INITIAL VISIT PACKET UNIFORM DATA SET (UDS) VERSION 4.0



Form D1a: Clinical Syndrome

ADRC:	PTID:	F	orm date:/	/	Visit #:	Examiner's initials:	
Languag □1 Engl □2 Spar	sh 🔲 In-person	Key (remote reas		cally impaired and or nursing home			
	ICTIONS: This form is to be completed by to D1a. Check only one box per question.	he clinician. For ad	ditional clarifica	ition and example	es, see the UDS	Coding Guidebook	
	Diagnosis method— <i>responses in this forn</i> 1 Single clinician		•	or more clinicians or	other informal g	roup)	
Secti	on 1 – Level of impairment –	Unimpaired co	gnition/beho	avior, SCD, MC	I/MBI, or de	mentia	
 Does the participant have: Unimpaired cognition (for example, cognitive performance and functional status (i.e., CDR) judged to be unimpaired)? AND Unimpaired behavior (i.e., the participant does not exhibit behavior sufficient to diagnose MBI (see MBI section starting at Q7)? No (SKIP TO QUESTION 3)							
Subje	ctive Cognitive Decline						
2a. Does the participant report 1) significant concerns about changes in cognition AND 2) no neuropsychological evidence of decline AND 3) no functional decline? 0 No (END FORM HERE) 1 Yes						ORM HERE)	
2k	As a clinician, are you confident that t is clinically meaningful?	he subjective cog	nitive decline	0 No (END FO			
Dementia criteria							
Requirement #1: Participant has cognitive or behavioral (neuropsychiatric) symptoms that meet all of the following criteria:			Requirement #2: Participant must have impairment in one* or more of the following domains:				
 usual activities Represent a decline from previous levels of functioning Are not explained by delirium or major psychiatric disorder Include cognitive impairment detected and diagnosed through a combination of: 1) history-taking; 2) objective assessment (bedside or neuropsychological testing) Impaired region judgment Impaired region Impaired region				I reasoning and hat It visuospatial abil I language functi I in personality, be single-domain impersonali in posterior co	nandling of cor lities ions ehavior, or con airment (e.g., lang	guage in PPA, behavior	
3. Does the participant meet criteria for dementia? One (CONTINUE TO QUESTION 4) 1 Yes (SKIP TO QUESTION 6a)							

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Participant	ID:	Form date:	_ / /	Visit #:		
c .:						
Section	n 1 – Level of impairment				continued	
MCI cor	e clinical criteria					
Check all	criteria that apply in Q4.					
	 Clinical concern about decline ir (e.g., based on input from particip Impairment in one or more cogr cognitive function, or supported Largely preserved functional indibased on clinical judgment) 	<i>ant, co-participant, a</i> nitive domains, comp I by objective longitu	<i>ind/or the clinician's j</i> pared to participant' udinal neuropsychol	udgment, CDR SB 0.5+, etc.) s estimated prior level of life ogical evidence of decline	long or usual	
If all three	criteria are checked, choose 1=MCI	for Q4b. If less than 3	criteria are met, cho	ose 0=No for Q4b.		
4b.	Does the participant meet all thre (amnestic or non-amnestic)?	e of the above criter	ia for MCI	O No (CONTINUE TO QUESTIO	ESTION 5) N 6a)	
Cogniti	vely impaired, not MCI/dem	entia				
	ose of the "Cognitively impaired, no nt or decline who do not meet forr		egory is to capture t	hose individuals with evider	nce of cognitive	
contribut	applicable criteria for cognitiveling to impairment (e.g., substance aent onset (not longstanding impairment,	buse or medications)	should be identified	d in Section 3.		
	1 Evidence of functional impairment (e.g., CDR SB>0 and/or FAS>0), but available cognitive testing is judged to be normal Cognitive testing is abnormal but no clinical concern or functional decline (e.g., CDR SB=0 and FAS=0) 1 Longstanding cognitive difficulties, not representing a decline from their usual function (e.g., early developmental differences remote TBI, other medical condition with clear effects on cognition) 1 Other (SPECIFY):					
	ne criteria in Q5 are met, or if only s ia is met in Q4, select 0=No for Q5k		eria from Q4 are met	, choose 1=Yes for Q5b. Note	e, if <u>only</u> the third	
5b.	Does the participant meet any cri dementia?	teria for cognitively i	mpaired, not MCI/	O No (SKIP TO QUESTION 1 Yes (SKIP TO QUESTION		
Demen	tia and MCI affected domair	าร				
Choose domains that are impaired at the current visit. <u>Select one or more</u> as Impaired ; all others will default to unimpaired in the NACC database.						
Note on behavior changes : For patients with <i>dementia</i> who have behavior changes, record the presence of behavioral changes here (not in the following MBI section) by marking Q6f as Impaired and skipping the MBI section (SKIP TO Q8a). For behavioral changes in the context of an MCI (or as an isolated) symptom, consider a diagnosis of MBI in the next section.						
					Impaired	
6a.	Memory				□ 1	
6b.	Language				□ 1	
6с.	Attention				□ 1	
6d.	Executive				□1	
6e.	Visuospatial				□ ₁	
6f.	Behavioral				□ ₁	
6g.	Apraxia				□ ₁	

