

3.LSTM with RNN

November 4, 2020

```
[1]: from google.colab import drive
drive.mount('/content/gdrive')
```

Mounted at /content/gdrive

```
[2]: import torch
import torch.nn as nn

import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
from datetime import datetime
from pathlib import Path
import pandas as pd

import torchtext.data as ttd

from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.text import Tokenizer
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.sequence import pad_sequences
```

```
[61]: !pip install -q kaggle
```

```
[4]: from google.colab import files
```

```
[5]: files.upload()
```

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

Saving kaggle.json to kaggle.json

```
[5]: {'kaggle.json':
b'{"username": "nabhsanjaymehtautd", "key": "ee0e2e2e8b50d345f23e44404b090088"}'}
```

```
[6]: !mkdir ~/.kaggle/
```

```
[7]: !cp kaggle.json ~/.kaggle/
```

```
[8]: !chmod 60 ~/.kaggle/kaggle.json
```

```
[9]: !kaggle datasets list
```

Warning: Your Kaggle API key is readable by other users on this system! To fix this, you can run 'chmod 600 /root/.kaggle/kaggle.json'

Warning: Looks like you're using an outdated API Version, please consider updating (server 1.5.9 / client 1.5.4)

ref	size	lastUpdated	downloadCount	title
terenceshin/covid19s-impact-on-airport-traffic	106KB	2020-10-19 12:40:17	1644	COVID-19's Impact on Airport Traffic
sootersaalu/amazon-top-50-bestselling-books-2009-2019	15KB	2020-10-13 09:39:21	1602	Amazon Top 50 Bestselling Books 2009 - 2019
thomaskonstantin/highly-rated-children-books-and-stories	106KB	2020-10-24 12:09:59	340	Highly Rated Children Books And Stories
tunguz/euro-parliament-proceedings-1996-2011	1GB	2020-10-26 17:48:29	22	Euro Parliament Proceedings 1996 - 2011
rishidamarla/judicial-expenditures-across-all-50-states	2KB	2020-10-25 00:07:45	214	Judicial Expenditures across all 50 States
docstein/brics-world-bank-indicators	4MB	2020-10-22 12:18:40	348	BRICS World Bank Indicators
kanishk307/6000-indian-food-recipes-dataset	9MB	2020-10-24 01:08:23	428	6000+ Indian Food Recipes Dataset
elvinagammed/chatbots-intent-recognition-dataset	17KB	2020-10-23 07:44:59	184	Chatbots: Intent Recognition Dataset
omarhanyy/500-greatest-songs-of-all-time	33KB	2020-10-26 13:36:09	420	500 Greatest Songs of All Time
balraj98/synthetic-objective-testing-set-sots-reside	415MB	2020-10-24 10:07:29	49	Synthetic Objective Testing Set (SOTS) [RESIDE]
lunamcbride24/pokemon-type-matchup-data	9KB	2020-10-14 18:56:23	256	Pokemon Type Matchup Data
gaurav2796/kaggle-competitions-rankings-and-kernels	698KB	2020-10-15 04:05:15	31	Kaggle Competitions, Rankings and Kernels
balraj98/indoor-training-set-its-residestandard	5GB	2020-10-24 10:07:30	34	Indoor Training Set (ITS) [RESIDE-Standard]
romazepa/moscow-schools-winners-of-educational-olympiads	1MB	2020-10-12 21:45:01	55	Moscow schools - winners of educational Olympiads
sootersaalu/nigerian-songs-spotify	24KB	2020-10-25 19:10:23	58	Nigerian Songs Spotify
salmaneunus/mechanical-tools-dataset	652MB	2020-11-01 11:28:22	169	Mechanical Tools Classification Dataset

