

CSE461 Software Lab 2 Report

Lab Number: Software Lab 2

Title: ROS Packages and Topics

Group Number: 4

Section: 4

Group Members:

1. Anika Ahmed, ID: 21101029

2. Nafis Chowdhury, ID: 21101034

3. Moinul Haque, ID: 21101186

4. Yeamin Hossain Shihab, ID: 21101174

5. Mirza Fahad Bin Kamal, ID: 20101399

1. Description:

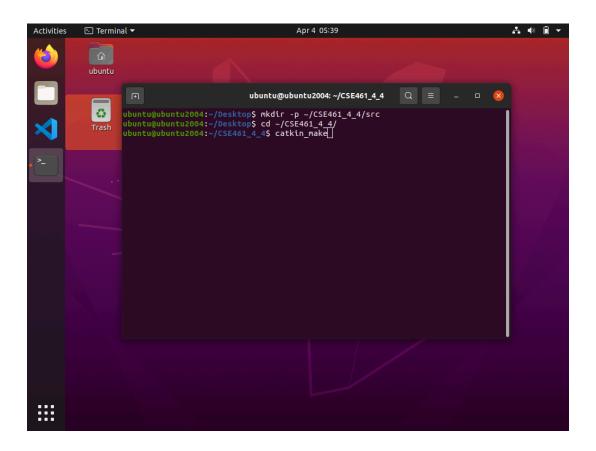
This lab report's focus is to investigate the concept of workspace, packages, and nodes. So in this lab, our prime focus was to understand the transmission of information from publisher to subscriber. And for the lab report, our task was to create a workspace and package for the husky driver. We would control the husky driver with the Python script in follow_path.py. We created the workspace and packages as taught to us in our labs. In order to control the husky driver easily we made some changes in the code. When we execute the script and run the code, we are prompted to enter speed, distance, isForward, and angle. We have to enter specific values of speed based on scenarios. Absolute values of speed is assigned to vel_msg.linear.x. So in this way, we will control the direction of the husky driver in the x-direction. We have to input either True for isForward to represent it will move forward or False to indicate it will move backward. It is done by assigning positive values of absolute speed in vel_msg.linear.x if we want to move forward and negative values of absolute speed in vel_msg.linear.x if we want to move backward. We can enter the turn we want by inputting the radian value when prompted for an angle. The value is assigned to vel_msg.angular.z if we want to turn the husky. However, if we do not want to turn the husky we will enter value 0 to ensure it. The distance variable will take the distance value we enter and convert it to float. A loop will run until the rospy is shut down, and inside the loop, we will take the present time using rospy. Time.now().to_sec() function and store it in a variable and also current_distance is also initialized to 0. Inside there is another loop that will execute until current_distance is less than the distance we entered. Inside the loop, we will publish the vel_msg to the husky driver so that it moves according to the way we want. Inside the loop, in another variable, we take the present time using rospy.Time.now().to_sec() and calculate the time interval and then multiply by speed to update current_distance. As the loop ends, vel_msg.linear.x is set to 0 to stop the robot and publish vel_msg to stop the husky driver. Therefore, in this lab, with the input we give in each scenario, we are able to control the movement of the robot and move its place from source to destination. We have added a text file containing the video link of controlling the husky driver and moving it to goal position.

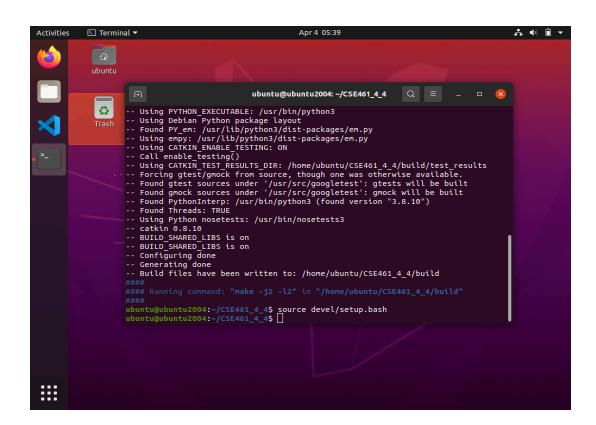
2. Creating Workspace:

