# RAM LAL ANAND COLLEGE

#### **UNIVERSITY OF DELHI**



DEPARTMENT OF COM

**PUTER SCIENCE** 

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# PRACTICAL FILE

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1. Write a Lex program to count the number of lines and characters in the input file.

Write a Lex program to count the number of lines and characters in the input file.

```
/*ques1.l*/
%{
        #include<stdio.h>
        int nlines=0, nchar=0;
%}
%%
[\n] {nlines++;}
. {nchar++;}
%%
int main()
{
        yyin = fopen("ques1.1", "r");
                yylex();
                printf("\nFile contents...\n");
                printf("\n\t%d Line : ", nlines);
                printf("\n\t%d Character : ", nchar);
        return 0;
}
int yywrap()
        return 1;
}
```

OutPut:

```
C:\Flex Windows\Lex\bin>flex ques1.l
C:\Flex Windows\Lex\bin>gcc lex.yy.c -o ques1
C:\Flex Windows\Lex\bin>ques1.exe
File contents...

28 Line :
272 Character :
C:\Flex Windows\Lex\bin>
```

2. Write a Lex program that implements the Caesar cipher: it replaces every letter with the one three letters after in alphabetical order, wrapping around at Z. e.g. a is replaced by d, b by e, and so on z by c.

```
%option noyywrap
%{
          #include<stdio.h>
%}

%%
[A-Wa-w] {printf("%c",yytext[0]+3);}
[X-Zx-z] {printf("%c",yytext[0]-23);}
%%
int main()
{
          yylex();
          return 1;
}
```

```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd. \times + \times - \times \
```

3. Write a Lex program that finds the longest word (defined as a contiguous string of upperand lower-case letters) in the input.

```
yylex();
printf("longest word : %s\n",longest);
return 1;
}
```

```
C:\Flex Windows\Lex\bin>flex ques3.l

C:\Flex Windows\Lex\bin>gcc lex.yy.c -o ques3

C:\Flex Windows\Lex\bin>ques3.exe

Hello

this is a paragraph

and I am searching for the longest word

longest word : paragraph

C:\Flex Windows\Lex\bin>ques3.exe
I am searching for the longest word

longest word : searching

^C

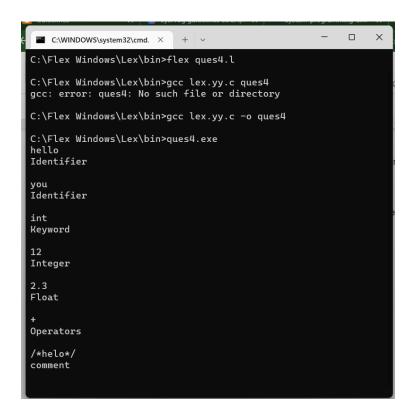
C:\Flex Windows\Lex\bin>
```

Write a Lex program that distinguishes keywords, integers, floats, identifiers, operators, and comments in any simple programming language.

```
%option noyywrap
%{
          #include<stdio.h>
%}

%%
[0-9]* {printf("Integer\n");}
[0-9]+\.[0-9]+ {printf("Float\n");}
int|float|if|else|printf|main|exit|switch {printf("Keyword\n");}
[+|*|/|%|&] {printf("Operators\n");}
"-" {printf("Operators\n");}
"/*".*"*/" {printf("comment\n");}
```

```
[_a-zA-Z][_a-zA-Z0-9]{0,30} {printf("Identifier\n");}
. {printf("Invalid\n");}
%%
int main()
{
         yylex();
         return 1;
}
```



5. Write a Lex program to count the number of identifiers in a C file.

```
([])int|float|char|enum|long|struct|double|void([]) {count++;}
{specialChar}|{digit}|{letter}|([])|\n {spch++;}
%%
int main()
{
        yyin=fopen("sample.cpp","r");
        yylex();
        printf("No of identifiers : %d\n",count);
        return 1;
}
     //sample.cpp
   2 #include <stdio.h>
  4 int main() {
      // Create variables
                                // Integer (whole number)
      int myNum = 5;
     float myFloatNum = 5.99;  // Floating point number
char myLetter = 'D';  // Character
      char myLetter = 'D';
     // Print variables
     printf("%d\n", myNum);
     printf("%f\n", myFloatNum);
printf("%c\n", myLetter);
  14
      return 0;
  15 }
   lue{r} C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd. 	imes
                                     +
  C:\Flex Windows\Lex\bin>flex ques5.l
  C:\Flex Windows\Lex\bin>gcc lex.yy.c -o ques5
  C:\Flex Windows\Lex\bin>ques5.exe
  \\\No of identifiers : 3
  C:\Flex Windows\Lex\bin>
```

