Take-Home Exam CUDA_CONVOLUTION

Parallel Programming & Architectures

Consideration

- ✓ Your code is automatically graded using a script, and therefore, if your file/folder names are wrong you will receive a grade of **zero**. Please read and follow the instructions carefully. Common mistakes include
 - o Different file or folder names
 - o Different formatting of input or output
 - Not paying attention to case sensitiveness of C++ and Linux
- ✓ Go to the folder ~/the/cuda_convolution/ in your home directory on the server and put your codes in this directory and remove any compiled binaries and test cases.
- ✓ Make sure your code compiles and runs without any error on the server. Your grade will be zero if any compile or runtime error occurs on the server. Any!
- ✓ The provided test cases, examples and sample codes (if any) are only to better describe the question. They are **not** meant for debugging or grading. It is your responsibility to think of and generate larger and more complex test cases (if necessary) in order to make sure your software works correctly for all possible scenarios.
- ✓ Start early and don't leave everything to the last minute. Software debugging needs focus and normally takes time.
- ✓ Just leave your final programs on the server. **Don't** email anything!
- ✓ Your grade is divided into several parts. In all cases, if you miss **correctness** (i.e. your code doesn't satisfy desired functionality), you miss other parts (e.g. speed, coding style, etc.) too. This rule is applied separately for each section of a take-home exam. So for example, in cuda_convolution, your code might not be correct for M >= x but still you willget your grade for lower M values.
- ✓ Talking to your friends and classmates about this take-home exam and sharing ideas are *OK*. Searching the Internet, books and other sources for any code is also *OK*. However, copying another code is **not OK** and will be automatically detected using a similarity check software. In such a case, grades of the copied parts are **multiplied by** -0.5. Your work must be 100% done only by yourself, and you **should not** share parts of your code with others or use parts of other's codes. Online resources and solutions from previous years are part of the database which is used by the similarity check software.

convolution.cu - Two Dimensional Convolution

Grade: 30% correctness, 70% speed

A and B are 'float' vectors that represent a two-dimensional signal of size N^2 , where $N = 2^M$. We would like to calculate C = A * B.

Parameter M should be a command line argument to the main() function. Your program must work correctly for any value $7 \le M \le 9$. Note that larger arrays, for example M=14,may not fit into the GPU global memory. Your program must fill A and B with random float values between -8.0f and +8.0f using srand() and rand() functions.

The two-dimensional discrete convolution operation is a fundamental operation in signal processing and image processing. It is often used to filter and analyze signals or images. The formula for 2D discrete convolution between two signals or images f and g is given by:

$$(f * g)[m,n] = i = \sum_{i=-\infty}^{+\infty} \sum_{j=-\infty}^{+\infty} f[i,j] \cdot g[m-i,n-j]$$

Check correctness of your calculations by comparing the final values from GPU with results given by a serial matrix multiply function executed in CPU. Note that in order to reduce the time of CPU calculations, the CPU function only calculates some elements of vector C when $M \geq 8$. So the CPU time is not valid for these values of M. Refer to the provided convolution_main.cu file for the details.

Use the provided gpuerrors.h, *gputimer.h*, *convolution_main.cu*, *convolution.h* and *convolution.cu* files to start yourwork. Only modify *convolution.cu*. Check the speed of your calculations as shown in the provided *bmm_main.cu* file.

Compile: nvcc -O2 convolution_main.cu convolution.cu -o convolution

Execute: $\sqrt{convolution} M$ Note that N is equal to 2^{M} .