# JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD (AUTONOMOUS)

# **B.Tech.** 4 year (8 semesters) Regular Programme COURSE STRUCTURE

# **Department of Computer Science & Engineering**

(Applicable from the batch admitted from the Academic Year 2015-16and onwards)

I YEAR I SEMESTER

S.No.	Group	Subject	L	Т	P	Credits
		<b>,</b>			-	0.000.00
1	BS	Mathematics- I	4	1	0	4
2	ES	Computer Programming & Data Structures	4	1	0	4
3	HS	English	3	0	0	3
4	ES	Engineering Graphics **	2	0	3	4
5	ES	Engineering Mechanics	3	1	0	3
6	ES	Computer Programming	0	0	3	2
		& Data Structures Lab				
7	HS	English Language	0	0	3	2
		Communication Skills Lab				
8	ES	Engineering Workshop ***	0	0	3	2
9	MC	NSS / NCC/NSO *				0
5 Theory		Total Credits	16	3	12	24
+ 3 Labs						
			1			

I YEAR II SEMESTER

S.No.	Group	Subject	L	T	P	Credits
1	BS	Mathematics – II	3	1	0	3
2	ES	Basic Electrical &	4	1	0	4
		Electronics Engineering				
3	BS	Engineering Chemistry	3	0	0	3
4	BS	Applied Physics	3	0	0	3
5	ES/HS	Environmental Science	3	0	0	3
6	BS	Computational Mathematics	2	0	0	2
7	ES	Basic Electrical &	0	0	3	2
		Electronics Lab				
8	BS	Applied Physics Lab	0	0	3	2
9	BS	Computational Mathematics Lab	0	0	3	2
10	MC	NSS/NCC/NSO *				0
5 Theory		Total Credits	18	2	9	24
+ 3 Labs						

<sup>\*</sup> NSS/ NCC Participation Certificate is Mandatory for each semester (to be issued by relevant authorities).

<sup>\*\*</sup> shall include AutoCAD contents for about 1 UNIT (preferably last unit) and Practical contact shall be for 4 Periods.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> IT workshop shall be treated as a 'trade' in Engineering Workshop, and shall contain only hardware related IT experiments (such as hardware identification and connectivity, assembling and disassembling etc.) and this workshop shall be handled by Mechanical Engineering Department.

# (AUTONOMOUS) B.Tech. 4 year (8 semesters) Regular Programme COURSE STRUCTURE

**Department of Computer Science & Engineering** 

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II YEAR I SEMESTER

S.No.	Group	Subject	L	Т	P	Credits
1	PC	Mathematical Foundations of Computer Science	4	1	0	4
2	ES	Digital Logic Design & Microprocessors	3	1	0	3
3	PC	Advanced Data Structures	4	1	0	4
4	PC	Object Oriented Programming Through Java	4	1	0	4
5	PC	Computer Organization & Architecture	4	1	0	4
6	ES	Digital Logic Design & Microprocessors Lab	0	0	3	1
7	PC	Advanced Data Structures Through C Lab	0	0	3	2
8	PC	Object Oriented Programming Through Java Lab	0	0	3	2
5 Theory + 3 Labs		Total Credits				24

II YEAR II SEMESTER

S.No.	Group	Subject	L	T	P	Credits
1	BS	Computer Oriented Statistical Methods	3	1	0	3
2	PC	Design and Analysis of Algorithms	4	1	0	4
3	PC	Formal Languages and Automata Theory	4	1	0	4
4	PC	Software Engineering	4	1	0	3
5	PC	Operating Systems	4	1	0	4
6	PC	Scripting Languages Lab	0	0	3	1
7	PC	Operating Systems Lab	0	0	3	1
8	PC	Software Engineering Lab	0	0	3	2
9	HS	Human Values and Professional Ethics	2	0	0	2
5 Theory + 3 Labs + 1 Theory		Total Credits				24

# (AUTONOMOUS) B.Tech. 4 year (8 semesters) Regular Programme **COURSE STRUCTURE**

# **Department of Computer Science & Engineering**

(Applicable from the batch admitted from the Academic Year 2015-16and onwards)

#### III YEAR I SEMESTER

S.No.	Group	Subject	L	Т	P	Credits
1	OE	Open Elective – I	3	0	0	3
2	HS	Manegerial Economics and Financial Analysis	4	0	0	4
3	PC	Computer Networks	4	1	0	4
4	PC	Compiler Design	4	1	0	4
5	PC	Database Management Systems	4	1	0	4
6	PC	Database Management Systems Lab	0	0	3	2
7	PC	Compiler Design Lab	0	0	3	2
8	PC	Computer Networks Lab	0	0	3	1
5 Theory + 3 Labs		Total Credits				24

#### III YEAR II SEMESTER

S.No.	Group	Subject	L	T	P	Credits
1	OE	Open Elective – II	3	0	0	3
2	PE	Professional Elective – I	4	0	0	4
3	PE	Professional Elective – II	4	0	0	4
4	PC	Data warehousing and Data Mining	4	1	0	4
5	PC	Web Technologies	4	1	0	4
6	HS	Advanced English Language Communications Skills Lab	0	0	3	1
7	PC	Web Technologies Lab	0	0	3	2
8	PC	Data warehousing and	0	0	3	2
		Data Mining Lab				
5 Theory + 3 Labs		Total Credits				24

Summer between III & IV Year: Industry Oriented Mini Project

# (AUTONOMOUS)

# B.Tech. 4 year (8 semesters) Regular Programme COURSE STRUCTURE

**Department of Computer Science & Engineering**(Applicable from the batch admitted from the Academic Year 2015-16 and onwards)

I SEMESTER IV YEAR

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S.No.	Group	Subject	L	Т	P	Credits
1	PE	Professional Elective – III	4	0	0	4
2	PE	Professional Elective – IV	4	0	0	4
3	PE	Professional Elective – V	4	0	0	4
4	PC	Network Security & Cryptography	4	1	0	4
5	PC	Grid and Cloud Computing	4	1	0	4
6	PC	Network Security & Cryptography Lab	0	0	3	2
7	PC	Industry Oriented Mini Project				2
5 Theory + 1 Labs +1 Project		Total Credits				24

**IV YEAR** II SEMESTER

S.No.	Group	Subject	L	Т	P	Credits
1	OE	Open Elective – III	3	0	0	3
2	HS	Management Science	4	0	0	4
3	PC	Seminar	0	0	3	1
4	PC	Grid and Cloud Computing Lab	0	0	3	2
5	PC	Major Project				14
2 Theory + Seminar + 1 Lab +project		Total Credits				24

# Open Electives (for OE-I, OE-II and OE-III) from Computer Science & Engineering Department

- 1) OOPS through JAVA
- 2) Web Technologies
- 3) Database Management Systems
- 4) Computer Graphics
- 5) Cyber Security
- 6) Simulation & Modeling

# **Professional Elective -I**

- 1) Artificial Intelligence
- 2) Computer Graphics
- 3) Software Project Management
- 4) Speech Processing
- 5) Principle of Programming Languages

# **Professional Elective -II**

- 1) Machine Learning and Pattern Recognition
- 2) Software Testing Methodologies
- 3) Social Network Analysis
- 4) Digital Image Processing

# **Professional Elective -III**

- 1) Design Patterns
- 2) Advance Databases
- 3) Mobile Computing
- 4) Business Intelligence & Big data

# **Professional Elective -IV**

- 1) Information Retrieval Systems
- 2) Adhoc and sensor Networks
- 3) Embedded Systems
- 4) Natural Language Processing

# **Professional Elective -V**

- 1) Ethical Hacking
- 2) Web Mining
- 3) Bioinformatics
- 4) Simulation and Modeling

I Year B.Tech. CSE I-Sem

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#### **MATHEMATICS – I**

(Common to all Branches)

Pre Requisites: NIL

# **Objectives:**

- To train the students thoroughly in mathematical concepts of ordinary differential equations and their applications.
- To prepare students for lifelong learning and successful careers using mathematical Concepts of differential and integral calculus, ordinary differential equations and vector calculus.
- To develop the skill pertinent to the practice of the mathematical concepts including the students abilities to formulate and modeling the problems, to think creatively and to synthesize information.

#### **Outcomes:**

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- become familiar with the application of differential and integral calculus, ordinary differential equations and vector calculus to engineering problems.
- attain the abilities to use mathematical knowledge to analyze, formulate and solve problems in engineering applications.

#### **UNIT-I:** Differential calculus

#### (12 lectures)

Rolle's Mean value Theorem – Lagrange's Mean Value Theorem – Cauchy's mean value Theorem – (all theorems without proof but with geometrical interpretations), verification of the Theorems and testing the applicability of these theorem to the given function.

Curve tracing – Equations given in Cartesian, polar and parametric forms.

Functions of several variables – Functional dependence- Jacobian- Maxima and Minima of functions of two variables with constraints and without constraints-Method of Lagrange multipliers.

#### UNIT-II: Improper Integrals, Multiple Integration (12 lectures)

 $\label{lem:continuous} Gamma\ \ and\ \ Beta\ \ Functions\ \ -Relation\ \ between\ \ them,\ their\ \ properties\ \ -\ \ evaluation\ \ of\ improper\ integrals\ using\ Gamma\ \ /\ Beta\ \ functions.$ 

Multiple integrals – double and triple integrals – change of order of integration- change of variables (polar, cylindrical and spherical) . Finding the area of a region using Double integration and volume of a region in space using triple integration.

# **UNIT-III: Vector Calculus**

#### (12 lectures)

Vector Calculus: Scalar point function and vector point function, Gradient- Divergence- Curl and their related properties, - Laplacian operator, Line integral – Work done – Surface integrals –Volume integral. Green's Theorem, Stoke's theorem and Gauss's Divergence Theorems (Statement & their Verification). Solenoidal and irrotational vectors, Finding potential function.

# **UNIT-IV: First Order Ordinary Differential Equations** (10 lectures)

Linear and exact differential equations

Applications of first order differential equations – Newton's Law of cooling, Law of natural growth and decay, orthogonal trajectories and electrical circuits

# **UNIT-V: Higher Order Ordinary Differential Equations** (10 lectures)

Linear, homogeneous and non-homogeneous differential equations of second and higher order with constant coefficients. Non-homogeneous term of the type  $e^{ax}$ , Sin ax, Cos ax, and  $x^n$ ,  $e^{ax}V(x)$ ,  $x^nV(x)$ . Method of variation of parameters. Applications: Bending of beams, Electrical circuits and simple harmonic motion.

#### Text books:

- 1) Higher Engineering Mathematics by B S Grewal, Khanna Publications
- 2) Engineering Mathematics by Erwin Kreyszig, Wiely Publications
- 3) Vecter Analysis by Ghosg & Maity, New Cental Book Agency.

#### **References:**

- 1) Engineering Mathematics by Srimantapal & subodh c. Bhunia, oxford university press.
- 2) Advanced Engineering Mathematics by PETER V O'Neil, CENGAGE Learning.

I Year B.Tech. CSE I-Sem

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#### **COMPUTER PROGRAMMING & DATA STRUCTURES**

# **Prerequisites**

- 1. No prerequisites
- 2. Requires analytical skills and logical reasoning.

# **Objectives**

- 1. This course starts from the basics of computers and program development.
- 2. It covers various concepts of C programming language
- 3. It introduces searching and sorting algorithms
- 4. It provides an understanding of data structures such as stacks and queues.

#### **Outcomes**

- 1. Develop C programs for computing and real life applications using basic elements like control statements, arrays, functions, pointers and strings; and data structures like stacks, queues and linked lists.
- 2. Implement searching and sorting algorithms

#### UNIT - I

**Introduction to Computers** – Computer Systems, Computing Environments, Computer Languages, Creating and running programs, Software Development Method, Algorithms, Pseudo code, flow charts, applying the software development method.

**Introduction to C Language** — Background, Simple C programs, Identifiers, Basic data types, Variables, Constants, Input / Output, Operators. Expressions, Precedence and Associatively, Expression Evaluation, Type conversions, Bit wise operators, Statements, Simple C Programming examples.

### UNIT - II

**Statements** – if and switch statements, Repetition statements – while, for, do-while statements, Loop examples, other statements related to looping – break, continue, go to, Simple C Programming examples.

**Designing Structured Programs**- Functions, basics, user defined functions, inter function communication, Scope, Storage classes-auto, register, static, extern, scope rules, type qualifiers, recursion- recursive functions, Preprocessor commands, example C programs

#### UNIT - III

**Arrays and Strings** – Concepts, using arrays in C, inter function communication, array applications, two – dimensional arrays, multidimensional arrays, C program examples. Concepts, C Strings, String Input / Output functions, arrays of strings, string manipulation functions, string / data conversion, C program examples.

**Pointers** – Introduction (Basic Concepts), Pointers for inter function communication, pointers to pointers, compatibility, memory allocation functions, array of pointers, programming applications, pointers to void, pointers to functions, command –line arguments.

#### **UNIT-IV**

**Derived types** – Structures – Declaration, definition and initialization of structures, accessing structures, nested structures, arrays of structures, structures and functions, pointers to structures, self referential structures, unions, typedef, bit fields, enumerated types, C programming examples.

**Input and Output** – Concept of a file, streams, standard input / output functions, formatted input / output functions, text files and binary files, file input / output operations, file status functions (error handling), C program examples.