thanatoz/hinglish-blogs		Hinglish blogs
2MB 2020-10-13 18:16:05	12	
shivamb/netflix-shows		Netflix Movies and TV
Shows	971KB 2020-01-20 07:33:56	52860
nehaprabhavalkar/indian-food-101		Indian Food 101
7KB 2020-09-30 06:23:43	5941	
heeraldedhia/groceries-dataset		Groceries dataset
257KB 2020-09-17 04:36:08	6200	

```
[10]: !kaggle competitions download -c transferlearning-dl-spring2020
```

```
Warning: Your Kaggle API key is readable by other users on this system! To fix
this, you can run 'chmod 600 /root/.kaggle/kaggle.json'
Warning: Looks like you're using an outdated API Version, please consider
updating (server 1.5.9 / client 1.5.4)
Downloading sample_submission.csv to /content
 0% 0.00/34.2k [00:00<?, ?B/s]
100% 34.2k/34.2k [00:00<00:00, 62.1MB/s]
Downloading test.csv to /content
 0% 0.00/506k [00:00<?, ?B/s]
100% 506k/506k [00:00<00:00, 71.6MB/s]
Downloading train.csv.zip to /content
 0% 0.00/527k [00:00<?, ?B/s]
100% 527k/527k [00:00<00:00, 74.1MB/s]
```

```
[11]: !unzip train.csv.zip -d train
```

```
Archive: train.csv.zip
  inflating: train/train.csv
```

```
[12]: data = pd.read_csv('/content/train/train.csv', encoding = "ISO-8859-1")
testdata = pd.read_csv('/content/test.csv', encoding="ISO-8859-1")
```

```
[13]: data.head()
```

```
[13]:
```

	id	text	target
0	86426	@USER She should ask a few native Americans wh...	1
1	16820	Amazon is investigating Chinese employees who ...	0
2	62688	@USER Someone should'veTaken" this piece of sh...	1
3	43605	@USER @USER Obama wanted liberals & illeg...	0
4	97670	@USER Liberals are all Kookoo !!!	1

```
[14]: data = data.drop(["id"], axis=1)
```

```
[15]: testdata = testdata.drop(["id"], axis = 1)
```

```
[16]: data.head()
```

```
[16]:
```

	text	target
0	@USER She should ask a few native Americans wh...	1
1	Amazon is investigating Chinese employees who ...	0
2	@USER Someone should'veTaken" this piece of sh...	1
3	@USER @USER Obama wanted liberals & illega...	0
4	@USER Liberals are all Kookoo !!!	1

```
[17]: data['target'].value_counts()
```

```
[17]: 0    6220
      1    3126
      Name: target, dtype: int64
```

```
[18]: data.columns = ['data', 'labels']
```

```
[19]: testdata.columns = ['data']
```

```
[20]: testdata.head()
```

```
[20]:
```

	data
0	@USER @USER Go home youâ re drunk!!! @USER #M...
1	@USER @USER Oh noes! Tough shit.
2	@USER Canada doesnâ t need another CUCK! We a...
3	@USER @USER @USER It should scare every Americ...
4	@USER @USER @USER @USER LOL!!! Throwing the ...

```
[21]: data.head()
```

```
[21]:
```

	data	labels
0	@USER She should ask a few native Americans wh...	1
1	Amazon is investigating Chinese employees who ...	0
2	@USER Someone should'veTaken" this piece of sh...	1
3	@USER @USER Obama wanted liberals & illega...	0
4	@USER Liberals are all Kookoo !!!	1

```
[22]: testdata = pd.Series(testdata['data'].to_numpy())
```

```
[23]: X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(data['data'],
↳ data['labels'], test_size=0.3)
```

```
[24]: type(X_test)
```

```
[24]: pandas.core.series.Series
```

```
[25]: print(X_train.shape, y_train.shape)
```

```
(6542,) (6542,)
```

```
[26]: tokenizer = Tokenizer()
tokenizer.fit_on_texts(X_train)
X_train_tok = tokenizer.texts_to_sequences(X_train)
X_test_tok = tokenizer.texts_to_sequences(X_test)
```

```
[27]: testdata_tok = tokenizer.texts_to_sequences(testdata)
```

```
[28]: print(len(testdata_tok))
```

3894

```
[29]: print(len(X_train_tok)) # it is a list , does not have shape attribute
```

