

R: Presenting outputs

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CRAN Task View

CRAN Task View: Reproducible Research

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URL: <https://CRAN.R-project.org/view=ReproducibleResearch>

The goal of reproducible research is to tie specific instructions to data analysis and experimental data so that scholarship can be recreated, better understood and verified. Packages in R for this purpose can be split into groups for: literate programming, package reproducibility, code/data formatting tools, format convertors, and object caching.

Literate Programming

The primary way that R facilitates reproducible research is using a document that is a combination of content and data analysis code. The `Sweave` function (in the base R utils package) and the [knitr](#) package can be used to blend the subject matter and R code so that a single document defines the content and the analysis. The [brew](#) and [Rrsp](#) packages contain alternative approaches to embedding R code into various markups.

The resources for literate programming are best organized by the document type/markup language:

LaTeX

Both `Sweave` and [knitr](#) can process LaTeX files. [lazyWeave](#) can create LaTeX documents from scratch.

Object Conversion Functions:

- *summary tables/statistics* : [Hmisc](#), [NMOF](#), [papeR](#), [quantreg](#), [rapport](#), [reporttools](#), [sparktex](#), [tables](#), [xtable](#), [ztable](#)
- *tables/cross-tabulations* : [compareGroups](#), [Hmisc](#), [lazyWeave](#), [knitrLatex](#), [knitr](#), [reporttools](#), [ztable](#)
- *graphics* : [animation](#), [Hmisc](#), [grDevices:::pictex](#), [sparktex](#), [tikzDevice](#)
- *statistical models/methods* : [apsrtable](#), [memisc](#), [quantreg](#), [r2lh](#), [rms](#), [stargazer](#), [suRtex](#), [TeachingSampling](#), [texreg](#), [xtable](#), [ztable](#)
- *bibtex* : [bibtex](#) and [RefManageR](#)
- *others* : [latex2exp](#) converts LaTeX equations to plotmath expressions.

Miscellaneous Tools

- [Hmisc](#) contains a function to correctly escape special characters. [resumer](#) creates resumes. Standardized exams can be created using the [exams](#) package.

HTML


The [knitr](#) package can process HTML files directly. `Sweave` can also work with HTML by way of the [R2HTML](#) package. [Kmisc](#) and [lazyWeave](#) can create HTML format documents from scratch.

Object Conversion Functions:

- *summary tables/statistics* : [stargazer](#)
- *tables/cross-tabulations* : [compareGroups](#), [DT](#), [formattable](#), [htmlTable](#), [HTMLUnits](#), [hwriter](#), [Kmisc](#), [knitr](#), [lazyWeave](#), [SortableHTMLTables](#), [texreg](#), [ztable](#)
- *statistical models/methods* : [r2lh](#), [rapport](#), [stargazer](#), [xtable](#)
- *others* : [knitcitations](#), [RefManageR](#)

Scatter plot: add points of different colours and symbols

`pch = ...`, `col = ...`

0: 	10: 	20: 	A: A
1: 	11: 	21: 	a: a
2: 	12: 	22: 	B: B
3: 	13: 	23: 	b: b
4: 	14: 	24: 	S: S
5: 	15: 	25: 	`: `
6: 	16: 	@: 	.: .
7: 	17: 	+: 	,: ,
8: 	18: 	?: 	?: ?
9: 	19: 	#: 	*: *

Scatter plot: add points of different colours and symbols

```
points(x, y = NULL, type = "p", ...)  
  
x <- rnorm(10, sd=5, mean=20)  
y <- 2.5*x - 1.0 + rnorm(10, sd=9, mean=0)  
plot(x,y,xlab="Independent", ylab="Dependent", main="Random Stuff")  
  
x1 <- runif(8,15,25)  
y1 <- 2.5*x1 - 1.0 + runif(8,-6,6)  
??  
  
x2 <- runif(8,15,25)  
y2 <- 2.5*x2 - 1.0 + runif(8,-6,6)  
??
```

Scatter plot: add points of different colours and symbols

```
points(x, y = NULL, type = "p", ...)  
  
x <- rnorm(10,sd=5,mean=20)  
y <- 2.5*x - 1.0 + rnorm(10,sd=9,mean=0)  
plot(x,y,xlab="Independent", ylab="Dependent", main="Random Stuff")  
x1 <- runif(8,15,25)  
y1 <- 2.5*x1 - 1.0 + runif(8,-6,6)  
points(x1,y1,col=2)  
  
x2 <- runif(8,15,25)  
y2 <- 2.5*x2 - 1.0 + runif(8,-6,6)  
points(x2,y2,col=3,pch=2)
```

Different types of lines

```
par(..., no.readonly = FALSE)  
  
x <- c(1:5); y <- x  
par(pch=22, col="red")  
par(mfrow=c(2,4))  
opts = ???  
for(i in 1:length(opts)){  
  heading = paste("type=",opts[i])
```

