

## FPGA Developer Assignment

### Message Decoder

Exchanges disseminate data in a protocol specific to them. A sample exchange protocol is defined below:

MESSAGE COUNT	MSG LENGTH <sub>1</sub>	MSG <sub>1</sub>	MSG LENGTH <sub>2</sub>	MSG <sub>2</sub>	.....
------------------	----------------------------	------------------	----------------------------	------------------	-------

.....	MSG LENGTH <sub>N</sub>	MSG <sub>N</sub>
-------	----------------------------	------------------

Field	Length (bytes)	Description
Message count	2	Number of message in the payload
Msg Length	2	Length of the following message
Msg	Variable	Message description

The FPGA receives data in this format from the exchange. **The objective of this assignment is to design and implement a module that extracts messages from this stream and outputs it in the interface defined.**

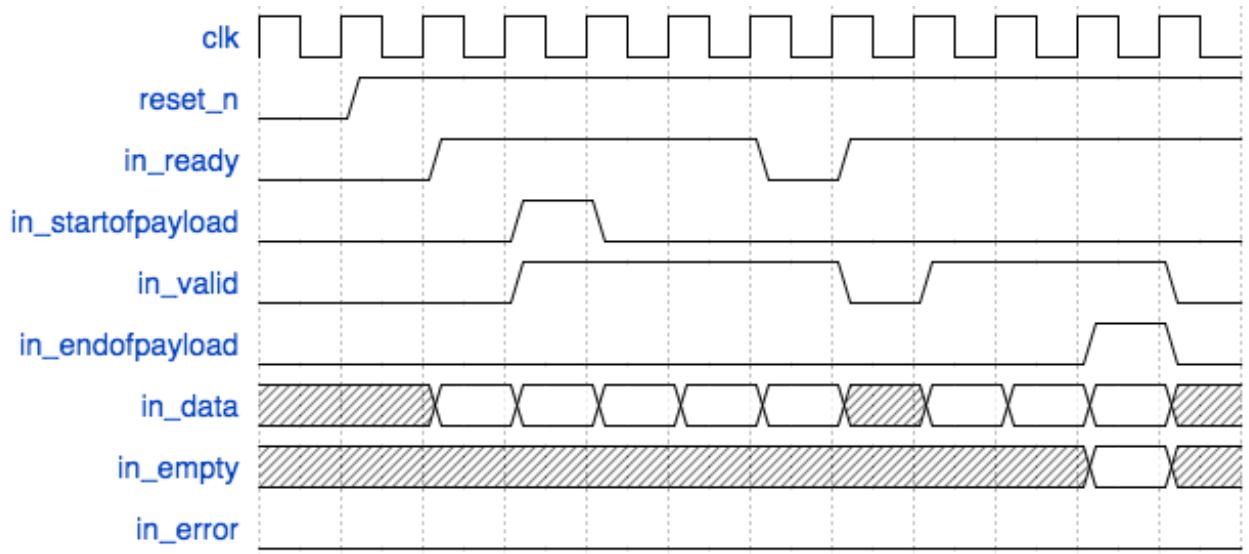
### Input interface

The module to be designed receives the data stream in Avalon streaming interface defined below:

Signal Name	Width (bits)	Direction	Description
-------------	--------------	-----------	-------------

clk	1	input	Positive edge triggered clock
reset_n	1	input	Active low reset
in_valid	1	input	High when incoming data is valid, low other wise
in_startofpayload	1	input	High for 1 cycle, marks the beginning of incoming payload; should be qualified with in_valid
in_endofpayload	1	input	High for 1 cycle, marks the end of incoming payload; should be qualified with in_valid
in_ready	1	output	Asserted by the module being design to indicate that it is ready to accept data. <b>Read Latency=1</b>
in_data	64	input	Data
in_empty	3	input	Always qualified when in_endofpacket is high. Indicates the number of empty bytes in the last cycle of the incoming payload
in_error	1	input	Used to indicate an error in the incoming data stream

