

Regular / Back			
Exam.	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	BEX, BCT	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	III / II	Time	3 hrs.

**Subject:** - Computer Graphics

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
- ✓ The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.

1. Write down the mid point circle algorithm. How symmetry of circle helps to reduce computation steps? Explain. [6+4]
2. Write down the Bresenham's line drawing algorithm for drawing straight line with consideration of all the slope categories. [10]
3. Which transformation converts a square to a rhombus? Obtain reflection matrix to reflect a point about the line  $y = x$ . [3+7]
4. A unit length cube with a diagonal passing through  $(0,0,0)$  and  $(1,1,1)$  is sheared with respect to  $yz$  plane with the shear constants = 2 in both directions. Obtain the coordinates of all the corners of the cube after shear. [10]
5. A 3-D scene is viewed from point  $(1,1,1)$  with camera orientation described by the orientation of three orthogonal vectors  $(1,1,1)$ ,  $(1,2,-3)$  and  $(-5,4,1)$ . Obtain the transformation matrix to describe the scene with respect to camera orientation. [10]
6. What are object space and image space method of hidden surface removal? Describe one of the image space methods of hidden surface removal. [4+6]
7. Explain the Phong shading algorithm. Mention the advantages of Phong shading over Gouraud shading. [7+3]
8. Write short notes on: (any two)
  - a) Bezier Curve
  - b) Resolution and Aspect ratio of a Monitor
  - c) Flat panel Displays

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