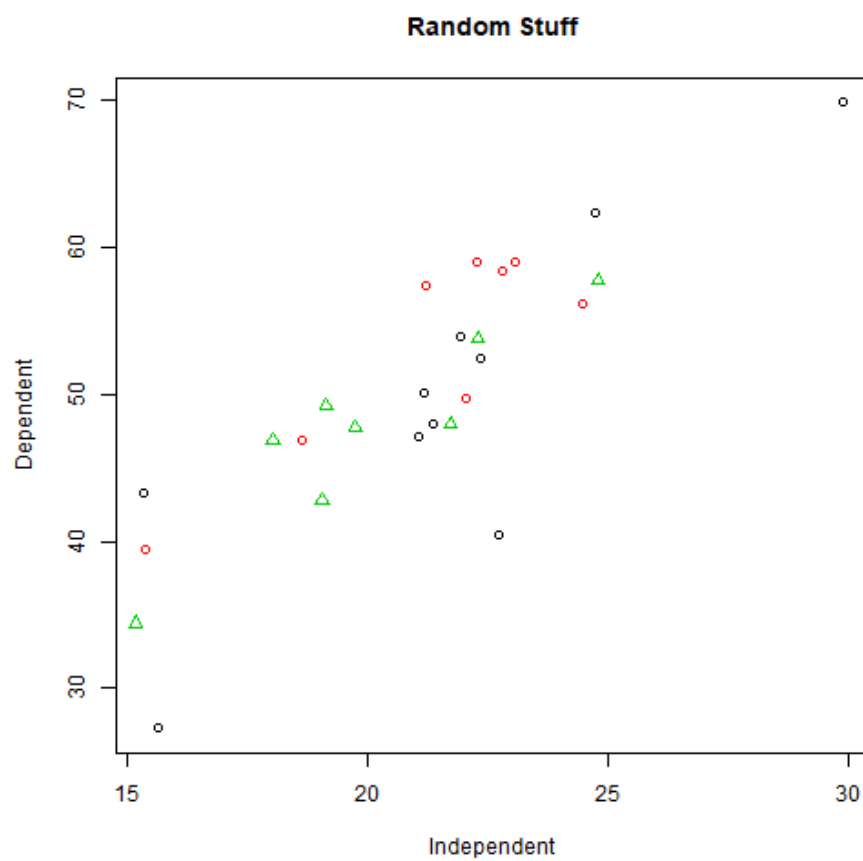


Figure 1: plot of chunk unnamed-chunk-2

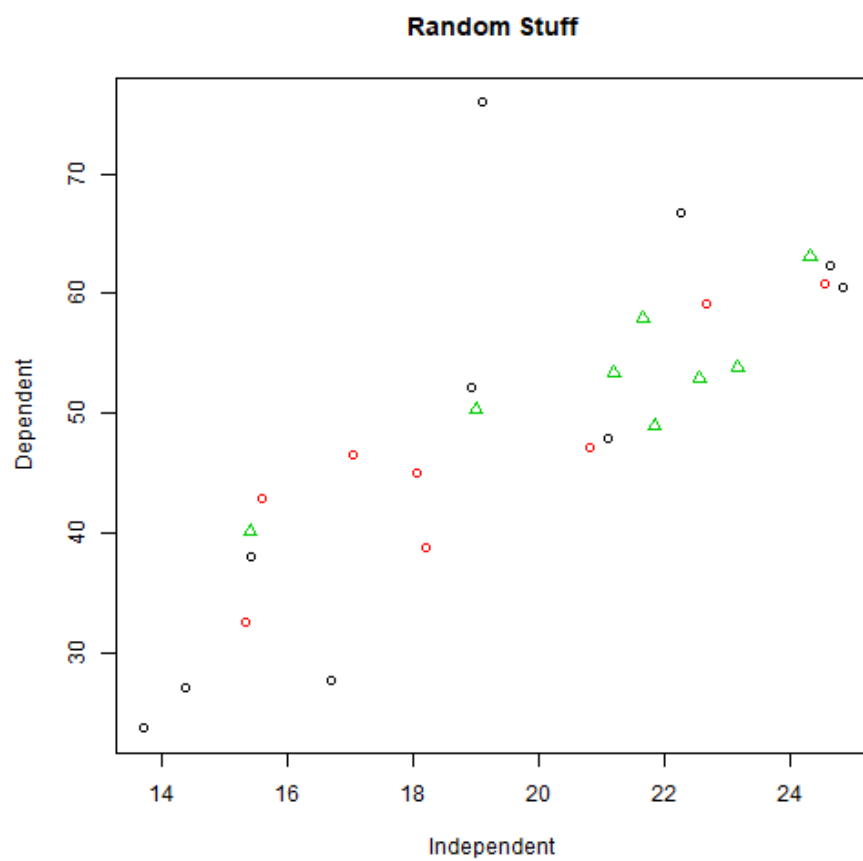


Figure 2: plot of chunk unnamed-chunk-3

```

plot(x, y, type="n", main=heading)
lines(x, y, type=opts[i])
}

```

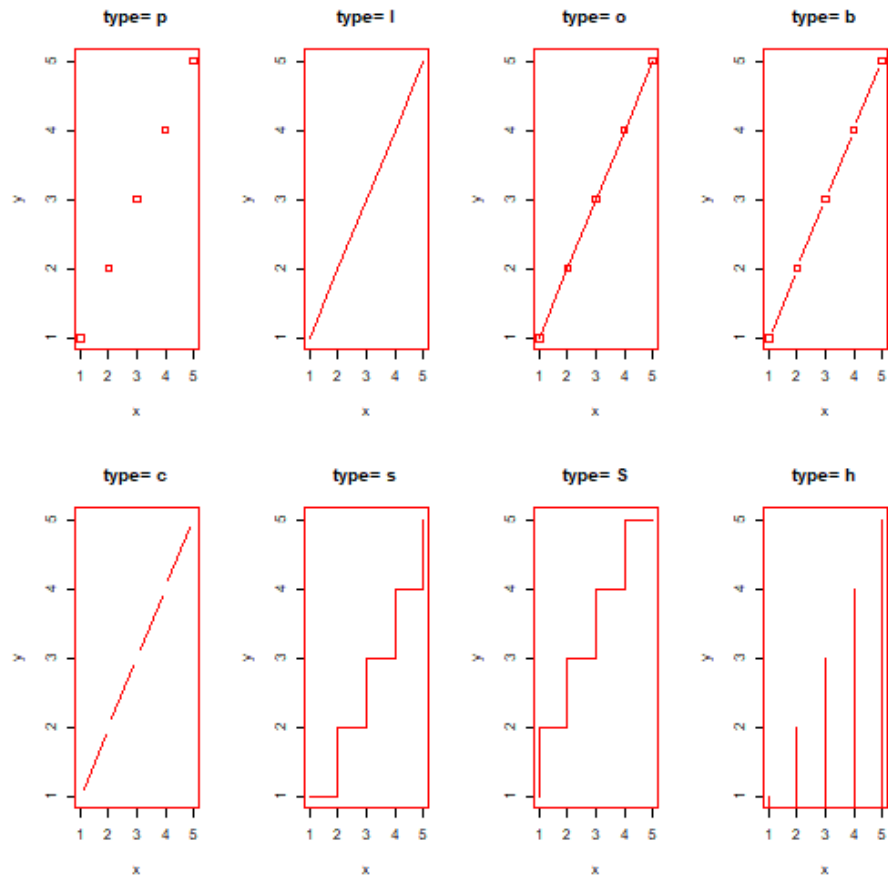


Figure 3: plot of chunk unnamed-chunk-5

Different types of lines

```

x <- c(1:5); y <- x
par(pch=22, col="red")
par(mfrow=c(2,4))
opts = c("p","l","o","b","c","s","S","h")
for(i in 1:length(opts)){
  heading = paste("type=",opts[i])

```

```

plot(x, y, type="n", main=heading)
lines(x, y, type=opts[i])
}

```

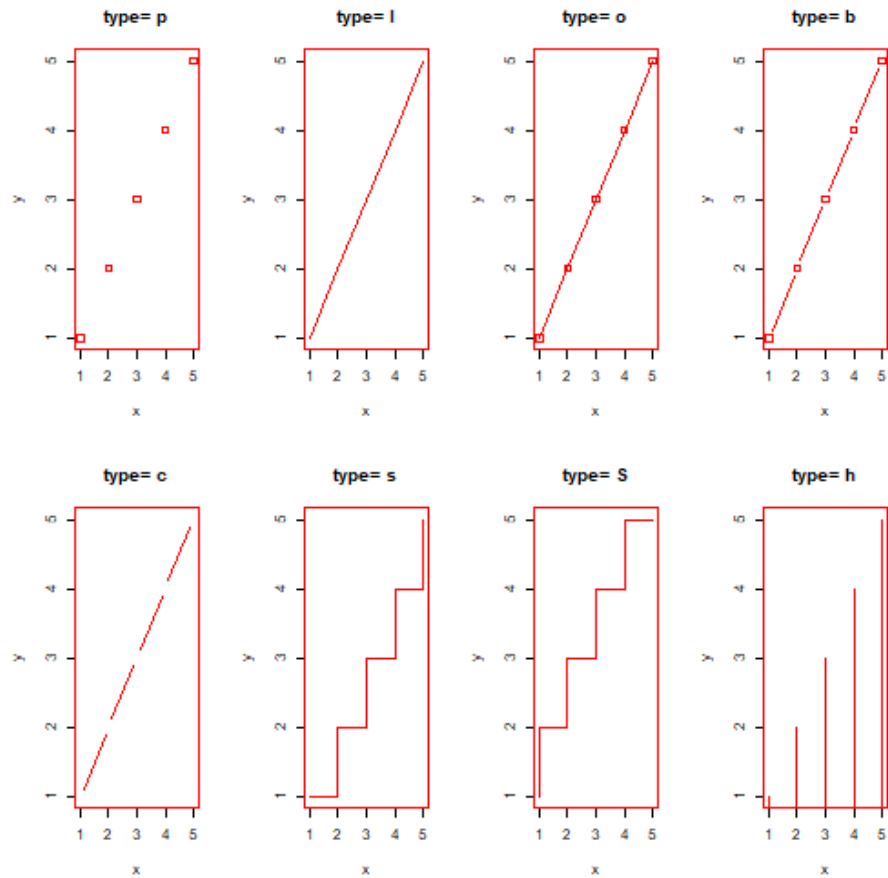


Figure 4: plot of chunk unnamed-chunk-6

Scatter plot: legend

```

legend(x, y = NULL, legend, fill = NULL, col = par("col"), border = "black",
lty, lwd, pch, angle = 45, density = NULL, bty = "o", bg = par("bg"), box.lwd
= par("lwd"), box.lty = par("lty"), box.col = par("fg"), pt.bg = NA, cex = 1,
pt.cex = cex, pt.lwd = lwd, xjust = 0, yjust = 1, x.intersp = 1, y.intersp = 1,
adj = c(0, 0.5), text.width = NULL, text.col = par("col"), text.font = NULL,
merge = do.lines && has.pch, trace = FALSE, plot = TRUE, ncol = 1, horiz =