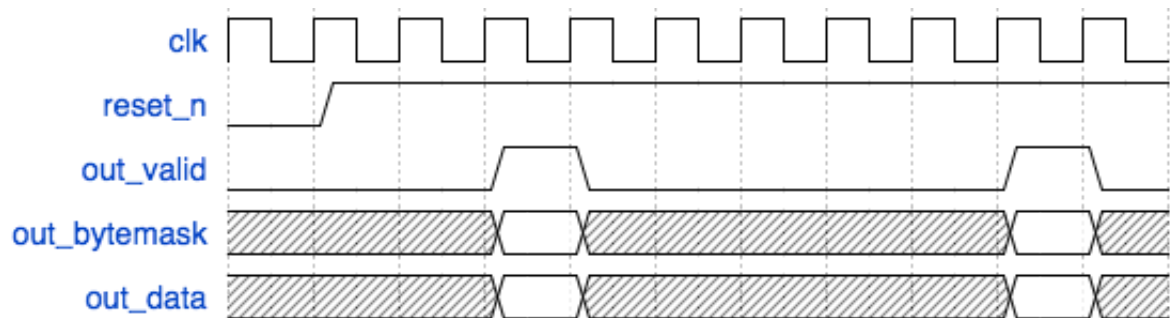
Timing diagram is given below



### Output Interface

Signal Name	Width (bits)	Direction	Description
clk	1	input	Positive edge triggered clock
reset_n	1	input	Active low reset
out_data	256	output	Extracted message
out_valid	1	output	High when out_data is valid; low otherwise
out_bytemask k	32	output	Used to indicate the number of valid bytes in out_data. For example, if out_data has 10 valid bytes, then out_bytemask is 32'b0000_0000_0000_0000_0000_0011_1111_1111 and so on.

The timing diagram is given below:



### **Assumptions**

1. The maximum number of bytes in a single payload will not exceed 1,500 bytes.
2. The minimum size of a message is 8 bytes and the maximum size of a message is 32 bytes.
3. in\_error is always 0.

### **Questions**

1. Draw the finite state machine for your design
2. Write synthesizable, elegant RTL for your module in Verilog/SystemVerilog or VHDL.
3. How would your design if the range of message changed from {8,32} bytes to:
  - a. {1,32} bytes
  - b. {8, 64} bytes

You don't need to write the RTL for question 3, a brief description will suffice.

4. What is the critical path in your design?
5. What do you think is the  $F_{\max}$  of your design? An exact number is not required; a ballpark number with an explanation is enough.
6. What are the trade-offs of your design approach?

Please write down all the assumptions you make.

All the best!

### Sample Input

In_data	In_valid	In_endofpayload	In_startofpayload	In_empty
0008000962626262	1	0	1	X
6262626262000b43	1	0	0	X
4343434343434343	1	0	0	X
4343000e72727272	1	0	0	X
7272727272727272	1	0	0	X
7272000856565656	1	0	0	X
5656565600118989	1	0	0	X
8989898989898989	1	0	0	X
8989898989898900	1	0	0	X
0a30303030303030	1	0	0	X
3030300010282828	1	0	0	X
2828282828282828	1	0	0	X
2828282828000d54	1	0	0	X
5454545454545454	1	0	0	X
5454545400000000	1	1	0	4

### Sample Output

Out_data(hex)	Out_valid	Out_bytemask(binary)
6262626262626262	1	32'b0000_0000_0000_000 0_0000_0001_1111_1111
4343434343434343	1	32'b0000_0000_0000_000 0_0000_0111_1111_1111
7272727272727272	1	32'b0000_0000_0000_000 0_0011_1111_1111_1111
5656565656565656	1	32'b0000_0000_0000_000 0_0000_0000_1111_1111
8989898989898989	1	32'b0000_0000_0000_000 1_1111_1111_1111_1111
3030303030303030	1	32'b0000_0000_0000_000 0_0000_0011_1111_1111

28282828282828282828282828282828	1	32'b0000_0000_0000_000_0_1111_1111_1111_1111
545454545454545454545454545454	1	32'b0000_0000_0000_000_0_0001_1111_1111_1111