- 1. which description best describes the hash() function in php
  - a. is a method which takes the user password (a variable-length sequence of characters) and encrypts it to a fixed-length password containing random characters from a larger set.2
  - b. function returns a hashed string using DES, Blowfish, or MD5 algorithms.
  - c. comes with dozens of different algorithms, or *ciphers*, each of which encrypts data differently
  - d. function returns the encoded string or a string shorter than 13 characters
  - e. will return a hashed string using the standard Unix DES-based algorithm or alternative algorithms that may be available on the system.
- 2. Mysql: uploading a picture to phpMyAdmin/mySql, the variable type in the database for the picture must be what kind?
  - a. blob
  - b. content
  - c. longtext
  - d. multi point
  - e. set
- 3. object oriented php: The following line accomplished what task

```
$obj->name = $ POST["name"];
```

- a. the object (obj) is saying input the data of the variable "name" to the data base under the name section of the database
- b. the object (obj) is saying retrieve the data of the variable "name" from the data base under the name section of the database.
- c. Output the value of variable "name"
- d. Is setting the obj variable "name" equal to null
- e. Creating an object called obj.
- f. Creating an object called obj from the class name.
- 4. CRUD application: Which line of code will add data to a database

- a. \$sql = "INSERT INTO customers (name, email, mobile) values(?, ?, ?)";
- b. \$pdo = "INSERT INTO customers (name,email,mobile) values(?, ?, ?)";
- c. \$sql = "SELECT \* FROM customers where id = ?";
- d. \$pdo = "SELECT \* FROM customers where id = ?";
- e. \$sql = "DELETE FROM customers WHERE id = ?";
- 5. session control / login: in an object-oriented crud application, like the one we used in class. The function

```
if(!isset($_SESSION["email"])){
```

\$\_SESSION["email"] = \$email;

header ("Location: login.php");

Should be placed at the top of what page

- a. index.php
- b. .class.php
- c. login.php
- d. database.php
- e. logout.php
- 6. file upload / download: if (!file\_exists(\$fileLocation))

mkdir (\$fileLocation, 0777,true);

The function above accomplished what task

- a. makes directory for file, if a directory does not exist.
- b. creates a directory for the uploaded file even if one exists, and overwrites it existing one.
- c. Creates a file column in the database being used for the file, and all future files.
- d. Stores the file in the database
- e. Stores the file in the subdirectory and overwrites any existing with same name.
- 7. web service, AJAX and/or JSON: which code snippet represent an Ajax request to a php file through URL.

```
a. $.ajax({url: "demo_test.txt", success: function(result)})
```

- b. xhttp.open("GET", customer.php", true);
- c. xhttp.open("POST", customer.php", true);
- d. \$.Xhttp({ url: "demo\_test.txt", success: function(result)});
- e. document.getElementById("body").innerHTML = xhttp.responseText;