Section	n 1 – Level of impairment	c	ontin	ued
Mild Be	havioral Impairment (MBI) core clinical criteria			
pers Sym Late Not long Sym Larg mini	cipant, co-participant, or clinician identifies a change in the participant's affect, motivation, thou onality that is clearly different from their usual affect, motivation, thought content, behavior, or possed to be present at least intermittently for the last six months or longer onset (i.e., age > ~50, unless early onset neurodegenerative syndrome is suspected) explained by delirium, other psychiatric disorder by DSM criteria (including recent onset, longsta standing disorder). ptoms interfere with at least one of these: work, interpersonal relationships, social activities ely preserved independence in other functional abilities (no change from prior manner/level of f mal aids or assistance) possible participant meet criteria for MBI? (If participant meets criteria for	oersonality anding or recurr functioning, or	rence d	
	ementia an MBI diagnosis is excluded.)	TO QUESTION	7a)	
(N	BI affected domains — <u>Select one or more</u> affected domains ote: If "Yes" is indicated in any domain below, the participant should have a corresponding symptom checked on F Symptoms, either from among the specific symptoms denoted there, or in "other")	orm B9 — Clinicio	an Judg	ment
			lo	Yes
7a.	Motivation (e.g., apathy symptoms on Form B9)		<u></u> 0	1
7b.	Affective regulation (e.g., anxiety, irritability, depression, and/or euphoria symptoms on Form B9)		0	<u> </u>
7c.	Impulse control (e.g., obsessions/compulsions, personality change, and/or substance abuse symptoms on For		0	
7d.	Social appropriateness (e.g., disinhibition, personality change, and/or loss of empathy symptoms on Form B	9)	0	
7e.	Thought content/perception (e.g., delusions and/or hallucinations on Form B9)		0	
Sectio	n 2 – Clinical syndrome			
using all a neuropsy section in	pose of Section 2 is to assign a clinical syndrome to participants with dementia and, when approximate clinical, exam, and neuropsychiatric data. This should be done using clinical information in the proximate chological testing, ideally without reference to biomarker data (which is incorporated into the proximal Form D1b). This is not always possible and thus Q9 allows centers to record when biomarker dated the clinical diagnosis.	n and cognitive Etiological Dia	e/ ignose	
	plicable syndrome(s) as present; all others will default to Absent in the NACC database. Note that clinical criteria (for instance, this is common for MCI and "impaired, not MCI"). In this case, leave 8		nay no	it
			Pre	sent
8a.	Amnestic predominant syndrome]1
8b.	Dysexecutive predominant syndrome]1
8c.	Primary visual presentation (such as posterior cortical atrophy (PCA) syndrome)]1
8d.	Primary progressive aphasia (PPA) syndrome:] 1
86	If present, select one: 1 Logopenic PPA 2 Semantic PPA 3 Nonfluent/agrammatic PPA 4 Primary progressive apraxia of speech 5 PPA other/not otherwise specified			
8e.	Behavioral variant frontotemporal (bvFTD) syndrome]1
8f.	Lewy body syndrome] 1
8	f1. If present, select one: 1 Dementia with Lewy bodies 2 Parkinson's disease 3 Parkinson's disease dementia syndrome			
8g.	Non-amnestic multidomain syndrome, not PCA, PPA, bvFTD, or DLB syndrome]1

Form date: ____ / ____ / ____ Visit #: __

Participant ID:

