



Complete Step-by-Step Guide: Setting Up the Portal API (Django) Project

This guide walks you through creating a Django-based Portal API service from scratch, covering environment setup, dependencies, project structure, database configuration, migrations, and common troubleshooting (including `xlsxwriter` installation).

Prerequisites

- **Python 3.10+** installed and added to your PATH
 - **MySQL** server (or compatible) running locally or remotely
 - **Git** (optional, for version control)
 - Basic familiarity with the command line (bash, PowerShell, etc.)
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Step 1: Create and Enter the Project Directory

```
# Choose a parent directory, then:  
mkdir portal_api_service  
cd portal_api_service
```

This isolates your project in its own folder.

Step 2: Set Up a Python Virtual Environment

```
# Create a virtual environment named 'venv'  
python -m venv venv  
  
# Activate it:  
# Windows  
venv\Scripts\activate  
# macOS / Linux  
source venv/bin/activate
```

Ensure your shell prompt indicates the environment is active (e.g., `(venv)` prefix).

Step 3: Define Project Dependencies

Create a file named `requirements.txt` in the project root with these lines:

```
Django>=4.2,<5.0
djangoestframework>=3.14.0
djangoestframework-simplejwt>=5.2.2
mysqlclient>=2.1.1
django-cors-headers>=4.0.0
python-dotenv>=1.0.0
celery>=5.2.7
django-filter>=23.2
drf-yasg>=1.21.5
pytest>=7.3.1
pytest-django>=4.5.2
xlsxwriter>=3.0.3
```

Tip: Keep this list updated as you add new packages.

Step 4: Install Dependencies

With the virtual environment active, run:

```
pip install -r requirements.txt
```

Watch for any errors—if a module fails to install, address it before proceeding.

Step 5: Start the Django Project and Main App

```
# Create the Django project named 'portal_api'
django-admin startproject portal_api .

# (Optional) Create core Django apps; adjust names as needed:
python manage.py startapp users
python manage.py startapp demo
python manage.py startapp exams
python manage.py startapp adminpanel
```

Your directory structure should now look like:

```
portal_api_service/
├── portal_api/
│   ├── __init__.py
│   ├── asgi.py
│   ├── settings.py
│   ├── urls.py
│   └── wsgi.py
├── users/
├── demo/
├── exams/
├── adminpanel/
├── manage.py
└── requirements.txt
```

Step 6: Configure Settings

Open `portal_api/settings.py` and ensure the following:

1. Installed Apps:

```
INSTALLED_APPS = [
    'django.contrib.admin',
    'django.contrib.auth',
    'django.contrib.contenttypes',
    'django.contrib.sessions',
    'django.contrib.messages',
    'django.contrib.staticfiles',
    # Third-party
    'rest_framework',
    'corsheaders',
    'django_filters',
    # Your apps
    'users', 'demo', 'exams', 'adminpanel',
]
```

1. Middleware (include CORS):

```
MIDDLEWARE = [
    'corsheaders.middleware.CorsMiddleware',
    'django.middleware.security.SecurityMiddleware',
    'django.contrib.sessions.middleware.SessionMiddleware',
    'django.middleware.common.CommonMiddleware',
    'django.middleware.csrf.CsrfViewMiddleware',
```

```
'django.contrib.auth.middleware.AuthenticationMiddleware',
'django.contrib.messages.middleware.MessageMiddleware',
'django.middleware.clickjacking.XFrameOptionsMiddleware',
]
```

1. Database (using MySQL):

```
DATABASES = {
    'default': {
        'ENGINE': 'django.db.backends.mysql',
        'NAME': 'portal_db',
        'USER': 'api_service_user',
        'PASSWORD': 'mypassword',
        'HOST': 'localhost',
        'PORT': '3306',
    }
}
```

1. Static & Media (adjust as needed):

```
STATIC_URL = '/static/'
MEDIA_URL = '/media/'
```

1. Environment Variables (using python-dotenv)

2. Create a `.env` file for secrets (never commit to Git!).

3. Load them in `settings.py` with `python-dotenv`.

Step 7: Create `manage.py` (If Missing)

If you started with `django-admin startproject`, `manage.py` is created automatically. Otherwise, ensure `manage.py` contains:

```
#!/usr/bin/env python
import os, sys

def main():
    os.environ.setdefault('DJANGO_SETTINGS_MODULE', 'portal_api.settings')
    from django.core.management import execute_from_command_line
    execute_from_command_line(sys.argv)
```

```
if __name__ == '__main__':  
    main()
```

Make it executable on UNIX-like systems:

```
chmod +x manage.py
```

Step 8: Set Up MySQL Database & User

Log into MySQL and run:

```
CREATE DATABASE portal_db;  
CREATE USER 'api_service_user'@'localhost' IDENTIFIED BY 'mypassword';  
GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES ON portal_db.* TO 'api_service_user'@'localhost';  
FLUSH PRIVILEGES;
```

Security Tip: Use a strong password and restrict host access in production.

Step 9: Run Migrations

Generate and apply migrations for all apps:

```
python manage.py makemigrations users demo exams adminpanel  
python manage.py migrate
```

This creates the necessary database tables.

Step 10: Install & Verify `xlswriter`

If you encounter the `ModuleNotFoundError: No module named 'xlswriter'`, install it:

```
pip install xlswriter
```

Then rerun any command (e.g., `createsuperuser`) to verify the error is resolved.

Step 11: Create a Superuser & Start the Server

1. Create superuser:

```
python manage.py createsuperuser
```

2. Run development server:

```
python manage.py runserver
```

Open <http://127.0.0.1:8000/admin/> in your browser, log in with your superuser credentials, and verify access.

Optional: Celery & Redis Setup

1. Install and run **Redis** (or another broker).
2. In `.env`, add `CELERY_BROKER_URL=redis://localhost:6379/0`.
3. Create `portal_api/celery.py`:

```
from celery import Celery
import os

os.environ.setdefault('DJANGO_SETTINGS_MODULE', 'portal_api.settings')
app = Celery('portal_api')
app.config_from_object('django.conf:settings', namespace='CELERY')
app.autodiscover_tasks()
```

4. Launch a worker:

```
celery -A portal_api worker --loglevel=info
```

Troubleshooting & Tips

- **Dependency Conflicts:** Use `pip check` to find mismatches.
- **Static Files:** Run `python manage.py collectstatic` in production.
- **Environment Management:** Use `.env` and `django-environ` or `python-dotenv`.
- **Testing:** Configure `pytest` and `pytest-django`—add `pytest.ini` with:

```
[pytest]  
DJANGO_SETTINGS_MODULE = portal_api.settings
```

You're all set! Your Django-based Portal API is configured and ready for development. Happy coding!