Social Norms for Conservation

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Preface

This report is about my thoughts on why we need to come up with a different and better way of doing conservation. Despite the best efforts of conservationists and preservationists in the past century, we find ourselves in the middle of a biodiversity extinction event of an unprecedented scale and rate. Multiple lines of evidence suggest that this extinction event is caused, in large part, by our consumerist tendencies and our abuse of common pool resources. However, few conservation efforts have tried to deal with these issues that are undeniably more social than legal or political. Thus, I believe that it is imperative that we begin to take the power of social forces into consideration when planning our conservation efforts.

My thoughts have been shaped by conversations I have had with experts in many different fields as well as by the literature that has been produced by these and other experts. Thus, this report will start with a brief literature review of some of the important ideas that I have come across in different fields such as history, conservation biology, and psychology.

The literature review will begin with a brief history of conservation, particularly as it pertains to the United States. In this section, while taking a look at how the field of conservation has evolved, I will point out what I perceive to be the shortcomings of different conservation approaches that have been used in the past and those that are being currently used as well. This will, hopefully, motivate the need for a new way of thinking about how to achieve our desired conservation goals; one that takes into consideration the behaviors of people and the societies that they are a part of.

I will then introduce social norms (section 1.2) as a possible tool that we could use in doing conservation since social norms appear to determine a large part of our social behavior. In this section, I will introduce the different schools of thought on social norms and their predictions for how norms originate, evolve, and change. I will also point out where each of these schools of thought fall short and why we need to do more research on social norms to truly understand them. I will also take a brief look at norm interventions and how they have been used in different situations to change inefficient or harmful social norms.

In the next three chapters, I will introduce my ideas on how I plan to contribute to the knowledge of social norms and how I think they can be used in doing conservation more effectively.

Chapter 2 will deal with my ideas on determining which social norms we as conservationists need to focus on in order to affect the most significant amount of change. Using the results from this research, I hope to address a concern that many social scientists have voiced, which is, that changing social norms might not make much of a difference to conservation outcomes. Given that different norms often behave very differently and have different properties, these results will also help me in deciding which norms to focus on in researching the questions I will bring up in the final two chapters.

In chapters 3 and 4, I will discuss how I hope to contribute to the understanding of social norms, particularly conservation related social norms. Chapter 3

will outline some of the field experiments and surveys I hope to undertake in the next few years, and in chapter 4, I will provide very basic details about some of the models of social norms that I would like to investigate mathematically.

This report is probably best read linearly, but anyone familiar with social norms can skip ahead to section 1.2.2 after section 1.1. Even for readers familiar with the history of conservation, I would encourage skimming section 1.1 because my motivation for trying to use the considerable power of social norms derives in large part from the matter presented in that section. While chapters 2, 3, and 4 inform each other, they are fairly independent and can be read in any order although I would still recommend reading chapter 2 before the other two.

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Literature Review

Over the past two years, my ideas have evolved rapidly in response to the literature I have come across and because of the conversations I have had with experts in disparate fields. In this chapter, I will present and discuss some of the literature that has influenced me most.

My thoughts have been heavily influenced by reading about different approaches to conservation that have been undertaken and by what I consider to be their drawbacks. These perceived drawbacks might at times have something to do with the underlying philosophies or with the methods used by these different approaches, but their biggest shortcoming is that they have largely been unable to achieve their desired outcomes on a large scale. I believe that this is because these approaches do not take societies and social forces into consideration even though the issues that conservationists have to deal with seem to be a direct result of the behavior of societies. In order to address this, we need to understand how societies work; why they behave how they behave and why individuals in societies make the decisions that they do.

This chapter will provide a brief introduction to some of the major schools of thought in conservation, the methods they have used, and the shortcomings of these methods. It will also introduce social norms, which are probably the most significant social forces that drive the behavior of individuals within societies, and thus, of societies themselves. Through this chapter, I hope to motivate the questions that I hope to begin answering during my time here at Princeton.

1.1 A Brief History of Conservation

My name is Rutwik

- 1.2 Social Norms
- 1.2.1 Theories of Social Norms
- 1.2.2 Norm Interventions in Other Arenas

Are Norms Useful in Conservation?

Field Studies and Experiments

Models