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#### Pre-Lab:

1. Our TASC has the information that a scientist has gone crazy and was planning a gas leakage in Delhi. We do not know the exact location where he was planning to do this attack. When Srikanth Tiwari tried to catch him, The Scientist tried to kill himself and has gone into coma in this process. Now no one knows the location of the attack except he has kept all the information in a file in his private server, but it is encoded using Huffman coding. So, help NIA decode the information. Given the root of the graph and the encoded information write a function to decode it. The function will have input parameters of root node and encoded string.

Input

Encoded String-1001011

Output

**ABACA** 

AR AC A

### In-Lab:

You are a Human resource manager working in a Startup. You are tasked with to utilize the best of the working professionals to get the maximum profit for different jobs of a Project.

An array of jobs is given where every job has a deadline and associated profit if the job is finished before the deadline. It is also given that every job takes single unit of time, so the minimum possible deadline for any job is 1. How to maximize total profit if only one job can be scheduled at a time.

```
Write a code for the following problem.
Input
7
abcdefg
3442312
35 30 25 20 15 12 5
Output
110
dcab
      det print Jobsequencing (arr, 1):
                n=len (arr)
              for i in range (n):
                    for i in range (n-1-i):
               & (arr (3) (i) < arr (3+1) (2)):
                     arr[j], arr[j+i] = arr[j+i], arr[j])
   result = [false] a t
     Job = [1] + t
     for ? in range [len (arr)):
         tor j in vange (min (i-1, arr[i][i]-1, -1, -i)
               of (verult []] is false):
                       result [1] = True
                         Job [i] = arrCi][0]
                            break
       print (job)
  arr=[[1/,3,35],[1/2,4,30],[1/3,4,85],[1/4/, 2,20],
             [135, 3,15], [136, 1, 12], [134, 2,5])
```

print Job sequencing (aur, 3)

1/P1.7 abcdef 9 3442312 1330252015125

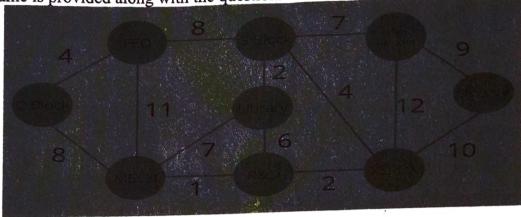
0/p.

### 19CS3113S ANALYSIS & DESIGN OF ALGORITHMS

2) Surya is a student at KL University, He is currently standing in the C-Block. He has 8 friends who are situated at different Blocks (Places) inside the university and he wishes to talk to each of them in person. The distances are represented on the undirected graph which is provided below. He wishes to take the shortest distance for each place from his location. Help him in meeting every one of his friends by developing a program that can determine the shortest distance between the C-Block and every other place on the graph. Remember that the path is not required.

Hint: Use Dijkstra's algorithm to calculate the distances between the C-Block and every other place

Output for the same is provided along with the question.



Distance from Source
0
4
12
19
21
11
9
8
14

import sys.

class graph ():

def \_\_init\_- (self, verticus):

self. v = verticus

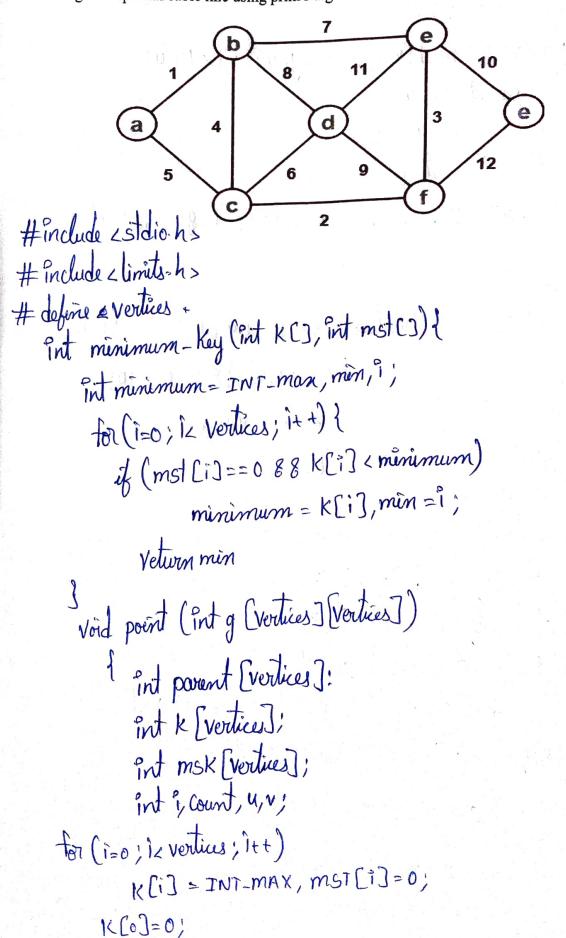
self graph = [ co for coloumn in range (verticus)]

