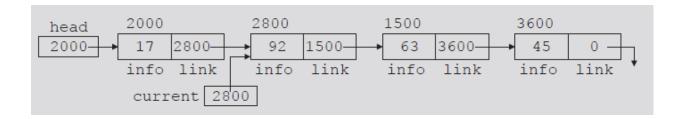


The School Electrical Engineering and Information Technology Computer Science Department

CS223 Lab Linked List

Definition:

• Linked list is a collection of components (nodes) such that every node contains data and address of the next node. Eg, The following is a linked list with 4 nodes:



A structure, which contains a data element and a pointer to the next node, is created as follows:

```
struct Node {

int value;

struct list *next;
};
```

Main Operations

• Insertion

Adding a new node to the linked list in the beginning, end, or in between two nodes and adjusting the necessary connections.

• Deletion

Removing a given node from the linked list and adjusting the necessary connections.

• Traversal

Visiting each node once for doing something to that node, such as displaying the data in the node.

Searching

Finding the location of a given item of information in the linked list and returning a pointer to the node.

Lab Work

Consider the following C++ code which contains the following operations:

- Define a structure node
- Declare Head and Tail nodes
- Create the linked list by adding a node to the beginning of a list
- Traverse the linked list to printing it

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
struct Node
int data;
 Node *next; // Pointer to next node
};
struct Node *head=NULL; //Declare Head Pointer
struct Node *tail=NULL; //Declare Tail pointer
// Insertion
void insertbeginning(int n){
  struct Node *newNode=new Node;
  newNode->data=n;
  newNode->next=head;
  head=newNode;
}
void insert_last(int n){
//delete node
void delete_at_position(){
}
*/
//Traverse (print nodes data)
void traverse(){
  if(head==NULL){
    cout<<"Empty List!"<<endl;</pre>
    return;
```

```
struct Node *temp=head;
while(temp!=NULL){
   cout<<temp->data<<" ";
   temp=temp->next;
}

int main()
{
   insertbeginning (4);
   insertbeginning (2);
    traverse();
   return 0;
}
```

Lab Exercises:

- 1. Compile and run the previous code.
- 2. Fill in the blank the following functions:
 - a. Insert function to insert a node at the end of the linked list.
 - b. Delete function to delete a node at any position of the list.
- 3. After you finish please submit the final code to Elearning.