**Complete**

Reward:  **2000**

Given a string of length <= 100000 consisting of English lowercase letters, count the number of substrings with no two equal letters.

**Input 1 (line)** → string :

the given string (length<=100000)

**Output** → integer :

Number of substrings that do not contain the same character twice

**-----------------------------ACEPTADO---------------------------------------**

public class Main {

static int SubstringCount(String line) {

class Helper {

@SuppressWarnings("unused")

boolean contiene(String s, char c) {

for(int i = 0; i < s.length(); i++) {

if(s.charAt(i) == c) {

return true;

}

}

return false;

}

}

int answer = 0;

Helper h = new Helper();

String substr = "";

for(int inicio = 0; inicio < line.length(); inicio++) {

int j = inicio;

substr += line.charAt(j);

j++;

answer++;

while(j < line.length() && !h.contiene(substr, line.charAt(j))){

substr += line.charAt(j);

j++;

answer++;

}

substr = "";

}

return answer;

}

public static void main(String[] args) {

// TODO Auto-generated method stub

String s = "hola que tal";

int c = SubstringCount(s);

System.out.println(c);

}

}

------Solución [Amr\_M\_2](https://codefights.com/profile/Amr_M_2) ----

**int** SubstringCount(String line) {

String e;

**int** i=0, n =0;

**for**(**char** s: line.toCharArray()) {

n++;

i++;

e = s + "";

**for**(**char** c: line.substring(i).toCharArray()) {

**if**(e.contains(c + "")) **break**;

**else** e += c + "";

n++;

}

}

**return** n;

}