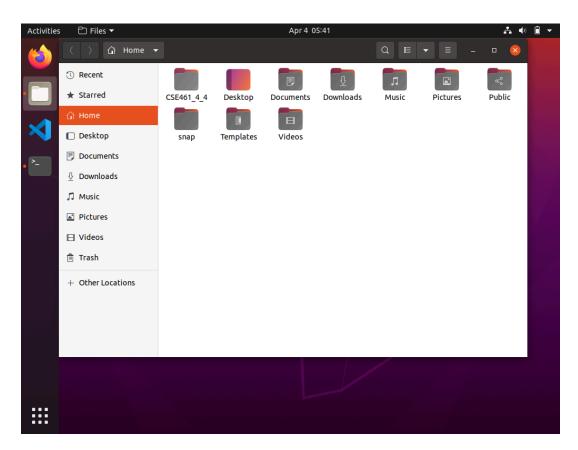
Commands to create workspace:

- mkdir -p ~/CSE461_4_4/src
- cd ~/CSE461_4_4/
- catkin_make
- source devel/setup.bash

We kept our workspace in the user home directory.



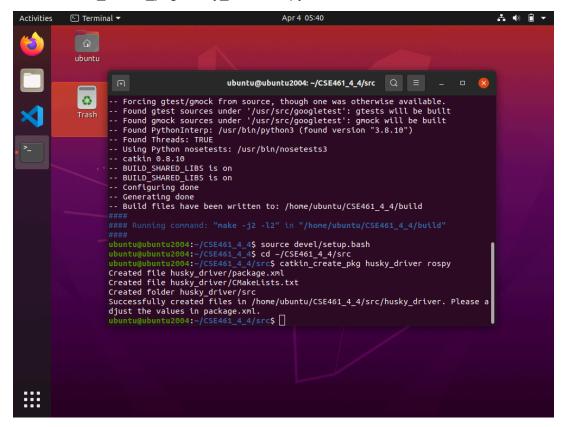


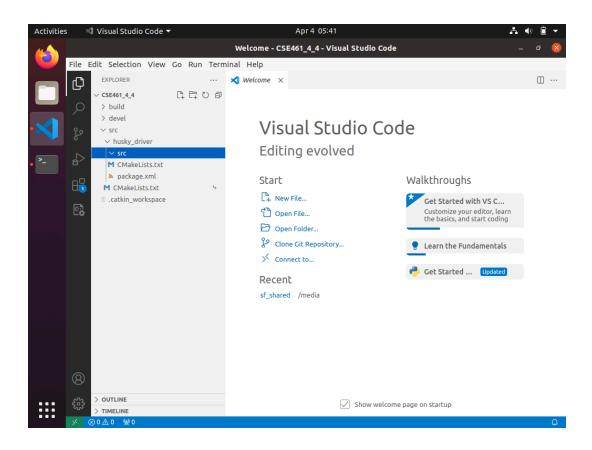


3. Creating package husky_driver

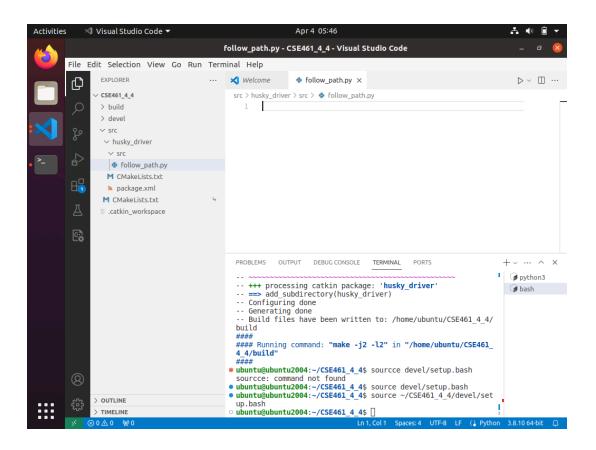
Command to create package:

