# How to enable Disk Encryption on Azure VM (BitLocker/DM-Crypt)

Azure Disk Encryption is a capability that helps you encrypt your Windows and Linux laaS VM disks. When you apply the Disk Encryption management solution, you can satisfy the following business needs:

- laaS VMs are secured at rest by using industry-standard encryption technology to address organizational security and compliance requirements.
- laaS VMs boot under customer-controlled keys and policies. You can audit their usage in your key vault.

Since Azure has recently started supporting DR for Azure Disk Encryption-enabled VMs <u>Link</u>. To enable disk encryption, we need to leverage Azure AD App and Azure Key Vault service from Azure which help in encryption and decryption.

## **Prerequisites:**

- Azure Disk Encryption needs the Key Vault and the VMs to be co-located in the same region.
   Create and use a Key Vault that is in the same region as the VM to be encrypted. <u>Link</u>
- Encrypting or disabling encryption may cause the VM to auto-reboot once.

# **Summary:**

Below are the steps we need to perform to enable encryption for disks in Azure VM:

- 1. Create a key vault.
- 2. Set the key vault access policy.
- 3. Set key vault advanced access policies.
- 4. Run PowerShell script to enable encryption (since enabling encryption from portal is not yet available)

# Create an Azure Key Vault and provide appropriate permission

Step 1: Go to "Azure Key Vault" and click on new "key Vault".





Step 2: Enter the following details and click on "Create"

Name: Azure Key Vault Name

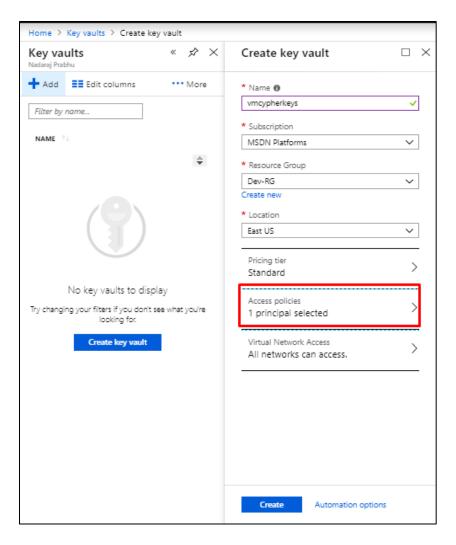
**Subscription:** Select the subscription **Resource Group:** *Any resource group* 

Location: Any location

**Pricing Tier:** Standard/Premium

Access Policy: Need to select appropriate policy as mentioned in next Step.

Virtual Network Access: Select any or appropriate virtual network where the VM is located



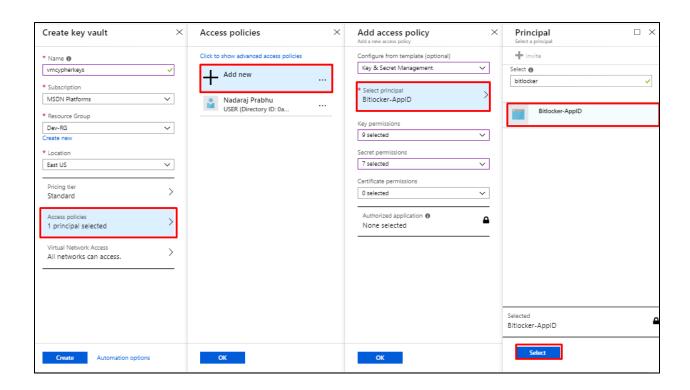
Step 2: Select the access policy and enter the following details and click on "ok".