6542

```
[30]: # get words in each review
train_review_lengths = [len(x) for x in X_train_tok]
test_review_lengths = [len(x) for x in X_test_tok]

testdata_review_lengths = [len(x) for x in testdata_tok]
```

```
[31]: # get word -> integer mapping
word2idx = tokenizer.word_index
V = len(word2idx)
print(f'Unique Tokens {V}')
```

Unique Tokens 14271

```
[32]: # pad sequences so that we get a N x T matrix

# This function transforms a list (of length num_samples) of sequences (lists_
    ↳ of integers).
# into a 2D Numpy array of shape (num_samples, num_timesteps).
# num_timesteps is either the maxlen argument if provided,
# or the length of the longest sequence in the list.

X_train_tok_pad = pad_sequences(X_train_tok)
print(f'Shape of X_train_tok_pad : {X_train_tok_pad.shape}')
```

Shape of X_train_tok_pad : (6542, 102)

```
[33]: testdata_tok_pad = pad_sequences(testdata_tok)
```

```
[34]: # get sequence length
T = X_train_tok_pad.shape[1]
T
```

```
[34]: 102
```

```
[35]: Test_T = testdata_tok_pad.shape[1]
```

```
[36]: Test_T
```

```
[36]: 98
```

```
[36]:
```

```
[37]: X_test_tok_pad = pad_sequences(X_test_tok, maxlen=T)
      print(f'Shape of X_test_tok_pad : {X_test_tok_pad.shape}')
```

```
Shape of X_test_tok_pad : (2804, 102)
```

```
[38]: X_train_tensor = torch.from_numpy(X_train_tok_pad).long() #int64
      y_train_tensor = torch.from_numpy(y_train.to_numpy()) # pandas series to numpy
      ↪, numpy to tensor
      X_test_tensor = torch.from_numpy(X_test_tok_pad).long() # int64
      y_test_tensor = torch.from_numpy(y_test.to_numpy())
```

```
[39]: testdata_tensor = torch.from_numpy(testdata_tok_pad).long()
```

```
[40]: # create dataset objects
      train_dataset = torch.utils.data.TensorDataset(X_train_tensor, y_train_tensor)
      test_dataset = torch.utils.data.TensorDataset(X_test_tensor, y_test_tensor)
```

```
[41]: testdata_dataset = torch.utils.data.TensorDataset(testdata_tensor)
```

```
[42]: # Data loaders
      train_iter = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(dataset=train_dataset,
                                                batch_size=32,
                                                shuffle=True)

      test_iter = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(dataset=test_dataset,
                                                batch_size=256,
                                                shuffle=False)
```

```
[43]: testdata_iter = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(dataset=testdata_dataset,
                                                  batch_size = 64,
                                                  shuffle = False)
```

```
[44]: for i in testdata_iter:
      print(i)
      break
```

```
[tensor([[ 0,  0,  0, ..., 38, 1171, 16],
         [ 0,  0,  0, ..., 212, 1676, 89],
         [ 0,  0,  0, ..., 153, 131, 12513],
```

```
...,
[ 0, 0, 0, ..., 5, 12609, 1845],
[ 0, 0, 0, ..., 1468, 53, 814],
[ 0, 0, 0, ..., 11248, 39, 16]]]
```

```
[45]: for inputs, targets in train_iter:
    print("inputs:", inputs, "shape:", inputs.shape)
    print("targets:", targets, "shape:", targets.shape)
    break
```

```
inputs: tensor([[ 0, 0, 0, ..., 97, 1017, 260],
[ 0, 0, 0, ..., 336, 143, 1673],
[ 0, 0, 0, ..., 54, 238, 372],
...,
[ 0, 0, 0, ..., 305, 17, 127],
[ 0, 0, 0, ..., 5, 153, 919],
[ 0, 0, 0, ..., 38, 4739, 16]]) shape: torch.Size([32,
102])
targets: tensor([1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0,
0, 0, 1,
0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0]) shape: torch.Size([32])
```

```
[46]: for inputs, targets in test_iter:
    print("inputs:", inputs)
    print("targets:", targets)
    break
```

```
inputs: tensor([[ 0, 0, 0, ..., 6087, 91, 752],
[ 0, 0, 0, ..., 70, 61, 857],
[ 0, 0, 0, ..., 527, 27, 333],
...,
[ 0, 0, 0, ..., 2, 2787, 1392],
[ 0, 0, 0, ..., 934, 13, 278],
[ 0, 0, 0, ..., 6, 275, 7291]])
targets: tensor([0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0,
0, 1, 0,
0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1,
0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0,
1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1,
1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1,
0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1,
1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1,
0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1,
1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1,
0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0,
1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0])
```

```
[47]: device = torch.device("cuda:0" if torch.cuda.is_available() else "cpu")
      print(device)
```

