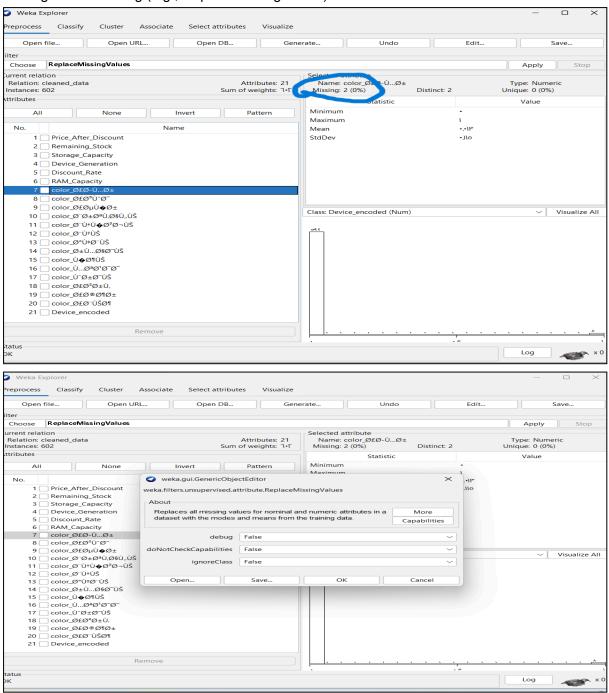
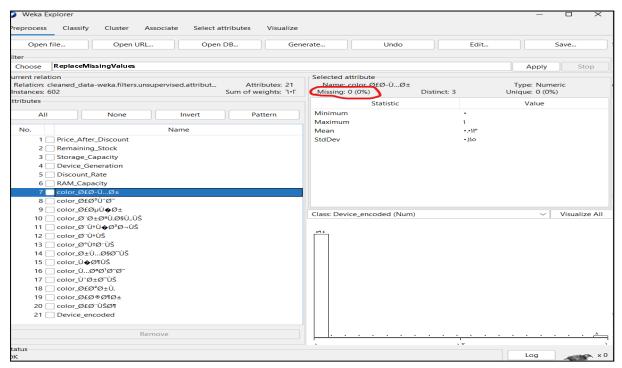
WEKA Tasks

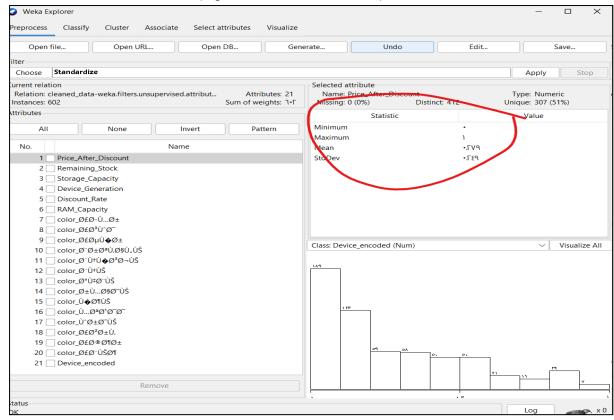
7. Preprocessing with WEKA Filters

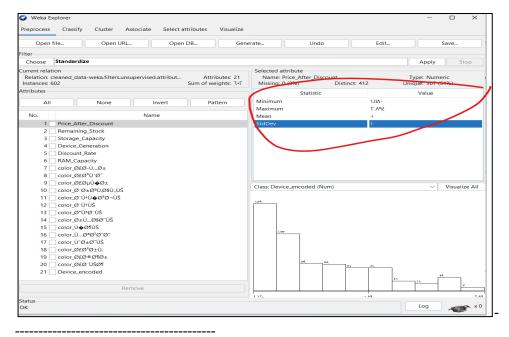
• Missing value handling (e.g., ReplaceMissingValues).



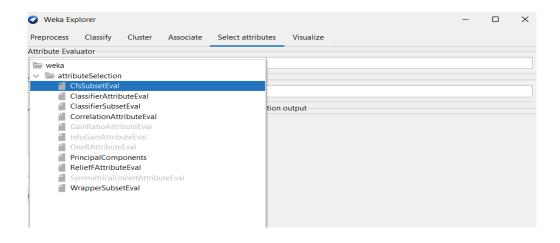


• Normalization/Standardization (e.g., Normalize, Standardize).



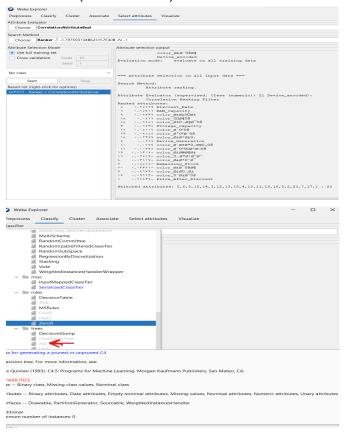


Feature selection (e.g., CorrelationAttributeEval).

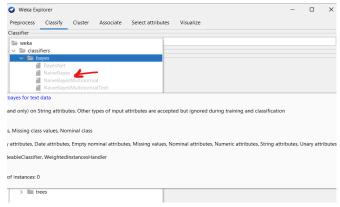


8. Model Training & Hyperparameter Tuning

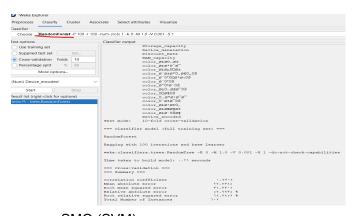
• J48 (Decision Tree)



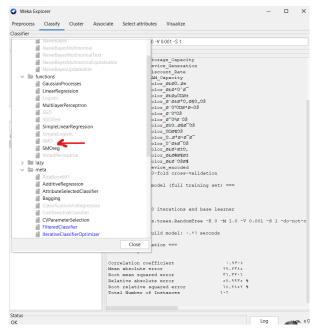
Naive Bayes



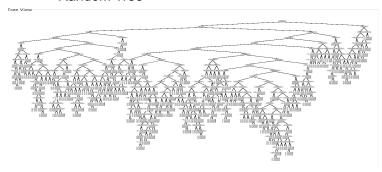
Random Forest



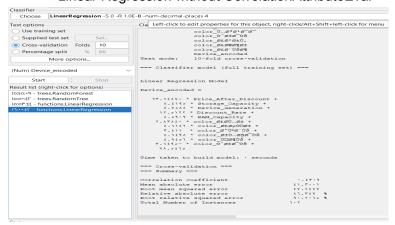
SMO (SVM)



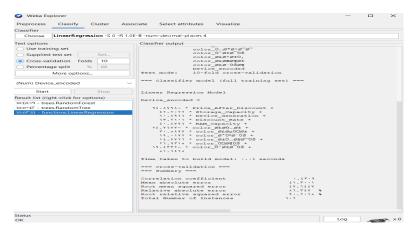
Random Tree



• Linear Regression without CorrelationAttributeEval



• Linear Regression with CorrelationAttributeEval



9. Results Conclusion

- Which preprocessing method worked best?
 Random Forest is the best method that have the low absolute error
- Did WEKA or Python yield better model performance?
 If we look at the Linear Regression model in the weka and in python Which the a absolute error = 41.3, mean square error=47.6 in weka But in python a absolute error = 825.62, mean square error=9.96 so weka is better than Python