

$\sin(2\angle BAC) = \sin(2\alpha)$
 $\sin(2\alpha) = 2\sin\alpha \cos\alpha$
 $2\sin\alpha \cos\alpha = 2 \cdot \frac{3}{5} \cdot \frac{4}{5} = \frac{24}{25}$
 $\sin(2\alpha) = \frac{24}{25}$

$\sin(\frac{2\pi}{3}) = \sin(\frac{\pi}{3} + \frac{\pi}{3}) = \sin\frac{\pi}{3} \cos\frac{\pi}{3} + \cos\frac{\pi}{3} \sin\frac{\pi}{3}$
 $= \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$
 $\sin(\frac{2\pi}{3}) = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

$\sin(\frac{5\pi}{12}) = \sin(\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{\pi}{6}) = \sin\frac{\pi}{4} \cos\frac{\pi}{6} + \cos\frac{\pi}{4} \sin\frac{\pi}{6}$
 $= \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} = \frac{\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{2}}{4}$
 $\sin(\frac{5\pi}{12}) = \frac{\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{2}}{4}$

$\sin(\frac{7\pi}{12}) = \sin(\frac{\pi}{3} + \frac{\pi}{4}) = \sin\frac{\pi}{3} \cos\frac{\pi}{4} + \cos\frac{\pi}{3} \sin\frac{\pi}{4}$
 $= \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} = \frac{\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{2}}{4}$
 $\sin(\frac{7\pi}{12}) = \frac{\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{2}}{4}$

$\sin(\frac{11\pi}{12}) = \sin(\frac{5\pi}{6} + \frac{\pi}{4}) = \sin\frac{5\pi}{6} \cos\frac{\pi}{4} + \cos\frac{5\pi}{6} \sin\frac{\pi}{4}$
 $= \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} + (-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}) \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} = \frac{\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{6}}{4}$
 $\sin(\frac{11\pi}{12}) = \frac{\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{6}}{4}$

$\sin(\frac{13\pi}{12}) = \sin(\frac{3\pi}{4} + \frac{\pi}{3}) = \sin\frac{3\pi}{4} \cos\frac{\pi}{3} + \cos\frac{3\pi}{4} \sin\frac{\pi}{3}$
 $= \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} + (-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}) \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} = \frac{\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{6}}{4}$
 $\sin(\frac{13\pi}{12}) = \frac{\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{6}}{4}$

$\sin(\frac{17\pi}{12}) = \sin(\frac{7\pi}{4} + \frac{\pi}{3}) = \sin\frac{7\pi}{4} \cos\frac{\pi}{3} + \cos\frac{7\pi}{4} \sin\frac{\pi}{3}$
 $= (-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}) \cdot \frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} = \frac{-\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{6}}{4}$
 $\sin(\frac{17\pi}{12}) = \frac{-\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{6}}{4}$

$\sin(\frac{19\pi}{12}) = \sin(\frac{3\pi}{2} + \frac{\pi}{3}) = \sin\frac{3\pi}{2} \cos\frac{\pi}{3} + \cos\frac{3\pi}{2} \sin\frac{\pi}{3}$
 $= (-1) \cdot \frac{1}{2} + 0 \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} = -\frac{1}{2}$
 $\sin(\frac{19\pi}{12}) = -\frac{1}{2}$