cuda:0

```
[48]: # Define the model
      class RNN(nn.Module):
          def __init__(self, n_vocab, embed_dim, n_hidden, n_rnnlayers, n_outputs):
              super(RNN, self).__init__()
              self.V = n_vocab
              self.D = embed_dim
              self.M = n_hidden
              self.K = n_outputs
              self.L = n_rnnlayers

              self.embed = nn.Embedding(self.V, self.D)
              self.rnn = nn.LSTM(
                  input_size=self.D,
                  hidden_size=self.M,
                  num_layers=self.L,
                  batch_first=True)
              self.fc = nn.Linear(self.M, self.K)

          def forward(self, X):
              # initial hidden states
              h0 = torch.zeros(self.L, X.size(0), self.M).to(device)
              c0 = torch.zeros(self.L, X.size(0), self.M).to(device)

              # embedding layer
              # turns word indexes into word vectors
              out = self.embed(X)

              # get RNN unit output
              out, _ = self.rnn(out, (h0, c0))

              # max pool
              out, _ = torch.max(out, 1)

              # we only want h(T) at the final time step
              out = self.fc(out)
              return out
```

```
[49]: model = RNN(V+1, 300, 100, 1, 3) # V= len(vocab) + 1 for (padding)
      model.to(device)
```

```
[49]: RNN(
      (embed): Embedding(14272, 300)
```



```

    (rnn): LSTM(300, 100, batch_first=True)
    (fc): Linear(in_features=100, out_features=3, bias=True)
)

```

```
[50]: print(model)
```

```

RNN(
  (embed): Embedding(14272, 300)
  (rnn): LSTM(300, 100, batch_first=True)
  (fc): Linear(in_features=100, out_features=3, bias=True)
)

```

```
[51]: for name, param in model.named_parameters():
      print(name, param.shape)
```

```

embed.weight torch.Size([14272, 300])
rnn.weight_ih_l0 torch.Size([400, 300])
rnn.weight_hh_l0 torch.Size([400, 100])
rnn.bias_ih_l0 torch.Size([400])
rnn.bias_hh_l0 torch.Size([400])
fc.weight torch.Size([3, 100])
fc.bias torch.Size([3])

```

```
[52]: learning_rate = 0.01
epochs=65
# STEP 5: INSTANTIATE LOSS CLASS
criterion = nn.CrossEntropyLoss()

# STEP 6: INSTANTIATE OPTIMIZER CLASS

optimizer = torch.optim.SGD(model.parameters(), lr=learning_rate)

# STEP 7: TRAIN THE MODEL

train_losses= np.zeros(epochs)
test_losses= np.zeros(epochs)

for epoch in range(epochs):

    t0= datetime.now()
    train_loss=[]

    model.train()
    for input,targets in train_iter:
        # load input and output to GPU
        input = input.to(device)

```

```

targets= targets.to(device)

# forward pass
output= model(input)
loss=criterion(output,targets)

# set gradients to zero
optimizer.zero_grad()

# backward pass
loss.backward()
optimizer.step()
train_loss.append(loss.item())

train_loss=np.mean(train_loss)

test_loss=[]
model.eval()
with torch.no_grad():
    for input,targets in test_iter:
        # load input and output to GPU
        input = input.to(device)
        targets= targets.to(device)

        # forward pass
        output= model(input)
        loss=criterion(output,targets)
        test_loss.append(loss.item())

test_loss=np.mean(test_loss)

# save Losses
train_losses[epoch]= train_loss
test_losses[epoch]= test_loss
dt= datetime.now()-t0
print(f'Epoch {epoch+1}/{epochs}, Train Loss: {train_loss:.4f}    Test Loss:␣
↪{test_loss:.4f}, Duration: {dt}')

