

(12) Estimar el error cometido al aproximar la función $f(x) = \sqrt[3]{x}$ por su polinomio de Taylor de orden 2, centrado en $a = 8$, para $7 \leq x \leq 9$.

$$f(x) = \sqrt[3]{x} \approx \sum_{n=0}^2 \frac{f^{(n)}(8)}{n!} (x-8)^n$$

$$|R_{n,2}(x)| = |f(x) - T_{n,2}(x)| = \left| \frac{f^{(3)}(t)}{3!} (x-8)^3 \right|, \quad t \in (x, 8) \text{ ó } t \in (8, x), \text{ veamos ambos casos:}$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{Si } 7 \leq x \leq 9 \text{ y } t \in (x, 8) \Rightarrow t \in (7, 8) \\ \text{Si } 7 \leq x \leq 9 \text{ y } t \in (8, x) \Rightarrow t \in (8, 9) \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \text{de esto concluimos que} \\ t \in (7, 9) - \{8\} \end{array}$$

$$\left| \frac{f^{(3)}(t)}{3!} (x-8)^3 \right| \leq ? \quad \text{Busco } f^{(3)}(t):$$

$$f(x) = x^{1/3} \quad f'(x) = \frac{1}{3} x^{-2/3} \quad f''(x) = \frac{-2}{9} x^{-5/3} \quad f'''(x) = \frac{10}{27} x^{-8/3}$$

$$\text{Entonces } |f^{(3)}(t)| = \left| \frac{10}{27} t^{-8/3} \right| = \frac{10}{27} |t^{-8/3}| < ? \quad \text{⊛}$$

$$7 < t < 8$$

$$7^8 < t^8 < 8^8$$

$$1/t^8 < 1/7^8$$

$$1/t^{8/3} < 1/7^{8/3} \Rightarrow |1/t^{8/3}| < |1/7^{8/3}| < 1$$

$$\text{Reemplazando en } \text{⊛}, \quad |f^{(3)}(t)| < \frac{10}{27} \cdot 1 = \frac{10}{27}$$

$$\text{Por otro lado, } 7 \leq x \leq 9$$

$$7-8 \leq x-8 \leq 9-8$$

$$-1 \leq x-8 \leq 1$$

$$(-1)^3 \leq (x-8)^3 \leq 1^3$$

$$-1 \leq (x-8)^3 \leq 1$$

$$\text{Entonces } |(x-8)^3| \leq 1$$

$$\text{Finalmente, } \left| \frac{f^{(3)}(t)}{3!} (x-8)^3 \right| = \frac{1}{3!} \cdot \frac{10}{27} \cdot 1 = \frac{10}{3 \cdot 27} \quad \text{y} \quad f(x) = \sqrt[3]{x} \approx \frac{10}{3 \cdot 27}$$