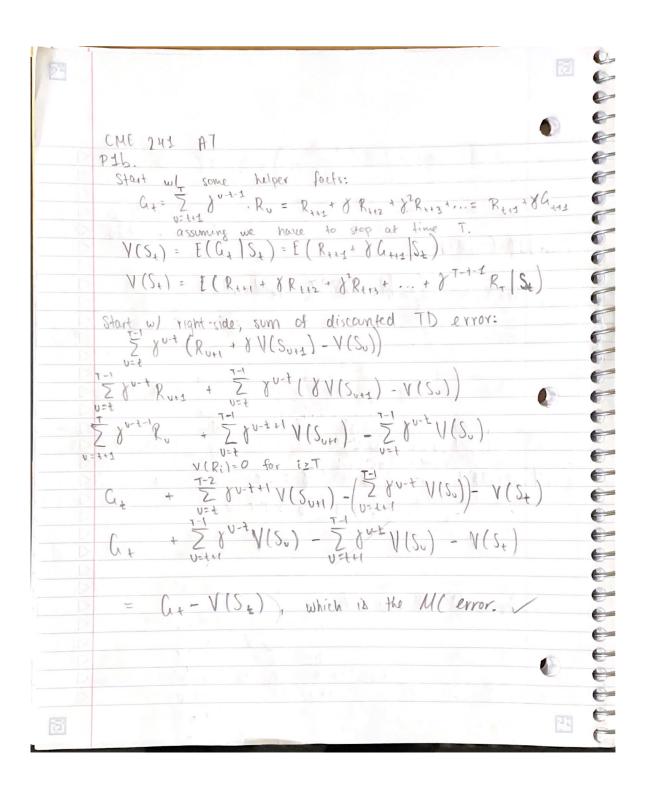
# Question 0, Homework 6, CME241

Link to code: https://github.com/nabilah13/RL-book/tree/master/assignment6

Done in collaboration with Spencer Siegel, Johannes Fuest

 $(a)\ Done\ in\ code.\ https://github.com/nabilah13/RL-book/blob/master/assignment6/a6p1.py$ 



(b)

## Question 1, Homework 6, CME241

(c) I created a simple MarkovRewardProcess instance where the states are the integers 0, 1, 2, ..., 24. the reward function is r(s) = 20 - |s - 12|, and the state transition function is that given you are at state s, you have a uniform transition probability between  $\max(0,s-5)$  and  $\min(24,s+4)$ .

We can see that all the algorithms give us similar value function solutions. Additionally, in the plots, we can see that the TD(lambda) algorithm has convergence that is in between MC and TD, as we would expect, as TD(lambda) is closer to MC as lambda grows larger, closer to TD as it becomes smaller. There is some noise in the plots coming from the traces being regenerated in between each algorithm being run, and also there is a difference in the learning rate schedules being used between the two plots.

# Solution from dynamic programming:

 $17.56484649\ 18.20629624\ 18.88660933\ 19.59125397\ 20.31157504\ 21.03386258$   $22.42121963\ 23.80941618\ 25.18535885\ 26.33612628\ 27.24877274\ 27.91120999$   $28.28517605\ 28.36043969\ 28.12773654\ 27.59479387\ 26.77037095\ 25.69100734$   $24.36777995\ 23.01255967\ 21.63819964\ 20.92711987\ 20.20449131\ 19.47993251$  18.76873593

#### Solution from closed form solution:

 $17.56484649\ 18.20629624\ 18.88660933\ 19.59125397\ 20.31157504\ 21.03386258\\22.42121963\ 23.80941618\ 25.18535885\ 26.33612628\ 27.24877274\ 27.91120999\\28.28517605\ 28.36043969\ 28.12773654\ 27.59479387\ 26.77037095\ 25.69100734\\24.36777995\ 23.01255967\ 21.63819964\ 20.92711987\ 20.20449131\ 19.47993251\\18.76873593$ 

## Solution from TD(lambda=0.5) tabular:

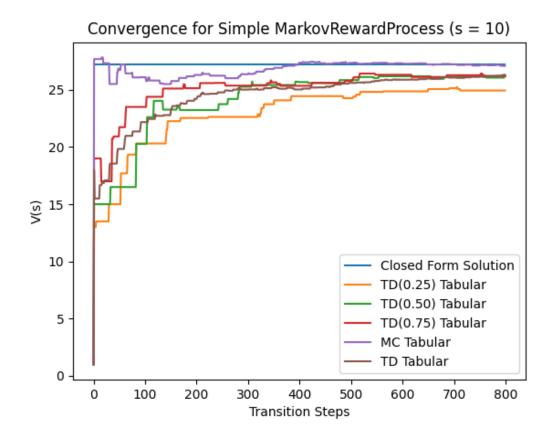
 $\begin{array}{c} 17.28309199\ 17.97598709\ 18.61062069\ 19.34062414\ 19.99899739\ 20.81902895\\ 22.179544\ 23.74891901\ 24.93654261\ 26.09906054\ 27.10691138\ 27.54444183\\ 27.66506765\ 28.10692774\ 27.71415008\ 26.95356027\ 27.03275256\ 25.1453967\\ 23.78249866\ 22.27986133\ 21.16618582\ 20.60167276\ 19.75620449\ 18.82030213\ 18.78518803 \end{array}$ 

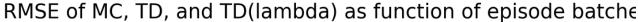
#### Solution from MC tabular:

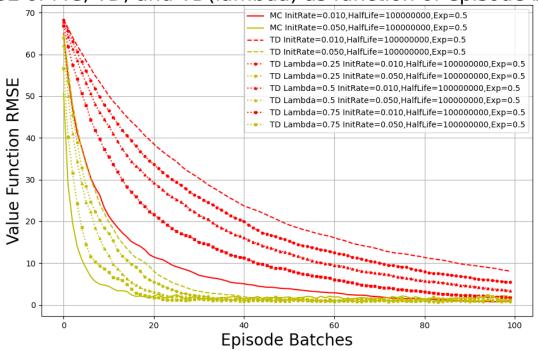
 $\begin{array}{c} 17.6732681 \ 18.17289215 \ 18.78790158 \ 19.36419613 \ 20.29397846 \ 20.97896699 \\ 22.29827606 \ 23.59707604 \ 24.80189398 \ 26.38140898 \ 27.29246998 \ 27.95134751 \\ 28.12813969 \ 28.27115615 \ 28.14947897 \ 27.36591445 \ 26.38078699 \ 25.82815145 \\ 24.36348317 \ 23.30405375 \ 21.72702174 \ 20.85253007 \ 19.39030567 \ 19.74940908 \\ 19.52966861 \end{array}$ 

#### Solution from TD tabular:

 $17.2392795 \ 18.02363201 \ 18.73152336 \ 19.40311267 \ 20.08403805 \ 21.02737611 \ 22.05726605 \ 23.57617579 \ 25.0450957 \ 25.80410718 \ 27.12022409 \ 27.57414538 \ 28.10735521 \ 28.09819198 \ 27.79441575 \ 27.09194452 \ 26.82028447 \ 24.83765085 \ 23.77944133 \ 23.32758922 \ 21.64970555 \ 20.9443741 \ 19.88505938 \ 19.12511755 \ 17.77218264$ 







(d) Done in code: https://github.com/nabilah13/RL-book/blob/master/assignment6/a6p1d.py

From the plot we can see the high variance of Monte Carlo. We can see also that TD(lambda) convergence is mostly in between TD(0) and Monte Carlo, as we expect.