```

```
FALSE, title = NULL, inset = 0, xpd, title.col = text.col, title.adj = 0.5, seg.len  
= 2)'
```

```
plot(x,y,xlab="Independent",ylab="Dependent",main="Random Stuff")  
points(x1,y1,col=2,pch=3)  
points(x2,y2,col=4,pch=5)  
???
```

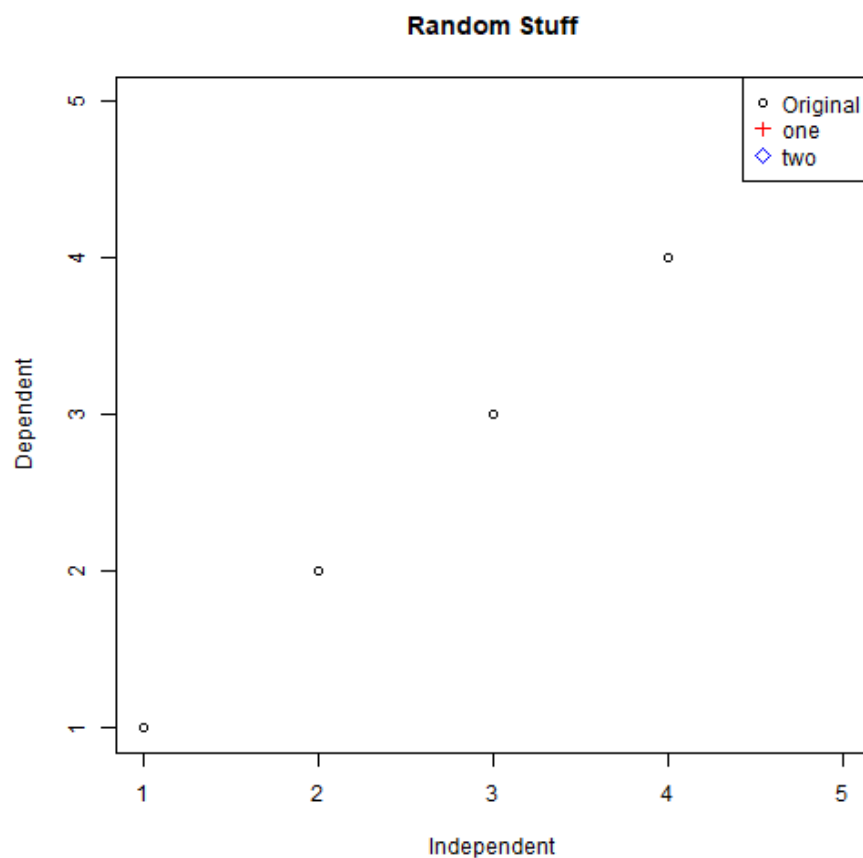


Figure 5: plot of chunk unnamed-chunk-8

Scatter plot: legend

```
plot(x,y,xlab="Independent",ylab="Dependent",main="Random Stuff")  
points(x1,y1,col=2,pch=3)
```



```

points(x2,y2,col=4,pch=5)
legend("topright", c("Original","one","two"),col=c(1,2,4),pch=c(1,3,5))
legend(20, 50, c("Original","one","two"),col=c(1,2,4),pch=c(1,3,5))

```

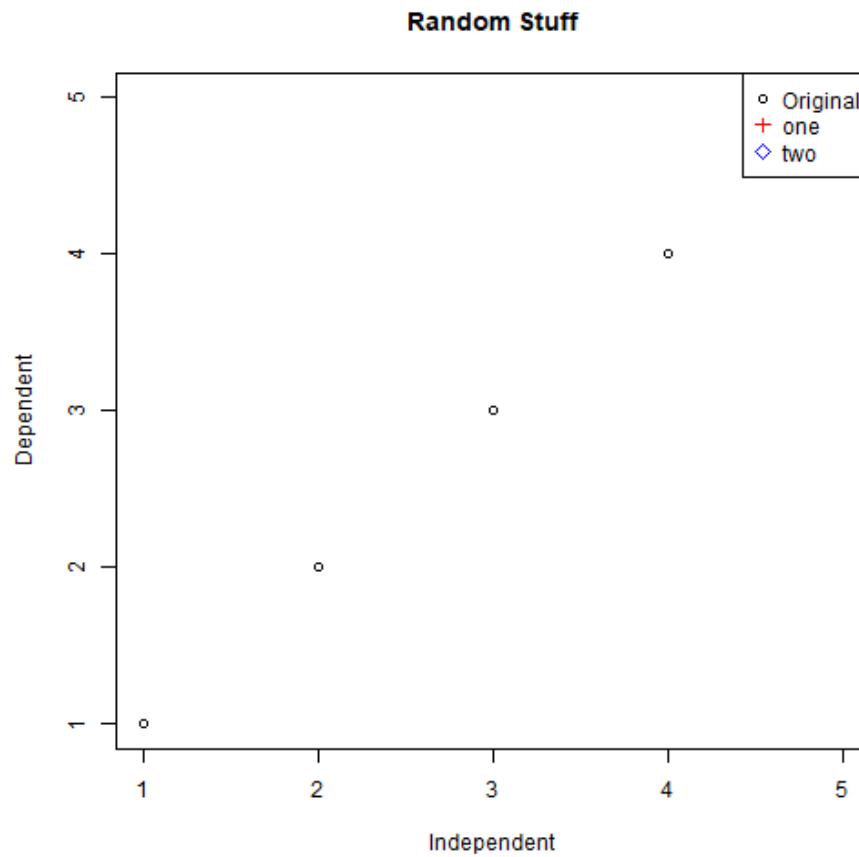


Figure 6: plot of chunk unnamed-chunk-9

Simple fitted lines

```

abline(a = NULL, b = NULL, h = NULL, v = NULL, reg = NULL,          coef
= NULL, untf = FALSE, ...)

lm(formula, data, subset, weights, na.action,      method = "qr",
model = TRUE, x = FALSE, y = FALSE, qr = TRUE,    singular.ok =
TRUE, contrasts = NULL, offset, ...)

```

```

lowess(x, y = NULL, f = 2/3, iter = 3, delta = 0.01 * diff(range(x)))

x <- rnorm(10,sd=5,mean=20)
y <- 2.5*x - 1.0 + rnorm(10,sd=9,mean=0)
x2 <- runif(8,15,25)
y2 <- 2.5*x2 - 1.0 + runif(8,-6,6)

plot(x,y,xlab="Independent",ylab="Dependent",main="Random Stuff")
points(x1,y1,col=2,pch=3)
points(x2,y2,col=4,pch=5)
legend(25,80,c("Original", "one", "two"),col=c(1,2,4),pch=c(1,3,5))

???
```