# UNIT - V

**Sorting and Searching** selection sort, bubble sort, insertion sort, linear and binary search methods.

**Data Structures** – Introduction to Data Structures, abstract data types, Linear list – singly linked list implementation, insertion, deletion and searching operations on linear list, Stacks-Operations, array and linked representations of stacks, stack applications, Queues-operations, array and linked representations.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. C Programming & Data Structures, B.A.Forouzan and R.F. Gilberg, Third Edition, Cengage Learning.
- 2. Problem Solving and Program Design in C, J.R. Hanly and E.B. Koffman, Fifth Edition, Pearson Education
- 3. The C Programming Language, B.W. Kernighan and Dennis M.Ritchie, PHI/Pearson Education

#### REFERENCES:

- 1. C for Engineers and Scientists, H.Cheng, Mc.Graw-Hill International Edition
- 2. Data Structures using C A.M.Tanenbaum, Y.Langsam, and M.J. Augenstein, Pearson Education / PHI
- 3. C Programming & Data Structures, P. Dey, M Ghosh R Thereja, Oxford University Press

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#### **ENGLISH**

#### INTRODUCTION:

In view of the growing importance of English as a tool for global communication and the consequent emphasis on training students to acquire communicative competence, the syllabus has been designed to develop linguistic and communicative competencies of Engineering students. The prescribed books and the exercises are meant to serve broadly as students' handbooks.

In the English classes, the focus should be on the skills of reading, writing, listening and speaking and for this the teachers should use the text prescribed for detailed study. For example, the students should be encouraged to read the texts/selected paragraphs silently. The teachers can ask comprehension questions to stimulate discussion and based on the discussions students can be made to write short paragraphs/essays etc.

The text for non-detailed study is for extensive reading/reading for pleasure. Hence, it is suggested that they read the topics selected for discussion on their own in the class. The time should be utilized for working out the exercises given after each section, as also for supplementing the exercises with authentic materials of a similar kind for example, from newspaper articles, advertisements, promotional material, etc. *However*, the stress in this syllabus is on skill development, fostering ideas and practice of language skills.

#### **OBJECTIVES:**

- a. To improve the language proficiency of the students in English with emphasis on LSRW skills.
- b. To equip the students to study academic subjects more effectively using the theoretical and practical components of the English syllabus.
- c. To develop the study skills and communication skills in formal and informal situations.

# **LEARNING OUTCOMES:**

- 1. Use of English Language written and spoken.
- 2. Enrichment of comprehension and fluency
- 3. Gaining confidence in using language in verbal situations.

#### **SYLLABUS:**

# **Listening Skills:**

# **Objectives**

1. To enable students develop their listening skills so that they may appreciate the role in the LSRW skills approach to language and improve their pronunciation

2. To equip students with necessary training in listening, so that they can comprehend the speech of people of different backgrounds and regions

Students should be given practice in listening to the sounds of the language, to be able to recognize them, to distinguish between them, to mark stress and recognize and use the right intonation in sentences.

- Listening for general content
- Listening to fill up information
- Intensive listening
- Listening for specific information

# **Speaking Skills:**

# **Objectives**

- 1. To make students aware of the role of speaking in English and its contribution to their success.
- 2. To enable students express themselves fluently and appropriately in social and professional contexts.
- Oral practice
- Describing objects/situations/people
- Role play Individual/Group activities (Using exercises from the five units of the prescribed text: *Skills Annexe–Functional English for Success*)
- Just A Minute (JAM) Sessions.

# **Reading Skills:**

# **Objectives**

- 1. To develop an awareness in the students about the significance of silent reading and comprehension.
- 2. To develop the ability of students to guess the meanings of words from context and grasp the overall message of the text, draw inferences, etc.
  - Skimming the text
  - Understanding the gist of an argument
  - Identifying the topic sentence
  - Scanning
  - Inferring lexical and contextual meaning
  - Understanding discourse features
  - Recognizing coherence/sequencing of sentences

**NOTE:** The students will be trained in reading skills using the prescribed text for detailed study.

They will be examined in reading and answering questions using 'unseen' passages which may be taken from authentic texts, such as magazines/newspaper articles.

# **Writing Skills:**

# **Objectives**

- 1. To develop an awareness in the students about writing as an exact and formal skill
- 2. To equip them with the components of different forms of writing, beginning with the lower order ones.
  - Writing sentences
  - Use of appropriate vocabulary
  - Paragraph writing
  - Coherence and cohesiveness
  - Narration / description
  - Note Making
  - Formal and informal letter writing
  - Describing graphs using expressions of comparison

#### TEXTBOOKS PRESCRIBED:

In order to improve the proficiency of the student in the acquisition of the four skills mentioned above, the following texts and course content, divided into Five Units, are prescribed:

For Detailed study: First Textbook: "Skills Annexe -Functional English for Success", Published by Orient Black Swan, Hyderabad

#### For Non-detailed study

**Second Textbook** "*Epitome of Wisdom*", Published by Maruthi Publications, Hyderabad.

• The course content and study material is divided into **Five Units.** 

#### Unit -I

- 1. Chapter entitled '*Wit and Humour*' from 'Skills Annexe' -Functional English for Success, Published by Orient Black Swan, Hyderabad
- 2. Chapter entitled '*Mokshagundam Visvesvaraya*' from "*Epitome of Wisdom*", Published by Maruthi Publications, Hyderabad.
- L Listening for Sounds, Stress and Intonation
- S Greeting and Taking Leave, Introducing Oneself and Others (Formal and Informal Situations)
- R Reading for Subject/ Theme- *The Palm Islands* from Epitome of Wisdom is for **Reading Comprehension**
- W Writing Paragraphs
- G Types of Nouns and Pronouns
- V Homonyms, Homophones & Homographs

#### Unit -II

- 1. Chapter entitled "*Cyber Age*" from "*Skills Annexe -Functional English for Success*" Published by Orient Black Swan, Hyderabad.
- 2. Report Writing (First & Second Textbooks)
  - L Listening for themes and facts
  - S Apologizing, interrupting, requesting and making polite conversation
  - R- Reading for theme and gist- The 1 Thing Every Business Executive Must Understand about Social Media by Dave Kerpen from Skills Annexe is for **Reading**

# Comprehension

- W Describing people, places, objects, events
- G Verb forms
- V Noun, Verb, Adjective and Adverb

### **Unit –III**

- 1. Chapter entitled 'Risk Management' from "Skills Annexe -Functional English for Success" Published by Orient Black Swan, Hyderabad
- 2. Chapter entitled **'Leela's Friend'** by R.K. Narayan from **"Epitome of Wisdom"**, Published by Maruthi Publications, Hyderabad
- L Listening for main points and sub-points for note taking
- S Giving instructions and directions; Speaking of hypothetical situations
- R Reading for details- *Sivakasi: Who to Blame for the Frequent Fire Accidents in India's Largest Fireworks Industry Hub?* by Amrutha Gayathri from Skills Annexe & *Forensic Science* from Epitome of Wisdom are for **Reading Comprehension**
- W Note-making, Information transfer, Punctuation
- G Present tense
- V Synonyms and Antonyms

# Unit -IV

- 1. Letter Writing Writing formal letters, letter of application along with curriculum vitae (First & Second Textbooks)
- 2. Chapter entitled '*The Last Leaf*' from "*Epitome of Wisdom*", Published by Maruthi Publications, Hyderabad
  - L Listening for specific details and information
  - S Narrating, expressing opinions and telephone interactions
  - R Reading for specific details and information- *What I Cherish Most* by V. S. Srinivasa Sastri from Skills Annexe & *Choose How to Start Your Day* from Epitome of Wisdom are for **Reading Comprehension**
  - W Writing e-mails
  - G Past and Future tenses
  - V Vocabulary Idioms and Phrasal verbs

## Unit -V

1. Chapter entitled '*Sports and Health*' from "*Skills Annexe -Functional English for Success*" Published by Orient Black Swan, Hyderabad

- 2. Chapter entitled '*The Convocation Speech*' by N.R. Narayanmurthy' from "*Epitome of Wisdom*", Published by Maruthi Publications, Hyderabad
  - L Critical Listening and Listening for speaker's tone/ attitude
  - S Group discussion and Making presentations
  - R Critical reading, reading for reference *Benefits of Physical Activity* from Skills Annexe & *What is meant by Entrepreneurship?* from Epitome of Wisdom are for **Reading Comprehension**
  - W Project proposals; Project Reports and Research Papers
  - G Adjectives, Prepositions and Concord
  - V Collocations and Technical vocabulary, Using words appropriately
  - Exercises from the texts not prescribed shall be used for classroom tasks.

# **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Effective Technical Communication, M Ashraf Rizvi, Tata Mc Graw –Hill.
- 2. Murphy's English Grammar with CD, Murphy, Cambridge University Press.
- 3. Contemporary English Grammar Structures and Composition by David Green, MacMillan Publishers, New Delhi. 2010.
- 4. Technical Communication, Meenakshi Raman, Oxford University Press
- 5. Practical English Usage, Michael Swan, Oxford University Press
- 6. Innovate with English: A Course in English for Engineering Students, edited by T Samson, Foundation Books.
- 7. English Grammar Practice, Raj N Bakshi, Orient Longman.
- 8. Technical Communication by Daniel Riordan. 2011. Cengage Publications. New Delhi.
- 9. Handbook of English Grammar& Usage, Mark Lester and Larry Beason, Tata Mc Graw –Hill.
- 10. Spoken English, R.K. Bansal & JB Harrison, Orient Longman.
- 11. Grammar Games, Renuvolcuri Mario, Cambridge University Press.
- 12. Everyday Dialogues in English, Robert J. Dixson, Prentice Hall India Pvt Ltd.,
- 13. ABC of Common Errors Nigel D Turton, Mac Millan Publishers.
- 14. Basic Vocabulary Edgar Thorpe & Showick Thorpe, Pearson Education
- 15. An Interactive Grammar of Modern English, Shivendra K. Verma and Hemlatha Nagarajan , Frank Bros &  ${\sf CO}$

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#### **ENGINEERING GRAPHICS**

Pre-requisites: No prerequisites are required.

# **Course objectives:**

- To provide basic concepts in engineering drawing.
- To impart knowledge about standard principles of orthographic projection of objects.
- To draw sectional views and pictorial views of solids.

#### **Outcomes:**

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- Preparing working drawings to communicate the ideas and information.
- Read, understand and interpret engineering drawings.

#### UNIT - I

#### **INTRODUCTION TO ENGINEERING DRAWING:**

Principles of Engineering Graphics and their Significance, Conic Sections including the Rectangular Hyperbola – General method only. Cycloid, Epicycloid and Hypocycloid,

Involute. Scales – Plain, Diagonal and Vernier Scales.

#### **UNIT-II**

# **ORTHOGRAPHIC PROJECTIONS:**

Principles of Orthographic Projections – Conventions – Projections of Points and Lines Projections of Plane regular geometric figures.—Auxiliary Planes.

#### UNIT - III

Projections of Regular Solids – Auxiliary Views.

#### UNIT - IV

Sections or Sectional views of Right Regular Solids – Prism, Cylinder, Pyramid, Cone – Auxiliary views – Sections of Sphere.

Development of Surfaces of Right Regular Solids - Prism, Cylinder, Pyramid and Cone

#### UNIT - V

### **ISOMETRIC PROJECTIONS:**

Principles of Isometric Projection – Isometric Scale – Isometric Views – Conventions – Isometric Views of Lines, Plane Figures, Simple and Compound Solids – Isometric Projection of objects having non- isometric lines. Isometric Projection of Spherical Parts.

Conversion of Isometric Views to Orthographic Views and Vice-versa – Conventions

Auto CAD: Basic principles only

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Engineering Drawing N.D. Bhatt / Charotar
- 2. Engineering Drawing and Graphics Rane and Shah/ Pearson Edu.

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. A Text Book of Engineering Drawing / Dhawan R K / S. Chand
- 2. Engineering Graphics With Auto CAD / James D Bethune / Pearson Edu.
- 3. Engineering Graphics / K R Mohan / Dhanpat Rai.
- 4. Text book on Engineering Drawing / KL Narayana/ P Kannaih/Scitech

#### I Year B.Tech. CSE II-Sem

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#### **ENGINEEERING MECHANICS**

Prerequisites: Nil

#### **Objectives:**

During this course, students should develop the ability to:

- Work comfortably with basic engineering mechanics concepts required for analyzing static structures
- Identify an appropriate structural system to studying a given problem and isolate it from its environment.
- Model the problem using good free-body diagrams and accurate equilibrium equations
- Identify and model various types of loading and support conditions that act on structural systems.
- Apply pertinate mathematical, physical and engineering mechanical principles to the system to solve and analyze the problem.
- Understand the meaning of centers of gravity (mass)/centroids and moments of Inertia using integration methods.
- Communicate the solution to all problems in an organized and coherent manner and elucidate the meaning of the solution in the context of the problem.

#### **Outcomes:**

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- solve problems dealing with forces in a plane or in space and equivalent force Systems.
- solve beam and cable problems and understand distributed force systems.
- solve friction problems and determine moments of Inertia and centroid using intergration methods.
- understand and know how to solve three-dimension force and moment problems.
- understand and know how to use vector terminology.

# UNIT – I

**INTRODUCTION OF ENGINEERING. MECHANICS** – Basic concepts System of Forces-Coplanar Forces – Components in Space – Resultant- Moment of Forces and its Application – Couples and Resultant of Force System - Equilibrium of System of Forces- Free body diagrams-Direction of Force Equations of Equilibrium of Coplanar Systems and Spatial Systems – Vector cross product- Support reactions different beams for different types of loading – concentrated, uniformly distributed and uniformly varying loading .

