

1. Merge Two Sorted Lists

```
main.py  [ ] [ ] Save Run Output
1 class ListNode:
2     def __init__(self, val=0, next=None):
3         self.val = val
4         self.next = next
5 def merge_two_sorted_lists(l1, l2):
6     dummy = ListNode()
7     current = dummy
8     while l1 and l2:
9         if l1.val < l2.val:
10            current.next = l1
11            l1 = l1.next
12        else:
13            current.next = l2
14            l2 = l2.next
15        current = current.next
16    if l1:
17        current.next = l1
18    else:
19        current.next = l2
20    return dummy.next
21 l1 = ListNode(1, ListNode(2, ListNode(4)))
22 l2 = ListNode(1, ListNode(3, ListNode(4)))
23 merged_list = merge_two_sorted_lists(l1, l2)
24 while merged_list:
25     print(merged_list.val, end=" ")
26     merged_list = merged_list.next
```

```
1 1 2 3 4 4
=== Code Execution Successful ===
```

2. Merge k Sorted Lists

```
main.py  [ ] [ ] Save Run Output
1 import heapq
2 def merge_k_sorted_lists(lists):
3     heap = []
4     for i in range(len(lists)):
5         if lists[i]:
6             heapq.heappush(heap, (lists[i][0], i, 0))
7     result = []
8     while heap:
9         val, list_idx, elem_idx = heapq.heappop(heap)
10        result.append(val)
11        if elem_idx + 1 < len(lists[list_idx]):
12            next_tuple = (lists[list_idx][elem_idx + 1], list_idx, elem_idx + 1)
13            heapq.heappush(heap, next_tuple)
14    return result
15 lists = [
16     [1, 4, 5],
17     [1, 3, 4],
18     [2, 6]
19 ]
20 merged_list = merge_k_sorted_lists(lists)
21 print(merged_list)
```

```
[1, 1, 2, 3, 4, 4, 5, 6]
=== Code Execution Successful ===
```

3. Remove Duplicates from Sorted Array

```
main.py  [ ] [ ] Save Run Output
1 def remove_duplicates(nums):
2     if not nums:
3         return 0
4     unique_idx = 0
5     for i in range(1, len(nums)):
6         if nums[i] != nums[unique_idx]:
7             unique_idx += 1
8             nums[unique_idx] = nums[i]
9     return unique_idx + 1
10 nums = [1, 1, 2, 2, 3]
11 length = remove_duplicates(nums)
12 print(nums[:length])
```

```
[1, 2, 3]
=== Code Execution Successful ===
```

4. Search in Rotated Sorted Array

main.py	Output
<pre>1 def search(nums, target): 2 left, right = 0, len(nums) - 1 3 while left <= right: 4 mid = (left + right) // 2 5 if nums[mid] == target: 6 return mid 7 if nums[left] <= nums[mid]: 8 if nums[left] <= target < nums[mid]: 9 right = mid - 1 10 else: 11 left = mid + 1 12 else: 13 if nums[mid] < target <= nums[right]: 14 left = mid + 1 15 else: 16 right = mid - 1 17 return -1 18 nums = [5,7,7,8,8,10] 19 target=8 20 index = search(nums, target) 21 print(index)</pre>	<pre>4 === Code Execution Successful ===</pre>

5. Find First and Last Position of Element in Sorted Array

main.py	Output
<pre>1 def find_first_and_last(nums, target): 2 def binary_search_left(nums, target): 3 left, right = 0, len(nums) 4 while left < right: 5 mid = (left + right) // 2 6 if nums[mid] < target: 7 left = mid + 1 8 else: 9 right = mid 10 return left 11 def binary_search_right(nums, target): 12 left, right = 0, len(nums) 13 while left < right: 14 mid = (left + right) // 2 15 if nums[mid] <= target: 16 left = mid + 1 17 else: 18 right = mid 19 return left 20 left_idx = binary_search_left(nums, target) 21 right_idx = binary_search_right(nums, target) - 1 22 if left_idx <= right_idx and left_idx < len(nums) and nums[left_idx] == 23 target and nums[right_idx] == target: 24 return [left_idx, right_idx] 25 else: 26 return [-1, -1]</pre>	<pre>[3, 4] === Code Execution Successful ===</pre>

6. Sort Colors

main.py	Output
<pre>1 def sort_colors(nums): 2 low, mid, high = 0, 0, len(nums) - 1 3 while mid <= high: 4 if nums[mid] == 0: 5 nums[low], nums[mid] = nums[mid], nums[low] 6 low += 1 7 mid += 1 8 elif nums[mid] == 1: 9 mid += 1 10 else: 11 nums[high], nums[mid] = nums[mid], nums[high] 12 high -= 1 13 return nums 14 nums = [2, 0, 2, 1, 1, 0] 15 sorted_colors = sort_colors(nums) 16 print(sorted_colors)</pre>	<pre>[0, 0, 1, 1, 2, 2] === Code Execution Successful ===</pre>

7. Remove Duplicates from Sorted List

main.py	Output
<pre>1 def remove_dupli(nums): 2 if not nums: 3 return nums 4 unique_idx = 0 5 for i in range(1, len(nums)): 6 if nums[i] != nums[unique_idx]: 7 unique_idx += 1 8 nums[unique_idx] = nums[i] 9 return nums[:unique_idx + 1] 10 nums = [1, 1, 2, 2, 3, 3] 11 unique_nums = remove_dupli(nums) 12 print(unique_nums)</pre>	<pre>[1, 2, 3] === Code Execution Successful ===</pre>

8. Merge Sorted Array

main.py	Output
<pre>1 def merge_sorted_array(nums1, m, nums2, n): 2 p1, p2 = m - 1, n - 1 3 p = m + n - 1 4 while p1 >= 0 and p2 >= 0: 5 if nums1[p1] > nums2[p2]: 6 nums1[p] = nums1[p1] 7 p1 -= 1 8 else: 9 nums1[p] = nums2[p2] 10 p2 -= 1 11 p -= 1 12 nums1[:p2 + 1] = nums2[:p2 + 1] 13 nums1 = [1, 2, 3, 0, 0, 0] 14 m = 3 15 nums2 = [2, 5, 6] 16 n = 3 17 merge_sorted_array(nums1, m, nums2, n) 18 print(nums1)</pre>	<pre>[1, 2, 2, 3, 5, 6] === Code Execution Successful ===</pre>

9. Convert Sorted Array to Binary Search Tree

main.py	Output
<pre>1 def sort(array, size): 2 for i in range(size): 3 mi = i 4 for j in range(i + 1, size): 5 if array[j] < array[mi]: 6 mi = j 7 (array[i], array[mi]) = (array[mi], array[i]) 8 arr = [-2, 45, 0, 11, -9, 88, -97, -202, 747] 9 size = len(arr) 10 sort(arr, size) 11 print('The array of selection sort is:') 12 print(arr)</pre>	<pre>The array of selection sort is: [-202, -97, -9, -2, 0, 11, 45, 88, 747] === Code Execution Successful ===</pre>

10. Insertion Sort List

main.py	Output
<pre>1- def diagonal_sort(mat): 2- from collections import defaultdict 3- import heapq 4- n, m = len(mat), len(mat[0]) 5- diagonals = defaultdict(list) 6- for i in range(n): 7- for j in range(m): 8- heapq.heappush(diagonals[i - j], mat[i][j]) 9- for i in range(n): 10- for j in range(m): 11- mat[i][j] = heapq.heappop(diagonals[i - j]) 12- return mat 13- mat = [14- [3, 3, 1, 1], 15- [2, 2, 1, 2], 16- [1, 1, 1, 2] 17-] 18- sorted_mat = diagonal_sort(mat) 19- for row in sorted_mat: 20- print(row)</pre>	<pre>[1, 1, 1, 1] [1, 2, 2, 2] [1, 2, 3, 3] === Code Execution Successful ===</pre>

11. Sort Characters By Frequency

main.py	Output
<pre>1 from collections import Counter 2 def sort_by_freq(s): 3 return ''.join(char * count for char, count in Counter(s).most_common()) 4 s = "tree" 5 sorted_s = sort_by_freq(s) 6 print(sorted_s)</pre>	<pre>eetr === Code Execution Successful ===</pre>

12. Max Chunks To Make Sorted

main.py	Output
<pre>1- def max_chunks_to_sorted(arr): 2- max_chunks = 0 3- max_val = 0 4- for i, val in enumerate(arr): 5- max_val = max(max_val, val) 6- if max_val == i: 7- max_chunks += 1 8- return max_chunks 9 arr = [4, 3, 2, 1, 0] 10 print(max_chunks_to_sorted(arr))</pre>	<pre>1 === Code Execution Successful ===</pre>

13. Intersection of Three Sorted Arrays

main.py	Output
<pre>1- def inte_of_three(arr1, arr2, arr3): 2- i, j, k = 0, 0, 0 3- result = [] 4- while i < len(arr1) and j < len(arr2) and k < len(arr3): 5- if arr1[i] == arr2[j] == arr3[k]: 6- result.append(arr1[i]) 7- i += 1 8- j += 1 9- k += 1 10- elif arr1[i] < arr2[j]: 11- i += 1 12- elif arr2[j] < arr3[k]: 13- j += 1 14- else: 15- k += 1 16- return result 17 arr1 = [1, 2, 4, 5, 6] 18 arr2 = [2, 4, 6, 8] 19 arr3 = [2, 4, 6, 8, 10] 20 print(inte_of_three(arr1, arr2, arr3))</pre>	<pre>[2, 4, 6] === Code Execution Successful ===</pre>

14. Sort the Matrix Diagonally

main.py	Save	Run	Output
<pre>1 def diagonal_sort(mat): 2 from collections import defaultdict 3 import heapq 4 n, m = len(mat), len(mat[0]) 5 diagonals = defaultdict(list) 6 for i in range(n): 7 for j in range(m): 8 heapq.heappush(diagonals[i - j], mat[i][j]) 9 for i in range(n): 10 for j in range(m): 11 mat[i][j] = heapq.heappop(diagonals[i - j]) 12 return mat 13 mat = [14 [3, 3, 1, 1], 15 [2, 2, 1, 2], 16 [1, 1, 1, 2] 17] 18 sorted_mat = diagonal_sort(mat) 19 for row in sorted_mat: 20 print(row)</pre>			<pre>[1, 1, 1, 1] [1, 2, 2, 2] [1, 2, 3, 3] === Code Execution Successful ===</pre>