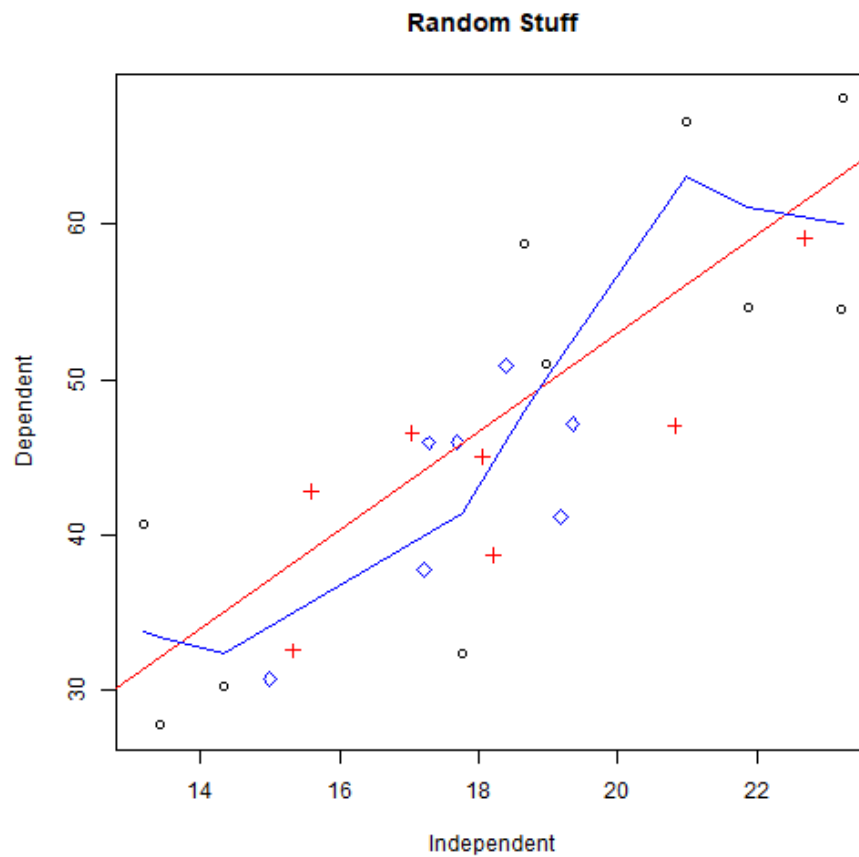


Figure 7: plot of chunk unnamed-chunk-11

Simple fitted lines

```
x <- rnorm(10,sd=5,mean=20)
y <- 2.5*x - 1.0 + rnorm(10,sd=9,mean=0)
x2 <- runif(8,15,25)
y2 <- 2.5*x2 - 1.0 + runif(8,-6,6)

plot(x,y,xlab="Independent",ylab="Dependent",main="Random Stuff")
points(x1,y1,col=2,pch=3)
points(x2,y2,col=4,pch=5)
legend(25,80,c("Original","one","two"),col=c(1,2,4),pch=c(1,3,5))

abline(lm(y~x), col="red")
lines(lowess(x,y), col="blue")
```

With error lines

```
arrows(x0, y0, x1 = x0, y1 = y0, length = 0.25, angle = 30,
code = 2, col = par("fg"), lty = par("lty"),          lwd = par("lwd"),
...)

plot(x,y,xlab="Independent",ylab="Dependent",main="Random Stuff")
xHigh <- x
yHigh <- y + abs(rnorm(10,sd=3.5))
xLow <- x
yLow <- y - abs(rnorm(10,sd=3.1))
???
```

With error lines

```
plot(x,y,xlab="Independent",ylab="Dependent",main="Random Stuff")
xHigh <- x
yHigh <- y + abs(rnorm(10,sd=3.5))
xLow <- x
yLow <- y - abs(rnorm(10,sd=3.1))
arrows(xHigh,yHigh,xLow,yLow,col=2,angle=90,length=0.1,code=3)
```