# UNIT – II

**FRICTION:** Types of friction – Limiting friction – Laws of Friction – static and Dynamic Frictions – Angle of Friction –Cone of limiting friction – Friction of wedge, block and Ladder – Screw jack – Differential screw jack – Motion of Bodies.

**CENTROID AND CENTER OF GRAVITY:** Centrods – Theorem of Pappus- Centroids of Composite figures – Centre of Gravity of Bodies - Area moment of Inertia: – polar Moment of Inertia – Transfer – Theorems - Moments of Inertia of Composite Figures.

**MOMENT OF INERTIA:** Moment of Inertia of Areas and Masses - Transfer Formula for Moments of Inertia - Moment of inertia of composite areas and masses.

#### UNIT - IV

**KINEMATICS:** Introduction – Rectilinear motion – Motion with uniform and variable acceleration – Curvilinear motion – Components of motion – Circular motion – Projectiles- Instantaneous centre.

#### UNIT - V

**KINETICS:** Kinetics of a particle – D'Alembert's principle – Motion in a curved path – work, energy and power. Principle of conservation of energy – Kinetics of a rigid body in translation, rotation – work done – Principle of work-energy – Impulse-momentum.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Engineering Mechanics by shames & Rao Pearson Education.
- 2. Engineering Mechanics by M.V. Seshagiri rao and Durgaih; University Press.
- 3. Engineering Mechanics B. Bhattacharya Oxford University Publications.

#### **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Engineering Mechanics (Statics and Dynamics) by Hibbler; Pearson Education.
- 2. Engineering Mechanics by Fedrinand L. Singer Harper Collings Publishers.
- 3. Engineering Mechanics by A. K. Tayal, Umesh Publication.
- 4. Engineering Mechanics G. S. Sawhney, Printice Hall of India.
- 5. A text book of engineering mechanics by R. K. Bansal; Laxmi publications.
- 6. Engineering Mechanics by R. S. Khurmi ; S. Chand & Co.

I Year B.Tech. CSE I-Sem

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#### **COMPUTER PROGRAMMING & DATA STRUCTURES LAB**

# **Prerequisites**

- 1. No prerequisites
- 2. Requires analytical skills and logical reasoning.

# **Objectives**

- 1. It covers various concepts of C programming language
- 2. It introduces searching and sorting algorithms
- 3. It provides an understanding of data structures such as stacks and queues.

#### **Outcomes**

- 1. Develop C programs for computing and real life applications using basic elements like control statements, arrays, functions, pointers and strings, and data structures like stacks, queues and linked lists.
- 2. Implement searching and sorting algorithms

#### Week 1:

- 1. Write a C program to find the sum of individual digits of a positive integer.
- 2. Fibonacci sequence is defined as follows: the first and second terms in the sequence are 0 and 1.

Subsequent terms are found by adding the preceding two terms in the sequence. Write a C program to generate the first n terms of the sequence.

- 3. Write a C program to generate all the prime numbers between 1 and n, where n is a value supplied by the user.
- 4. Write a C program to find the roots of a quadratic equation.

# Week 2:

- 5. Write a C program to find the factorial of a given integer.
- 6. Write a C program to find the GCD (greatest common divisor) of two given integers.
- 7. Write a C program to solve Towers of Hanoi problem.
- 8. Write a C program, which takes two integer operands and one operator from the user, performs the operation and then prints the result. (Consider the operators +,-,\*, /, % and use Switch Statement)

# Week 3:

9. Write a C program to find both the largest and smallest number in a list of integers.

- 10. Write a C program that uses functions to perform the following:
  - i) Addition of Two Matrices
  - ii) Multiplication of Two Matrices

#### Week 4:

- 11. Write a C program that uses functions to perform the following operations:
  - i) To insert a sub-string in to a given main string from a given position.
  - ii) To delete n Characters from a given position in a given string.
- 12. Write a C program to determine if the given string is a palindrome or not
- 13. Write a C program that displays the position or index in the string S where the string T begins, or -1 if S doesn't contain T.
- 14. Write a C program to count the lines, words and characters in a given text.

#### Week 5:

- 15. Write a C program to generate Pascal's triangle.
- 16. Write a C program to construct a pyramid of numbers.
- 17. Write a C program to read in two numbers, x and n, and then compute the sum of this geometric progression:

$$1+x+x^2+x^3+....+x^n$$

For example: if n is 3 and x is 5, then the program computes 1+5+25+125.

Print x, n, the sum

Perform error checking. For example, the formula does not make sense for negative exponents – if n is less than 0. Have your program print an error message if n < 0, then go back and read in the next pair of numbers of without computing the sum. Are any values of x also illegal ? If so, test for them too.

#### Week 6:

- 18. 2's complement of a number is obtained by scanning it from right to left and complementing all the bits after the first appearance of a 1. Thus 2's complement of 11100 is 00100. Write a C program to find the 2's complement of a binary number.
- 19. Write a C program to convert a Roman numeral to its decimal equivalent.

#### Week 7:

- 20. Write a C program that uses functions to perform the following operations:
  - i) Reading a complex number
  - ii) Writing a complex number
  - iii) Addition of two complex numbers
  - iv) Multiplication of two complex numbers

(Note: represent complex number using a structure.)

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- 21. i) Write a C program which copies one file to another.
  - ii) Write a C program to reverse the first n characters in a file.

(Note: The file name and n are specified on the command line.)

- 22. i) Write a C program to display the contents of a file.
  - **ii)** Write a C program to merge two files into a third file (i.e., the contents of the first file followed by those of the second are put in the third file)

#### Week 9:

- 23. Write a C program that uses functions to perform the following operations on singly linked list.:
  - i) Creation
- ii) Insertion
- iii) Deletion
- iv) Traversal

#### Week 10:

- 24. Write C programs that implement stack (its operations) using
  - i) Arrays
- ii) Pointers
- **25.** Write C programs that implement Queue (its operations) using
  - i) Arrays
- ii) Pointers

#### Week 11:

- **26.** Write a C program that implements the following sorting methods to sort a given list of integers in ascending order
  - i) Bubble sort
- ii) Selection sort 333

#### Week 12:

- 27. Write C programs that use both recursive and non recursive functions to perform the following searching operations for a Key value in a given list of integers:
  - i) Linear search
- ii) Binary search

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. C Programming & Data Structures, B.A.Forouzan and R.F. Gilberg, Third Edition, Cengage Learning.
- 2. Problem Solving and Program Design in C, J.R. Hanly and E.B. Koffman, Fifth Edition, Pearson Education.
- 3. The C Programming Language, B.W. Kernighan and Dennis M.Ritchie, PHI/Pearson Education

#### **REFERENCES:**

- 1. C for Engineers and Scientists, H.Cheng, Mc.Graw-Hill International Edition
- 2. Data Structures using C A.M.Tanenbaum, Y.Langsam, and M.J. Augenstein, Pearson Education / PHI
- 3. C Programming & Data Structures, P. Dey, M Ghosh R Thereja, Oxford University Press

#### JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

I Year B.Tech. CSE I-Sem

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#### ENGLISH LANGUAGE COMMUNICATION SKILLS LAB

The **Language Lab** focuses on the production and practice of sounds of language and familiarises the students with the use of English in everyday situations and contexts.

### **Objectives**

- To facilitate computer-aided multi-media instruction enabling individualized and independent language learning
- ightharpoonup To sensitise the students to the nuances of English speech sounds, word accent, intonation and rhythm
- To bring about a consistent accent and intelligibility in their pronunciation of English by providing an opportunity for practice in speaking
- To improve the fluency in spoken English and neutralize mother tongue influence
- To train students to use language appropriately for interviews, group discussion and public speaking

#### **Learning Outcomes**

- Better Understanding of nuances of language through audio- visual experience and group activities
- Neutralization of accent for intelligibility
- Speaking with clarity and confidence thereby enhancing employability skills of the students

#### **SYLLABUS**

**English Language Communication Skills Lab shall have two parts:** 

- a. Computer Assisted Language Learning (CALL) Lab
- b. Interactive Communication Skills (ICS) Lab

The following course content is prescribed for the English Language Communication Skills Lab

**CALL Lab**: Introduction to Phonetics – Speech Sounds – Vowels and Consonants

ICS Lab: Ice-Breaking activity and JAM session

Articles, Prepositions, Word formation- Prefixes & Suffixes, Synonyms & Antonyms

#### Exercise - II

**CALL Lab:** Structure of Syllables - Past Tense Marker and Plural Marker – Weak Forms and Strong Forms - Consonant Clusters.

**ICS Lab**: Situational Dialogues – Role-Play- Expressions in Various Situations – Self-introduction and Introducing Others – Greetings – Apologies – Requests – Social and Professional Etiquette - Telephone Etiquette.

Concord (Subject in agreement with verb) and Words often misspelt- confused/misused

#### Exercise - III

**CALL Lab:** Minimal Pairs- Word accent and Stress Shifts- Listening Comprehension.

**ICS Lab**: Descriptions- Narrations- Giving Directions and guidelines.

Sequence of Tenses, Question Tags and One word substitutes.

# Exercise - IV

**CALL Lab**: Intonation and Common errors in Pronunciation.

ICS Lab: Extempore- Public Speaking

Active and Passive Voice, -Common Errors in English, Idioms and Phrases

#### Exercise - V

**CALL Lab:** Neutralization of Mother Tongue Influence and Conversation Practice

ICS Lab: Information Transfer- Oral Presentation Skills

Reading Comprehension and Job Application with Resume preparation.

#### Minimum Requirement of infrastructural facilities for ELCS Lab:

# 1. Computer Assisted Language Learning (CALL) Lab:

**The Computer aided Language Lab** for 40 students with 40 systems, one master console, LAN facility and English language software for self- study by learners.

#### **System Requirement (Hardware component):**

Computer network with Lan with minimum 60 multimedia systems with the following specifications:

- i) P IV Processor
  - a) Speed 2.8 GHZ
  - b) RAM 512 MB Minimum
  - c) Hard Disk 80 GB
- ii) Headphones of High quality

#### 2. Interactive Communication Skills (ICS) Lab:

**The Interactive Communication Skills Lab:** A Spacious room with movable chairs and audio-visual aids with a Public Address System, a T. V., a digital stereo –audio & video system and camcorder etc.

#### **Suggested Software:**

- **Cambridge Advanced Learners' English Dictionary with CD.**
- **❖** Grammar Made Easy by Darling Kindersley
- **❖** Punctuation Made Easy by Darling Kindersley
- Clarity Pronunciation Power Part I
- Clarity Pronunciation Power part II
- ❖ Oxford Advanced Learner's Compass, 8<sup>th</sup> Edition
- ❖ DELTA's key to the Next Generation TOEFL Test: Advanced Skill Practice.
- Lingua TOEFL CBT Insider, by Dreamtech
- ❖ TOEFL & GRE (KAPLAN, AARCO & BARRONS, USA, Cracking GRE by CLIFFS)
- \* English in Mind (Series 1-4), Herbert Puchta and Jeff Stranks with Meredith Levy, Cambridge
- English Pronunciation in Use (Elementary, Intermediate, Advanced) Cambridge University Press
- Raman, M & Sharma, S. 2011. Technical Communication, OUP
- Sanjay Kumar & Pushp Lata. 2011. Communication Skills, OUP

#### **SUGGESTED READING:**

- 1. Rama Krishna Rao, A. et al. English Language Communication Skills A Reader cum Lab Manual Course Content and Practice. Chennai: Anuradha Publishers
- **2.** Suresh Kumar, E. & Sreehari, P. 2009. *A Handbook for English Language Laboratories*. New Delhi: Foundation
- **3**. *Speaking English Effectively* 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition by Krishna Mohan and N. P. Singh, 2011. Macmillan Publishers India Ltd. Delhi.
- 4. Sasi Kumar, V & Dhamija, P.V. How to Prepare for Group Discussion and Interviews. Tata McGraw Hill
- 5. Spoken English: A Manual of Speech and Phonetics by R. K. Bansal & J. B. Harrison. 2013. Orient Blackswan. Hyderabad.
- 6. English Pronunciation in Use. (Elementary, Intermediate & Advance). Cambridge: CUP
- 7. Chris Redston, Gillie Cunningham, Jan Bell. Face to Face (2nd Edition). Cambridge University Press
- **8**. Nambiar, K.C. 2011. *Speaking Accurately. A Course in International Communication*. New Delhi : Foundation
- 9. Soundararaj, Francis. 2012. Basics of Communication in English. New Delhi: Macmillan
- 10. A textbook of English Phonetics for Indian Students by T. Balasubramanian (Macmillan)

# DISTRIBUTION AND WEIGHTAGE OF MARKS

**English Language Laboratory Practical Examination:** 

- 1. The practical examinations for the English Language Laboratory shall be conducted as per the University norms prescribed for the core engineering practical sessions.
- 2. For the Language lab sessions, there shall be a continuous evaluation during the year for 30 sessional marks and 70 semester-end Examination marks. Of the 30 marks, 20 marks shall be awarded for day-to-day work and 10 marks to be awarded by conducting Internal Lab Test(s). The year- end Examination shall be conducted by the teacher concerned with the help of another member of the staff of the same department of the same institution.

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#### JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

I Year B.Tech, CSE I-Sem

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#### **ENGINEERING WORKSHOP**

Pre-requisites: Practical skill

### **Objectives:**

- To Study of different hand operated power tools, uses and their demonstration.
- To gain a good basic working knowledge required for the production of various engineering products.
- To provide hands on experience about use of different engineering materials, tools, equipments and processes those are common in the engineering field.
- To develop a right attitude, team working, precision and safety at work place.
- It explains the construction, function, use and application of different working tools, equipment and machines.
- To study commonly used carpentry joints.
- To have practical exposure to various welding and joining processes.
- Identify and use marking out tools, hand tools, measuring equipment and to work to prescribed tolerances.
- To understanding the computer hardware and practice the Assembly of computer parts.
- To practice the process of Installation of operating system windows.