6. Write a Lex program to count the number of words, characters, blank spaces, and lines in a C

```
File.
```

```
%option noyywrap
%{
       #include<stdio.h>
       #include<string.h>
       int lines = 0, nchar = 0, nspc = 0, nwrd = 0;
%}
%%
[\n]|[.] {lines++; }
[A-Za-z|0-9]+ {nwrd++;nchar = nchar+strlen(yytext);}
([])|[\t|\r]+ {nspc++;}
. {nchar++;}
%%
int main()
       yyin=fopen("sample.cpp", "r");
               yylex();
               printf("Number of lines : %d\n", lines);
               printf("Number of spaces : %d\n", nwrd);
               printf("Number of words : %d\n", nspc);
               printf("Number of characters : %d\n", nchar);
       return 0;
}
```

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2
3 int main()
4 {
5    int x = 10; // this is a comment.
6    char y = "a";
7    printf("Hello, world\n");
8
9    return 0;
10 }
11 |
```

```
C:\windows\system32\cmd.e... — 

C:\Flex Windows\Lex\bin>q6.exe

Number of lines : 12

Number of spaces : 21

Number of words : 22

Number of characters : 93

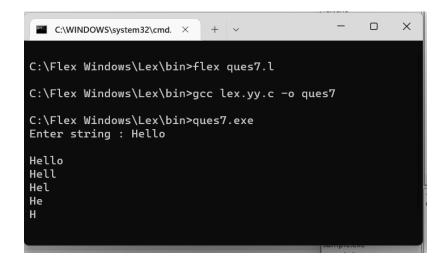
C:\Flex Windows\Lex\bin>
```

abcd

Write a Lex specification program that generates a C program which takes a string "abcd" and prints the following output.

```
abc
ab
а
%option noyywrap
%{
       #include<stdio.h>
%}
%%
[A-Za-z]+ {int len=yyleng;
         int i=len;
         printf("\n");
         while(i \ge 0)
         {
           int j=0;
           while(j<i)
           {
               printf("%c",yytext[j]);
               j++;
           printf("\n");
```

```
i--;
}
%%
int main()
{
    printf("Enter string : ");
    yylex();
    return 0;
}
```



8. A program in Lex to recognize a valid arithmetic expression.

```
%option noyywrap
%{
          #include<strings.h>
          int opcount=0,intcount=0,check=1,top=0, prnt=0;;
%}
%%
['('] {check=0;}
[')'] {check=1;}
[+|*|/|-] {opcount++; prnt=1;}
[0-9]+ {intcount++; prnt=1;}
. {printf("Invalid Input(only digits and +|-|*|/ is valid\n");}
[\n] {
```

```
if(prnt==1)
       {
               if(intcount==opcount+1)
                       if(check==1)
                         printf("\nExpression is CORRECT!\n");
                       else{
                         printf("\n')' bracket missing from expression\n");
               }
               else
                 printf("\nExpression is INCORRECT!\n");
               }
               prnt=0;
               opcount=0;
               intcount=0;
               check=1;
               printf("\nEnter expression : ");
       }
       else
       {
               printf("Please, Enter your Expression or terminate this loop by pressing ctrl+c. ");
               printf("\nEnter expression : ");
       }
}
%%
int main()
{
       printf("Enter expression : ");
       yylex();
       return 0;
}
```

```
X
 C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd. X
                          + ~
C:\Flex Windows\Lex\bin>lex ques8.l
C:\Flex Windows\Lex\bin>gcc lex.yy.c -o ques8
C:\Flex Windows\Lex\bin>ques8.exe
Enter expression: 1+2-3*4/5
Expression is CORRECT!
Enter expression: 1-2-
Expression is INCORRECT!
Enter expression : 1=2
Invalid Input(only digits and +|-|*|/ is valid
Expression is INCORRECT!
Enter expression :
Please, Enter your Expression or terminate this loop by pressing ct
rl+c.
Enter expression: (1-2
')' bracket missing from expression
Enter expression :
C:\Flex Windows\Lex\bin>
```

9. Write a YACC program to find the validity of a given expression (for operators + - \* and /)

yacc1.|
%option noyywrap
%{
 #include<stdio.h>
 #include<stdlib.h>
 #include "yacc1.tab.h"
%}