Adding jitter

```
numberWhite <- ??
numberChipped <- ??
```

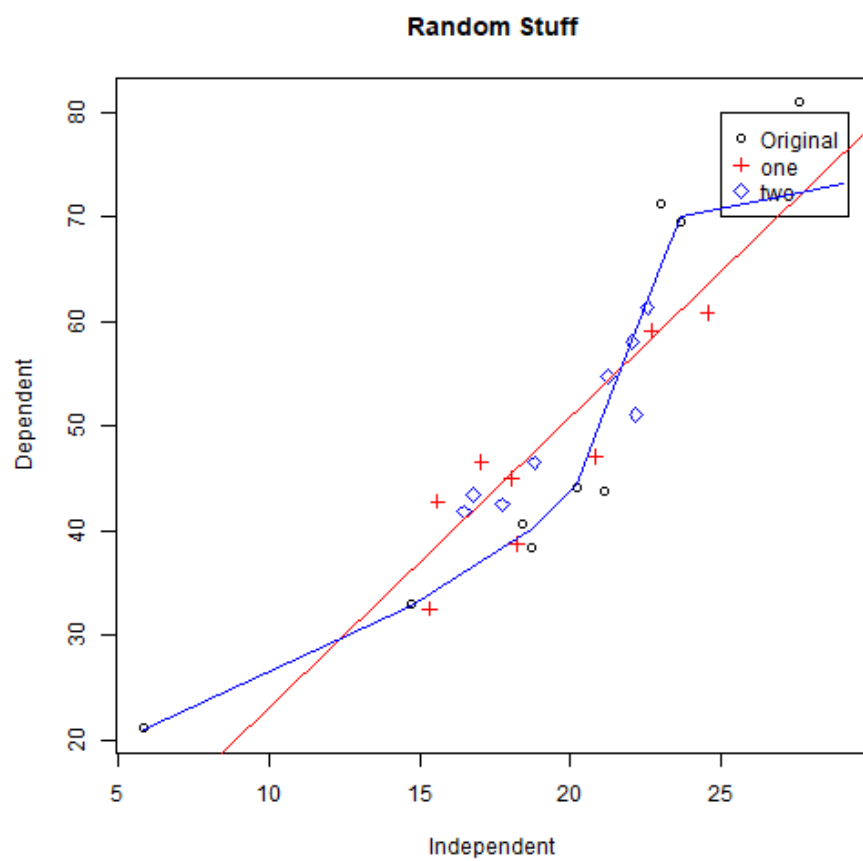


Figure 8: plot of chunk unnamed-chunk-12

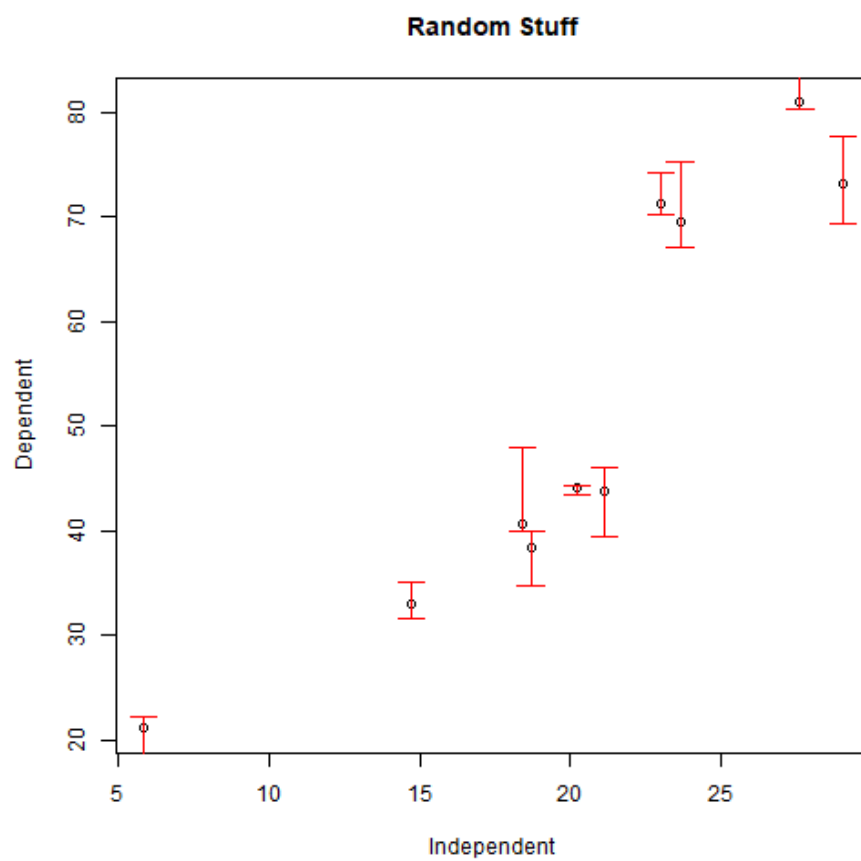


Figure 9: plot of chunk unnamed-chunk-14

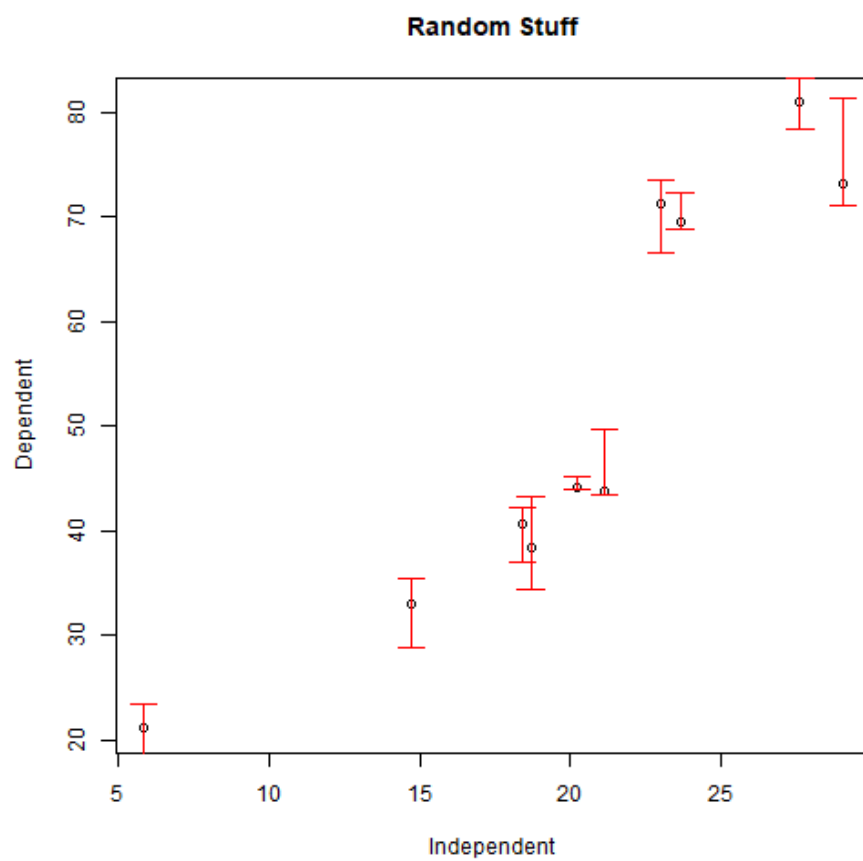


Figure 10: plot of chunk unnamed-chunk-15

```

par(mfrow=c(1,2))
plot(numberWhite,numberChipped,xlab="Number White Marbles Drawn",
ylab="Number Chipped Marbles Drawn",main="Pulling Marbles")
plot(jitter(numberWhite),jitter(numberChipped),xlab="Number White Marbles Drawn",
ylab="Number Chipped Marbles Drawn",main="Pulling Marbles With Jitter")

```

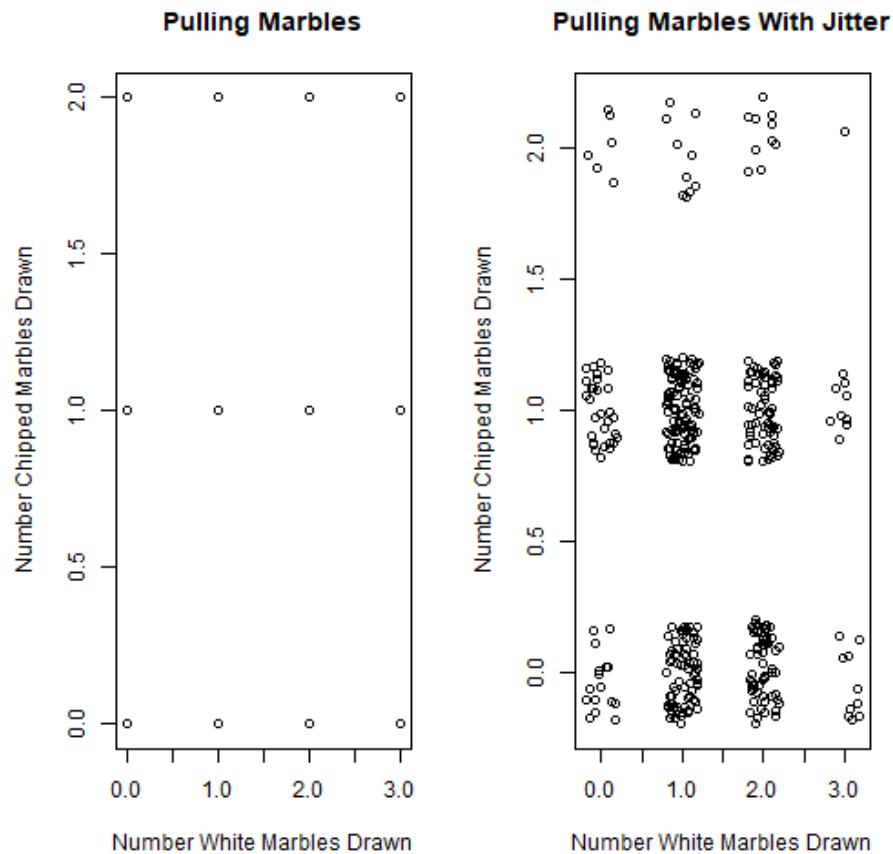


Figure 11: plot of chunk unnamed-chunk-17

Adding jitter

```

numberWhite <- rhyper(400,4,5,3)
numberChipped <- rhyper(400,2,7,3)
par(mfrow=c(1,2))

```

```

plot(numberWhite,numberChipped,xlab="Number White Marbles Drawn",
ylab="Number Chipped Marbles Drawn",main="Pulling Marbles")
plot(jitter(numberWhite),jitter(numberChipped),xlab="Number White Marbles Drawn",
ylab="Number Chipped Marbles Drawn",main="Pulling Marbles With Jitter")

```

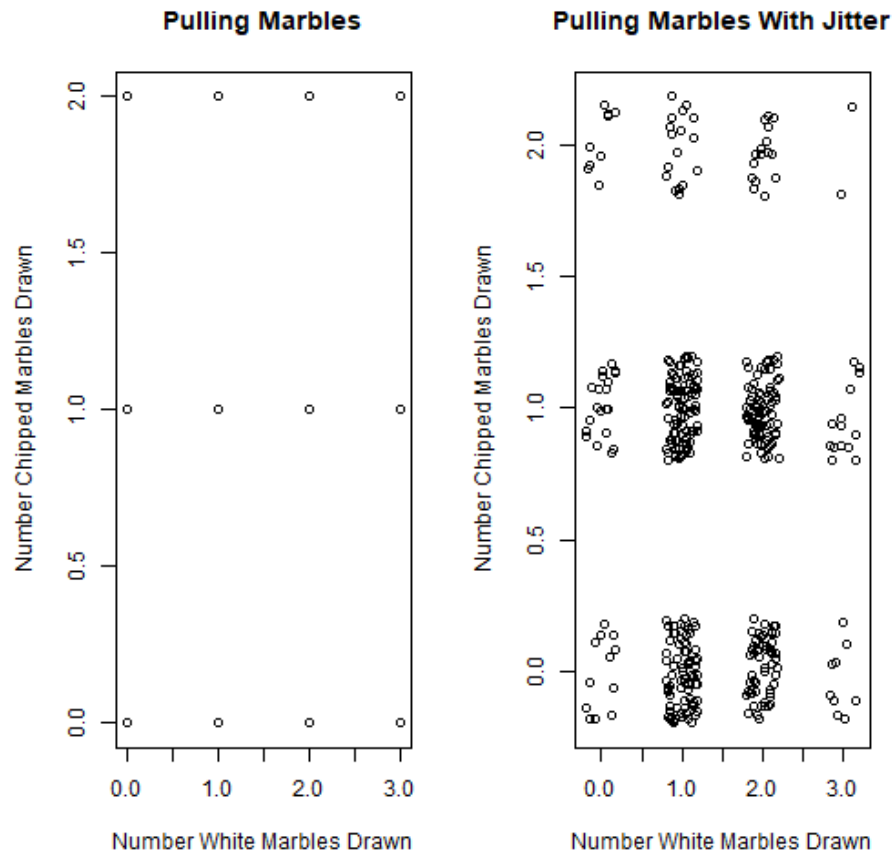


Figure 12: plot of chunk unnamed-chunk-18

Mosaic plots

```

table(...,          exclude = if (useNA == "no") c(NA, NaN),          useNA
= c("no", "ifany", "always"),          dnn = list.names(...), deparse.level
= 1)

mosaicplot(??, main="sixth plot")

