

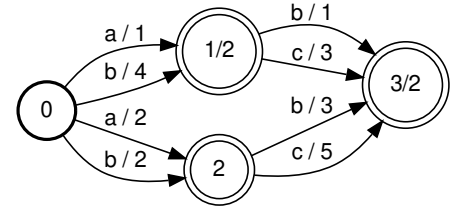
Exam of *Statistical Structured Prediction*
 MIARFID, Universitat Politècnica de València, Monday, February 12, 2024

Last names:

First name:

Mark each box with a single option. The final score of this test is calculated as: $\max\{0, (hits - errors / 3)\}$ 4.0

- 1 C Given the weighted finite-state automaton on the right and considering a probabilistic semiring, what will be the final score for $[[A]](ab)$? By convention, a bold circle represents the initial state, and double circles represent the final states. The label l and weight w of a transition are marked on the corresponding directed arc by l/w . When explicitly shown, the final weight w of a final state f is marked by f/w .



- A) $[[A]](ab) = 4$
 B) $[[A]](ab) = 12$
 C) $[[A]](ab) = 14$
 D) $[[A]](ab) = 16$

- 2 D Given a Probabilistic Context-Free Grammar, G , where $P(x; G)$ is the probability that G generates the input string x , and let $\hat{P}(x; G)$ be the corresponding probability obtained by the Viterbi algorithm, which of these statements is true?

- A) It is always true that $P(x; G) < \hat{P}(x; G)$.
 B) $P(x; G) < \hat{P}(x; G)$ if only if x is short enough.
 C) $P(x; G) = \hat{P}(x; G)$ if only if x is long enough.
 D) It is always true that $P(x; G) \geq \hat{P}(x; G)$.

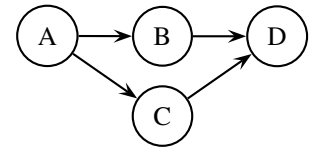
- 3 B Given the probabilistic context-free grammar on the right, what will be the probability of the highest probability tree for the input sentence $a \ b \ a$?

$S \rightarrow S \ A \quad 0.2 \quad A \rightarrow a \quad 0.2 \quad B \rightarrow a \quad 0.5$
 $S \rightarrow A \ B \quad 0.4 \quad A \rightarrow b \quad 0.8 \quad B \rightarrow b \quad 0.5$
 $S \rightarrow B \ A \quad 0.4$

$S \xrightarrow{0.2} S \ A \xrightarrow{0.4} A \ B \ A \xrightarrow{0.2} a \ B \ A \xrightarrow{0.5} b \ a \ A \xrightarrow{0.2}$
 $\quad \quad \quad a \ b \ a = 1.6 \cdot 10^{-3}$
 $S \xrightarrow{0.2} S \ A \xrightarrow{0.4} B \ A \ A \xrightarrow{0.5} b \ A \ A \xrightarrow{0.8} a \ a \ A \xrightarrow{0.2}$
 $\quad \quad \quad a \ b \ a = 6.4 \cdot 10^{-3}$

- A) $8,0 \cdot 10^{-3}$
 B) $6.4 \cdot 10^{-3}$
 C) $1.6 \cdot 10^{-3}$
 D) All trees are equiprobable.

- 4 B Given a set of random variables (A, B, C, D) , which respectively take values in $(\{a_1, a_2, a_3\}, \{b_1, b_2\}, \{c_1, c_2\}, \{d_1, d_2, d_3\})$, and given the Bayesian network on the right that represents the exact factorization of the joint probability $P(A, B, C, D)$, what is the correct expression of the conditional probability $P(D = d_3 \mid A = a_1, B = b_2)$?



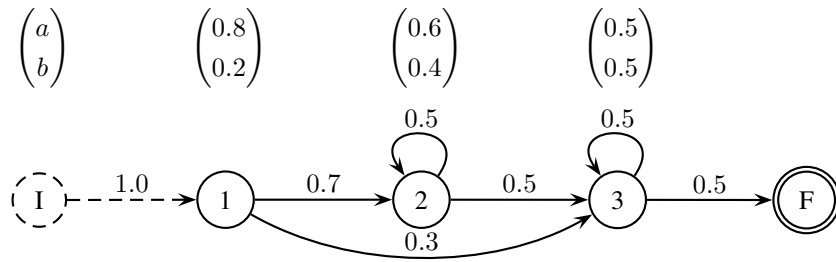
- A) $\sum_{c \in \{c_1, c_2\}} P(A = a_1) P(B = b_2 \mid A = a_1) P(C = c \mid A = a_1) P(D = d_3 \mid B = b_2, C = c)$
 B) $\sum_{c \in \{c_1, c_2\}} P(C = c \mid A = a_1) P(D = d_3 \mid B = b_2, C = c)$
 C) $P(A = a_1) P(B = b_2 \mid A = a_1) P(C = c \mid A = a_1) P(D = d_3 \mid B = b_2, C = c) / P(A = a_1, B = b_2)$
 D) $\sum_{c \in \{c_1, c_2\}} P(C = c \mid A = a_1) P(D = d_3 \mid B = b_2, C = c) / P(A = a_1, B = b_2)$

- 5 A Given the definition of score α of Forward algorithm for Conditional Random Fields, which of these statements is true?

$$\alpha_t(s) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \sum_{y_1^t; y_t=s} \prod_{i=1}^t \Psi_i(y_{i-1}, y_i, x_i)$$

- A) The final score for x is $\sum_s \alpha_T(s)$.
 B) The final score for x is $\max_s \alpha_T(s)$.
 C) The final score for x is $\sum_s \prod_{t=1}^t \alpha_T(s)$
 D) The final score for x is $\max_s \prod_{t=1}^t \alpha_T(s)$

6 **D** Let M be the following Hidden Markov Model and given the string aba :



The value of $\beta_0(I)$ computed with the *backward* algorithm is

- A) 0.015 B) 0.028 C) 0.058 D) 0.043

7 **C** If the previous HMM is estimated with the *forward-backward* algorithm with the sample $\{ab, aba\}$ with one iteration then the transition probability $1 \rightarrow 2$ becomes

- A) 0.15 B) 0.0 C) 0.83 D) 1.0

8 **A** If the HMM two questions above is estimated with the *Viterbi* algorithm with the sample $\{aba, bab\}$ with one iteration then choose the correct answer

- A) None emission probabilities become null
 B) Some emission probabilities become null
 C) All emission probabilities in state 1 become null
 D) None of the previous answers

9 **B** If the HMM two questions above is estimated with the sample $\{ab, ba\}$ with one iteration then choose the correct answer

- A) The *Viterbi* algorithm and the *forward-backward* algorithm do not produce the same estimated HMM.
 B) The *Viterbi* algorithm and the *forward-backward* algorithm produce the same estimated HMM.
 C) The *forward-backward* can not be used with this sample
 D) None of the previous answers

10 **C** Given the PCFG G with these two rules $\{0.5 S \rightarrow S S, 0.5 S \rightarrow a\}$, the *outside* probability $f(S, 1, 1)$ of the string aaa is:

- A) .063
 B) .250
 C) .125
 D) .900