Partici	oant ID: Form date:	/	_ /		Visit #:		
Sec	tion 2 – Clinical syndrome					continued	
						Present	
8	h. Primary supranuclear palsy (PSP) syndrome					□ 1	
	8h1. If present, select one: 1 Richardson's syndrome criteria 2 Non-Richardson's						
	8i. Traumatic encephalopathy syndrome					□ 1	
	8j. Corticobasal syndrome (CBS)					□1	
8	8k. Multiple system atrophy (MSA) syndrome					□ ₁	
	8k1. If present, select one: 1 MSA-predominant cerebellar ataxia (MSA-C) 2 MSA-predominant Parkinsonism (MSA-P) 3 MSA-predominant dysautonomia						
	8I. Other (SPECIFY):					□ ₁	
9.	Indicate the source(s) of information used to assign the cli Select one or more as Yes ; all others will default to No in the	*				V	
	Clinical information (history, CDD)					Yes	
	Clinical information (history, CDR)					<u></u> 1	
	Do. Cognitive testing					∐1	
	Oc. Biomarkers (MRI, PET, CSF, plasma)					□ 1	
Sect	Section 3 – Primary or contributing non-neurodegenerative or non-CVD conditions The purpose of Section 3 is to identify conditions or disorders that are present and potentially contributing to the clinical syndrome. This must be filled out for those with cognitive or behavioral impairment (i.e., MCI, MBI, dementia, etc.) Indicate whether a given condition is a primary, contributing, or non-contributing cause of the observed impairment, based on the clinician's best judgment. Select one or more syndrome(s) as Present; all others will default to Absent in the NACC database. Only one diagnosis should be selected as 1 = Primary. *In order to diagnose a disorder, DSM-5-TR criteria require that symptoms cause clinically significant distress or impairment in						
The port of the po	urpose of Section 3 is to identify conditions or disorders that ust be filled out for those with cognitive or behavioral impicion is a primary, contributing, or non-contributing cause of one or more syndrome(s) as Present ; all others will default at a s 1 = Primary . Idented the diagnose a disorder, DSM-5-TR criteria require that	t are prese airment (i.e the observ to Absent symptoms	nt and po , MCI, M /ed impa in the NA cause cli	otentially co BI, dementia irment, base CC databas nically signi	ntributing to the a, etc.) Indicate ved on the clinicia e. Only one diago ficant distress or	e clinical syndrome. whether a given an's best judgment. nosis should be impairment in	
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Participant ID: Form date: / / Visit #:				1 / 1 · /
	Participant ID:	Form date:	/	Visit #:

Section 3 – Primary or contributing non-degenerative or non-CVD conditions continued						
	Condition	Present		Primary	Contributing	Non-contributing
16.	Developmental neuropsychiatric disorders (e.g., autism spectrum disorder (ASD), attention-deficit hyperactivity disorder (ADHD), dyslexia)	□ 1	16a.	□ 1	□ ₂	3
17.	Delirium (DSM-5-TR criteria*)	□ 1	17a.	□ 1	2	3
18.	Other psychiatric disorder (DSM-5-TR criteria*)	□ 1	18a.	□ 1	\square_2	3
	18b. If present, (SPECIFY):					
19.	Traumatic brain injury (Distinct from TES and CTE, which are documented as a Clinical Syndrome and Etiologic Diagnosis, respectively)	□ 1	19a.	□ 1	□ ₂	3
20.	Epilepsy	<u> </u>	20a.	□ 1	2	3
21.	Normal-pressure hydrocephalus	□ 1	21a.	□ 1	\square_2	3
22.	CNS Neoplasm		22a.	□ 1	2	3
22	b. If present, select one: 1 Benign 2 Malignant					
23.	Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infection	<u> </u>	23a.	□ 1	_2	3
24.	Post COVID-19 cognitive impairment	□ ₁	24a.	□ 1	_2	3
25.	Sleep apnea (i.e., obstructive, central, mixed or complex sleep apnea)		25a.	□ 1	2	□3
26.	Cognitive impairment due to other neurologic, genetic, infectious conditions (<i>not listed above</i>), or systemic disease/medical illness (as indicated on Form A5/D2)	□ 1	26a.	<u> </u>	<u>2</u>	3
26	b. If present, (SPECIFY):					
27.	Cognitive impairment due to alcohol use or abuse	□ ₁	27a.	□ 1	_2	3
28.	Cognitive impairment due to substance use or abuse	□ ₁	28a.	□ 1	\square_2	3
29.	Cognitive impairment due to medications	□ ₁	29a.	□ 1	\square_2	3
30.	Cognitive impairment not otherwise specified (NOS)		30a.	□ ₁	\square_2	3
30	b. If present, (SPECIFY):					
31.	Cognitive impairment not otherwise specified (NOS)		31a.	1	_2	3
31	b. If present, (SPECIFY):					
32.	Cognitive impairment not otherwise specified (NOS)		32a.	□ ₁	2	3
32	b. If present, (SPECIFY):					