```

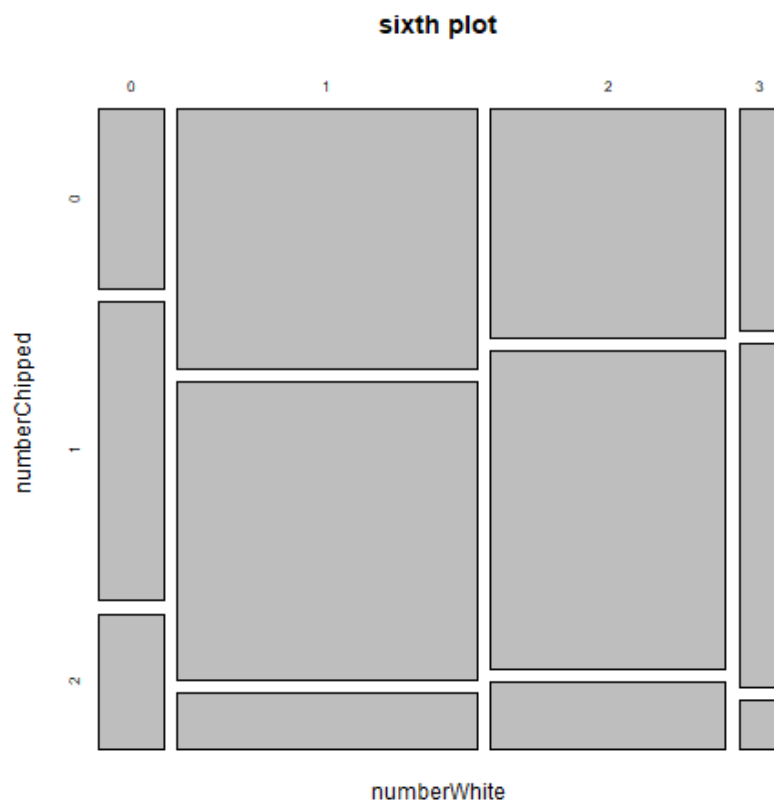



Figure 13: plot of chunk unnamed-chunk-20

Mosaic plots

```
mosaicplot(table(numberWhite,numberChipped),main="sixth plot")
```

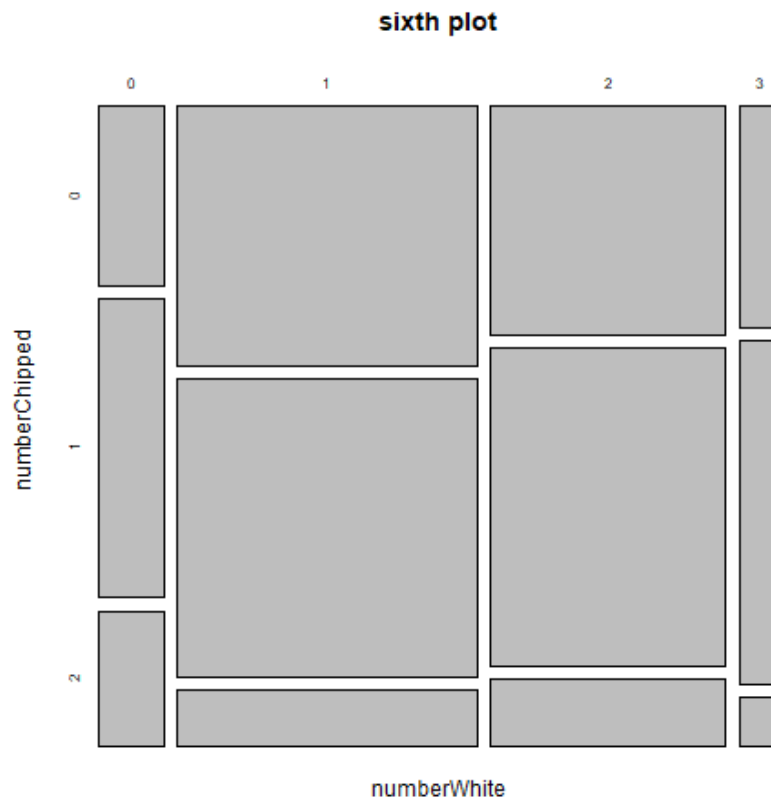


Figure 14: plot of chunk unnamed-chunk-21

Pair-wise scatter plots

```
uData <- rnorm(20)
vData <- rnorm(20,mean=5)
wData <- uData + 2*vData + rnorm(20,sd=0.5)
xData <- -2*uData+rnorm(20,sd=0.1)
yData <- 3*vData+rnorm(20,sd=2.5)
```

`pairs(?)`

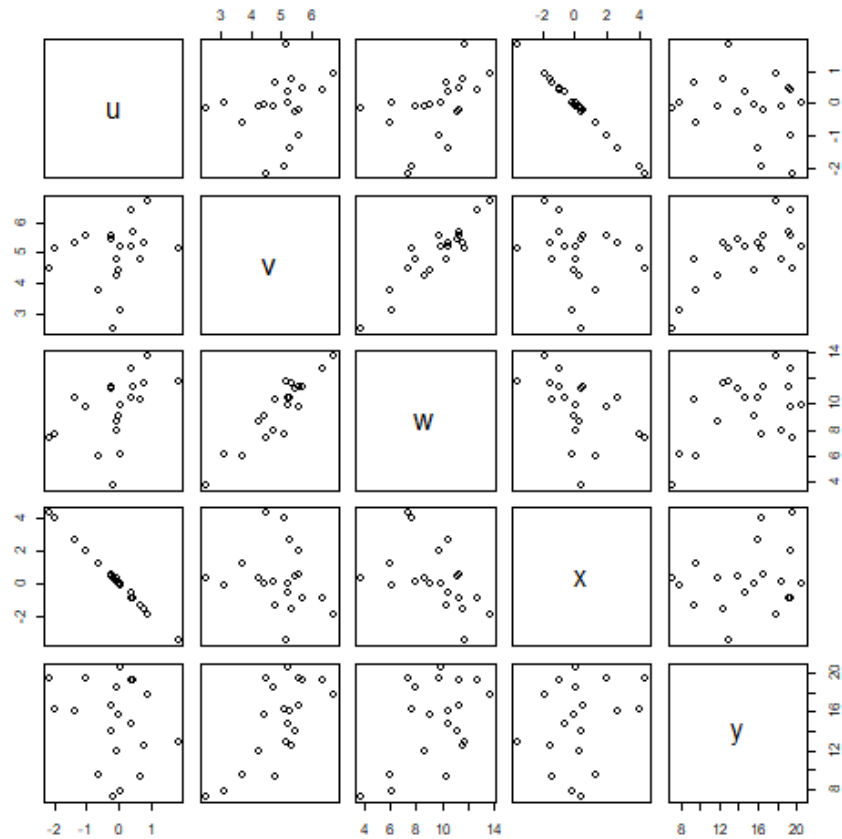


Figure 15: plot of chunk unnamed-chunk-23

Pair-wise scatter plots

```
uData <- rnorm(20)
vData <- rnorm(20, mean=5)
wData <- uData + 2*vData + rnorm(20, sd=0.5)
xData <- -2*uData+rnorm(20, sd=0.1)
yData <- 3*vData+rnorm(20, sd=2.5)
d <- data.frame(u=uData, v=vData, w=wData, x=xData, y=yData)
pairs(d)
```

