer using the shorthand representation and a diagram. Use crow's foot notation for the diagram. Follow the sample SQLite chinook database ERD (Download it from Blackboard Course Materials) (Torres)
- a) For each participant, list his or her number, last name, first name, address, city, state, postal code, telephone number, and date of birth.
- b) For each adventure class, list the class number, class description, maximum number of people in the class, and class fee.
- c) For each participant, list his or her number, last name, first name, and the class number, class description, and date of the class for each class in which the participant is enrolled.
- d) For each class, list the class date, class number, and class description; and the number, last name, and first name of each participant in the class.
 - 1. In Figure 5, we created our own database in the DB browser for SQLite with three tables: Class Participant, Class, and Participant.

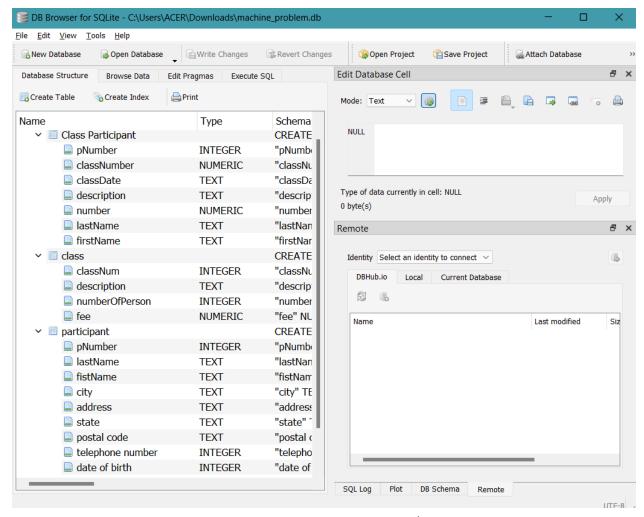


Figure 5: Creating our own Database.

2. After creating a database that have tables named participant, class participant, and class we created a diagram to represent our tables. In figure 6, shows the relationship between tables in the database we created.

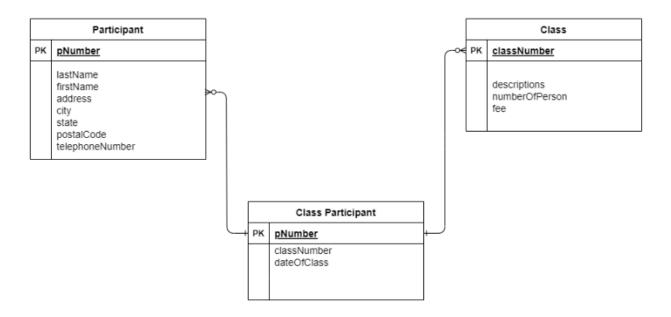


Figure 6: Relationship between Tables.

- 2. Solmaris Condominium Group has many condos that are available as weekly vacation rentals. Design
- a database to meet the following requirements:
- a) For each renter, list his or her number, first name, middle initial, last name, address, city, state, postal code, telephone number, and email address.
- b) For each property, list the condo location number, condo location name, address, city, state, postal code, condo unit number, square footage, number of bedrooms, number of bathrooms, maximum number of persons that can sleep in the unit, and the base weekly rate.
- c) For each rental agreement, list the renter number, first name, middle initial, last name, address, city, state, postal code, telephone number, start date of the rental, end date of the rental, and the weekly rental amount. The rental period is one or more weeks.
- 3. Use SQLite commands to complete the following exercises.
- a) Create a table named ADVENTURE_TRIP. The table has the same structure as the TRIP table shown in Figure 3-2 below except the TRIP_NAME column should use

the VARCHAR data type and the DISTANCE and MAX_GRP_SIZE columns should use the NUMBER data type. Execute the command to describe the layout and characteristics of the ADVENTURE_TRIP table.

- b) Add the following row to the ADVENTURE_TRIP table: trip ID: 45; trip name: Jay Peak; start location: Jay; state: VT; distance: 8; maximum group size: 8; type: Hiking and sea- son: Summer. Display the contents of the ADVENTURE_TRIP table.
- c) Delete the ADVENTURE_TRIP table.
- d) Open the script file (SQLServerColonial.sql) to create the six tables and add records to the tables. Revise the script file so that it can be run in the DB Browser.
- e) Confirm that you have created the tables correctly by describing each table and comparing the results to the figures shown below. Confirm that you have added all data correctly by viewing the data in each table and comparing the results to Figures 1-4 through 1-8 shown below.
- B. Debugging and Sample Run of Python program connection to your created SQLite database (with edited screengrabs and discussion)

IMPORTANT: Include figure numbers and labels. Edit your screengrabs