

Discrete POWER & Signal **Technologies** 

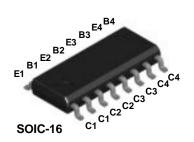
# FFB2222A

# **FMB2222A**

# MMPQ2222A







# **NPN Multi-Chip General Purpose Amplifier**

This device is for use as a medium power amplifier and switch requiring collector currents up to 500 mA. Sourced from Process 19.

#### **Absolute Maximum Ratings\*** T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Units
$V_{CEO}$	Collector-Emitter Voltage	40	V
V <sub>CBO</sub>	Collector-Base Voltage	75	V
V <sub>EBO</sub>	Emitter-Base Voltage	6.0	V
Ic	Collector Current - Continuous	500	mA
T <sub>J</sub> , T <sub>stg</sub>	Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range	-55 to +150	°C

<sup>\*</sup>These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any semiconductor device may be impaired.

#### NOTES:

These ratings are based on a maximum junction temperature of 150 degrees C.
 These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.

#### **Thermal Characteristics** $T_{\Delta} = 25^{\circ}$ C unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Characteristic	Max			Units
		FFB2222A	FMB2222A	MMPQ2222A	
P <sub>D</sub>	Total Device Dissipation Derate above 25°C	300 2.4	700 5.6	1,000 8.0	mW mW/°C
R <sub>0JA</sub>	Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient Effective 4 Die Each Die	415	180	125 240	°C/W °C/W °C/W

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 $T_A = 25$ °C unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
OFF CHA	RACTERISTICS					
$V_{(BR)CEO}$	Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage*	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}, I_B = 0$	40			V
V <sub>(BR)CBO</sub>	Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage	$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A},  I_E = 0$	75			V
V <sub>(BR)EBO</sub>	Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage	$I_E = 10  \mu A,  I_C = 0$	6.0			V
I <sub>CEX</sub>	Collector Cutoff Current	$V_{CE} = 60 \text{ V}, V_{EB(OFF)} = 3.0 \text{ V}$			10	nA
I <sub>CBO</sub>	Collector Cutoff Current	$V_{CB} = 60 \text{ V}, I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 60 \text{ V}, I_E = 0, T_A = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$			0.01 10	μA μA
I <sub>EBO</sub>	Emitter Cutoff Current	$V_{EB} = 3.0 \text{ V}, I_{C} = 0$			10	nA
I <sub>BL</sub>	Base Cutoff Current	$V_{CE} = 60 \text{ V}, V_{EB(OFF)} = 3.0 \text{ V}$			20	nA

#### ON CHARACTERISTICS

h <sub>FE</sub>	DC Current Gain	$I_C = 0.1 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$	35		
		$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$	50		
		$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$	75		
		$I_{C}= 10 \text{ mA}, V_{CE}= 10 \text{ V}, T_{A}= -55^{\circ}\text{C}$	35		
		$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}^*$	100	300	
		$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}^*$	50		
		$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}^*$	40		
V <sub>CE(sat)</sub>	Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage*	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}, I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$		0.3	V
		$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}, I_B = 50 \text{ mA}$		1.0	V
V <sub>BE(sat)</sub>	Base-Emitter Saturation Voltage*	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}, I_B = 1.0 \text{ mA}$	0.6	1.2	V
(55.7)		$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}, I_B = 50 \text{ mA}$		2.0	V

#### SMALL SIGNAL CHARACTERISTICS

f⊤	Current Gain - Bandwidth Product	$I_C = 20 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 20 \text{ V},$ f = 100  MHz	300	) MHz
C <sub>obo</sub>	Output Capacitance	$V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}, I_E = 0, f = 100 \text{ kHz}$	4.0	) pF
C <sub>ibo</sub>	Input Capacitance	$V_{EB} = 0.5 \text{ V}, I_C = 0, f = 100 \text{ kHz}$	20	pF
NF	Noise Figure	$I_C = 100 \mu A$ , $V_{CE} = 10 V$ , $R_S = 1.0 kΩ$ , $f = 1.0 kHz$	2.0	) dB

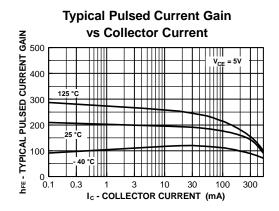
### SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

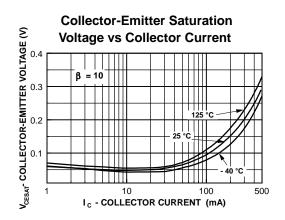
t <sub>d</sub>	Delay Time	$V_{CC} = 30 \text{ V}, V_{BE(OFF)} = 0.5 \text{ V},$	8	ns
tr	Rise Time	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}, I_{B1} = 15 \text{ mA}$	20	ns
ts	Storage Time	$V_{CC} = 30 \text{ V}, I_{C} = 150 \text{ mA},$	180	ns
t <sub>f</sub>	Fall Time	$I_{B1} = I_{B2} = 15 \text{ mA}$	40	ns

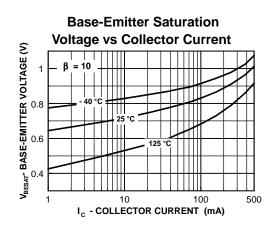
<sup>\*</sup>Pulse Test: Pulse Width  $\leq$  300  $\mu$ s, Duty Cycle  $\leq$  2.0%

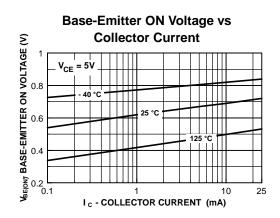
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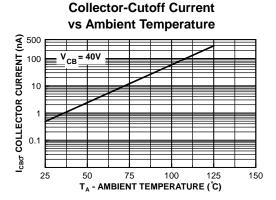
#### **Typical Characteristics**

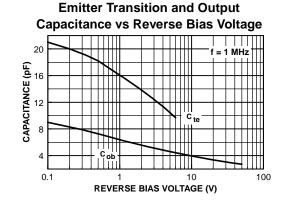








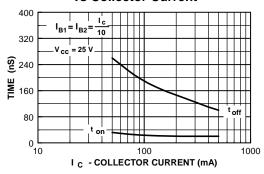




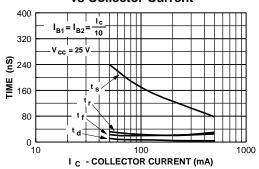
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## Typical Characteristics (continued)

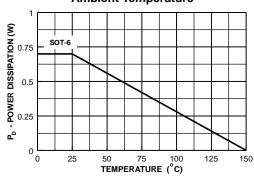
# Turn On and Turn Off Times vs Collector Current



# Switching Times vs Collector Current



#### Power Dissipation vs Ambient Temperature



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# **Test Circuits**

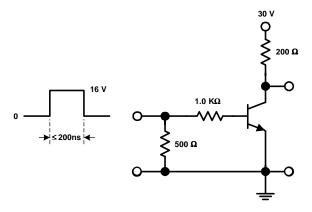


FIGURE 1: Saturated Turn-On Switching Time

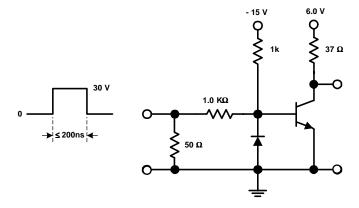


FIGURE 2: Saturated Turn-Off Switching Time