catkin_create_pkg husky_driver rospy





4. Creating node follow_path.py



5. Modified Code:

#!/usr/bin/python3

We modified the existing code a little. We introduced a variable named angle which will take input from the user on how much to rotate. The value of the angle is assigned to vel_msg.angular.z. So in this way, we can control how much to rotate instead of changing the code every time we want to take a turn

```
import rospy
from geometry_msgs.msg import Twist
def move():

    rospy.init_node('follow_path', anonymous=True)
    velocity_publisher = rospy.Publisher('/husky_velocity_controller/cmd_vel',
    Twist, queue_size=10)
```

```
vel_msg = Twist()
print("Let's move your robot")
speed = input("Input your speed:")
distance = input("Type your distance:")
isForward = input("Foward?: ")
angle = input("Type your angle:")
speed = float(speed)
distance = float(distance)
angle = float(angle)
if(isForward):
  vel_msg.linear.x = abs(speed)
else:
  vel_msg.linear.x = -abs(speed)
vel_msg.linear.y = 0
vel_msg.linear.z = 0
vel_msg.angular.x = 0
vel_msg.angular.y = 0
vel_msg.angular.z = angle
while not rospy.is_shutdown():
  t0 = rospy.Time.now().to_sec()
  current_distance = 0
  while(current_distance < distance):</pre>
    velocity_publisher.publish(vel_msg)
    t1 = rospy.Time.now().to_sec()
    current_distance = speed*(t1-t0)
```

```
vel_msg.linear.x = 0

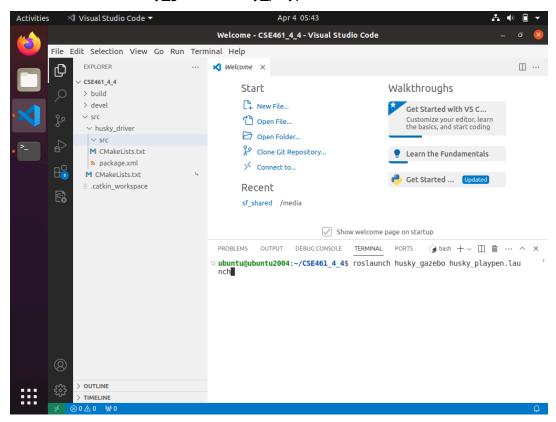
velocity_publisher.publish(vel_msg)

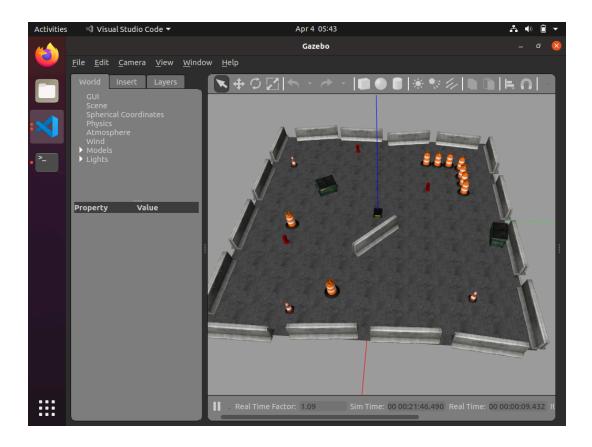
if __name__ == '__main__':
    try: move()
    except rospy.ROSInterruptException: pass
```

6. Launching Husky node:

Command:

roslaunch husky_gazebo husky_playpen.launch





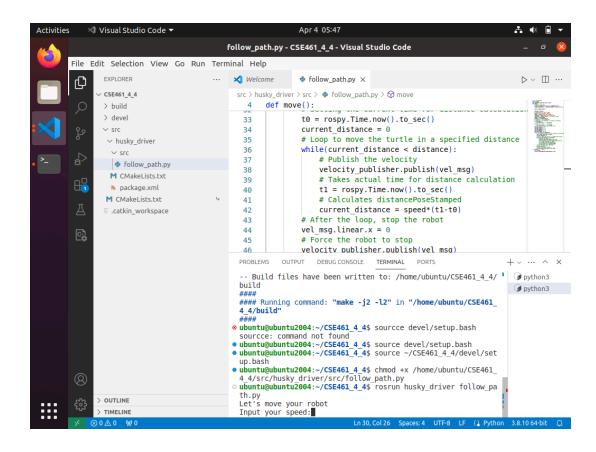
7. Making the python script executable:

After modifying the package, we will build workspace again

- cd ~/CSE461_4_4/
- catkin_make
- source devel/setup.bash
- source ~/CSE461_4_4/devel/setup.bash

Executing the python script

- chmod +x /home/ubuntu/CSE461_4_4/src/husky_driver/src/follow_path.py
- rosrun husky_driver follow_path.py



We have added a text file containing the video link of controlling the husky driver and moving it to goal position.

The video can also be accessed via this link also: video link