



GONO BISHWABIDYALAY
A UNIVERSITY WITH A DIFFERENCE

Submitted To:

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Course NO: CSE1106

Course Title: Environmental Science

1. Explain the types of natural resources?

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Ans:- The natural resources are naturally occurring materials that are useful to man or could be useful under conceivable technological, economic or social circumstances or supplies drawn from the earth supplies such as food, building and clothing materials, fertilizers, metals, water, and geothermal power.

There are two types of natural resources;

1. Renewable :- resources that are available in infinite quantity and can be used repeatedly are called renewable resources. Example : Forest, wind, water etc.

2. Non-Renewable :- Resources that are limited in abundance due to their non-renewable nature and whose availability may run out in the future are called non-renewable resources. Example: fossil fuels, minerals etc.

The most important natural resources are;

1. Air - Clean air is important for all the plants, animals, humans to survive on this planet. So it is necessary to take measures to reduce air pollution.

2. Water - 70% of the Earth is covered in water and only 2% of that is freshwater. Initiative to educate and regulate the use of water should be taken.

3. Soil — Soil is composed of various particles and nutrients. It helps plants to grow.

4. Iron — It is so made from silica and is used to build strong weapon transportation and buildings.

5. Forest — As the population increases the demand for housing and construction project also increases. forest provide clean air and preserve the ecology of the world.

Types of Natural Resources

Vegetation

Animals

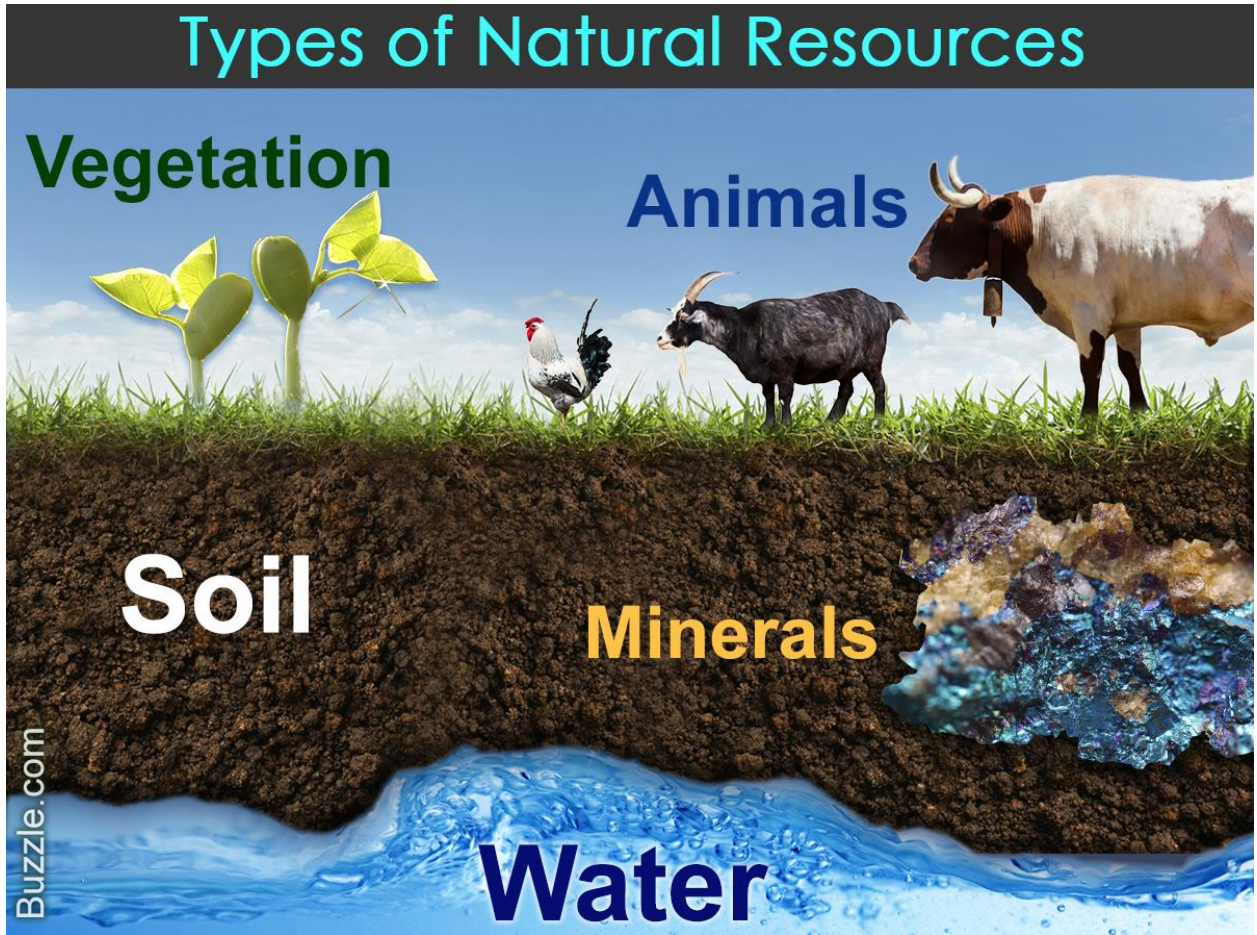
Soil

Minerals

Water

Buzzle.com

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2. Effect of soil pollution?

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Ans:— The soil the skin of the earth, a mantle full of scars, thousand-year-old wrinkles and more recent injuries caused both by man and nature itself. the invisible affection appears when the concentration of pollutants on the surface becomes so high that it harms land biodiversity and endangers health, particularly through food.

Soil pollution is a global threat that is particularly serious in regions like Europe-Eurasia, Asia and North Africa, as indicated by the food and Agricultural Organization of the United Nations.

types of soil pollution:

1. Specific pollution :- accounted for by particular causes, occurring in small areas the reasons for which can be easily identified. Land pollution such as this is normally found in cities, old factory sites around Roadway etc.

2. Widespread pollution: covers extensive areas and has several causes the reasons for which are difficult to identify.