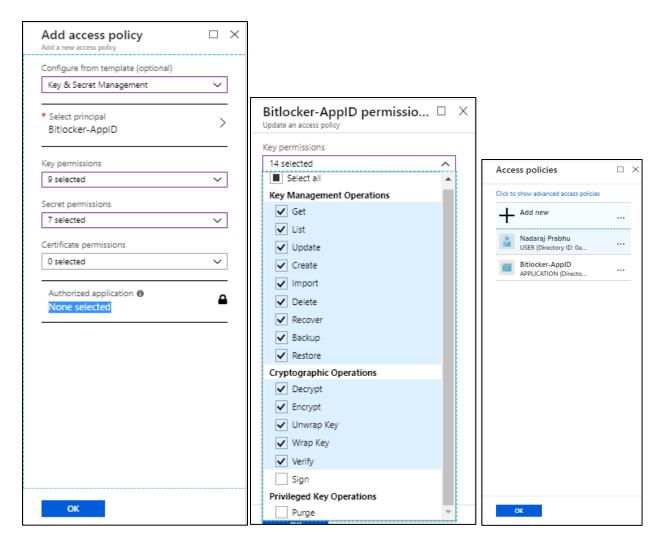
Configure from templet: Select "Key & Secret Management"

Key Permission: Select "Decrypt, Encrypt, unwrap key, wrap key, verify"

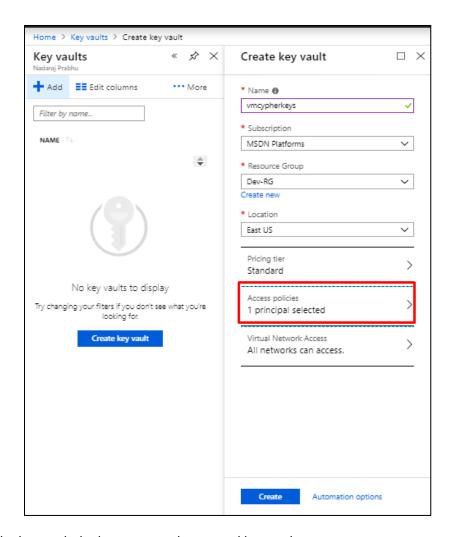
**Key Permission:** No need to change (applied from "key & secret Management" templet)

**Certificate Permission:** No need to change (applied from "key & secret Management" templet)

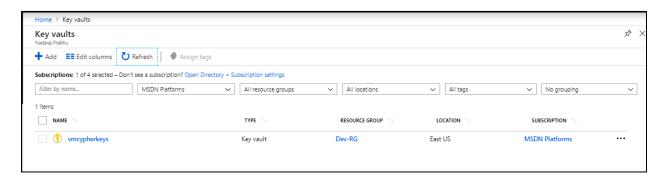




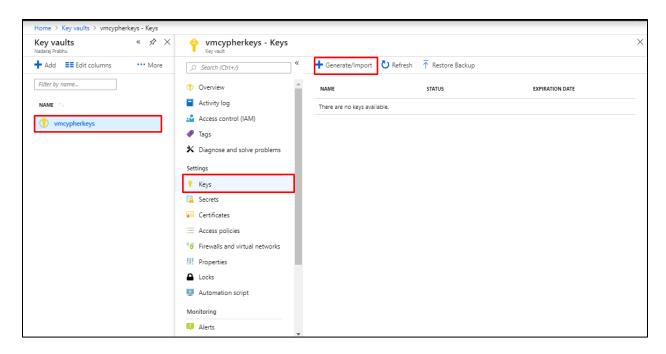
**Step 3:** After configuration click on "create". Now wait for the deployment to succeed.



**Step 4:** After the key vault deployment, go the created key vault.



Step 5: Next create a key, go to "Keys" blade in key vault and click on "Generate/import"



**Step 6:** Enter the following details to create a key and click on "create"

Option: "Generate"

Name: Give a name for the key which will be used in \$KeyVaultKey parameter.

**Key Type:** "RSA"

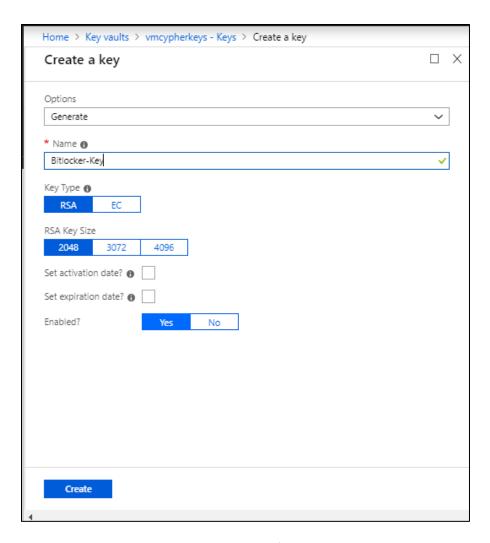
RSA Key Size: "2048" (Standard)

**Set activation Date:** *Set a date mostly today.* 

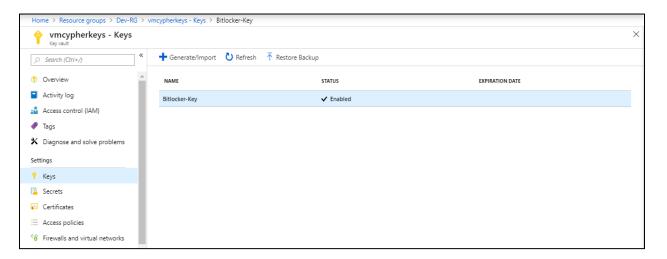
Set expiration Date: Set a key expiry date (Not mandatory, but most of the organization has the policy

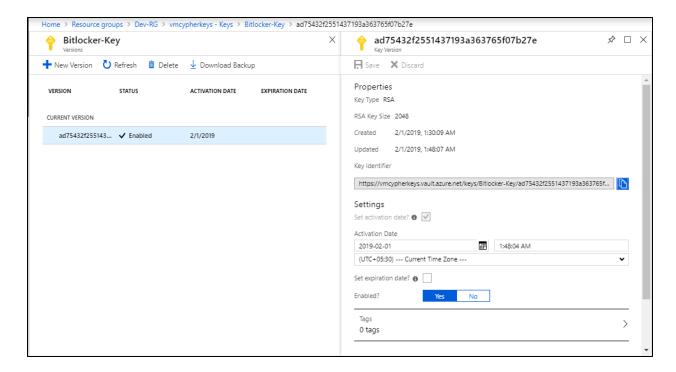
on changing key every year or the time which is set by their governance team)

Enabled: "Yes"



**Step 7:** Once the key is created check it under keys to confirm its status, activation date by selecting them.

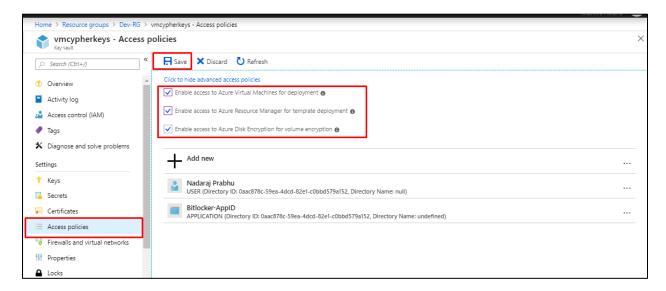


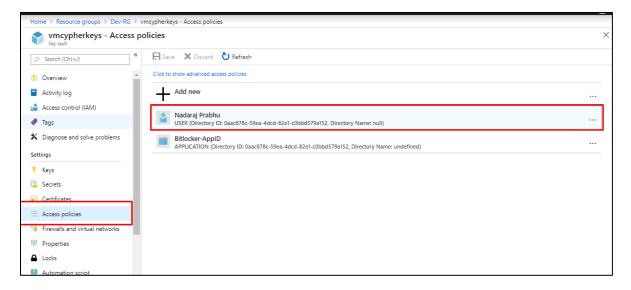


Step 8: Go to Access Policies in key vault. Under "show advanced access policy" there will be 3 options:

- 1. Enable access to Azure Virtual Machine for deployment (Check this if you have enabled ASR, else let it be unchecked)
- 2. Enable access to Azure Resource Manager for templet deployment (Check this if you have enabled ASR, else let it be unchecked)
- 3. Enable access to Disk Encryption for volume encryption. (check this box to allow volume/disk encryption)

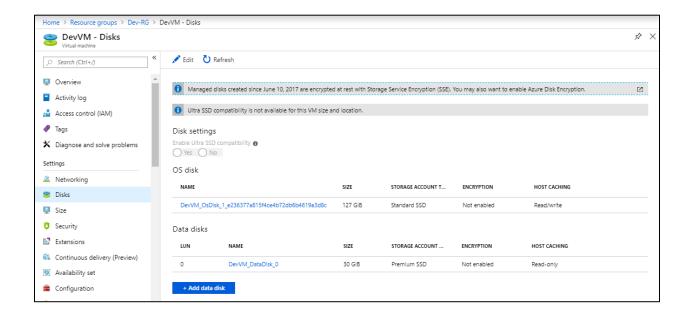
Note: ASR replication supports encrypted disk which was not the case earlier. Link





Note: Add yourself/ the user that requires the permission to access the policy

Step 9: Go to your Azure VM, under disk check for "encryption status"



# Encrypt disk on Azure VM

**Step 1:** Download the attached PowerShell file, open it in PowerShell ISE or your favorite editor and change the parameters as mentioned: <a href="Script Link">Script Link</a>



**Note**: Make sure you have installed Azure RM module <u>Link</u>

\$SubName - Subscription Name

\$KeyVaultrgName - Key Vault Resource Group Name

**\$VMrgName** - Resource Group Name

\$VMs - VM Name

\$aadClientID - Azure AD App's Application ID \$clientSecret - Secret key created on Azure AD App

\$KeyVaultName - Azure Key vault Name

\$KeyVaultKey - Name of the key in the Key vault

**Note:** you can run encryption for multiple VM in same resource group like show below:

\$VMs += "Dev1VM"

\$VMs += "Dev2VM"

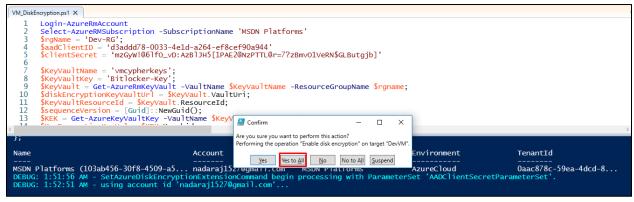
\$VMs += "Dev3VM"

```
<#
**********************************
Replace the parametes before executing
by Nadaraj Prabhu
$SubName
             - Subscription Name
$KeyVaultrgName - Key Vault Resource Group Name
$VMrgName - Resource Group Name
$VMs - VM Name
you can add multiple VM in same resource group:
$VMs += "Dev1VM"
$VMs += "Dev2VM"
$VMs += "Dev3MM"
$SubName ="your Subscription name"
$KeyVaultrgName = 'Dev-RG';
$VMrgName = 'Dev-RG';
$VMs = @()
$VMs += "DevVM"
-- <#
$aadClientID - Azure AD App's Application ID
$clientSecret - Secret key created on Azure AD App
$aadClientID = 'd3asdfd-0033-4e1d-a264-ef8cef90a944'
$clientSecret = 'mzGyW!SDAS33s:AzBlJH5[1PAE2@NzPTTL@r=7?zBmvO1VeRN$GLButgjb]'
$KeyVaultName - Azure Key vault Name
$KeyVaultKey - Name of the key in the Key vault
$KeyVaultName = 'vmcypherkeys';
$KeyVaultKey = 'Bitlocker-Key';
```

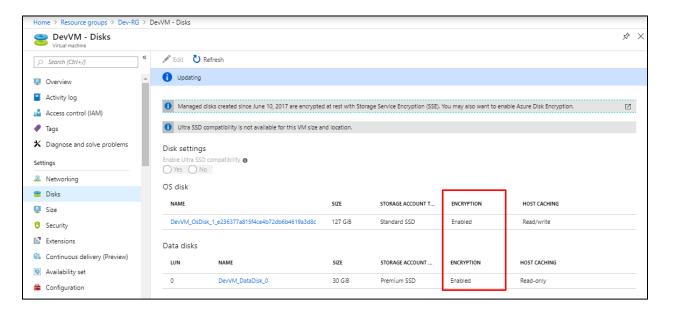
**Step 2:** Now run the PowerShell command. You will be prompted twice to confirm and proceed with the VM encryption. Select "Yes to All" both the times.

