

BENCHMARK MODELS

I. Classification

Mục đích dùng để đánh giá chất lượng các model classify. Với dữ liệu đầu vào là file kết quả distance giữa các cặp ảnh có dạng

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image_name_1, image_name_2, dist, label
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Kết quả cuối cùng nhận được là bảng thống kê các chỉ số cơ bản như: Accuracy, FAR, FRR,.. tương ứng với từng giá trị Threshold trải dài từ 0-0.99

Measurement Define

1. Compute authentication rates from the confusion matrix

STT	Name	Describe	Equation
1	Acc	Accuracy	$(TP + TN) / (TP + FP + TN + FN)$
2	Err	Error rate	$(FP + FN) / (TP + FP + TN + FN)$
3	TAR	True Accept Rate	$TP / (TP + FN)$
4	FRR	False Reject Rate	$FN / (TP + FN)$
5	TRR	True Reject Rate	$TN / (TN + FP)$
6	FAR	False Accept Rate	$FP / (TN + FP)$
7	PPV	Positive Predictive Value	$TP / (TP + FP)$
8	FDR	False Discovery Rate	$FP / (TP + FP)$
9	NPV	Negative Predictive Value	$TN / (TN + FN)$
10	FOR	False Omission Rate	$FN / (TN + FN)$
11	MCC	Matthreus Correlation Coefficient	$(TP * TN - FP * FN) / \sqrt{[(TP + FP) * (TP + FN) * (TN + FP) * (TN + FN)]}$
12	EER	Equal Error Rate	roots, values = tools.find_intersection(thresholds, FAR, thresholds, FRR) \\ EER = np.vstack((roots, values)).T

2. Compute identification rates from the confusion matrix

STT	Name	Describe	Equation
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STT	Name	Describe	Equation
1	H	Hit counts	
2	M	Miss counts	
3	R	Reject counts	
4	N	Number of test samples	
5	Acc	Accuracy	H / N
6	Err	Error rate	$1 - \text{Acc}$
7	MR	Miss Rate	M / N
8	RR	Reject Rate	R / N
9	EID	Error of Identification	$y2 = \text{np.min}(\text{Err}) * \text{np.ones}(\text{len}(\text{thresholds}), \text{dtype}='float') \\$ $\text{roots, values} = \text{tools.find_intersection}(\text{thresholds}, \text{Err}, \text{thresholds}, y2) \\$ $\text{EID} = \text{np.vstack}((\text{roots}, \text{values})).T$
10	ERR	Equal Error Rate	$\text{roots, values} = \text{tools.find_intersection}(\text{thresholds}, \text{MR}, \text{thresholds}, \text{RR}) \\$ $\text{EER} = \text{np.vstack}((\text{roots}, \text{values})).T$

II. Detection

Mục đích dùng để đánh giá chất lượng các model detector. Dữ liệu đầu vào là image, GT. Kết quả cuối cùng nhận được là tổng số GT, DT, FPPI, MR, AP, mAP.

Measurement Define

STT	Name	Describe	Equation
1	IOU	Intersection Over Union	$\text{IOU} = \frac{\text{area}(B_p \cap B_{gt})}{\text{area}(B_p \cup B_{gt})}$
2	Precision	Precision is the ability of a model to identify only the relevant objects.	$\text{Precision} = \text{TP} / (\text{TP} + \text{FP})$
3	Recall	It is the percentage of true positive detected among all relevant ground truths.	$\text{Recall} = \text{TP} / (\text{TP} + \text{FN})$
4	AP	Average Precision	
5	mAP	mean Average Precision	$\text{mAP} = \text{sum}(\text{AP}) / \text{number_class}$
6	FPPI	False Positive Per Image	$\text{FPPI} = \text{fp} / (\text{tp} + \text{fp})$
7	MR	Miss Rate	$\text{MR} = \text{fn} / (\text{tp} + \text{fn})$