

# K-Means Clustering

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```
library(corrgram)
library(corrplot)

## corrplot 0.92 loaded

library(caTools)
library(Amelia)

## Loading required package: Rcpp

## ##
## ## Amelia II: Multiple Imputation
## ## (Version 1.8.2, built: 2024-04-10)
## ## Copyright (C) 2005-2024 James Honaker, Gary King and Matthew Blackwell
## ## Refer to http://gking.harvard.edu/amelia/ for more information
## ##

library(ggplot2)
library(dplyr)

##
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'

## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##   filter, lag

## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##   intersect, setdiff, setequal, union

library(rpart)
library(rpart.plot)
library(randomForest)

## randomForest 4.7-1.1

## Type rfNews() to see new features/changes/bug fixes.

##
## Attaching package: 'randomForest'
```

```
## The following object is masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
##      combine

## The following object is masked from 'package:ggplot2':
##
##      margin

library(ISLR)
library(e1071)
library(cluster)
```

#### #### importing the csv file

```
df1 <- read.csv('winequality-red.csv', sep = ';')
df2 <- read.csv('winequality-white.csv', sep = ';')
```

```
head(df1)
```

```
##      fixed.acidity volatile.acidity citric.acid residual.sugar chlorides
## 1           7.4           0.70           0.00           1.9       0.076
## 2           7.8           0.88           0.00           2.6       0.098
## 3           7.8           0.76           0.04           2.3       0.092
## 4          11.2           0.28           0.56           1.9       0.075
## 5           7.4           0.70           0.00           1.9       0.076
## 6           7.4           0.66           0.00           1.8       0.075
##      free.sulfur.dioxide total.sulfur.dioxide density    pH sulphates alcohol
## 1                   11                   34 0.9978 3.51      0.56      9.4
## 2                   25                   67 0.9968 3.20      0.68      9.8
## 3                   15                   54 0.9970 3.26      0.65      9.8
## 4                   17                   60 0.9980 3.16      0.58      9.8
## 5                   11                   34 0.9978 3.51      0.56      9.4
## 6                   13                   40 0.9978 3.51      0.56      9.4
##      quality
## 1          5
## 2          5
## 3          5
## 4          6
## 5          5
## 6          5
```

```
head(df2)
```

```
##      fixed.acidity volatile.acidity citric.acid residual.sugar chlorides
## 1           7.0           0.27           0.36          20.7       0.045
## 2           6.3           0.30           0.34           1.6       0.049
## 3           8.1           0.28           0.40           6.9       0.050
## 4           7.2           0.23           0.32           8.5       0.058
## 5           7.2           0.23           0.32           8.5       0.058
## 6           8.1           0.28           0.40           6.9       0.050
```

```
## free.sulfur.dioxide total.sulfur.dioxide density pH sulphates alcohol
## 1 45 170 1.0010 3.00 0.45 8.8
## 2 14 132 0.9940 3.30 0.49 9.5
## 3 30 97 0.9951 3.26 0.44 10.1
## 4 47 186 0.9956 3.19 0.40 9.9
## 5 47 186 0.9956 3.19 0.40 9.9
## 6 30 97 0.9951 3.26 0.44 10.1
## quality
## 1 6
## 2 6
## 3 6
## 4 6
## 5 6
## 6 6

df1$label <- 'red'
df2$label <- 'white'
```

`head(df1)`

```
## fixed.acidity volatile.acidity citric.acid residual.sugar chlorides
## 1 7.4 0.70 0.00 1.9 0.076
## 2 7.8 0.88 0.00 2.6 0.098
## 3 7.8 0.76 0.04 2.3 0.092
## 4 11.2 0.28 0.56 1.9 0.075
## 5 7.4 0.70 0.00 1.9 0.076
## 6 7.4 0.66 0.00 1.8 0.075
## free.sulfur.dioxide total.sulfur.dioxide density pH sulphates alcohol
## 1 11 34 0.9978 3.51 0.56 9.4
## 2 25 67 0.9968 3.20 0.68 9.8
## 3 15 54 0.9970 3.26 0.65 9.8
## 4 17 60 0.9980 3.16 0.58 9.8
## 5 11 34 0.9978 3.51 0.56 9.4
## 6 13 40 0.9978 3.51 0.56 9.4
## quality label
## 1 5 red
## 2 5 red
## 3 5 red
## 4 6 red
## 5 5 red
## 6 5 red
```

`head(df2)`

