

$$1. f(t) = e^{2t} \sinh 3t$$

$$\mathcal{L} e^{2t} \sinh 3t = F(s-2)$$

$$F(s) = \mathcal{L} \sinh 3t$$

$$= \frac{3}{s^2 - 3^2}$$

$$= \frac{3}{s^2 - 9}$$

$$\mathcal{L} e^{2t} \sinh 3t = \frac{3}{(s-2)^2 - 9}$$

$$2. f(t) = e^{-t} \sinh 4t$$

$$\mathcal{L} e^{-t} \sinh 4t = F(s+1)$$

$$F(s) = \int \sinh 4t$$

$$= \frac{4}{s^2 - 4^2}$$

$$= \frac{4}{s^2 - 16}$$

$$\int e^{-t} \sinh 4t = \frac{4}{(s+1)^2 - 16}$$

$$3. f(t) = e^{2t} \cos 3t$$

$$\int e^{2t} \cos 3t = F(s-2)$$

$$F(s) = \int \cos 3t$$

$$= \frac{s}{s^2 + 3^2}$$

$$= \frac{s}{s^2 + 9}$$

$$\int e^{2t} \cos 3t = \frac{(s-2)}{(s-2)^2 + 9}$$

4. $f(t) = t^{10} e^{-7t}$

$$\int t^{10} e^{-7t} = F(s+7)$$

~~$$\int t^{10} e^{-7t}$$~~
$$F(s) = \int t^{10}$$

$$= \frac{10!}{s^{10+1}}$$

$$= \frac{10!}{s^{11}}$$

$$\int t^{10} e^{-7t} = \frac{10!}{(s+7)^{11}}$$

$$5 \quad f(t) = e^{5t} \cosh 6t$$

$$\int e^{5t} \cosh 6t = F(s-5)$$

$$F(s) = \int \cosh 6t$$

$$= \frac{s}{s^2 - 36}$$

$$= \frac{s}{s^2 - 36}$$

$$\int e^{5t} \cosh 6t = \frac{(s-5)}{(s-5)^2 - 36}$$

$$1. f(t) = t \sin 2t$$

$$\int t \sin 2t = (-1)^1 \frac{d}{ds} [F(s)]$$

$$= -\frac{d}{ds} \left[\int \sin 2t \right]$$

$$= -\frac{d}{ds} \left[\frac{2}{s^2 + 2^2} \right]$$

$$= -\frac{d}{ds} \left(\frac{2}{s^2 + 4} \right)$$

$$= - \frac{(s^2 + 4) \frac{d}{ds} (2) - 2 \cdot \frac{d}{ds} (s^2 + 4)}{(s^2 + 4)^2}$$

$$= \frac{2 \cdot 2s}{(s^2 + 4)^2}$$

$$= \frac{4s}{(s^2 + 4)^2}$$

$$2. f(t) = t \cos bt$$

$$\int t \cos bt = (-1)^1 \frac{d}{ds} [F(s)]$$

$$= (-1) \cdot \frac{d}{ds} \left[\int \cos bt \right]$$

$$= - \frac{d}{ds} \left(\frac{s}{s^2 + b^2} \right)$$

$$= - \frac{(s^2 + b^2) \frac{d}{ds}(s) - s \cdot \frac{d}{ds}(s^2 + b^2)}{(s^2 + b^2)^2}$$

$$= - \frac{(s^2 + b^2) - s \cdot 2s}{s^2 + b^2}$$

$$= - \left(\frac{s^2 + b^2 - 2s^2}{s^2 + b^2} \right)$$

$$= - \left(\frac{b^2 - s^2}{s^2 + b^2} \right)$$

$$3. f(t) = t^2 e^{-4t}$$

$$\int t^2 e^{-4t} = (-1)^2 \cdot \frac{d^2}{ds^2} [F(s)]$$

$$= \frac{d^2}{ds^2} [\int e^{-4t}]$$

$$= \frac{d^2}{ds^2} \left(\frac{1}{s+4} \right)$$

$$= \frac{d}{ds} \left(\frac{(s+4) \frac{d}{ds}(1) - 1 \cdot \frac{d}{ds}(s+4)}{(s+4)^2} \right)$$

$$= \frac{d}{ds} \frac{-1}{(s+4)^2}$$

$$= (-1)(-2)(s+4)^{-3}$$

$$\cancel{2} \frac{\cancel{2}}{(s+4)^3} = \frac{2}{(s+4)^3}$$

$$4. f(t) = t \sinh 3t$$

$$\int t \sinh 3t = (-1)^1 \frac{d}{ds} [F(s)]$$

$$= - \frac{d}{ds} \left[\int \sinh 3t \right]$$

$$= - \frac{d}{ds} \left(\frac{3}{s^2 - 9} \right)$$

$$= - \frac{(s^2 - 9) \frac{d}{ds} (3) - 3 \cdot \frac{d}{ds} (s^2 - 9)}{(s^2 - 9)^2}$$

$$= - \frac{\cancel{s^2 - 9} - 3 \cdot 2s}{(s^2 - 9)^2}$$

$$= \frac{6s}{(s^2 - 9)^2}$$

$$5. f(t) = t \cosh 2t$$

$$\int t \cosh 2t = (-1)^1 \frac{d}{ds} [F(s)]$$

$$= - \frac{d}{ds} [\int \cosh 2t]$$

$$= - \frac{d}{ds} \left(\frac{s}{s^2 - 2^2} \right)$$

$$= - \frac{d}{ds} \left(\frac{s}{s^2 - 4} \right)$$

$$= - \frac{(s^2 - 4) \frac{d}{ds}(s) - s \cdot \frac{d}{ds}(s^2 - 4)}{(s^2 - 4)^2}$$

$$= - \frac{s^2 - 4 - 2s^2}{(s^2 - 4)^2}$$

$$= - \frac{-4 - s^2}{(s^2 - 4)^2}$$

$$= - \frac{-(s^2 + 4)}{(s^2 - 4)^2} = \frac{s^2 + 4}{(s^2 - 4)^2}$$