**Theorem:** P(n) for every positive integer n. **Proof by induction:** Let *n* be an arbitrary positive integer. Assume that P(k) is true for every positive integer k < n. There are several cases to consider: • Suppose n is ... blah blah blah ... Then P(n) is true. • Suppose *n* is ... blah blah blah ... The inductive hypothesis implies that ... blah blah blah ... Thus, P(n) is true. In each case, we conclude that P(n) is true. Or more generally:

## Bellman's Theorem: Every snark is a boojum. **Proof by induction:** Let *X* be an arbitrary snark.

Assume that for every snark younger than X is a boojum.

There are three cases to consider: • Suppose *X* is the youngest snark.

Then ... blah blah blah ...

• Suppose X is the second-youngest snark.

Then ... blah blah blah ...

• Suppose X is older than the second-youngest snark.

Then the inductive hypothesis implies ... blah blah blah ... and therefore ... blah blah blah ...

An all cases, we conclude that X is a boojum.