#### **Outcomes:**

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- Better understanding the process of assembly of computer parts and installation of different software's.
- Study and practice on machine tools and their operations
- Practice on manufacturing of components using workshop trades including pluming, fitting, carpentry, foundry, house wiring and welding.
- Identify and apply suitable tools for different trades of Engineering processes including drilling, material removing, measuring, chiseling.
- Apply basic electrical engineering knowledge for house wiring practice.

#### I. TRADES FOR EXERCISES :

(Any **six** trades from the following with minimum of **two** exercises in each trade)

- 1. Carpentry
- 2. Fitting
- 3. Tin-Smithy
- 4. Black Smithy
- 5. House-wiring

- 6. Foundry
- 7. Plumbing
- II. Trades for Demonstration & Exposure
  - 1. Demonstration of power tools & wiring
  - 2. Welding
  - 3. Machine Shop
- III. IT Workshop I: Computer hardware, identification of parts, Disassembly, Assembly of computer to working condition, simple diagnostic exercises.
  - IT Workshop II: Installation of operating system windows and linux simple diagnostic exercises.

I Year B.Tech. CSE II-Sem

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#### **MATHEMATICS – II**

#### (Common to all Branches)

Pre Requisites: NIL

### **Objectives:**

• Our emphasis will be more on conceptual understanding and application of Fourier series, Fourier, Z and Laplace transforms and solution of partial differential equations.

#### **Outcomes:**

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

• gains the knowledge to tackle the engineering problems using the concepts of Fourier series, various transforms and partial differential equations.

#### UNIT-I: Linear ODE with variable coefficients and series solutions (8 lectures

Equations reducible to constant coefficients-Cauchy's and Legendre's differential equations. Motivation for series solutions, Ordinary point and Regular singular point of a differential equation, Transformation of non-zero singular point to zero singular point. Series solutions to differential equations around zero, Frobenius Method about zero.

# Unit-II: Special Functions

(8 lectures)

Bessel's Differential equation, Bessel functions properties: - Recurrence relations, Orthogonality, Generating function, Trigonometric expansions involving Bessel functions.

#### **UNIT-III: Laplace Transform**

#### (8 lectures)

Definition of Integral transform. Domain of the function and Kernel for the Laplace transforms, Laplace transform of standard functions, first shifting Theorem, Laplace transform of functions when they are multiplied or divided by "t". Laplace transforms of derivatives and integrals of functions. — Unit step function — second shifting theorem — Dirac's delta function, Periodic function — Inverse Laplace transform by Partial fractions( Heaviside method) Inverse Laplace transforms of functions when they are multiplied or divided by "s", Inverse Laplace Transforms of derivatives and integrals of functions, Convolution theorem-solving differential equations by Laplace transforms

#### UNIT – IV: Fourier series and Fourier Transforms (8 lectures)

Definition of periodic function. Fourier expansion of periodic functions in a given interval of length,  $2\pi$ , Determination of Fourier coefficients – Fourier series of even and odd functions – Fourier series in an arbitrary interval – even and odd periodic continuation – Half-range Fourier sine and cosine expansions.

Fourier integral theorem - Fourier sine and cosine integrals. Fourier transforms - Fourier sine and cosine transforms - properties - inverse transforms - Finite Fourier transforms.

#### UNIT-V: Partial Differential Equations (10 lectures)

Introduction and Formation of partial differential equation by elimination of arbitrary constants and arbitrary functions, solutions of first order linear (Lagrange) equation and non-linear equations (Charpit's method). Method of separation of variables for second order equations. Applications of Partial differential equations- one dimensional wave equation., Heat equation.

#### Text books:

- 1) Higher engineering mathematics by B S Grewal. Khanna publications.
- 2) Engineering Mathematics by KREYSZIG, WIELY PUBLICATIONS

### **References:**

1) Engineering Mathematics by Srimantapal & subodh c. Bhunia, oxford university press.

2) Advanced Engineering Mathematics by PETER V O'Neil, CENGAGE Learning.

#### JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

#### I Year B.Tech. CSE II-Sem

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#### BASIC ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

Pre-requisite: Nil

#### **Objectives:**

- To introduce the concept of electrical circuits and its components.
- To introduce the characteristics of various electronic devices.
- To impart the knowledge of various configurations, characteristics and applications of electrical & electronic components.

#### **Outcomes:**

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- To analyze and solve electrical circuits using network laws and theorems.
  - To design & analyse various circuits using electronic components viz. diodes, transistors & other special purpose devices.

#### UNIT- I ELECTRICAL and SINGLE PHASE AC CIRCUITS

**Electrical Circuits:** R-L-C Parameters, Voltage and Current, Independent and Dependent Sources, Source Transformation – V-I relationship for passive elements, Kirchoff's Laws, Network reduction techniques – series, parallel, series-parallel, star-to-delta, delta-to-star transformation, Nodal Analysis,

**Single Phase AC Circuits:** R.M.S. and Average values, Form Factor, steady state analysis of series, parallel and series-parallel combinations of R, L and C with sinusoidal excitation, concept of reactance, impedance, susceptance and admittance – phase and phase difference, Concept of power factor, j-notation, complex and polar forms of representation.

#### **UNIT- II RESONANCE and NETWORK THEOREMS**

**Resonance:** Series resonance and Parallel resonance circuits, concept of bandwidth and Q factor, Locus Diagrams for RL, RC and RLC Combinations for Various Parameters.

**Network Theorems:** Thevenin's, Norton's, Maximum Power Transfer, Superposition, Reciprocity, Tellegen's, Millman's and Compensation theorems for DC and AC excitations.

#### **UNIT- III P-N JUNCTION DIODE & DIODE CIRCUITS**

**P-N Junction Diode:** Diode equation, Energy Band diagram, Volt-Ampere characteristics, Temperature dependence, Ideal versus practical, Static and dynamic resistances, Equivalent circuit, Load line analysis, Diffusion and Transition Capacitances.

**Rectifiers and Filters:** P-N junction as a rectifier - Half Wave Rectifier, Ripple Factor - Full Wave Rectifier, Bridge Rectifier, Harmonic components in Rectifier Circuits, Filters – Inductor Filters, Capacitor Filters, L-section Filters,  $\pi$ - section Filters.

#### UNIT- IV BIPOLAR JUNCTION TRANSISTOR

**Bipolar Junction Transistor (BJT):** Construction, Principle of Operation, Symbol, Amplifying Action, Common Emitter, Common Base and Common Collector configurations.

Transistor Biasing And Stabilization - Operating point, DC & AC load lines, Biasing - Fixed Bias, Emitter Feedback Bias, Collector to Emitter feedback bias, Voltage divider bias, Bias stability, Stabilization against variations in  $V_{\text{BE}}$  and  $\beta$ , Bias Compensation using Diodes and Transistors.

**Transistor Configurations:** BJT modeling, Hybrid model, Determination of h-parameters from transistor characteristics, Analysis of CE, CB and CC configurations using h-parameters, Comparison of CE, CB and CC configurations.

#### UNIT- V JUNCTION FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTOR & SPECIAL PURPOSE DEVICES

**Junction Field Effect Transistor:** Construction, Principle of Operation, Symbol, Pinch-Off Voltage, Volt-Ampere Characteristic, Comparison of BJT and FET, Small Signal Model, Biasing FET.

**Special Purpose Devices:** Breakdown Mechanisms in Semi-Conductor Diodes, Zener diode characteristics, Use of Zener diode as simple regulator, Principle of operation and Characteristics of Tunnel Diode (With help of Energy band diagram) and Varactor Diode, Principle of Operation of SCR.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Electronic Devices and Circuits R.L. Boylestad and Louis Nashelsky, PEI/PHI, 9th Ed, 2006.
- 2. Millman's Electronic Devices and Circuits J.Millman and C.C.Halkias, Satyabratajit, TMH, 2/e, 1998.
- **3**. Engineering circuit analysis- by William Hayt and Jack E. Kemmerly, Mc Graw Hill Company, 6<sup>th</sup> edition.

#### **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Introduction to Electronic Devices and Circuits-Rober T. Paynter, Pearson Education.
- 2. Electronic Devices and Circuits K. Lal Kishore, B.S. Publications, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2005.
- 3. Electronic Devices and Circuits Anil K. Maini, Varsha Agarwal Wiley India Pvt. Ltd. 1/e 2009.
  - **4.** Linear circuit analysis (time domain phasor and Laplace transform approaches)- 2<sup>nd</sup> edition by Raymond A. DeCarlo and Pen-Min-Lin, Oxford University Press-2004.
  - 5. Network Theory by N.C.Jagan & C.Lakshminarayana, B.S. Publications.
  - 6. Network Theory by Sudhakar, Shyam Mohan Palli, TMH.

#### I Year B.Tech. CSE II-Sem

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#### **ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY**

Prerequisites: Nil

# **Course objectives:**

To inculcate the basic concepts of Chemistry required to make the student to develop the innovative materials for the development of technological arena. The latest techniques and skills for the treatment of raw water, facing the endanger of corrosion of structures and producing the polymers in varied applications.

#### **Outcomes:**

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

• gain knowledge of various skills to control the corrosion of huge structures. The analysis of raw water and its treatment to provide soft water. The technologies to result polymers with multiple applications are understood. The principles of electrochemistry and batteries are clearly understood by the students.

#### **Unit-I: Water and its treatment**

Introduction – hardness of water – causes of hardness – types of hardness: temporary and permanent – expression and units of hardness – Estimation of hardness of water by complexometric method. Potable water and its specifications. Steps involved in treatment of potable water - Disinfection of potable water by chlorination and Ozonization. Boiler feed water and its treatment – Calgon conditioning – Phosphate conditioning – Colloidal conditioning – External treatment of water – ion-exchange processes. Desalination of water – Reverse osmosis. Numerical problems – Sewage water – COD, BOD definitions and their significance. Treatment of sewage- Steps involved ( Primary, secondary & tertiary treatments).

# Unit-II: Electrochemistry and corrosion

**Electrochemistry:** Conductance - Specific, equivalent and molar conductance and their interrelationship . Ionic mobilities — Relationship between ionic conductance and ionic mobilities. Electro Chemical cells - electrode potential, standard electrode potential, types of electrodes — Standard hydrogen electrode, calomel and glass electrode. Nernst equation - electrochemical series and its applications.— Concept of concentration cell —Numerical problems.

**Corrosion**- Causes and effects of corrosion – theories of chemical and electrochemical corrosion - mechanism of electrochemical corrosion. Types of corrosion: Galvanic, water-line and pitting corrosion. Factors affecting rate of corrosion. Corrosion control methods – Cathodic protection - sacrificial anode and impressed current cathodic methods. Surface coatings – metallic coatings – methods of application of metallic coatings – Hot dipping,

cementation, electroplating of copper, electro less plating of Nickel - Organic coatings: Paints – their constituents and functions.

#### **Unit-III: High Polymers**

Definition – Classification of polymers with examples – Types of polymerisation – Chain growth (free radical addition mechanism), step growth polymerization, Plastics, fibres and elastomers - definition and characteristics. Plastics – thermoplastic and thermosetting plastics, compounding of plastics. Fibre reinforced plastics. Preparation, properties and Engineering applications of PVC, Teflon, Bakelite, Nylon 6:6 and terylene (Dacron); Rubber – Natural rubber , its processing and vulcanization. Elastomers: Preparation, properties and applications of Styrene butadiene, butyl and thiokol rubbers. Conducting polymers – Classification with examples; mechanism of conduction in trans-polyacetylene and applications of conducting polymers. Biodegradable polymers – concept and advantages - Polylactic acid and its applications.

#### **Unit-IV: Chemistry of Energy sources**

**Fuels** :Classification of fuels - characteristics of a good fuel . Solid fuels: Coal – Analysis of coal by proximate and ultimate methods. Liquid fuels- Petroleum and its refining. Characteristics and uses of petrol, diesel and kerosene. Synthetic petrol- Fischer-Tropsch's process. Cracking – thermal cracking and catalytic cracking. Fluid bed catalytic cracking, Knocking - octane and cetane numbers. Gaseous fuels – Composition, properties and uses of Natural gas, LPG and CNG .

**Combustion** – Definition, calorific value, HCV and LCV. Calculation of air quantity required for combustion of a fuel - Numerical problems.

**Alternate Energy sources**: Biodiesel - trans-esterification - advantages of biodiesel, fuel cells  $(H_2-O_2 \text{ and } Methanol} -O_2 \text{ fuel cell})$ .

### **Unit-V: Batteries and Materials**

**Batteries :** Cell and battery - Primary battery (dry cell, alkaline cell and Lithium cell). Secondary battery (lead acid, Ni-Cd and lithium ion cell)

**Liquid crystal polymers** : classification, characteristics and applications.

**Insulators**- Characteristics and applications of thermal and electrical insulators.

**Nanomaterials**: Introduction. Preparation of nanomaterials by top down and bottom up approaches. Carbon nano fibres, and fullerenes - Applications of nanomaterials.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Engineering Chemistry by P.C.Jain & M.Jain; Dhanpat Rai Publishing Company (P) Ltd., New Delhi, (15<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2005).
- 2. Engineering Chemistry by B.Rama Devi & Ch.Venkata Ramana Reddy; Cengage Learning, 2012.