```

Epoch 1/65, Train Loss: 0.7063	Test Loss: 0.6634, Duration: 0:00:01.490683
Epoch 2/65, Train Loss: 0.6409	Test Loss: 0.6506, Duration: 0:00:01.279411
Epoch 3/65, Train Loss: 0.6327	Test Loss: 0.6427, Duration: 0:00:01.264833
Epoch 4/65, Train Loss: 0.6277	Test Loss: 0.6407, Duration: 0:00:01.277945
Epoch 5/65, Train Loss: 0.6247	Test Loss: 0.6371, Duration: 0:00:01.263438
Epoch 6/65, Train Loss: 0.6206	Test Loss: 0.6351, Duration: 0:00:01.262783
Epoch 7/65, Train Loss: 0.6179	Test Loss: 0.6330, Duration: 0:00:01.276571
Epoch 8/65, Train Loss: 0.6139	Test Loss: 0.6349, Duration: 0:00:01.376868

Epoch 9/65, Train Loss: 0.6096	Test Loss: 0.6329, Duration: 0:00:01.273635
Epoch 10/65, Train Loss: 0.6049	Test Loss: 0.6292, Duration: 0:00:01.292015
Epoch 11/65, Train Loss: 0.6004	Test Loss: 0.6242, Duration: 0:00:01.270034
Epoch 12/65, Train Loss: 0.5956	Test Loss: 0.6234, Duration: 0:00:01.270217
Epoch 13/65, Train Loss: 0.5905	Test Loss: 0.6188, Duration: 0:00:01.261470
Epoch 14/65, Train Loss: 0.5850	Test Loss: 0.6175, Duration: 0:00:01.281212
Epoch 15/65, Train Loss: 0.5780	Test Loss: 0.6135, Duration: 0:00:01.269371
Epoch 16/65, Train Loss: 0.5718	Test Loss: 0.6135, Duration: 0:00:01.272129
Epoch 17/65, Train Loss: 0.5650	Test Loss: 0.6125, Duration: 0:00:01.266158
Epoch 18/65, Train Loss: 0.5567	Test Loss: 0.6045, Duration: 0:00:01.279906
Epoch 19/65, Train Loss: 0.5509	Test Loss: 0.6016, Duration: 0:00:01.270779
Epoch 20/65, Train Loss: 0.5435	Test Loss: 0.6050, Duration: 0:00:01.268913
Epoch 21/65, Train Loss: 0.5357	Test Loss: 0.5966, Duration: 0:00:01.266107
Epoch 22/65, Train Loss: 0.5281	Test Loss: 0.5949, Duration: 0:00:01.260385
Epoch 23/65, Train Loss: 0.5212	Test Loss: 0.5959, Duration: 0:00:01.279710
Epoch 24/65, Train Loss: 0.5136	Test Loss: 0.5911, Duration: 0:00:01.279293
Epoch 25/65, Train Loss: 0.5057	Test Loss: 0.5890, Duration: 0:00:01.273019
Epoch 26/65, Train Loss: 0.4976	Test Loss: 0.5910, Duration: 0:00:01.285706
Epoch 27/65, Train Loss: 0.4908	Test Loss: 0.5839, Duration: 0:00:01.273856
Epoch 28/65, Train Loss: 0.4829	Test Loss: 0.5831, Duration: 0:00:01.275602
Epoch 29/65, Train Loss: 0.4751	Test Loss: 0.5814, Duration: 0:00:01.266347
Epoch 30/65, Train Loss: 0.4673	Test Loss: 0.5892, Duration: 0:00:01.275406
Epoch 31/65, Train Loss: 0.4591	Test Loss: 0.5913, Duration: 0:00:01.271679
Epoch 32/65, Train Loss: 0.4517	Test Loss: 0.5798, Duration: 0:00:01.287203
Epoch 33/65, Train Loss: 0.4433	Test Loss: 0.5784, Duration: 0:00:01.270036
Epoch 34/65, Train Loss: 0.4353	Test Loss: 0.5775, Duration: 0:00:01.293369
Epoch 35/65, Train Loss: 0.4275	Test Loss: 0.5769, Duration: 0:00:01.266690
Epoch 36/65, Train Loss: 0.4196	Test Loss: 0.5755, Duration: 0:00:01.272767
Epoch 37/65, Train Loss: 0.4108	Test Loss: 0.5750, Duration: 0:00:01.284099
Epoch 38/65, Train Loss: 0.4030	Test Loss: 0.5748, Duration: 0:00:01.296037
Epoch 39/65, Train Loss: 0.3944	Test Loss: 0.5868, Duration: 0:00:01.273962
Epoch 40/65, Train Loss: 0.3865	Test Loss: 0.5791, Duration: 0:00:01.263577
Epoch 41/65, Train Loss: 0.3785	Test Loss: 0.5748, Duration: 0:00:01.281850
Epoch 42/65, Train Loss: 0.3704	Test Loss: 0.5739, Duration: 0:00:01.295523
Epoch 43/65, Train Loss: 0.3617	Test Loss: 0.5751, Duration: 0:00:01.277871
Epoch 44/65, Train Loss: 0.3537	Test Loss: 0.5756, Duration: 0:00:01.276830
Epoch 45/65, Train Loss: 0.3448	Test Loss: 0.5807, Duration: 0:00:01.281492
Epoch 46/65, Train Loss: 0.3364	Test Loss: 0.5831, Duration: 0:00:01.288589
Epoch 47/65, Train Loss: 0.3287	Test Loss: 0.5778, Duration: 0:00:01.285233
Epoch 48/65, Train Loss: 0.3202	Test Loss: 0.5856, Duration: 0:00:01.265179
Epoch 49/65, Train Loss: 0.3122	Test Loss: 0.5801, Duration: 0:00:01.275257
Epoch 50/65, Train Loss: 0.3048	Test Loss: 0.5809, Duration: 0:00:01.298449
Epoch 51/65, Train Loss: 0.2965	Test Loss: 0.5850, Duration: 0:00:01.278326
Epoch 52/65, Train Loss: 0.2882	Test Loss: 0.5896, Duration: 0:00:01.301009
Epoch 53/65, Train Loss: 0.2806	Test Loss: 0.5853, Duration: 0:00:01.309506
Epoch 54/65, Train Loss: 0.2727	Test Loss: 0.5959, Duration: 0:00:01.300037
Epoch 55/65, Train Loss: 0.2648	Test Loss: 0.6012, Duration: 0:00:01.303709
Epoch 56/65, Train Loss: 0.2581	Test Loss: 0.5901, Duration: 0:00:01.289537