```
%%
[\t]+;
[0-9]+ { printf("\n %s is a valid number \n", yytext);
        return NUM;}
[a-z_]+[a-z_0-9]* {printf("\n%s is a valid variable\n", yytext);
        return VAR;}
[+] {printf("\n %s is a valid operator\n",yytext);
        return "+";}
[-] {printf("\n %s is a valid operator\n",yytext);
        return "-";}
[/] {printf("\n %s is a valid operator\n",yytext);
        return "/";}
[*] {printf("\n %s is a valid operator\n",yytext);
        return "*";}
\n {return NL;}
. {return yytext[0];}
%%
yacc1.y
%{
        #include "yacc1.tab.h"
%}
%token NUM VAR NL
%%
       #include<stdio.h>
       #include<stdlib.h>
%left '+' '-' '*' '/';
S: S1 NL {print("\nValid Expression\n");return 0;}
S1: S1 '+' S1|S1 '-' S1|S1 '/' S1|S1 '*' S1| '(' S1 ')'| VAR | NUM |;
%%
int main(){
        printf("\nEnter an Expression: ");
        yyparse();
        return 0;
```

```
}
int yywrap(){}
int yyerror(){
      printf("\nInvalid Expression\n");
      exit(1);
}
D:\Flex Windows\Bison\bin>bison -d yaac1.y
D:\Flex Windows\Bison\bin>flex yaac1.l
D:\Flex Windows\Bison\bin>gcc lex.yy.c yaac1.tab.c
D:\Flex Windows\Bison\bin>a.exe
Enter an Expression :: (6-5)*8
 6 is a valid number
 - is a valid operator
 5 is a valid number
 * is a valid operator
 8 is a valid number
Valid Expression
D:\Flex Windows\Bison\bin>a.exe
Enter an Expression :: (4-8
 4 is a valid number
 - is a valid operator
 8 is a valid number
Invalid Expression
D:\Flex Windows\Bison\bin>
```

10. A Program in YACC which recognizes a valid variable which starts with letter followed by a digit. The letter should be in lowercase only.

#### yacc2.I

```
%option noyywrap
%{
    #include <stdio.h>
    #include <stdlib.h>
    #include "yacc2.tab.h"
%}

%%

[a-z] { return L; }
[0-9] { return D; }
[ \t\n]+ { ; }
.{ return yytext[0]; }
%%
```

#### yacc2.y

```
%{
       #include <stdio.h>
       #include <stdlib.h>
       #include "yacc2.tab.h"
%}
%token D L
S:LD{printf("VALID IDENTIFIER\n");}
%%
int main()
{
       printf("\n Enter identifier\n");
       yyparse();
       return 0;
int yywrap(){}
int yyerror(){
       tf("\nInvalid Identifier\n");
```

```
exit(1);

D:\Flex Windows\Bison\bin>bison -d yacc2.y

D:\Flex Windows\Bison\bin>flex yacc2.l

D:\Flex Windows\Bison\bin>gcc lex.yy.c yacc2.tab.c

D:\Flex Windows\Bison\bin>a.exe

Enter identifier

n9

VALID IDENTIFIER
6u

Invalid Identifier

D:\Flex Windows\Bison\bin>
```

11. A Program in YACC to evaluate an expression (simple calculator program for addition and subtraction, multiplication, division).

#### yaac3.l file

```
%{
    #include <stdio.h>
    #include <stdlib.h>
    #include "yaac3.tab.h"

    int yylval;
%}
%%

[0-9]+ { yylval = atoi(yytext); return NUM;}
[\t]+;
\n {return 0;}
. {return yytext[0];}
```

#### yaac3.y file