#### **Reference Books:**

1. A Text Book of Engineering Chemistry by Shashi Chawla, Dhanpat Rai & Co., New Delhi.(3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2003).

- 2. Engineering Chemistry by Y. Bharathi Kumari and C. Jyotsna, VGS Booklinks, 2012.
- 3. Text book of Engineering Chemistry by C P Murthy, C V Agarwal and A. Naidu; B.S.Publications, 2006.
- **4.** Engineering Chemistry by M. Thirumala Chary and E. Lakshminarayana, Sci tech. Publications Pvt. Ltd., Chennai 2012.
- 5. Engineering Chemistry by B.Sivasankar, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Ltd., New Delhi 2008.
- 6. A Text Book of Engineering Chemistry by S.S. Dara, S.Chand Publications, (10<sup>th</sup> Edition ,2007).

I Year B.Tech. CSE II-Sem

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#### APPLIED PHYSICS

Prerequisites: Nil Course Objectives:

The course primarily aims at understanding the behavior of matter in the condensed state and tries to explore the causes with reference to micro level mechanism of the solid matter. The objective of the first chapter is to study the micro level behavior of the quantum particles of the matter and their nature as wave and particle and hence to estimate the statistics of the phenomenon arising out of their nature of existence. The second chapter aims at to assess the draw backs of the free electron theory leading to the introduction of the Band Theory of Solids. In the third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh and tenth chapters the different natures of the solid matter are taken as the main task discuss. In the eighth chapter, it is expected to understand the basic principles behind the coherent artificial light source (LASER) with reference to their construction, mechanism, operation and classification etc. The nineth chapter is explicitly aimed at to study an advanced communication system presently ruling the world throughout i.e. Fiber Optic communication system.

#### **Outcomes:**

The understanding of properties of matter is an essential part to utilize them in various applications in different walks of life. In most of the cases, the behavior of matter as solid material body purely depends upon the internal micro level nature, structure and characters. By studying first few chapters the students as graduates can acquire the knowledge of the connection between the micro level behavior of the matter as fundamental particles and the macro level real time characters of the material bodies. The quantum mechanism in phenomena can best be understood and analyzed by estimating the statistics of the phenomena. The study of chapters on Laser and fiber optics forms basis for understanding an advanced communication system. Other chapters establish a strong foundation on the different kinds of characters of several materials and pave a way for them to use in at various technical and engineering applications.

#### **UNIT-I**

1. Principles of Quantum & Statistical Mechanics: Waves and Particles, De Broglie Hypothesis, Matter Waves, Davisson and Germer's Experiment, G.P. Thomson Experiment, Heisenberg's Uncertainty principle, Schrodinger's Time -Independent Wave Equation, Physical Significance of the Wave Function, Particle in One Dimensional Potential Box.

Maxwell-Boltzmann, Bose-Einstein and Fermi-Dirac statistics (Qualitative).

**2. Electron theory of Metals:** Introduction, Classical Free Electron Theory of metals, Root Mean Square (RMS )velocity, Mean Free Path, Mean collision Time, Drift Velocity, Relaxation Time, Electrical Resistivity,

Draw backs of Classical Free Electron Theory, Density of States, Calculation of Fermi energy, Quantum Free Electron Theory, Electron in a periodic Potential, Kronig-Penny Model (Qualitative Treatment), Origin of Energy Band Formation in Solids, Classification of Materials into Conductors, Semiconductors and insulators, Concept of Effective Mass of an Electron.

#### **UNIT-II**

- **3. Semiconductor Physics:** Position of Fermi Level, Estimation of Carrier concentration in Intrinsic and Extrinsic (p-type & n-type) Semiconductors, Equation of Continuity, Direct and Indirect Band gap Semiconductors, Hall Effect.
- **4. Physics of Semiconductor Devices:** Formation of PN Junction, Energy band Diagram and I-V Characteristics of PN Junction Diode, Diode Equation, LED, LCD and Photo Diodes, Solar Cells.

#### **UNIT-III**

- **5. Dielectric Properties:** Basic definitions, Electronic, Ionic (Quantitative) and Orientation Polarizations(Qualitative) and Calculation of Polarizabilities Internal Fields in Solids, Clausius Mossotti Equation, Piezo-electricity, Pyro- electricity and Ferro electricity.
- **6. Magnetic Properties:** Basic definitions, Origin of Magnetic Moment, Bohr Magneton, Classification of Dia, Para and Ferro Magnetic Materials on the basis of Magnetic Moment, Domain Theory of Ferro magnetism on the basis of Hysteresis Curve, Soft and Hard Magnetic Materials, Properties of Anti Ferro and Ferri Magnetic Materials.
- **7. Superconductivity:** Introduction to Superconductivity, Properties of Superconductors, Meissner Effect, BCS theory, Type-I and Type –II Superconductors, Magnetic Levitation and Applications of Superconductors.

#### **UNIT-IV**

- **8. Lasers:** Characteristics of Lasers, Spontaneous and stimulated Emission of Radiation, Meta- Stable state, Population Inversion, Lasing Action, Einstein's Coefficients and Relation between them, Ruby Laser, Helium-Neon Laser, Semiconductor Diode Laser and Applications of Lasers.
- **9. Fiber Optics:** Principle & construction (structure) of an Optical Fiber, Acceptance Angle, Numerical Aperture, Types of Optical Fibers, Losses in Optical Fibers and Applications of Optical Fibers in communication.

#### **UNIT-V**

**10. Nanotechnology:** Origin of Nanotechnology, Nano Scale, Surface to Volume Ratio, Quantum Confinement, Bottom-up Fabrication: Sol-Gel, Precipitation, Combustion Methods; Top-Down Fabrication: Chemical Vapor Deposition, Physical Vapor Deposition, Characterization Techniques(XRD, SEM &TEM) and Applications of Nanotechnology.

#### Text books:

- 1. Principles of Physics by Halliday, Resnick, Walker, Wiley India Pvt Ltd, 9th Edition.
- 2. Introduction to Solid State Physics by Charles Kittel, Wiley India Pyt Ltd. 7th Edition
- 3. Engineering Physics by R.K.GAUR & S.L.GUPTA, Dhanpat Rai Publications.
- 4. Solid State Physics by A J Dekker, MACMILLAN INDIA LTD.

#### **References:**

- 1. Modern Engineering Physics by Dr.K.Vijaya Kumar, Dr. S. Chandralingam, S.CHAND & COMPANY LTD
- 2. Applied Physics by P.K.Mittal, I K International Publishers
- 3. Applied Physics by P.K. Palanisamy : Scitech publishers
- 4. Introduction to Nanotechnology by Charles P.Poole, Jr.Frank J ownes, John Wiley & sons
- 5. Applied Physics for Engineers by P. Madusudana Rao, Academic Publishing Company
- 6. Engineering Physics by Sanjay D Jain, Girish G Sahasrbudha: University Press.

I Year B.Tech. CSE II-Sem

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#### **ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE**

Prerequisites: NIL

### **Objectives:**

- Creating the awareness about environmental problems among students.
- Imparting basic knowledge about the environment and its allied problems.
- Developing an attitude of concern for the environment.
- Motivating students to participate in environment protection and environment improvement.

# **Outcomes:**

At the end of the course, it is expected that students will be able to:

- Identify and analyze environmental problems as well as the risks associated with these problems
- Understand what it is to be a steward in the environment
- Studying how to live their lives in a more sustainable manner

# UNIT- I

## MULTIDISCIPLINARY NATURE OF ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES:

Definition, Scope and Importance – Need for Public Awareness.

**NATURAL RESOURCES:** Renewable and non-renewable resources — Natural resources and associated problems — Forest resources — Use and over — exploitation, deforestation, case studies — Timber extraction — Mining, dams and other effects on forest and tribal people — Water resources — Use and over utilization of surface and ground water — Floods, drought, conflicts over water, dams — benefits and problems — Mineral resources: Use and exploitation, environmental effects of extracting and using mineral resources, case studies. — Food resources: World food problems, changes caused by agriculture and overgrazing, effects of modern agriculture, fertilizer-pesticide problems, water logging, salinity, case studies. — Energy resources: Growing energy needs, renewable and non-renewable energy sources use of alternate energy sources. Case studies. Land resources: Land as a

resource, land degradation, man induced landslides, soil erosion and desertification. Role of an individual in conservation of natural resources. Equitable use of resources for sustainable lifestyles.

#### UNIT - II

**ECOSYSTEMS :** Concept of an ecosystem. - Structure and function of an ecosystem. - Producers, consumers and decomposers. - Energy flow in the ecosystem - Ecological succession. - Food chains, food webs and ecological pyramids. - Introduction, types, characteristic features, structure and function of the following ecosystem:

- a. Forest ecosystem
- b. Grassland ecosystem
- c. Desert ecosystem
- d. Aquatic ecosystems (ponds, streams, lakes, rivers, oceans, estuaries)

#### **UNIT - III**

**BIODIVERSITY AND ITS CONSERVATION:** Introduction - Definition: genetic, species andecosystem diversity. - Bio-geographical classification of India - Value of biodiversity: consumptive use, productive use, social, ethical, aesthetic and option values - . Biodiversity at global, National and local levels. - . India as a megadiversity nation - Hot-sports of biodiversity - Threats to biodiversity: habitat loss, poaching of wildlife, manwildlife conflicts. - Endangered and endemic species of India – Conservation of biodiversity: In-situ and Ex-situ conservation of biodiversity.

#### **UNIT - IV**

**ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION:** Definition, Cause, effects and control measures of:

- a. Air pollution
- b. Water pollution
- c. Soil pollution
- d. Marine pollution
- e. Noise pollution
- f. Thermal pollution
- g. Nuclear hazards

SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT: Causes, effects and control measures of urban and

industrial wastes. - Role of an individual in prevention of pollution. - Pollution case

studies. - Disaster management: floods, earthquake, cyclone and landslides.

**SOCIAL ISSUES AND THE ENVIRONMENT:** From Unsustainable to Sustainable development -Urban problems related to energy -Water conservation, rain water harvesting, watershed management -Resettlement and rehabilitation of people; its

problems and concerns. Case Studies -Environmental ethics: Issues and possible solutions. -Climate change, global warming, acid rain, ozone layer depletion, nuclear accidents and holocaust. Case Studies. -Wasteland reclamation. -Consumerism and waste products. -Environment Protection Act. -Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act. -Water (Prevention and control of Pollution) Act -Wildlife Protection Act -Forest Conservation Act -Issues involved in enforcement of environmental legislation. -Public awareness.

**HUMAN POPULATION AND THE ENVIRONMENT:** Population growth, variation among nations. Population explosion - Family Welfare Programme. -Environment and human health. -Human Rights. -Value Education. -HIV/AIDS. -Women and Child Welfare. -Role of information Technology in Environment and human health. —Case Studies.

**FIELD WORK:** Visit to a local area to document environmental assets River /forest grassland/hill/mountain -Visit to a local polluted site-Urban/Rural/industrial/ Agricultural Study of common plants, insects, birds. -Study of simple cosystemspond,

river, hill slopes, etc.

#### **TEXT BOOK:**

- 1 Textbook of Environmental Studies for Undergraduate Courses by Erach Bharucha for University Grants Commission., Universities Press
- 2 Environmental Studies by R. Rajagopalan, Oxford University Press.

#### **REFERENCE:**

1. Textbook of Environmental Sciences and Technology by M. Anji Reddy, BS Publication.

I Year B.Tech. CSE II-Sem

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#### **COMPUTATIONAL MATHEMATICS**

(Common to all Branches)

Pre Requisites: NIL

## **Objectives:**

 This course aims at providing the student with the concepts of matrices, numerical techniques and curve fitting.

#### **Outcomes:**

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

analyze engineering problems using the concepts of Matrices and Numerical Methods.

# **UNIT-I:** Matrices and Linear Transformations (8 lectures)

Real matrices – Symmetric, skew – symmetric, orthogonal. Complex matrices: Hermitian, Skew-Hermitian and Unitary Matrices. Idempotent matrix, Finding rank of a matrix by reducing to Echelon and Normal forms. Consistency of system of linear equations (homogeneous and non-homogeneous) using the rank of a matrix. Cayley-Hamilton Theorem (without Proof) – Verification. Finding inverse of a matrix and powers of a matrix by Cayley-Hamilton theorem, Linear dependence and Independence of Vectors. Linear Transformation – Orthogonal Transformation. Eigen values and Eigen vectors of a matrix. Properties of Eigen values and Eigen vectors of matrices. Diagonolization of matrix – Quadratic forms upto three variables- Reduction of quadratic form to canonical form, Rank – Positive definite, negative definite – semi definite – index – signature of quadratic form.

## UNIT–II: Interpolation and Curve fitting (5 lectures)

**Interpolation:** Introduction- Errors in Polynomial Interpolation — Finite differences- Forward Differences-Backward differences —Central differences — Symbolic relations and separation of symbols- Difference Equations — Differences of a polynomial-Newton's formulae for interpolation —Interpolation with unevenly spaced points-Lagrange's Interpolation formula. **Curve fitting:** Fitting a straight line —Second degree curve-exponential curve-power curve by method of least squares.

#### UNIT–III: Numerical techniques (5 lectures)

Solution of Algebraic and Transcendental Equations and Linear system of equations.