for vou in vange (verticus)]

def print solution (self, dist): print (verten Distance trom source) tor (node in range (self, v): print (node, "-1", dist (node]) def min Distance (self, dist, sptset): min = Sys. mon size for v in varige (self, v): of dot [v] 2 min & spset[v] == false min = dist [u] min. Index = V return min-index. def diskrit (self, src); distance = [sys mansize] = self. v dist [src]=0 Spset = [false] => self.v.

#### Post-Lab:

1. Mr. Tripathiis a network cable operator. He now shifted to a new city where he needs to work on designing the cable lines to each street/colony. Given the graph and each node represents a street, help him to design an optimal cable line using prim's algorithm. Write a program to solve this.

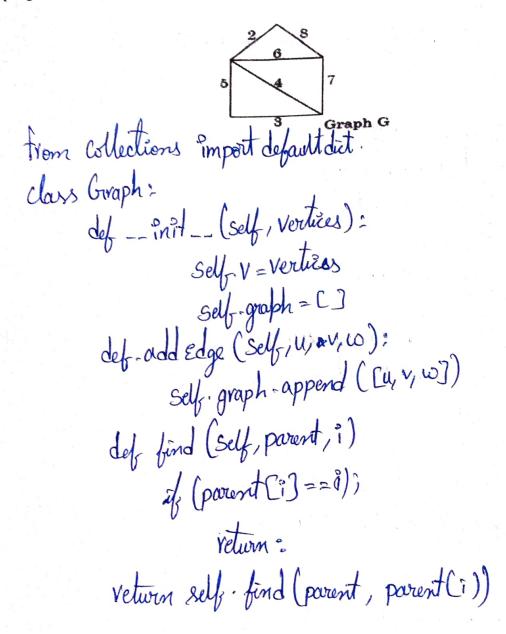


posent [0] = -1; to (count = 0; countervolues -1; count++) { V = minimum-Key (k, mst); mst [v]=1; for (1=0, 12 voities; 1++) of (g(u)[v] 88 mst [v]==08 8 g[u][v] 2 k(u]) parent [v] = 4, KCV]=gCuJCV]; to (1=1; 92 voities; 1++) print ("xdxdxd/n", povent[i], i, g[i], povent[i]); Void main () } int g [vertices] (vertices] = { 4 3,2,1,9,0}, 45,4,2,19,4}, {0,4,10,9}, {8,10,0,2,10}, 21,0,8,11,103, print(g)! def union (Self, parent, vanhing, x, y): x voot = relf find (pount, x) y voot = self. find (povent, y) of rank [x voot] 2 rank [y voot]: parent [x voot] = +ont [x voot] = - 4 root Elif Vank [x root] > rank [r root]; parent [4 rod] = x rost pount [Yvot] = x root Yank [x voot] +=1

```
def Kruska Lmst (self):
             result=[]
   Self graph = sorted (self-graph, Key = lambda item: item (i))
parent=[]
vank=[]
 for node; in vange (self. v):
              rank-append (o)
    white ezself. V-1:
          V, V, w = self-graph (1)
           X=self find (parent, 411)
           y= Self find (parent, V)
          If X!= 4
          result append ([u,v,w])
        self union (parent, vank, x, y)
         g= Graph (s)
         g-add Edge (0,1,2)
         g. add Edge (0,2,6)
         q-add Edge (0,3,4)
         g.add Edge (0,4,5)
         g. add Edge (1,2,2)
          gradd Edge (2,3,7)
          grad Edge ("
          g. Kruskalmst ()
```

# 19CS3113S ANALYSIS & DESIGN OF ALGORITHMS

2. Mr. Tripathi done with designing the cable lines but now there comes a new task, that is working on street lines. Help him again to find weight of the graph using Kruskal algorithm. Write a program to solve this.



(For Evaluator's use only)

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# **Evaluator's Observation**

Marks Secured: \_\_\_\_out of \_\_\_\_

Full Name of the Evaluator:

Signature of the Evaluator Date of Evaluation: