 The probability of a leap year selected at random contain 53 Sunday is: 	sted at random contain 53
(a) 53/366 (b) 1/7 (c) 2/7 (d) 53/365	77 (d) 53/365
 A bag contains 3 red and 2 blue marbles. A mar random. The probability of drawing a black ball is : 	Irbies. A marbie is grawn at black ball is :
(a) 3/5 (b) 2/5 (c) 0/5	1/5 (d) 1/5
3. The probability that it will rain tomorrow is 0.85. What is the	orrow is 0.85. What is the
at it will not rain tomo	
(a) 0.25 (b) 0.145 (c)	(c) 3/20 (d) none of these
4. What is the probability that a number selected from the numbers	er selected from the numbers
(1, 2, 3,,15) is a multiple of 4?	
(a) 1/5 (b) 4/5 (c) 2	(c) 2/15 (d) 1/3
are the total outcomes	we throw three coins?
(a) 4 (b) 5 (c) 8	Z (b)
The probability that a prime number selected at random from the	er selected at random from the
numbers (1,2,3,35) is:	
5	(c) 13/35 (d) none of these
the probability of an e	ent and non event is:
(a) 2 (b) 1 (c) 0	(d) none of these.
8. The following probabilities are given; choose the correct answer	en; choose the correct answer
for that which is not possible.	
(a) 0.15 (b) 2/7 (c)	(c) 7/5 (d) none of these.
9. If three coins are tossed simultaneously, than the probability of	ously, than the probability of
s, is:	
(a) 1/4 (b) 3/8 (c) ½	(d) 1/8
10. A letter is chosen at random from the letters of the word	the letters of the word
TION	that the letter chosen has:
(a) 6/13 (b) 7/13	(c) 1 (d) none of these.
11. A dice is thrown. Find the probability of getting an even number.	ity of getting an even number.
(A) 2/3 (B) 1 (C) 5/6	5 (D) 1/2
12. Two coins are thrown at the same time. Find the probability of	time. Find the probability of
getting both heads.	
(A) 3/4 (B) 1/4 (C) 1/2	0 (D)
13. Two dice are thrown simultaneously. The probability of getting a	ly. The probability of getting a
sum of 9 is:	

(D) 4/9	14. 100 cards are numbered from 1 to 100. Find the probability of getting a prime number. (A) 3/4 (B) 27/50 (C) 1/4 (D) 29/100	15. A bag contains 5 red balls and some blue balls .If the probability of drawing a blue ball is double that of a red ball, then the number of blue balls in a bag is: (A) 5 (B) 10 (C) 15 (D) 20	16. A box of 600 bulbs contains 12 defective bulbs. One bulb is taken out at random from this box. Then the probability that it is non-defective bulb is: (A) 143/150 (B) 147/150 (C) 1/25 (D) 1/50	17. Cards marked with numbers 2 to 101 are placed in a box and mixed thoroughly. One card is drawn from this box randomly, then the probability that the number on card is a perfect square. (A) 9/100 (B) 1/10 (C) 3/10 (D) 19/100	 18. What is the probability of getting 53 Mondays in a leap year? (A) 1/7 (B) 53/366 (C) 2/7 (D) 7/366 	 A card is drawn from a well shuffled deck of 52 cards. Find the probability of getting a king of red suit. (A) 1/26 (B) 3/26 (C) 7/52 (D) 1/13 	20. A game of chance consists of spinning an arrow which is equally likely to come to rest pointing to one of the number 1,2,312, then the probability that it will point to an odd number is: (A) 1/6 (B) 1/12 (C) 7/12	11. A game consists of tossing a one rupee coin 3 times and noting its outcome each time. Aryan wins if all the tosses give the same result i.e. three heads or three tails and loses otherwise. Then the probability that Aryan will lose the game.
(C) 1/9	d from 1 to (C) 1/4	ouble that of (C) 15	tains 12 def his box. The 150 (C	bers 2 to 10 d is drawn fr nber on card (C) 3/10	of getting 5 (C) 2/7	n a well shuffle ding of red suit. (C) 7/52 (I	sists of spin st pointing t bility that it v	sing a one rug an wins if all ree tails and ose the game
(B) 3/10	14. 100 cards are numbere getting a prime number. (A) 3/4 (B) 27/50	contains 5 red ba a blue ball is do n a bag is: (B) 10 (16. A box of 600 bulbs contains taken out at random from this bound non-defective bulb is: (A) 143/150 (B) 147/150	narked with nun oughly. One cardility that the nun (B) 1/10	s the probability (B) 53/366	 A card is drawn from a well shuffle probability of getting a king of red suit. (A) 1/26 (B) 3/26 (C) 7/52 (I 	e of chance considy to come to re then the probal (B) 1/12	21. A game consists of tossing a one rup its outcome each time. Aryan wins if all the result i.e. three heads or three tails and le probability that Aryan will lose the game.
(A) 1/10	14. 100 car getting a pr (A) 3/4	15. A bag contains 5 of drawing a blue ball blue balls in a bag is:	16. A box of taken out at non-defectiv (A) 143/150	17. Cards n mixed thor the probabi (A) 9/100	18. What is (A) 1/7	19. A card probability (A) 1/26	20. A game equally like 1,2,312 (A) 1/6	21. A game its outcome result i.e. the probability

:3:

22. Riya and Kajal are friends. Probability that both will have the same birthday is: (A) 364/365 (B) 31/365 (C) 1/365 (D) 1/133225 23. A number x is chosen at random from the numbers -2, -1, 0, 1, 2. Then the probability that x² < 2 is? (A) 1/5 (B) 2/5 (C) 3/5 (D) 4/5	24. A jar contains 24 marbles. Some are red and others are white. If a marble is drawn at random from the jar, the probability that it is red is 2/3, then the number of white marbles in the jar is: (A) 10 (B) 6 (C) 8 (D) 7	25. A number is selected at random from first 50 natural numbers. Then the probability that it is a multiple of 3 and 4 is: (A) 7/50 (B) 4/25 (C) 1/25 (D) 2/25	26. Consider a dice with the property that that probability of a face with n dots showing up is proportional to n. The probability of face showing 4 dots is? a) $\frac{1}{7}$ b) $\frac{5}{42}$ c) $\frac{1}{21}$	27. Runs scored by batsman in 5 one day matches are 50, 70, 82, 93, and 20. The standard deviation is . a) 25.79 b) 25.49 c) 25.29 d) 25.69	28. Find median and mode of the messages received on 9 consecutive days 15, 11, 9, 5, 18, 4, 18, 13, 17. a) 13, 15 b) 13, 18 c) 18, 15	29. A coin is tossed up 4 times. The probability that tails turn up in 3 cases is $\frac{1}{2}$. $\frac{1}{2}$ b) $\frac{1}{3}$ c) $\frac{1}{4}$ d) $\frac{1}{6}$ 30. X is a variate between 0 and 3. The value of E(X²) is $\frac{1}{2}$ a) 8 b) 7 c) 27 d) 9
22. Riya same bi (A) 364, 23. A n 2. Then (A) 1/5	24. A j a mark red is ((A) 10	25. A Then (A) 7/	26. C with show show	27. F 93, aı a) 25	28. Fi cons(a) 13,	29. A 3 case a) ¹ / ₂ 30. X i

31. The random variables X and Y have variances 0.2 and 0.5 respectively. Let Z= 5X-2Y. The variance of Z is?

b) 4

32.Out of the following values, which one is not possible in probability?

a) P(x) = 1

b) $\sum x P(x) = 3$

c) P(x) = 0.5

d) P(x) = -0.5

33.If E(x) = 2 and E(z) = 4, then E(z - x) = ?

d) Insufficient data

34. The covariance of two independent random variable is

a) 1

0 (q

d) Undefined

35.If $\Sigma P(x) = k^2 - 8$ then, the value of k is?

d) Insufficient data

36.1f P(x) = 0.5 and x = 4, then E(x) = ?

b) 0.5

d) 2

37.In a discrete probability distribution, the sum of all probabilities

is always?

b) Infinite

d) Undefined

38.If the probability of hitting the target is 0.4, find mean and

a) 0.4, 0.24 variance.

b) 0.6, 0.24

c) 0.4, 0.16

d) 0.6, 0.16

39.If the probability that a bomb dropped from a place will strike the target is 60% and if 10 bombs are dropped, find mean and variance?

a) 0.6, 0.24

b) 6, 2.4

c) 0.4, 0.16

Find the mean of tossing 8 coins.

What is the mean and variance for standard normal distribution?

	0
0	S
S	9
9	5
2	ā
a	ar
a	>
>	d) Mean is ∞ and variance is 0
Þ	ā
ā	8
-	S
S	7
=	a
69	Ae
Σ	=
0	D
_	
	0
1 b) Mean is 1 and variance is 0	8
is 1	is ∞
te is 1	e is ∞
nce is 1	nce is ∞
iance is 1	iance is ∞
ariance is 1	ariance is ∞
I variance is 1	I variance is ∞
nd variance is 1	nd variance is ∞
and variance is 1	and variance is ∞
0 and variance is 1	0 and variance is ∞
is 0 and variance is 1	is 0 and variance is ∞
an is 0 and variance is 1	an is 0 and variance is ∞
lean is 0 and variance is 1	lean is 0 and variance is ∞
Mean is 0 and variance is 1	Mean is 0 and variance is ∞
a) Mean is 0 and variance is 1	c) Mean is 0 and variance is ∞

	12/17
	7
ķ	5/15
given	(E/V)
X is	500
variable	100
42. Variance of a random variable X is given by	K) E/V2)
o o	
Variance	5
42.	N 1

C) E(XZ) = (E(X))Zb) E(X2) a) E(X)

d) (E(X))2

43. Mean of a random variable X is given by a) E(X)

b) E(X2)

c) E(X2) - (E(X))2

d) (E(X))2

44. Mean of a constant 'a' is

a) 0

c) a/2

9

45. Variance of a constant 'a' is

a) 0

b) a

c) a/2

9

46. Find the mean and variance of X?

4	1/9
3	2/9
2	3/9
-	2/9
0	1/9
×	f(x)

a) 2, 4/3

b) 3, 4/3

d) 3, 2/3

47. Find the expectation of a random variable X?

2/6 1/6 က 7 2/6 1/6 0 (X) ×

c) 2.5

b) 1.5

a) 0.5

d) 3.5

48. In a Binomial Distribution, if p, q and n are probability of success, failure and number of trials respectively then variance is given by

conducted, then what is the probability that 'X' takes values 'x'? Use success and failure being 'p' and 'q' respectively and 'n' trials being 49. If 'X' is a random variable, taking values 'x', probability of Binomial Distribution.

- a) P(X = x) = nCx px qxb) P(X = x) = nCx px q(n-x)
 - c) P(X = x) = xCn qx p(n-x)
 - d) P(x = x) = xCn pn qx

50. If 'p', 'q' and 'n' are probability pf success, failure and number of trials respectively in a Binomial Distribution, what is its Standard Deviation?

bdu/ (p c) (np)2 bd/(qa) \sqrt{np}