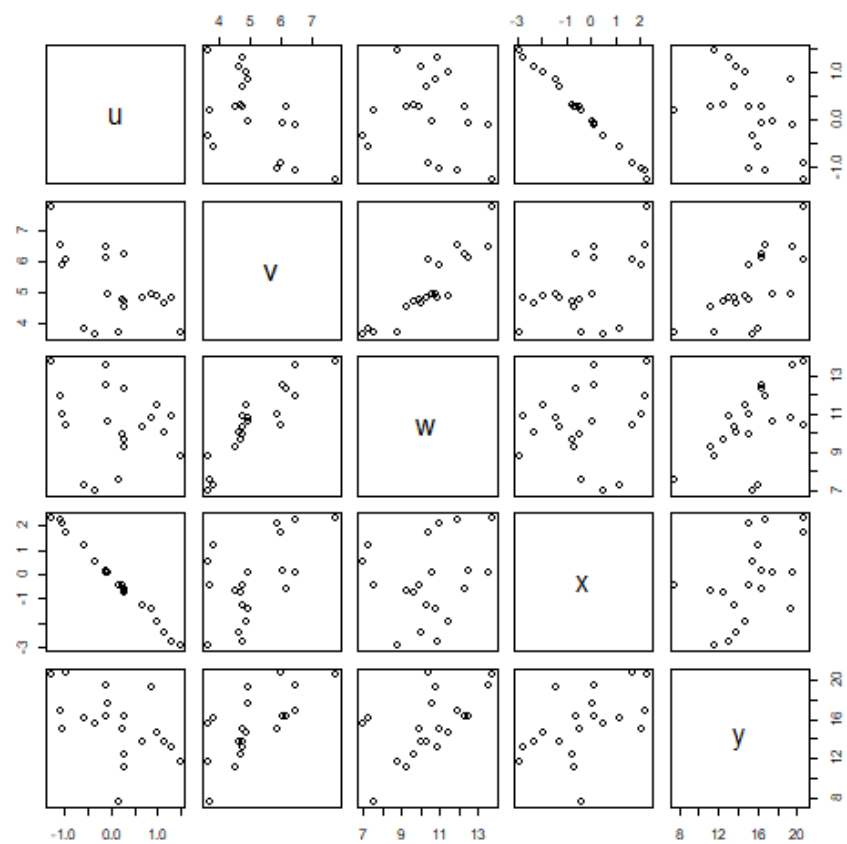


Figure 16: plot of chunk unnamed-chunk-24

Shaded areas

```

polygon(x, y = NULL, density = NULL, angle = 45, border
= NULL, col = NA, lty = par("lty"), ..., fillOddEven =
FALSE)

stdDev <- 0.75; x <- seq(-5,5,by=0.01); y <- dnorm(x,sd=stdDev)
right <- qnorm(0.95,sd=stdDev)
plot(x,y,type="l",xaxt="n",ylab="p",xlab=expression(paste('Assumed Distribution of',bar(x))))
axis(1,at=c(-5,right,0,5), pos = c(0,0),labels=c(expression(' '),expression(bar(x)[cr]),exp
axis(2)
xReject <- seq(right,5,by=0.01); yReject <- dnorm(xReject,sd=stdDev)
polygon(???, col='red')

```

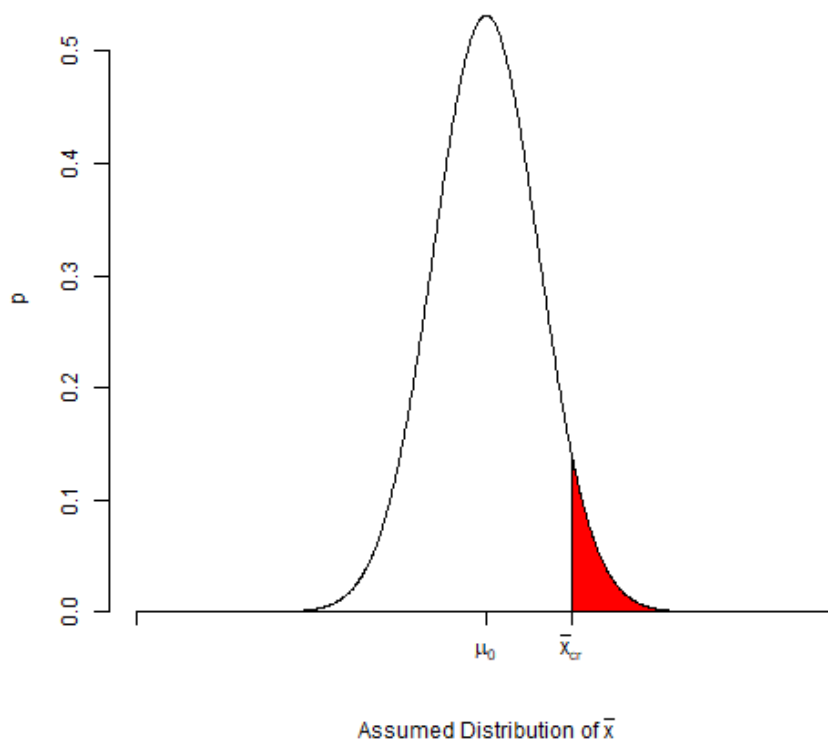


Figure 17: plot of chunk unnamed-chunk-26

Shaded areas

```
stdDev <- 0.75;
x <- seq(-5,5,by=0.01)
y <- dnorm(x,sd=stdDev)
right <- qnorm(0.95,sd=stdDev)
plot(x,y,type="l",xaxt="n",ylab="p",xlab=expression(paste('Assumed Distribution of ',bar(x))),
axis(1,at=c(-5,right,0,5),      pos = c(0,0),  labels=c(expression(' '),expression(bar(x))),
axis(2)
xReject <- seq(right,5,by=0.01); yReject <- dnorm(xReject,sd=stdDev)
polygon(c(xReject,xReject[length(xReject)],xReject[1]),  c(yReject,0, 0), col='red')
```

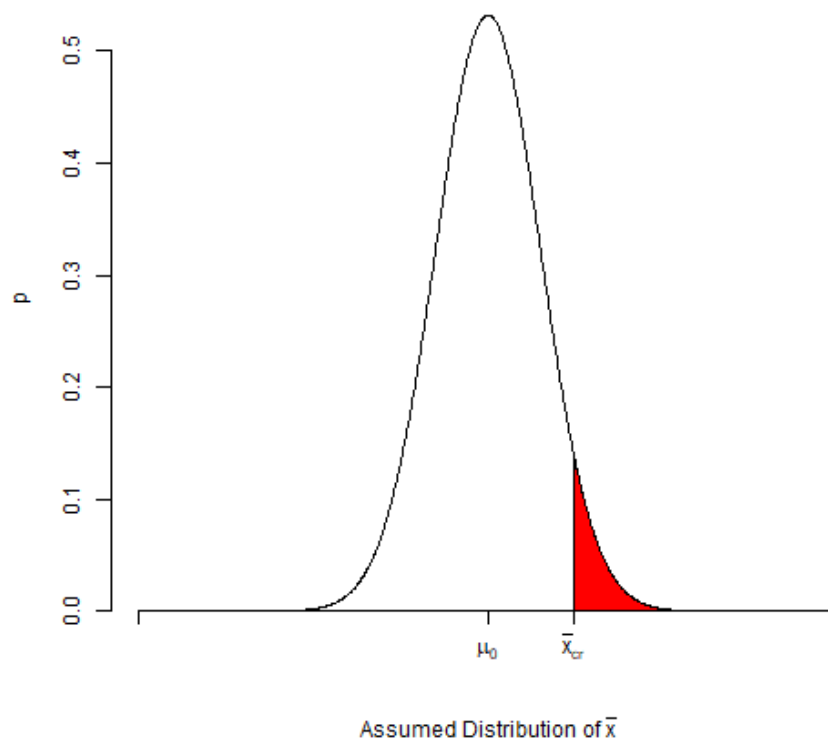


Figure 18: plot of chunk unnamed-chunk-27

Barplot

```
barplot(height, width = 1, space = NULL,          names.arg =
NULL, legend.text = NULL, beside = FALSE,        horiz = FALSE,
density = NULL, angle = 45,                      col = NULL, border = par("fg"),
main = NULL, sub = NULL, xlab = NULL, ylab = NULL,      xlim
= NULL, ylim = NULL, xpd = TRUE, log = "",          axes = TRUE,
axisnames = TRUE,                      cex.axis = par("cex.axis"), cex.names =
par("cex.axis"),                      inside = TRUE, plot = TRUE, axis.lty =
0, offset = 0,                      add = FALSE, args.legend = NULL, ...)
```

```
numberWhite <- rhyper(30,4,5,3)
numberWhite <- as.factor(numberWhite)
```