Epoch 57/65, Train Loss: 0.2504	Test Loss: 0.5931, Duration: 0:00:01.289044
Epoch 58/65, Train Loss: 0.2434	Test Loss: 0.6019, Duration: 0:00:01.292184
Epoch 59/65, Train Loss: 0.2357	Test Loss: 0.5955, Duration: 0:00:01.291926
Epoch 60/65, Train Loss: 0.2289	Test Loss: 0.5997, Duration: 0:00:01.288225
Epoch 61/65, Train Loss: 0.2225	Test Loss: 0.5999, Duration: 0:00:01.285225
Epoch 62/65, Train Loss: 0.2153	Test Loss: 0.6019, Duration: 0:00:01.271857
Epoch 63/65, Train Loss: 0.2086	Test Loss: 0.6011, Duration: 0:00:01.269726
Epoch 64/65, Train Loss: 0.2025	Test Loss: 0.6129, Duration: 0:00:01.270997
Epoch 65/65, Train Loss: 0.1962	Test Loss: 0.6175, Duration: 0:00:01.280889

```
[53]: # Accuracy- write a function to get accuracy
# use this function to get train/test accuracy and print accuracy
def get_accuracy(train_iter, test_iter, model):
    model.eval()
    with torch.no_grad():
        correct_train=correct_test=0
        total_train=total_test=0

        for input, targets in train_iter:
            input= input.to(device)
            targets= targets.to(device)
            #input = input.view(-1, 784)
            output=model(input)
            _,indices = torch.max(output,dim=1)
            correct_train+= (targets==indices).sum().item()
            total_train += targets.shape[0]

        train_acc= correct_train/total_train

        for input, targets in test_iter:
            input= input.to(device)
            targets= targets.to(device)
            #input = input.view(-1, 784)
            output=model(input)
            _,indices = torch.max(output,dim=1)
            correct_test+= (targets==indices).sum().item()
            total_test += targets.shape[0]

        test_acc= correct_test/total_test
    return train_acc, test_acc
```

```
[54]: train_acc, test_acc = get_accuracy(train_iter, test_iter, model)
print(f'Train acc: {train_acc:.4f},\t Test acc: {test_acc:.4f}')
```

