### NAME

cut — extract bytes, characters, or fields

#### **SYNOPSIS**

```
cut -f range[,range]...[-Czs][-d elimiter][-0 out-delimiter][file]...
```

## **DESCRIPTION**

Copies bytes, characters, or fieflds specified by ranges from each line of the input files (standard input stream if none or '-') to the standard output stream.

ranges can be separated by commas or spaces, and each can be in the format:

```
number {number}
from- [from, \infty)
from-to [number, to]
-to [1, to]
```

Indices are 1-based, and a union is taken of all ranges.

With  $-\mathbf{b}$ , bytes are extracted; with  $-\mathbf{n}$  characters are never interrupted mid-sequence, with rounding preferred down (see **EXAMPLES**).

The newline (NUL with -z) is never matched and always printed (unless the entire line was removed with -fs).

## OPTIONS (ŁĄĘĆŻŹŃ łąęćżźń)

```
-b, --bytes=range[,range]... Extract bytes.

-n Don't interrupt multi-byte character sequences.

-C, --complement Invert ranges: select all but what they match ([1, \infty) - \Sigma range). For the purposes of -n, the most mini-
```

mal set of ranges is constructed.

# **EXAMPLES**

```
$ printf '\x01\x02\x03\x04\0\x05\x06\x07' | cut -zb 1,3- | hexdump -C
00000000 01 03 04 00 05 07 00
00000007
$ printf '\n''\n''\n' | cut -c 1,3-
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# name, IDs, homedir, shell, ...
$ cut -f 1,3-4,6- -d: -O"$(printf '\t')" /etc/passwd
                   /root /bin/bash
root 0 0
bin 2 2 /bin /usr/sbin/nologin
irc 39 39 /var/run/ircd /usr/sbin/nologin
cicada 1000 100 /home/cicada /bin/bash
nobody 65534 65534 /nonexistent /usr/sbin/nologin
# Everything else: password and GNATS
$ cut -Cf 1,3-4,6- -d: -O"$(printf '\t')" /etc/passwd
        root
Х
        bin
Х
       ircd
Х
Х
        ŁĆ łć,,,
Х
        nobody
```