???

```
numberWhite
0  1  2  3
3 12 13  2
```

Barplot

```
numberWhite <- rhyper(30,4,5,3)
numberWhite <- as.factor(numberWhite)
```

```
totals <- table(numberWhite)
totals
```

```
numberWhite
0  1  2
3 16 11
```

```
barplot(totals,main="Number Draws",ylab="Frequency",xlab="Draws")
```

plotly

plotly website here

ggplot2: structure

```
ggplot(data = <default data set>,          aes(x = <default x axis
variable>,,                      y = <default y axis variable>,,          ...)
```

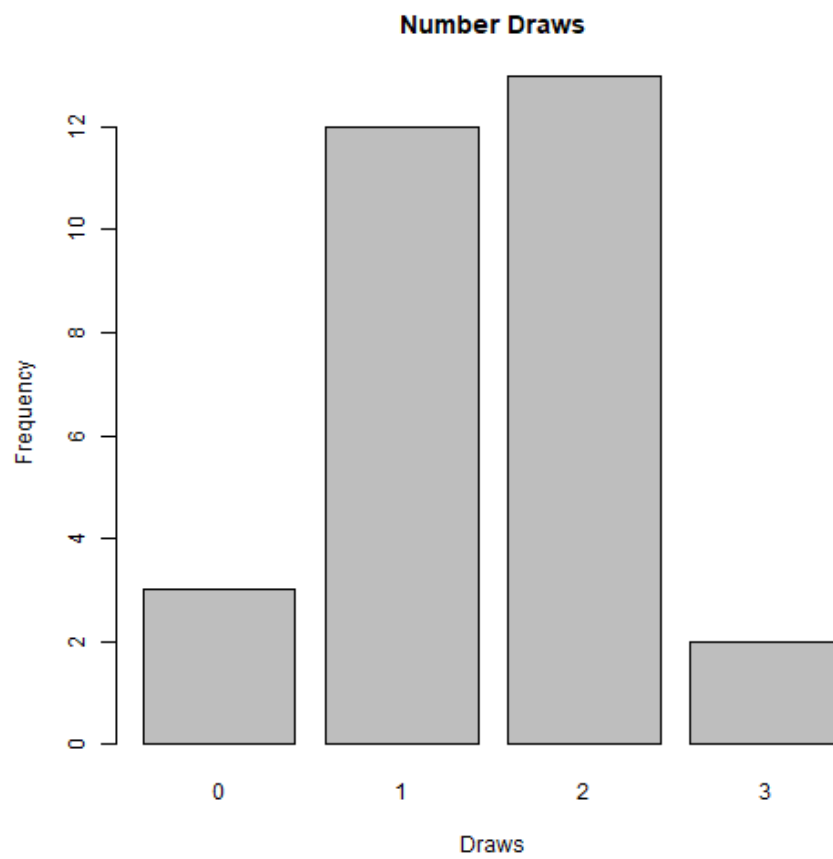


Figure 19: plot of chunk unnamed-chunk-29

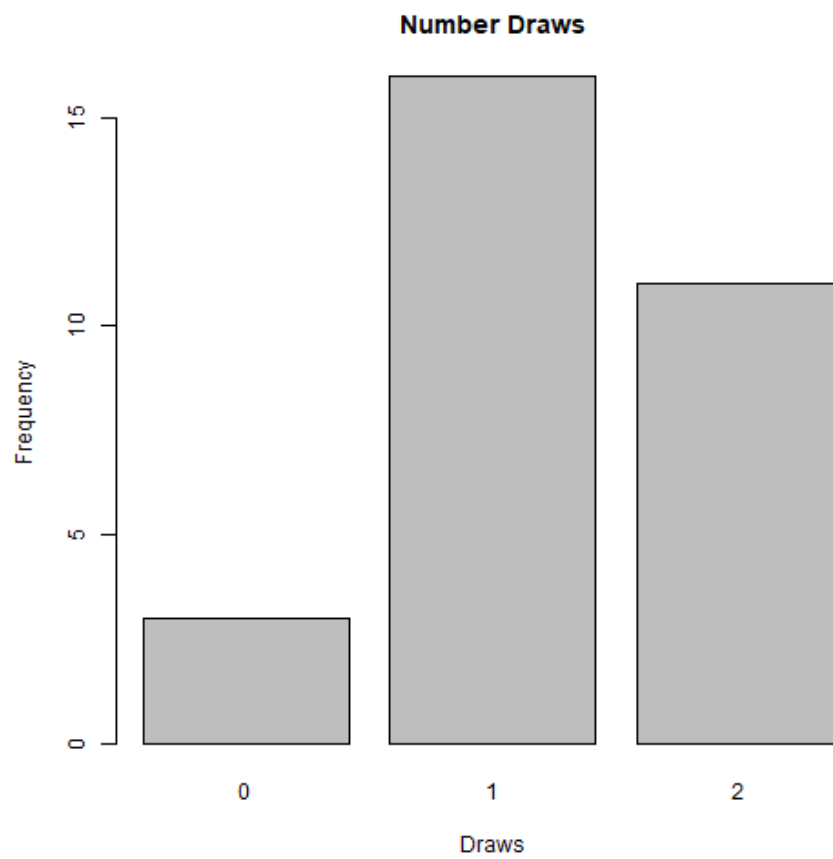


Figure 20: plot of chunk unnamed-chunk-30

```

<other default aesthetic mappings>),      ... <other plot
defaults>) +      geom_<geom type>(aes(size = <size variable
for this geom>,      ... <other aesthetic mappings>),
data = <data for this point geom>,      stat =
<statistic string or function>,      position =
<position string or function>,      color = <"fixed
color specification">,      <other arguments, possibly
passed to the _stat_ function>) + scale_<aesthetic>_<type>(name
= <"scale label">,      breaks = <where to put
tick marks>,      labels = <labels for tick
marks>,      ... <other options for the scale>) +
theme(plot.background = element_rect(fill = "gray"),      ...
<other theme elements>)

```

qplot: overlapping densities

```

qplot(x, y = NULL, ..., data, facets = NULL, margins = FALSE,
geom = "auto", xlim = c(NA, NA), ylim = c(NA, NA), log = "",
main = NULL, xlab = deparse(substitute(x)), ylab = deparse(substitute(y)),
asp = NA, stat = NULL, position = NULL)

library(ggplot2)
data("mtcars")
mtcars$gear <- factor(mtcars$gear, levels=c(3,4,5), labels=c("3gears", "4gears", "5gears"))
mtcars$am <- factor(mtcars$am, levels=c(0,1), labels=c("Automatic", "Manual"))
mtcars$cyl <- factor(mtcars$cyl, levels=c(4,6,8), labels=c("4cyl", "6cyl", "8cyl"))

qplot(mpg,
      data = ??,
      geom = ??,
      fill = ??,
      alpha = ??,
      main = "Distribution of Gas Milage", xlab="Miles Per Gallon", ylab="Density")

Error in loadNamespace(j <- i[[1L]], c(lib.loc, .libPaths()), versionCheck = vI[[j]]) :
  there is no package called 'tibble'
In addition: Warning message:
package 'ggplot2' was built under R version 3.2.5
Quitting from lines 521-533 (R-plots-msc.Rpres)
Error: package or namespace load failed for 'ggplot2'
Execution halted

```