Train acc: 0.9633, Test acc: 0.7204

```
[59]: # Write a function to get predictions
```

```
def get_predictions(test_iter, model):
    model.eval()
    with torch.no_grad():
        predictions= np.array([])
        y_test= np.array([])

        for batch in test_iter:

            output=model(batch.data)
            _,indices = torch.max(output,dim=1)
            predictions=np.concatenate((predictions,indices.cpu().numpy()))
            y_test = np.concatenate((y_test,batch.label.cpu().numpy()))

    return y_test, predictions
```

```
[60]: predictions = get_predictions(testdata_iter, model)
```

```

↳ -----
AttributeError                                Traceback (most recent call↳
↳ last)

<ipython-input-60-97df6b2fb9a6> in <module>()
----> 1 predictions = get_predictions(testdata_iter, model)

<ipython-input-59-9a95447eeb0d> in get_predictions(test_iter, model)
      9     for batch in test_iter:
     10
----> 11     output=model(batch.data)
     12     _,indices = torch.max(output,dim=1)
     13     predictions=np.concatenate((predictions,indices.cpu().numpy()))

AttributeError: 'list' object has no attribute 'data'
```

```
[ ]: y_test, predictions=get_predictions(test_iter, model)
```

```
[ ]: predictions.max()
```

```
[ ]: # We are using confusion metrics from sklearn
     # we are done with model building and predictions
```

```
# let us convert test data set to numpy arrays now
```

```
#y_test=y_test.numpy()
```

```
cm=confusion_matrix(y_test,predictions)
cm
```

```
[ ]: # Write a function to print confusion matrix
# plot confusion matrix
# need to import confusion_matrix from sklearn for this function to work
# need to import seaborn as sns
# import seaborn as sns
# import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
# from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
```

```
def plot_confusion_matrix(y_true,y_pred,normalize=None):
    cm=confusion_matrix(y_true,y_pred,normalize=normalize)
    fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(6,5))
    if normalize == None:
        fmt='d'
        fig.suptitle('Confusion matrix without Normalization', fontsize=12)

    else :
        fmt='0.2f'
        fig.suptitle('Normalized confusion matrix', fontsize=12)

    ax=sns.heatmap(cm,cmap=plt.cm.Blues,annot=True,fmt=fmt)
    ax.axhline(y=0, color='k',linewidth=1)
    ax.axhline(y=cm.shape[1], color='k',linewidth=2)
    ax.axvline(x=0, color='k',linewidth=1)
    ax.axvline(x=cm.shape[0], color='k',linewidth=2)

    ax.set_xlabel('Predicted label', fontsize=12)
    ax.set_ylabel('True label', fontsize=12)
```

```
[ ]: plot_confusion_matrix(y_test,predictions)
```

```
[ ]: predictions.shape
```

```
[ ]: test_data = pd.read_csv('/content/test.csv', encoding = "ISO-8859-1")
```

```
[ ]: data.shape
```

```
[ ]: pd.DataFrame({'Id': test_data.id[:2804], 'target': predictions}).
    ↳to_csv('solution_base.csv', index =False)
```

```
[ ]: pwd
```

[]:

[]:

[]:

[]:

[]: