Distributional Semantics meets Multi Label Learning

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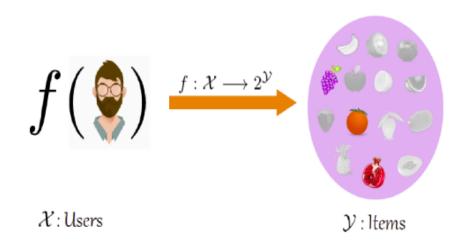




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Extreme Multi-Label Learning

- Learning with millions of labels
- Learning with heavy tail distribution of labels
- Learning with missing labels
- Learning to promote diverse recommendations



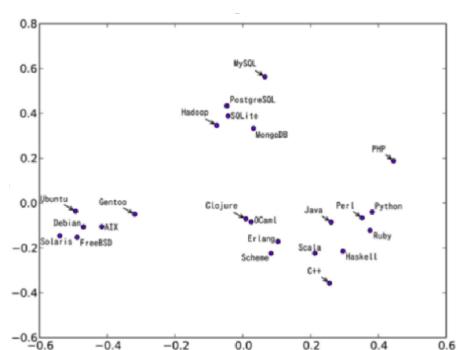
Methods for Extreme Learning

- Tree based : split examples by labels
- Embedding based : embed labels or examples
- One-vs-all: one classifier per label

| Method | Accuracy | Scalable | Predict | Model | Theory |
|-----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | | | Cost | Size | |
| 1-vs-All | © | ② | ② | ② | © |
| Embedding | © | \odot | © | \odot | © |
| Tree | © | \odot | © | (3) | © |

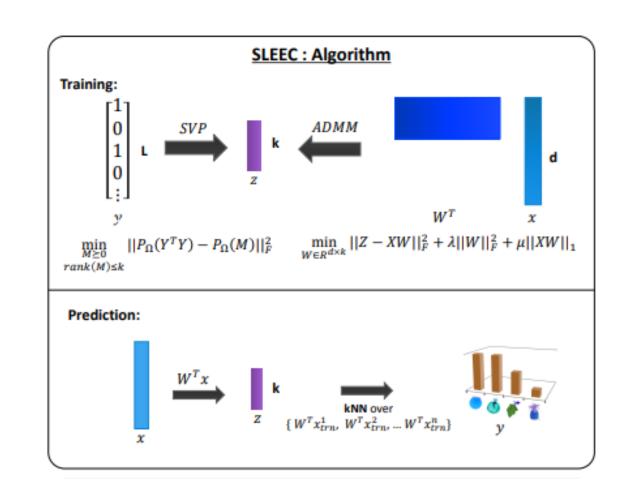
Distributional Semantics

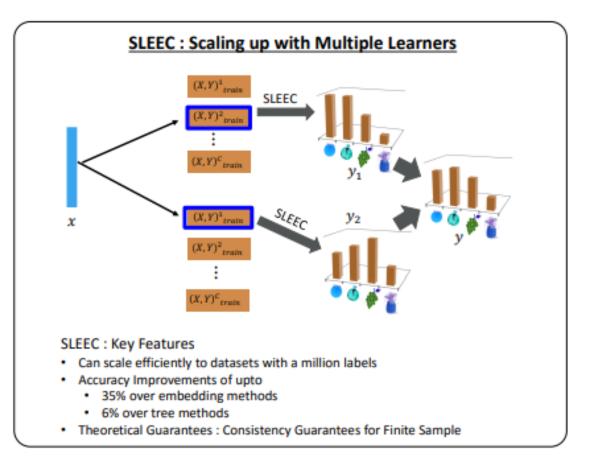
- Each word (w) or sentence (s) is represented using a vector $\vec{v} \in \mathbb{R}^d$
- Semantically similar words or sentences occur closer in the vector space



• Various methods word2vec (SGNS, CBOW) and Doc2vec (PV-DM, PV- DBOW) by Mikolov et al.

SLEEC: Embedding based Algorithm





SGNS meets Label Embedding

- $\mathbb{S}^i = \{j; j \in NN_i\}_{j=1}^K$, here NN_i denote nearest neighbour of y_i
- $K_{ij} = cos(z_i, z_j) = \frac{z_i \cdot z_j}{\|z_i\| \|z_j\|}$, where z_i, z_j label embedding of y_i, y_j
- $z_i = Vx_i$, where $V \in \mathbb{R}^{l \times D}$

Optimization Objective

$$P_i(j \in S^i) = \sigma(\gamma K_{ij})$$

$$\mathbb{J}_i = \sum_{j \in S_i} \log(P_i(j \in S^i)) + \sum_{k \notin S_i}^K \log(P_i(k \notin S^i))$$

$$\mathbb{J}_i = \sum_{j \in S_i} \log(\sigma(\gamma K_{ij})) + \sum_{k \notin S_i}^K \log(\sigma(-\gamma K_{ik}))$$

