

Q1.

- a) Load the set of data “airquality” in the package “datasets” in R.
- b) Compute summary measurements for the quantitative variables and interpret your results. (Note: Avoid the effect of missing values if they exist)
- c) Identify the shape of the distributions of the quantitative variables using a suitable graphical method and comment on your findings.
- d) According to the results obtained in part c, name a suitable variable that can be approximated to normal distribution.
- e) Compute a 95% confidence interval for the variable mentioned in part (d) and interpret your result.

Q2.

- a) Generate a set of 100 random data from a normal distribution with mean and variance, 10 and 2 respectively.
- b) Estimate the 95% confidence interval for the data and interpret the interval.

Q3.

- a) Load the data set named “Milk” in the package “nlme” in R.
- b) Assuming the population standard deviation is 0.3; compute the 95% confidence interval for the population mean of protein level.
- c) Calculate the margin of error and estimate interval for the diet type “barley” proportion at 95% confidence level.