 $Introduction-Graphical\ interpretation\ of\ solution\ of\ equations\ . The\ Bisection\ Method-The\ Method\ of\ False\ Position-The\ Iteration\ Method-Newton-Raphson\ Method\ .$ 

Solving system of  $\,$  non-homogeneous equations by L-U Decomposition method(Crout's Method)Jacobi's and Gauss-Seidel Iteration method

## UNIT- IV: Numerical Differentiation, Integration: (5 lectures)

Numerical differentiation, Numerical integration – Trapezoidal  $\,$ rule, Simpson's  $\,$ 1/3 $^{rd}$  and  $\,$ 3/8  $\,$ Rule , Generalized Quadrature.

# UNIT – V: Numerical solutions of First order differential equations (5 lectures)

Numerical solution of Ordinary Differential equations: Solution by Taylor's series method –Picard's Method of successive Approximation- single step methods-Euler's Method-Euler's modified method, Runge-Kutta Methods.

## **Text Books:**

- 1) Introductory methods of numerical analysis by ss sastry
- 2) Numerical and statistical methods with programming in c by sujatha sinha and subhabrada dinda, scitec publishers
  - 3) Numerical methods, principles, analysis and algorithms by srimantapal & subodh c. Bhunia, oxford university press.

#### References:

- 1) Advanced engineering mathematics by Alan Jeffery
- 2) Applied numerical methods using matlab by Rao.V.Dukkipati, New Age Publishers
- 3) Numerical Methods in Science and Engineering –Apractical approach by s.Rajasekharan, s.Chand Publications

#### I Year B.Tech. CSE II-Sem

L T P C 0 0 3 2

#### BASIC ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING LAB

## PART A: ELECTRONIC WORKSHOP PRACTICE (in 3 lab sessions):

- 1. Identification, Specifications, Testing of R, L, C Components (Color Codes), Potentiometers, Switches (SPDT, DPDT, and DIP), Coils, Gang Condensers, Relays, Bread Boards, PCB's
- 2. Identification, Specifications and Testing of Active Devices, Diodes, BJT's, Low power JFET's, MOSFET's, Power Transistors, LED's, LCD's, SCR, UJT.
- 3. Study and operation of
  - Multimeters (Analog and Digital)
  - Function Generator
  - Regulated Power Supplies
  - CRO.

#### PART B: (For Laboratory examination – Minimum of 09 experiments

# to be conducted)

- 1. PN Junction diode characteristics A) Forward bias B) Reverse bias.
- 2. Zener diode characteristics and Zener as voltage Regulator
- 3. Input & Output characteristics of Transistor in CB / CE configuration
- 4. Full Wave Rectifier with & without filters
- 5. Input and Output characteristics of FET in CS configuration
- 6. Measurement of h-parameters of transistor in CB, CE, CC configurations
- 7. SCR Characteristics.
- 8. Verification of KVL and KCL.
- 9. Serial and Parallel Resonance Timing, Resonant frequency, Bandwidth and Q-factor determination for RLC network.
- 10. Verification of Superposition and Reciprocity theorems.

## Draft copy w.e.f. academic year 2015-16

- 11. Verification of maximum power transfer theorem. Verification on DC, verification on AC with Resistive and Reactive loads.
- 12. Experimental determination of Thevenin's and Norton's equivalent circuits and verification by direct test.

## JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

I Year B.Tech. CSE II-Sem

L T P C 0 3 2

## APPLIED PHYSICS LAB

## LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

- 1. Study of characteristics of LED and LASER sources.
- 2. Magnetic field along the axis of current carrying coil-Stewart and Gee's method.
- 3. Study of characteristics of p-i-n diode detectors.
- 4. Determination of frequency of A.C Mains-Sonometer.
- 5. Torsional pendulum.
- 6. Energy gap of material of PN- junction.
- 7. Bending Losses of Fibers & Evaluation of numerical aperture of given fiber.
- 8. L-C-R circuit.
- 9. Time constant of an R-C Circuit.
- 10. Characteristics of solar cell

#### I Year B.Tech. CSE II-Sem

L T P C 0 0 3 2

#### COMPUTATIONAL MATHEMATICS LAB

(Common to all Branches)

## **UNIT- I: Interpolation**

## **Programming Tasks:**

- A) Write a program to determine y for a given x, if two arrays of x and y of same size are given (using Newton's interpolation both forward and backward)
- B) Write a program to determine y for a given x, if two arrays of x and y of same size are given.(using Lagrange 's interpolation)
- C) Write a program to determine y for a given x, if two arrays of x and y of same size are given.(using Gauss interpolation)

(Selection criteria of the interpolation formula are important.)

# **UNIT-1I: Curve fitting**

# **Programming Tasks:**

- A) Write a program to find a line of best fit from the given two arrays of x and y of same size.
- B) Write a program to find a curve of the form  $y = Ae^{Bx}$  from the given two arrays of x and y of same size.
- C) Write a program to find a curve of the form  $y = Ax^B$  from the given two arrays of x and y of same size.
- D) Write a program to find a curve of the form  $y = Ax^2 + Bx + C$  from the given two arrays of x and y of same size.

# **UNIT-1II: Solution of Algebraic and Transcendental Equations**

## **Programming Tasks:**

A) Write a program to find the root of a given equation using bisection method. (Write this program such that the initial values given to the system are not usable, then the system should ask us to give new set of initial values).

- B) Write a program to find the root of a given equation using method of false position(regula false position).
- C) Write a program to find the root of a given equation using iteration method.
- D) Write a program to find the root of a given equation using Newton Rophson method.

## **UNIT- IV: Linear system of equations**

#### **Programming Tasks:**

- A) Write a program to find the solution of given system of linear equations using L- U decomposition method.
  - B) Write a program to find the solution of given system of linear equations using jacobi's method.
  - C) Write a program to find the solution of given system of equations using Gauss sidel iteration method.
  - D) Write a program to find the solution of given system of equations using Gauss Jordan elimination method.

# UNIT-V: Numerical Differentiation, Integration and Numerical solutions of First order differential equations

# **Programming Tasks:**

- A) Write a program to evaluate definite integral using trapezoidal rule, Simpson's 1/3<sup>rd</sup> rule and 3/8<sup>th</sup> rule.
- B) Write a program to solve a given differential equation using Taylor's series.
- C) Write a program to solve a given differential equation Euler's and modified Eulers method.
- D) Write a program to solve a given differential equation using Ruge-Kutta method.

II Year B.Tech. CSE II-Sem

L T P C 4 1 0 4

## MATHEMATICAL FOUNDATIONS OF COMPUTER SCIENCE

# **Prerequisites**

- 1. No prerequisites
- 2. An understanding of Math in general is sufficient.

## **Objectives**

- 1. Introduces the elementary discrete mathematics for computer science and engineering.
- 2. Topics include formal logic notation, methods of proof, induction, sets, relations, algebraic structures, elementary graph theory, permutations and combinations, counting principles; recurrence relations and generating functions.

#### **Outcomes**

- 1. Ability to understand and construct precise mathematical proofs
- 2. Ability to use logic and set theory to formulate precise statements
- 3. Ability to analyze and solve counting problems on finite and discrete structures
- 4. Ability to describe and manipulate sequences
- 5. Ability to apply graph theory in solving computing problems

**UNIT-I: Mathematical logic:** Introduction, Statements and Notation, Connectives, Normal Forms, Theory of Inference for the Statement Calculus, The Predicate Calculus, Inference Theory of the Predicate Calculus.

**UNIT-II: Set theory:** Introduction, Basic Concepts of Set Theory, Representation of Discreet Structures, Relations and Ordering, Functions.

**UNIT-III: Algebraic Structures:** Introduction, Algebraic Systems, Semigroups and Monoids, Lattices as Partially Ordered Sets, Boolean Algebra.

**UNIT-IV: Elementary Combinatorics:** Basics of Counting, Combinations and Permutations, Enumeration of Combinations and Permutations, Enumerating Combinations and Permutations with Repetitions, Enumerating Permutation with Constrained Repetitions, Binomial Coefficient, The Binomial and Multinomial Theorems, The Principle of Exclusion.

**UNIT-V: Graph Theory:** Basic Concepts, Isomorphism and Subgraphs, Trees and their Properties, Spanning Trees, Directed Trees, Binary Trees, Planar Graphs, Euler's Formula, Multigraphs and Euler Circuits, Hamiltonian Graphs, Chromatic Numbers, The Four-Color Problem.

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Discrete Mathematical Structures with Applications to Computer Science: j.p. Tremblay, r. Manohar, mcgraw-hill, 1<sup>st</sup> ed.
- 2. Discrete Mathematics for Computer Scientists & Mathematicians: Joe l. Mott, Abraham Kandel, Teodore P. Baker, prentis hall of india, 2<sup>nd</sup> ed.

## **REFERENCE:**

- 1. Discrete and Combinatorial Mathematics an applied introduction: ralph.p. Grimald, pearson education, 5<sup>th</sup> edition.
- 2. Discrete Mathematical Structures: thomas kosy, tata mcgraw hill publishing co.

## II Year B.Tech. CSE I-Sem

L T P C 4 1 0 4

#### DIGITAL LOGIC DESIGN AND MICRO PROCESSOR

## **UNIT 1**

**Introduction to number systems**: Binary codes, code conversion, Basic of Boolean algebra, Basic theorems and properties of Boolean algebra Canonical and standard form of Boolean function, all digital logic gates-map method of minimization of 4 and 5 variable functions, Don't-care map entries

## **UNIT II**

**NAND and nor implementation:** Design of Binary adders Subtractors, comparator, decoder, encoder, multiplexers and Demultiplexers using gats/CS Introduction to sequential circuits, latches, Flip flops-SR,JK,JK master slave ,D and T type flip flops, Truth tables and excitation tables conversion of flip flops form

#### **UNIT III**

Concept of shift register, operation of shift register ,its configuration, operation of asynchronous connotes, Design of Synchronous modulo N- connotes, Design and operation of Ring and twisted Ring connotes

#### **UNIT IV**

**8086 Architecture**: functional diagram, Register organization, memory segmentation, programming model, memory addressing, Physical memory organization ,signal descriptions of 8086,Interrupts of 8086

#### **UNIT V**

**Instruction set and Assembly language programming of 8086:** instruction formats ,addressing models ,Instruction set ,simple programs involving logical, Branch all instructions ,Solving, String manipulations

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Switching theory and logic design -A.Anand kumar PHI,2013
- 2. Advanced microprocessor & Pieperar-A.K.Ray and K.M.Bherchandavi ,TMH,2 ND EDITION.

#### References:

- 1. Switching and Finite Automatic theory-Zvi Kohavi ,Niraj K.Jha Cambridge ,3<sup>rd</sup> edition
- 2. Digital Design Morris Mano, PHI, 3rd edition
- 3. Microprocessor and Interfacing –Douglas V.Hall,TMGH 2<sup>nd</sup> edition.

#### JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

#### II Year B.Tech. CSE I-Sem

L T P C 4 1 0 4

#### ADVANCED DATA STRUCTURES

## **Prerequisites**

- 1. A course on "Computer Programming & Data Structures **Objectives** 
  - 1. Introduces the basic concepts of Abstract Data Types.
  - 2. Reviews basic data structures such as stacks and queues.
  - 3. Introduces a variety of data structures such as hash tables, search trees, tries, heaps, graphs, and B-trees.
  - 4. Introduces sorting and pattern matching algorithms

## **Outcomes**

- 1. Ability to select the data structures that effeciently model the information in a problem.
- 2. Ability to assess efficiency trade-offs among different data structure implementations or combinations.
- 3. Implement and know the application of algorithms for sorting and pattern matching.
- 4. Design programs using a variety of data structures, including hash tables, binary and general tree structures, search trees, tries, heaps, graphs, and B-trees.

#### **Unit I:**

**Review of basic data structures:** The list, Stack, Queue, Implementation Using C.

**Dictionaries**: linear list representation, skip list representation, operations - insertion, deletion and searching.

#### **Unit II:**

**Hash table representation:** hash functions, collision resolution-separate chaining, open addressing-linear probing, quadratic probing, double hashing, rehashing, extendible hashing, comparison of hashing and skip lists.

**Priority Queues** – Definition, Realizing a Priority Queue using Heaps, Definition, insertion, Deletion.

#### **Unit III:**

**Search Trees:** Binary Search Trees, Definition, Implementation, Operations- Searching, Insertion and Deletion, AVL Trees, Definition, Height of an AVL Tree, Operations – Insertion, Deletion and Searching, Red –Black, Splay Trees, B-Tree of order m, height of a B-Tree, insertion, deletion and searching, Comparison of Search Trees.

## **UNIT-IV:**

**Graphs:** Graph Implementation Methods. Graph Traversal Methods.

**Sortings:** Quick sort, Heap Sort, External Sorting- Model for external sorting, Merge Sort, Multiway merge, Polyphase merge.

## **Unit V:**

**Pattern matching and Tries:** Pattern matching algorithms-Brute force, the Boyer –Moore algorithm, the Knuth-Morris-Pratt algorithm, Standard Tries, Compressed Tries, Suffix tries.

## **TEXTBOOKS:**

- 1. Fundamentals of data structures in c, 2 nd edition, e.horowitz, s.sahni and susan anderson freed, universities press
- 2. Data structures using c a.s.tanenbaum, y. Langsam, and m.j. Augenstein, phi/pearson education.
- 3. Introduction to data structures in c, 1/e ashok kamthane

# **REFERENCES:**

- 1. The C Programming Language, B.W. Kernighan, Dennis M.Ritchie, PHI/Pearson Education
- 2. C Programming with problem solving, J.A. Jones & K. Harrow, Dreamtech Press
- 3. Data structures: A Pseudocode Approach with C, 2 nd edition, R.F.Gilberg And B.A.Forouzan, Cengage Learning.

II Year B.Tech. CSE I-Sem

L T P C 4 1 0 4

#### **OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING THROUGH JAVA**

## **Prerequisites**

- 1. A course on "Computer Programming & Data Structures" **Objectives** 
  - 1. Introduces object oriented programming concepts using the Java language.
  - 2. Introduces the principles of inheritance and polymorphism; and demonstrates how they relate to the design of abstract classes
  - 3. Introduces the implementation of packages and interfaces
  - 4. Introduces exception handling, event handling and multithreading
  - 5. Introduces the design of Graphical User Interface using applets and swings

# **Outcomes**

- 1. Develop applications for a range of problems using object-oriented programming techniques
- 2. Design simple Graphical User Interface applications

## UNIT I:

**Object oriented thinking and Java Basics**- Need for oop paradigm, summary of oop concepts, coping with complexity, abstraction mechanisms. A way of viewing world – Agents, responsibility, messages, methods, History of Java, Java buzzwords, data types, variables, scope and life time of variables, arrays, operators, expressions, control statements, type conversion and casting, simple java program, concepts of classes, objects, constructors, methods, access control, this keyword, garbage collection, overloading methods and constructors, method binding, inheritance, overriding and exceptions, parameter passing, recursion, nested and inner classes, exploring string class.

## **UNIT II:**

**Inheritance, Packages and Interfaces** – Hierarchical abstractions, Base class object, subclass, subtype, substitutability, forms of inheritance- specialization, specification, construction, extension, limitation, combination, benefits of inheritance, costs of inheritance. Member access rules, super uses, using final with inheritance, polymorphism- method overriding, abstract classes, the Object class.

Defining, Creating and Accessing a Package, Understanding CLASSPATH, importing packages, differences between classes and interfaces, defining an interface, implementing interface, applying interfaces, variables in interface and extending interfaces.

Exploring java.io.

#### UNIT III

**Exception handling and Multithreading--** Concepts of exception handling, benefits of exception handling, Termination or resumptive models, exception hierarchy, usage of try, catch, throw, throws and finally, built in exceptions, creating own exception sub classes.

String handling, Exploring java.util. Differences between multi threading and multitasking, thread life cycle, creating threads, thread priorities, synchronizing threads, interthread communication, thread groups, daemon threads.

Enumerations, autoboxing, annotations, generics.

## **UNIT IV:**

**Event Handling**: Events, Event sources, Event classes, Event Listeners, Delegation event model, handling mouse and keyboard events, Adapter classes.

The AWT class hierarchy, user interface components- labels, button, canvas, scrollbars, text components, check box, check box groups, choices, lists panels – scrollpane, dialogs, menubar, graphics, layout manager – layout manager types – border, grid, flow, card and grid bag.

# **UNIT V:**

**Applets** – Concepts of Applets, differences between applets and applications, life cycle of an applet, types of applets, creating applets, passing parameters to applets.

**Swing** – Introduction, limitations of AWT, MVC architecture, components, containers, exploring swing- JApplet, JFrame and JComponent, Icons and Labels, text fields, buttons – The JButton class, Check boxes, Radio buttons, Combo boxes, Tabbed Panes, Scroll Panes, Trees, and Tables.

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Java the complete reference, 7<sup>th</sup> editon, Herbert Schildt, TMH.
- 2. Understanding OOP with Java, updated edition, T. Budd, Pearson Eduction.

#### **REFERENCES:**

1. An Introduction to programming and OO design using Java, J.Nino and F.A. Hosch,

John Wiley & sons.

- 2. Introduction to Java programming, Y. Daniel Liang, Pearson Education.
- 3. An introduction to Java programming and object oriented application development, R.A. Johnson- Thomson.

#### II Year B.Tech. CSE I-Sem

L T P C 4 1 0 4

## COMPUTER ORGANIZATION AND ARCHITECTURE

# **Prerequisites**

No prerequisites

# Co-requisite

A Course on "Digital Logic Design and Microprocessors"

# **Objectives**

- 1. The purpose of the course is to introduce principles of computer organization and the basic architectural concepts.
- 2. It begins with basic organization, design, and programming of a simple digital computer and introduces simple register transfer language to specify various computer operations.
- 3. Topics include computer arithmetic, instruction set design, microprogrammed control unit, pipelining and vector processing, memory organization and I/O systems, and multiprocessors

## **Outcomes**

- 1. Understand the basics of instructions sets and their impact on processor design.
- 2. Demonstrate an understanding of the design of the functional units of a digital computer system.
- 3. Evaluate cost performance and design trade-offs in designing and constructing a computer processor including memory.
- 4. Design a pipeline for consistent execution of instructions with minimum hazards.
- 5. Recognize and manipulate representations of numbers stored in digital computers

## UNIT I

**Digital Computers:** Introduction, Block diagram of Digital Computer, Definition of Computer Organization, Computer Design and Computer Architecture.

**Register Transfer Language and Micro operations:** Register Transfer language, Register Transfer, Bus and memory transfers, Arithmetic Micro operations, logic micro operations, shift micro operations, Arithmetic logic shift unit.

**Basic Computer Organization and Design:** Instruction codes, Computer Registers Computer instructions, Timing and Control, Instruction cycle, Memory Reference Instructions, Input – Output and Interrupt, Complete Computer Description.

#### **UNIT II**

**Micro Programmed Control:** Control memory, Address sequencing, micro program example, design of control unit.

**Central Processing Unit:** General Register Organization, STACK organization, Instruction Formats, Addressing modes, Data Transfer and Manipulation, Program Control.

## **UNIT III**

**Data Representation:** Data types, Complements, Fixed Point Representation, Floating Point Representation.

**Computer Arithmetic:** Addition and subtraction, multiplication Algorithms, Division Algorithms, Floating – point Arithmetic operations. Decimal Arithmetic unit, Decimal Arithmetic operations.

## **UNIT IV**

**Input-Output Organization:** Input-Output Interface, Asynchronous data transfer, Modes of Transfer, Priority Interrupt Direct memory Access, Input –Output Processor (IOP).

**Memory Organization:** Memory Hierarchy, Main Memory, Auxiliary memory, Associate Memory, Cache Memory.

## **UNIT V**

Reduced Instruction Set Computer: CISC Characteristics, RISC Characteristics.

**Pipeline and Vector Processing:** Parallel Processing, Pipelining, Arithmetic Pipeline, Instruction Pipeline, RISC Pipeline, Vector Processing.

**Multi Processors:** Characteristics of Multiprocessors, Interconnection Structures, Interprocessor arbitration, Interprocessor communication and synchronization, Cache Coherence.

#### **Text Books:**

1. Computer System Architecture – M. Moris Mano, Third Edition, Pearson/PHI.

## **Reference:**

- 1. Computer Organization Car Hamacher, Zvonks Vranesic, SafeaZaky,  $V^{th}$  Edition, McGraw Hill.
- 2. Computer Organization and Architecture William Stallings Sixth Edition, Pearson/PHI.
- 3. Structured Computer Organization Andrew S. Tanenbaum, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition PHI/Pearson.

## II Year B.Tech. CSE I-Sem

L T P C 0 0 3 1

## DIGITAL LOGIC DESIGN AND MICRO PROCESSOR LAB

## **Digital Logic Design Lab:**

- 1. Implement of Logic gates using NAND and NOR gates
- 2. Design Full adder using gates
- 3. Design and implement of 4:1 MUX,8:1 MUX using gates /lcs.
- 4. Design and Implement of 3 to 8 decoder using gates
- 5. Design of 4 bit comparator using gates/IC
- 6. Design of Implement of 4 bit shift register using Flip flops
- 7. Design and Implement of Decode counter
- 8. Design and Implement of Asynchronous counter.

## **Computer Organization & Micro Processor Lab**

Write assembly language programs for the following using MASAM.

- 1. Write assembly language programs to evaluate the expressions:
  - i) a = b + c d \* e
  - ii) z = x \* y + w v + u / k
  - a. Considering 8-bit, 16 bit and 32 bit binary numbers as b, c, d, e.
  - b. Considering 2 digit, 4digit and 8 digit BCD numbers.

Take the input in consecutive memory locations and results also Display the results by using "int xx" of 8086. Validate program for the boundary conditions.

- 2. Write an ALP of 8086 to take N numbers as input. And do the following operations on them.
  - a. Arrange in ascending and Descending order.
- 3. Find max and minimum
  - a. Find average

Considering 8-bit, 16 bit binary numbers and 2 digit, 4digit and 8 digit BCD numbers. Display the results by using "int xx" of 8086. Validate program for the boundary conditions.

4. Write an ALP of 8086 to take a string of as input (in 'C' format) and do the following Operations on it.

a.	Find the length
b.	Find it is Palindrome or n

- 5. Find whether given string substring or not.
  - a. Reverse a string
  - b. Concatenate by taking another sting

Display the results by using "int xx" of 8086.

- 6. Write the ALP to implement the above operations as procedures and call from the main procedure.
- 7. Write an ALP of 8086 to find the factorial of a given number as a Procedure and call from the main program which display the result.

# JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD II Year B.Tech. CSE I-Sem

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## ADVANCED DATA STRUCTURES THROUGH C LAB

# **Prerequisites**

1. A course on Computer Programming & Data Structures"

# **Objectives**

- 1. Introduces the basic concepts of Abstract Data Types.
- 2. Reviews basic data structures such as stacks and queues.
- 3. Introduces a variety of data structures such as hash tables, search trees, tries, heaps, graphs, and B-trees.
- 4. Introduces sorting and pattern matching algorithms

## **Outcomes**

- 1. Ability to select the data structures that effeciently model the information in a problem.
- 2. Ability to assess efficiency trade-offs among different data structure implementations or combinations.
- 3. Implement and know the application of algorithms for sorting and pattern matching.
- 4. Design programs using a variety of data structures, including hash tables, binary and general tree structures, search trees, tries, heaps, graphs, and B-trees.
- 1. Write C programs to implement the following using an array.
  - a) Stack
- b) Queue
- 2. Write C programs to implement the following using a singly linked list.
  - a) Stack
- b) Queue
- 3. Write C programs to implement the deque (double ended queue) using a doubly linked list and an array.
- 4. Write a C program to perform the following operations:

	a) Insert an element into a binary search tree.	
	b) Delete an element from a binary search tree.	
	c) Search for a key element in a binary search tree.	
5.	6. Write C programs that use non-recursive functions to traverse the given binary tree in	
	a) Preorder b) inorder and c) postorder.	
6.	6. Write C programs for the implementation of BFS and DFS algorithms.	
7.	7. Write C programs for implementing the following sorting methods:	
	a) Merge sort b) Heap sort	
8.	3. Write a C program to perform the following operations	
	a) Insertion into a B-tree b) Deletion from a B-tree	
9.	9. Write a C program to perform the following operations	
	a) Insertion into an AVL-tree b) Deletion from an AVL-tree	
10.	Write a C program to implement all the functions of a dictionary using hashing.	
11.	Write a C program for implementing Knuth-Morris- Pratt pattern matching algorithm.	
12.	Write a C program for implementing Boyer – Moore Patten matching algorithm	
TE	EXTBOOKS:	

- 1. Fundamentals of Data structures in C, 2 nd Edition, E.Horowitz, S.Sahni and Susan Anderson Freed, Universities Press
- 2. Data Structures Using C-A.S.Tanenbaum, Y. Langsam, and M.J. Augenstein, PHI/Pearson education.
- 3. Introduction to Data Structures in C, 1/e Ashok Kamthane

# **REFERENCES:**

- 1. The C Programming Language, B.W. Kernighan, Dennis M.Ritchie, PHI/Pearson Education
- 2. C Programming with problem solving, J.A. Jones & K. Harrow, Dreamtech Press
- 3. Data structures: A Pseudocode Approach with C, 2 nd edition, R.F.Gilberg And B.A.Forouzan, Cengage Learning.

## II Year B.Tech. CSE I-Sem

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#### OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING THROUGH JAVA LAB

# **Prerequisites**

1. A course on "Computer Programming & Data Structures"

# Co-requisite

1. A Course on "Object-Oriented Programming Through Java"

# **Objectives**

- 1. Introduces object oriented programming concepts using the Java language.
- 2. Introduces the principles of inheritance and polymorphism; and demonstrates how they relate to the design of abstract classes
- 3. Introduces the implementation of packages and interfaces
- 4. Introduces exception handling, event handling and multithreading
- 5. Introduces the design of Graphical User Interface using applets and swings

## **Outcomes**

- 1. Develop applications for a range of problems using object-oriented programming techniques
- 2. Design simple Graphical User Interface applications

Use Eclipse or Netbean platform and get acquainted with the various menus. Create a test project, add a test class and run it. See how you can use auto suggestions, auto fill. Try code formatter and code refactoring like renaming variables, methods and classes. Try debug step by step with a small program of about 10 to 15 lines which contains at least one if else condition and a for loop.

- 1) Write a Java program that creates a user interface to perform integer divisions. The user enters two numbers in the text fields, Num1 and Num2. The division of Num1 and Num2 is displayed in the Result field when the Divide button is clicked. If Num1 or Num2 were not an integer, the program would throw a Number Format Exception. If Num2 were Zero, the program would throw an Arithmetic Exception. Display the exception in a message dialog box. [Use JOption Pane –Input dialog, Message dialog]
  - 2) Write a Java program to create an abstract class named Shape that contains two integers and an empty method named printArea(). Provide three classes named Rectangle,

Triangle and Circle such that each one of the classes extends the class Shape. Each one of the classes contains only the method printArea () that prints the area of the given shape.