```
%{
        #include <stdio.h>
        #include <stdlib.h>
        #include "yaac3.tab.h"
%}
%token NUM
%left '+' '-'
%left '/' '*'
%left '(' ')'
%%
expr: e { printf("Result is :: %d\n",$$); return 0;}
        e'+'e{\$\$ = \$1+\$3;}
        |e '-' e{$$ = $1-$3;}
        |e'''| e = $1*$3;}
        |e '/' e {
                if($3==0){
                        printf("\nDivision By Zero\n");
                        printf("Result is :: Undefined");
                        return 0; }
                else \{\$\$ = \$1/\$3;\}
        |'(' e ')'{$$ = $2;}
        |NUM {$$ = $1;}
%%
int main(){
        printf("\nEnter the arithmetic expression ::");
        yyparse();
        printf("\nValid Expression\n");
        return 0;
}
int yywrap(){ return 0; }
int yyerror(){ printf("\nInvalid Expression\n"); exit(1);}
```

```
D:\Flex Windows\Bison\bin>bison -d yaac3.y
D:\Flex Windows\Bison\bin>flex yaac3.l
D:\Flex Windows\Bison\bin>gcc lex.yy.c yaac3.tab.c
D:\Flex Windows\Bison\bin>a.exe
Enter the arithmetic expression ::5+6
Result is :: 11
Valid Expression
D:\Flex Windows\Bison\bin>a.exe
Enter the arithmetic expression ::6-1
Result is :: 5
Valid Expression
D:\Flex Windows\Bison\bin>a.exe
Enter the arithmetic expression ::2*3
Result is :: 6
Valid Expression
D:\Flex Windows\Bison\bin>a.exe
Enter the arithmetic expression ::4/2
Result is :: 2
Valid Expression
D:\Flex Windows\Bison\bin>a.exe
Enter the arithmetic expression ::4/0
Division By Zero
Result is :: Undefined
```

12. Program in YACC to recognize the strings "ab", "aaabbb",... of the language  $(a^nb^n, n>=1)$ .

#### yacc4.l file

```
%option noyywrap
%{
       #include <stdio.h>
       #include <stdlib.h>
       #include "yacc4.tab.h"
%}
%%
       [a] { return A; }
       [b] { return B; }
       [ |\n|\t] { return yytext[0]; }
       . { return yytext[0]; }
%%
yacc4.y file
%{
       #include <stdio.h>
       #include <stdlib.h>
       #include "yacc4.tab.h"
%}
%token A B
%%
S: E '\n' { printf("VALID STRING\n"); exit(0); };
       AEB
       | A B ;
%%
int main(){
       printf("\nEnter the string :: ");
       yyparse();
       return 0;
}
```

```
yywrap(){}
yyerror(){ printf("\nInvalid String")
```

```
D:\Flex Windows\Bison\bin>bison -d yacc4.y

D:\Flex Windows\Bison\bin>flex yacc4.1

D:\Flex Windows\Bison\bin>gcc lex.yy.c yacc4.tab.c

D:\Flex Windows\Bison\bin>a.exe

Enter the string :: aabb
VALID STRING

D:\Flex Windows\Bison\bin>a.exe

Enter the string :: aaab

Invalid String
D:\Flex Windows\Bison\bin>
```

13. Program in YACC to recognize the language (a<sup>n</sup>b, n>=10). (Output to say input is valid or not)

#### yaac5.I file

```
%{
    #include <stdio.h>
    #include <stdlib.h>
    #include "yaac5.tab.h"

%}

%%

[a] {return A;}
[b] {return B;}
\n {return NL;}
. {return yytext[0];}
```

#### yaac5.y file

```
%{
       #include <stdio.h>
       #include <stdlib.h>
       #include "yaac5.tab.h"
%}
%token A B NL
%%
S:
       AAAAAAAAAS1 B NL
       { printf("\nValid String \n"); return 0;}
S1:
       AS1
       |;
%%
int main(){
       printf("\nEnter a String :: ");
       yyparse();
}
yywrap(){}
yyerror(){ printf("\nInvalid String\n"); return 0;}
```

```
D:\Flex Windows\Bison\bin>bison -d yaac5.y

D:\Flex Windows\Bison\bin>flex yaac5.l

D:\Flex Windows\Bison\bin>gcc lex.yy.c yaac5.tab.c

D:\Flex Windows\Bison\bin>a.exe

Enter a String :: aaaaaaaaaaab

Valid String

D:\Flex Windows\Bison\bin>a.exe

Enter a String :: aaaab

Invalid String

D:\Flex Windows\Bison\bin>a.exe
```