Exercises-1: Intro to R - Binding

Nathan Green, Imperial College London 07/09/2019

These exercise use the cbind() and rbind() functions. Read their help documents first.

1. Create matrices from the vectors below, by binding them column-wise. Is it possible in all cases? Why not?

a.

```
b. a <- 1:5; b <- c('1', '2', '3', '4', '5')
c. a <- 1:5; b <- 1:4; c <- 1:3
```

- 2. Repeat exercise 1, binding vectors row-wise instead of column-wise while avoiding any row names.
- 3. Bind the following matrices column-wise. First, without using R, write down whether binding the matrices is actually possible.

```
a. a <- matrix(1:12, ncol=4); b <- matrix(21:35, ncol=5)
b. a <- matrix(1:12, ncol=4); b <- matrix(21:35, ncol=3)
c. a <- matrix(1:39, ncol=3); b <- matrix(LETTERS, ncol=2)</pre>
```

- 4. Bind the matrix a <- matrix(1:1089, ncol=33) to itself, column-wise, 5 times HINT: Avoid using cbind() to obtain an efficient solution. Various solutions are possible.
- 5. Try to create new data frames from the data frames below, by binding them column-wise. First, without using R, write down whether binding the data frames is actually possible.

```
a. a <- data.frame(v1=1:5, v2=LETTERS[1:5]); b <- data.frame(var1=6:10, var2=LETTERS[6:10]) b. a <- data.frame(v1=1:6, v2=LETTERS[1:6]); b <- data.frame(var1=6:10, var2=LETTERS[6:10])
```

6. Try to create new data frames from the data frames below, by binding them row-wise. Is it always possible?

```
a. a <- data.frame(v1=1:5, v2=LETTERS[1:5]); b <- data.frame(v1=6:10, v2=LETTERS[6:10]) b. a <- data.frame(v1=1:6, v2=LETTERS[1:6]); b <- data.frame(v2=6:10, v1=LETTERS[6:10])
```

7. Use cbind() to add vector v3 <- 1:5 as a new variable to the data frame created in exercise 6b.

Reorder the columns of this data frame, as follows: v1, v3, v2.

- 8. Consider again the matrices of exercise 3b. Use both cbind() and rbind() to bind both matrices column-wise, adding NA for empty cells.
- 9. Consider again the data frames of exercise 5b. Use both cbind() and rbind() to bind both matrices column-wise, adding NA for empty cells.

[https://www.r-exercises.com/2015/11/25/logical-vectors-and-operators/]