```
## fixed.acidity volatile.acidity citric.acid residual.sugar chlorides
## 1 7.0 0.27 0.36 20.7 0.045
## 2 6.3 0.30 0.34 1.6 0.049
## 3 8.1 0.28 0.40 6.9 0.050
## 4 7.2 0.23 0.32 8.5 0.058
## 5 7.2 0.23 0.32 8.5 0.058
## 6 8.1 0.28 0.40 6.9 0.050
```

```

##   free.sulfur.dioxide total.sulfur.dioxide density    pH sulphates alcohol
## 1                   45                   170  1.0010 3.00      0.45      8.8
## 2                   14                   132  0.9940 3.30      0.49      9.5
## 3                   30                    97  0.9951 3.26      0.44     10.1
## 4                   47                   186  0.9956 3.19      0.40      9.9
## 5                   47                   186  0.9956 3.19      0.40      9.9
## 6                   30                    97  0.9951 3.26      0.44     10.1
##   quality label
## 1         6 white
## 2         6 white
## 3         6 white
## 4         6 white
## 5         6 white
## 6         6 white

#### combining them together

wine <- rbind(df1,df2)

View(wine)

print(table(wine$label))

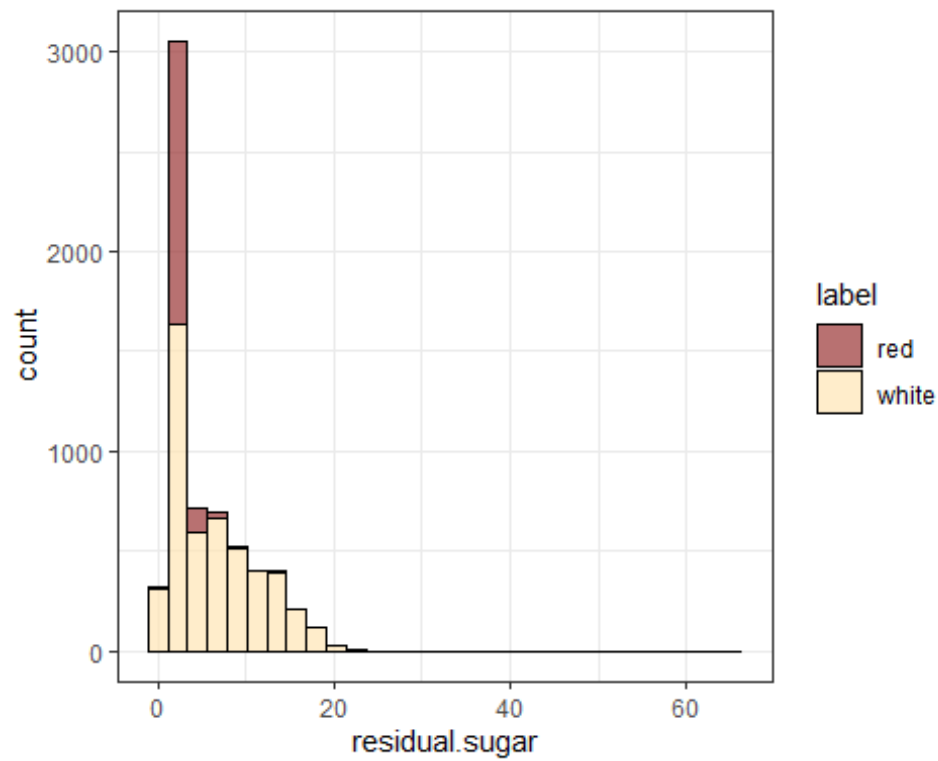
##
##   red white
## 1599  4898

#### EDA time

ggplot(wine,aes(residual.sugar)) +
geom_histogram(aes(fill=label),color='black',alpha=0.7) +
scale_fill_manual(values = c('#993333','#ffe5b4')) +theme_bw()