Note: During this process VM will reboot automatically.





**Step 3:** Now let the PowerShell run (execution of enabling the encryption is based on the disk size and disk type). Meanwhile the encryption is running you can go to you VM in portal and verify the disk encryption status.

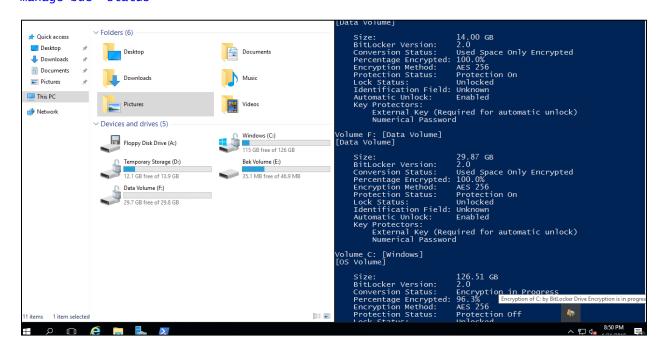


**Step 4:** After the successful enabling the encryption, you should be able to see the status as mentioned below:

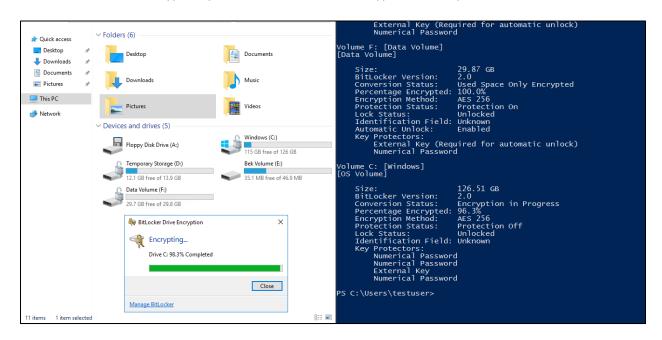
RequestId : IsSuccessStatusCode : True StatusCode : OK ReasonPhrase : OK

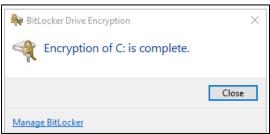
**Step 5:** Now login/RDP to your VM to check the encryption status. You can type the below mentioned command in PowerShell to check the BitLocker status for each disk for windows machine:

manage-bde -status



**Step 6:** If the encryption is still running you can see the progress in the BitLocker task bar notification. After the successful encryption you will be able to see "Encryption is Complete".





**Step 7:** To check on the encryption status of a laaS VM, use the Get-AzureRmVmDiskEncryptionStatus cmdlet

\$VMs - Virtual Machine Name \$rgName - Virtual Machine Resource Group Name

```
$VMs = ""
$rgName = ""
Get-AzureRmVmDiskEncryptionStatus -ResourceGroupName $rgName -VMName $vms
```



**Disable disk encryption:** To disable the encryption, use the Disable-AzureRmVMDiskEncryption cmdlet

```
$VMs - Virtual Machine Name
$rgName - Virtual Machine Resource Group Name
```

```
$VMs = ""
$rgName = ""
Disable-AzureRMVMDiskEncryption -ResourceGroupName "$rgName" -VMName "$VMs"
```

### Note:

1. Before deleting a key vault, ensure that you did not encrypt any existing VMs with it. To protect a vault from accidental deletion, enable soft delete and a resource lock on the vault.

# **References:**

- 1. <a href="https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/security/azure-security-disk-encryption-overview">https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/security/azure-security-disk-encryption-overview</a>
- 2. <a href="https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/security/azure-security-disk-encryption-prerequisites">https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/security/azure-security-disk-encryption-prerequisites</a>
- 3. <a href="https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/security/azure-security-disk-encryption-appendix">https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/security/azure-security-disk-encryption-appendix</a>
- 4. <a href="https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/security/azure-security-disk-encryption-windows#bkmk">https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/security/azure-security-disk-encryption-windows#bkmk</a> RunningWinVMPSH