Remove a part of a given array between given indexes l and r (inclusive).

**Example**

For inputArray = [2, 3, 2, 3, 4, 5], l = 2and r = 4, the output should be  
removeArrayPart(inputArray, l, r) = [2, 3, 5].

**Input/Output**

* **[time limit] 3000ms (cs)**
* **[input] array.integer inputArray**

*Constraints:*  
2 ≤ inputArray.length ≤ 10,  
-10 ≤ inputArray[i] ≤ 10.

* **[input] integer l**

*Constraints:*  
0 ≤ l ≤ r.

* **[input] integer r**

*Constraints:*  
l ≤ r < inputArray.length.

* **[output] array.integer**

<https://codefights.com/arcade/code-arcade/list-forest-edge/vPJB7T28fyCeh2Ljn>

static int[] removeArrayPart(int[] inputArray, int l, int r)

{

List<int> ans = new List<int>();

for (int i = 0; i < inputArray.Length; i++)

{

if (i < l || i > r)

{

ans.Add(inputArray[i]);

}

}

return ans.ToArray();

}

------------OTRA SOLUCION-----------------

static int[] removeArrayPart(int[] inputArray, int l, int r)

{

int [] ans = new int[inputArray.Length - (r-l)-1];

int j = 0;

for (int i = 0; i < inputArray.Length; i++)

{

if (i < l || i > r)

{

ans[j++] = inputArray[i];

}

}

return ans;

}