```
#Insurance factors identification
getwd()
setwd("~/Insurance factors identification")
library(readxl)
library(gdata)
Insurance <- read.csv</pre>
('Insurance_factor_identification.csv')
View(Insurance)
# To know each field of the data
summary(Insurance)
#1. The committee is interested to know each field of
the data collected through
# descriptive analysis to gain basic insights into the
data set and to prepare for
# further analysis.
1m1 <-
lm(Insurance$Payment~Insurance$Claims+Insurance$Insured)
1 m 1
summary(lm1)
#2. The total value of payment by an insurance company
```

is an important factor to

be monitored. So the committee has decided to find
whether this payment is related

to the number of claims and the number of insured
policy years.

```
cor(Insurance$Claims, Insurance$Payment)
cor(Insurance$Insured,Insurance$Payment)
# They also want to visualize the results for better
understanding.
library(ggplot2)
plot(Insurance$Insured,Insurance$Payment)
plot(Insurance$Payment,Insurance$Insured)
# 3. The committee wants to figure out the reasons for
insurance payment increase
# and decrease. So they have decided to find whether
distance, location, bonus,
# make, and insured amount or claims are affecting the
payment or all or some of
# these are affecting it
lm2 <- lm(Insurance$Payment~., data = Insurance)</pre>
1m2
#4. The insurance company is planning to establish a
new branch office,
# so they are interested to find at what location,
kilometre, and bonus
# level their insured amount, claims, and payment gets
increased.
new branch <- apply(Insurance[,c(5,6,7)], 2,
                    function(x)
tapply(x,Insurance$Zone,mean))
new branch
```

```
# find at what location, kilometer, and bonus level
their
# insured amount, claims, and payment gets increased.
high claims <- apply(Insurance[,c(5,6,7)],2,
function(x)tapply(x,Insurance$Kilometres,mean))
high claims
max_pay <- apply(Insurance[,c(5,6,7)],2,</pre>
function(x)tapply(x,Insurance$Bonus,mean))
max_pay
# 5. The committee wants to understand what affects
their claim rates so as to
# decide the right premiums for a certain set of
situations. Hence, they need
# to find whether the insured amount, zone, kilometre,
bonus, or make affects
# the claim rates and to what extent.
affect claim <-
lm(Claims~Kilometres+Zone+Bonus+Make+Insured,
                   data = Insurance)
summary(affect claim)
```