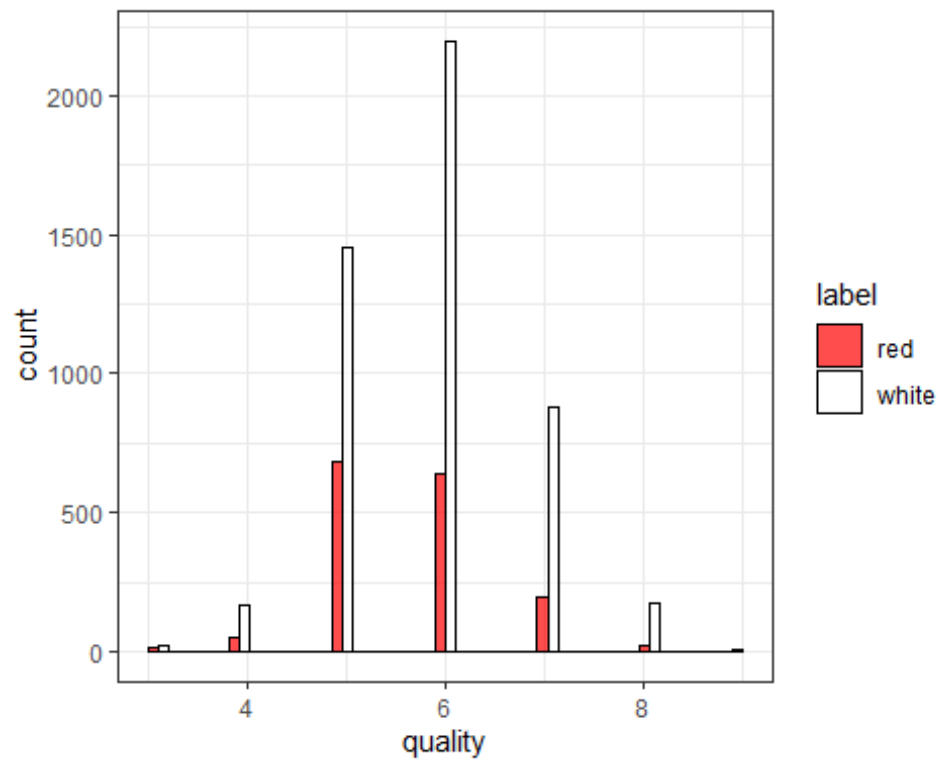
## `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.

```

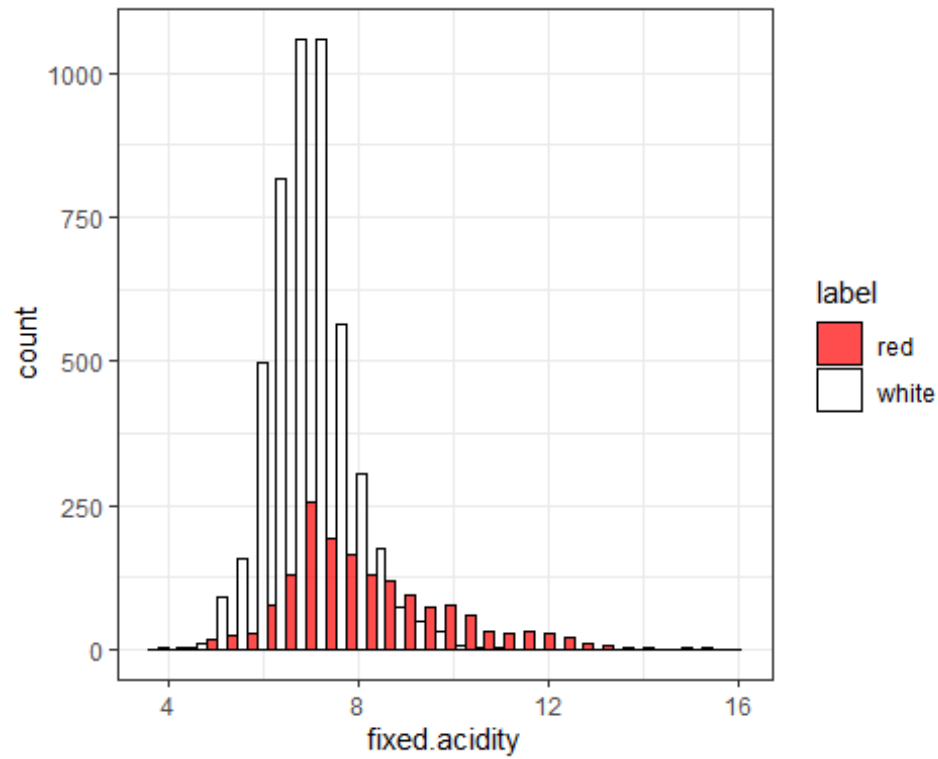


```
ggplot(wine,aes(quality)) +
geom_histogram(aes(fill=label),color='black',position='dodge',alpha=0.7) +
scale_fill_manual(values = c('red','white')) +theme_bw()

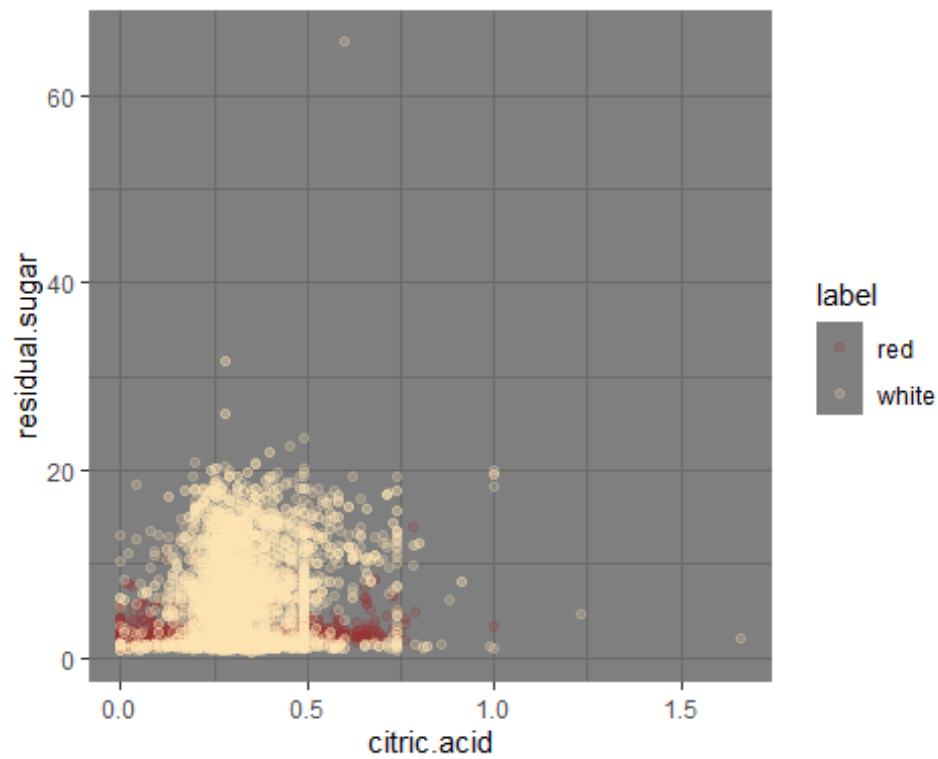
## `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
```



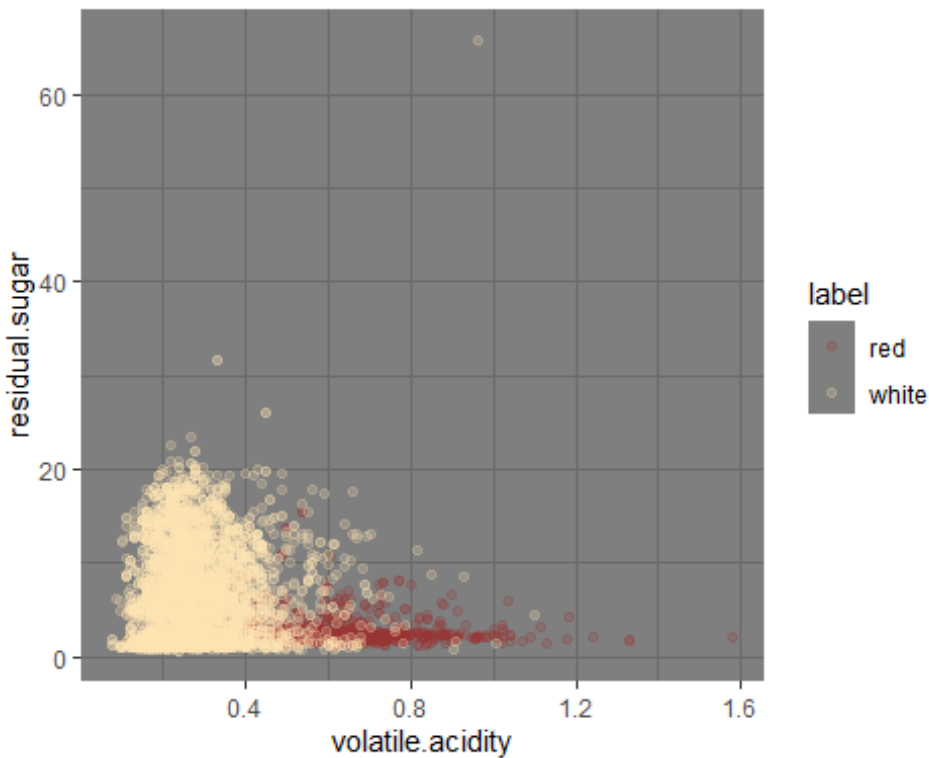
```
ggplot(wine,aes(fixed.acidity)) +  
geom_histogram(aes(fill=label),color='black',position='dodge',alpha=0.7) +  
scale_fill_manual(values = c('red','white')) +theme_bw()  
## `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
```



```
ggplot(wine, aes(citric.acid, residual.sugar)) + geom_point(aes(colour = label), alpha=0.2) + scale_color_manual(values = c('#993333', '#ffe5b4')) + theme_dark()
```



```
ggplot(wine,aes(volatile.acidity,residual.sugar)) + geom_point(aes(colour =
label),alpha=0.2) + scale_color_manual(values = c('#993333','#ffe5b4'))
+theme_dark()
```



#### its going to be challenge to properly Label them and separate them due to the fact our closely packed each of them are  
#### Lets put the k means cluster in the act

```
model <- kmeans(wine[,1:12],2)
```

```
summary(model)
```

```
##          Length Class  Mode
## cluster    6497  -none- numeric
## centers      24  -none- numeric
## totss         1  -none- numeric
## withinss      2  -none- numeric
## tot.withinss  1  -none- numeric
## betweenss     1  -none- numeric
## size          2  -none- numeric
## iter          1  -none- numeric
## ifault        1  -none- numeric
```

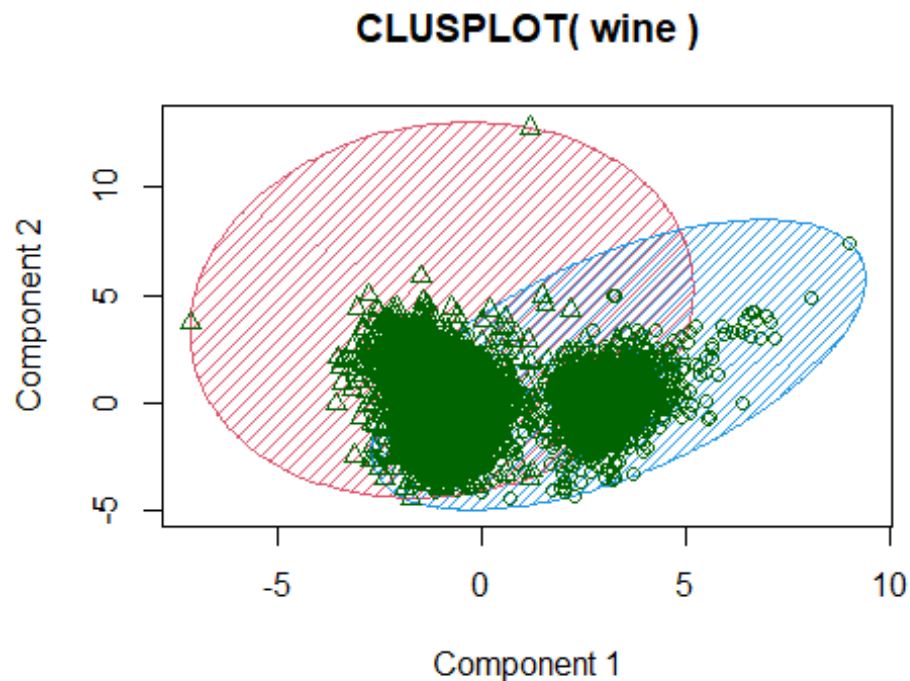
```
table(wine$label,model$cluster)
```

```
##
##          1      2
```



```
## red 1514 85  
## white 1294 3604
```

```
clusplot(wine,model$cluster,color=T,labels = F,shade = T)
```



These two components explain 49.98 % of the point variab

*#### in this we had the privilege to know if the clustering is working by using the label column but usually these are called  
#### unsupervised clustering method meaning we cluster them without knowing to which column to compare it to*