Optimization by Matrix Factorization

Theorem (levy et. al. 2014): SGNS objective is equivalent to weighted matrix factorization of SPPMI (shifted PMI) matrix

$$PMI_{ij}(M) = log \left(\frac{M_{ij} * |M|}{\sum_{k} M_{(i,k)} * \sum_{k} M_{(k,j)}} \right)$$
$$SPPMI_{ij}(M) = \max(PMI_{ij}(M) - log(k), 0)$$

Here, PMI(M) is point wise mutual information matrix, |M| represent sum of all element in matrix M

ExMLDS Algorithm

- Multi-iter SVP algorithm replaced with single step SVD on SPPMI
- Regression and Prediction algorithm are exactly same to the SLEEC
- ExMLDS is 10x faster than the SLEEC with similar performance

Incorporating Label Correlation

- Learn embedding of labels as well as instances jointly
- Overall Idea: think of labels as individual words, whereas instances as a sentence
- PV-DBoW maximize similarity between embedded sentence and words of the sentence.
- Can incorporate auxiliary label-label correlation information

Joint Learning of Embedding and Regressor

$$\nabla_{V} \mathbb{J}_{i} = \gamma \sum_{j \in S_{i}} \sigma(-\gamma K_{ij}) \nabla_{V} K_{ij} - \gamma \sum_{k \notin S_{i}} \sigma(\gamma K_{ik}) \nabla_{V} K_{ik}$$

$$\nabla_{V} K_{ij} = -ab^{3} c z_{i}(x_{i})^{T} - abc^{3} z_{j}(x_{j})^{T} + bc(z_{i} x_{j}^{T} + z_{j} x_{i}^{T})$$

$$a = z_{i}^{T} z_{j}, b = \frac{1}{\|z_{i}\|}, c = \frac{1}{\|z_{j}\|}$$

Experiments

- We compared our method with several state of art extreme classification algorithms on several datasets
- We used the two most popular metrics Prec@k and nDCG@k for evaluation

Results: ExMLDS1 training time

| Method | Bibtex | Delicious | Eurlex | Media | Delicious |
|---|--------|-----------|--------|-------|-----------|
| | | | | mill | 200K |
| ExMLDS1 | 23 | 259 | 580.9 | 1200 | 1937 |
| ExMLDS2 | 143.19 | 781.94 | 880.64 | 12000 | 13000 |
| $\mathbf{S}_{\mathbf{L}\mathbf{E}\mathbf{C}}$ | 313 | 1351 | 4660 | 8912 | 10000 |

Results: Missing 80% Labels

| | Dataset | Prec@k | ExMLDS3 | SLEEC | LEML | LEML-IMC |
|--------|---------|----------------------|---------|-------|-------|----------|
| Bibtex | | P@1 | 48.51 | 30.5 | 35.98 | 41.23 |
| | P@3 | 28.43 | 14.9 | 21.02 | 25.25 | |
| | P@5 | 20.7 | 9.81 | 15.50 | 18.56 | |
| Eurlex | | P@1 | 60.28 | 51.4 | 26.22 | 39.24 |
| | Eurlex | P@3 | 44.87 | 37.64 | 22.94 | 32.66 |
| | | P@5 | 35.31 | 29.62 | 19.02 | 26.54 |
| rcv1v2 | | P@1 | 81.67 | 41.8 | 64.83 | 73.68 |
| | P@3 | $\boldsymbol{52.82}$ | 17.48 | 42.56 | 48.56 | |
| | P@5 | 37.74 | 10.63 | 31.68 | 34.82 | |
| | | | | | | |

Results: Joint Learning

| Dataset | Prec@k | ExMLDS4 | AnnexML | SLEEC |
|----------------|--------|---------|---------|-------|
| | P@1 | 47.70 | 46.66 | 47.85 |
| Delicious-200K | P@3 | 41.22 | 40.79 | 42.21 |
| | P@5 | 37.98 | 37.64 | 39.43 |
| | P@1 | 62.27 | 63.86 | 58.39 |
| Wikipedia-500K | P@3 | 41.43 | 42.69 | 37.88 |
| | P@5 | 31.42 | 32.37 | 28.21 |
| | P@1 | 41.47 | 42.08 | 35.05 |
| Amazon-670K | P@3 | 36.35 | 36.65 | 31.25 |
| | P@5 | 32.43 | 32.76 | 28.56 |

References

For dataset details refer to Extreme Classification Repository by Manik Varma (https://goo.gl/3LvVa6)