- 3) Write a Java program that implements a multi-thread application that has three threads. First thread generates random integer every 1 second and if the value is even, second thread computes the square of the number and prints. If the value is odd, the third thread will print the value of cube of the number.
- 4) Write a Java program that connects to a database using JDBC and does add, delete, modify and retrieve operations.
- 5) Write a Java program that simulates a traffic light. The program lets the user select one of three lights: red, yellow, or green with radio buttons. On selecting a button, an appropriate message with "Stop" or "Ready" or "Go" should appear above the buttons in selected color. Initially, there is no message shown.
- 6) Write a Java program that works as a simple calculator. Use a grid layout to arrange buttons for the digits and for the +, -, \*, % operations. Add a text field to display the result. Handle any possible exceptions like divide by zero
  - 7) a) Develop an applet in Java that displays a simple message.
  - b) Develop an applet in Java that receives an integer in one text field, and computes its factorial value and returns it in another text field, when the button named "Compute" is clicked.
- 8) Suppose that a table named Table.txt is stored in a text file. The first line in the file is the header, and the remaining lines correspond to rows in the table. The elements are separated by commas. Write a Java program to display the table using Labels in Grid Layout.
  - 9) Write a Java program that loads names and phone numbers from a text file where the data is organized as one line per record and each field in a record are separated by a tab (\t). It takes a name or phone number as input and prints the corresponding other value from the hash table (hint: use hash tables).
  - 10) Implement the above program with the database instead of a text file.
  - 11) Write a Java program that prints the meta-data of a given table

#### **Text Books:**

1. Java Fundamentals – A comprehensive Introduction, Herbert Schildt and Dale Skrien, TMH.

## **References:**

- 1. Java for Programmers, P.J.Deitel and H.M.Deitel, Pearson education (OR) Java: How to Program P.J.Deitel and H.M.Deitel, PHI.
- 2. Object Oriented Programming through Java, P.Radha Krishna, Universities Press.

# JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

## II Year B.Tech. CSE II-Sem

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## **COMPUTER ORIENTED SATISTICAL METHODS**

# **Prerequisites**

1. No prerequisites

# **Objectives**

- 1. The aim of the course is to introduce the concepts of probability and statistics so that a student gains an appreciation for the diverse applications of statistics and its relevance to their lives and fields of study.
- 2. Topics include: probability, random variables and distributions, correlation and regression, sampling distribution, testing of hypothesis for large samples and small samples, queuing theory and stochastic processes

#### **Outcomes**

- 1. Demonstrate an understanding of the basic concepts of probability and random variables.
- 2. The ability to classify the types of random variables and calculate the mean and variance.
- 3. The ability to choose an appropriate model (either the Binomial Distribution or Poisson distribution) and find mean and variance of the distribution.
- 4. Demonstrate the ability to apply the inferential methods relating to the means of Normal Distributions.
- 5. Be able to explain multiple random variables and find covariance of two random variables.
- 6. Be able to calculate the correlation and regression for the given data.
- 7. Understand the concept of sampling distribution of statistics and in particular describe the behavior of the sample mean.
- 8. Understand the foundation for classical inference involving confidence interval and hypothesis testing. Apply the testing of hypothesis for large samples and small samples.
- 9. Describe the queuing system, mean arrival and service rates. Calculate expected queue length and waiting lines.
- 10. Define a random process, Markov chain and stochastic matrix and limiting probabilities. Calculate the gambler ruin for the given data.

**UNIT-I: Introduction to Statistics and Data Analysis:** Overview: Statistical Inference, Samples, Populations, and the Role of Probability, Sampling Procedures; Collection of Data, Measures of Location: The Sample Mean and Median, Measures of Variability, Discrete and Continuous Data, Statistical Modeling, Scientific Inspection, and Graphical Diagnostics, General Types of Statistical Studies: Designed Experiment, Observational Study, and Retrospective Study.

**Probability:** Sample Space, Events, Counting Sample Points, Probability of an Event, Additive Rules, Conditional Probability, Independence, and the Product Rule, Bayes' Rule, Potential Misconceptions and Hazards; Relationship to Material in Other Chapters.

**UNIT-II: Random Variables and Probability Distributions:** Concept of a Random Variable, Discrete Probability Distributions, Continuous Probability Distributions, Joint Probability Distributions, Potential Misconceptions and Hazards; Relationship to Material in Other Chapters.

**Mathematical Expectation:** Mean of a Random Variable, Variance and Covariance of Random Variables, Means and Variances of Linear Combinations of Random Variables, Chebyshev's Theorem, Potential Misconceptions and Hazards; Relationship to Material in Other Chapters.

**Some Discrete Probability Distributions:** Introduction and Motivation, Binomial and Multinomial Distributions, Hypergeometric Distribution, Negative Binomial and Geometric Distributions, Poisson Distribution and the Poisson Process, Potential Misconceptions and Hazards; Relationship to Material in Other Chapters.

**UNIT-III: Some Continuous Probability Distributions:** Continuous Uniform Distribution, Normal Distribution, Areas under the Normal Curve, Applications of the Normal Distribution, Normal Approximation to the Binomial, Gamma and Exponential Distributions, Chi-Squared Distribution, Beta Distribution, Lognormal Distribution, Weibull Distribution (Optional), Potential Misconceptions and Hazards; Relationship to Material in Other Chapters.

**Functions of Random Variables (Optional):** Introduction, Transformations of Variables, Moments and Moment-Generating Functions.

**UNIT-IV: Fundamental Sampling Distributions and Data Descriptions:** Random Sampling, Some Important Statistics, Sampling Distributions, Sampling Distribution of Means and the Central Limit Theorem, Sampling Distribution of S<sup>2</sup>, t –Distribution, F-Distribution, Quantile and Probability Plots, Potential Misconceptions and Hazards; Relationship to Material in Other Chapters.

**One and Two-Sample Estimation Problems:** Introduction, Statistical Inference, Classical Methods of Estimation, Single Sample: Estimating the Mean, Standard Error of a Point Estimate, Prediction Intervals, Tolerance Limits, Two Samples: Estimating the Difference between Two Means, Paired Observations, Single Sample: Estimating a Proportion, Two Samples: Estimating the Difference between Two Proportions, Single Sample: Estimating the Variance, Two Samples: Estimating the Ratio of Two Variances, Maximum Likelihood

Estimation (Optional) Potential Misconceptions and Hazards; Relationship to Material in Other Chapters.

**One and Two-Sample Tests of Hypotheses:** Statistical Hypotheses: General Concepts, Testing a Statistical Hypothesis, The Use of P-Values for Decision Making in Testing Hypotheses, Single Sample: Tests Concerning a Single Mean, Two Samples: Tests on Two Means, Choice of Sample Size for Testing Means, Graphical Methods for Comparing Means, One Sample: Test on a Single Proportion, Two Samples: Tests on Two Proportions, One- and Two-Sample Tests Concerning Variances, Goodness-of-Fit Test, Test for Independence (Categorical Data), Test for Homogeneity, Two-Sample Case Study, Potential Misconceptions and Hazards; Relationship to Material in Other Chapters.

UNIT-V: Multiple Linear Regression and Certain Nonlinear Regression Models: Introduction, Estimating the Coefficients, Linear Regression Model Using Matrices, Properties of the Least Squares Estimators, Inferences in Multiple Linear Regression, Choice of a Fitted Model through Hypothesis Testing, Special Case of Orthogonality (Optional), Categorical or Indicator Variables, Sequential Methods for Model Selection, Cross Validation, Cp, and Other Criteria for Model Selection, Special Nonlinear Models for Nonideal Conditions, Potential Misconceptions and Hazards; Relationship to Material in Other Chapters.

**Factorial Experiments (Two or More Factors):** Introduction, Interaction in the Two-Factor Experiment, Two-Factor Analysis of Variance, Three-Factor Experiments, Factorial Experiments for Random Effects and Mixed Models, Potential Misconceptions and Hazards; Relationship to Material in Other Chapters.

#### **TEXT BOOK:**

1. Probability & statistics for engineers & scientists: **Ronald E. Walpole, Raymond H. Myers, Sharon L. Myers, Keying Ye**, 9<sup>th</sup> ed. Pearson pub.

## **REFERENCE:**

1. Fundamentals of probability and statistics for engineers: **T. T. Soong,** *john wiley* & *sons*, *ltd*, *2004*.

## II Year B.Tech. CSE II-Sem

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#### DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHMS

## **Prerequisites**

- 1. A course on "Computer Programming and Data Structures"
- 2. A course on "Advanced Data Structures"

## **Objectives**

- 1. Introduces the notations for analysis of the performance of algorithms.
- 2. Introduces the data structure disjoint sets.
- 3. Describes major algorithmic techniques (divide-and-conquer, backtracking, dynamic programming, greedy, branch and bound methods) and mention problems for which each technique is appropriate;
- 4. Describes how to evaluate and compare different algorithms using worst-, average-, and best-case analysis.
- 5. Explains the difference between tractable and intractable problems, and introduces the problems that are P, NP and NP complete.

#### Outcomes

- 1. Ability to analyze the performance of algorithms
- 2. Ability to choose appropriate data structures and algorithm design methods for a specified application
- 3. Ability to understand how the choice of data structures and the algorithm design methods impact the performance of programs

## UNIT I:

**Introduction:** Algorithm, Pseudo code for expressing algorithms, Performance Analysis-Space complexity, Time complexity, Asymptotic Notation-Big oh notation, Omega notation, Theta notation and Little oh notation, Probabilistic analysis, Amortized analysis. **Divide and conquer:** General method, applications-Binary search, Quick sort, Merge sort, Strassen's matrix multiplication.

## **UNIT II:**

**Disjoint Sets**: Disjoint set operations, union and find algorithms, spanning trees. **Backtracking**: General method, applications n-queen problem, sum of subsets problem, graph coloring, Hamiltonian cycles, connected components and biconnected components.

## **UNIT III:**

**Dynamic Programming**: General method, applications-Matrix chain multiplication, Optimal binary search trees, 0/1 knapsack problem, All pairs shortest path problem, Traveling sales person problem, Reliability design.

#### **UNIT IV:**

**Greedy method:** General method, applications-Job sequencing with deadlines, 0/1 knapsack problem, Minimum cost spanning trees, Single source shortest path problem.

## **UNIT V:**

**Branch and Bound**: General method, applications - Travelling sales person problem, 0/1 knapsack problem - LC Branch and Bound solution, FIFO Branch and Bound solution.

**NP-Hard and NP-Complete problems**: Basic concepts, non deterministic algorithms, NP - Hard and NP-Complete classes, Cook's theorem.

#### Text Books:

1. Fundamentals of Computer Algorithms, Ellis Horowitz, Satraj Sahni and Rajasekharan, University Press.

## **References:**

- 1. Design and Analysis of algorithms, Aho, Ullman and Hopcroft, Pearson education.
- 2. Introduction to Algorithms, second edition, T.H. Cormen, C.E. Leiserson, R.L. Rivest, and C. Stein, PHI Pvt. Ltd./ Pearson Education.
- 3. Algorithm Design: Foundations, Analysis and Internet Examples, M.T. Goodrich and R. Tamassia, John Wiley and sons.

## B.Tech(CSE) II Year II-Sem

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#### FORMAL LANGUAGES AND AUTOMATA THEORY

## **Prerequisites**

1. A course on "Mathematical Foundations of Computer Science"

# **Objectives**

- 1. Introduces the fundamental concepts of formal languages, grammars and automata theory.
- 2. Topics include finite automata, regular expressions, regular languages and their properties, context-free grammars, context-free languages and their properties, pushdown automata, Turing machines and undecidability.

## **Outcomes**

- 1. Gain proficiency in classifying machines by their power in recognizing languages.
- 2. Learn to employ finite state machines for modeling and solving computing problems.
- 3. Comprehend the hierarchy of problems arising in computing

#### Unit I

**Introduction to Finite Automata**. Structural Representations. Automata and Complexity. The Central Concepts of Automata Theory Alphabets. Strings.Languages. Problems. **Deterministic Finite Automata.** Definition of a Deterministic Finite Automaton. How a DFA Processes Strings. Simpler Notations for DFA's. Extending the Transition Function to Strings. The Language of a DFA

**Nondeterministic Finite Automata** .Definition of Nondeterministic Finite Automata. The Extended Transition Function. The Language of an NFA. Equivalence of Deterministic and Nondeterministic Finite Automata.An Application: Text Search. Finding Strings in Text. Nondeterministic Finite Automata for Text Search. A DFA to Recognize a Set of Keywords. Finite Automata with Epsilon-Transitions. Uses of e-Transitions. The Formal Notation for an e-NFA. Epsilon-Closures .Extended Transitions and Languages for e-NFA's. Eliminating e-Transitions.

## **UNIT II**

**Regular Expressions:** The Operators of Regular Expressions. Building Regular Expressions. Precedence of Regular-Expression Operators. Finite Automata and Regular Expressions. From DFA's to Regular Expressions. Converting DFA's to Regular Expressions by Eliminating States. Converting Regular Expressions to Automata. Applications of Regular Expressions. Regular Expressions in UNIX. Lexical Analysis. Finding Patterns in Text. Algebraic Laws for Regular Expressions. Associativity and Commutativity. Identities and Annihilators. Distributive Laws. The Idempotent Law. Laws Involving Closures. Discovering Laws for Regular Expressions.

**The Pumping Lemma for Regular Languages.** Pumping Lemma for Regular Languages. Applications of the Pumping Lemma

**Closure Properties of Regular Languages.** Closure of Regular Languages Under Boolean Operations. Reversal. Homomorphisms. Inverse Homomorphisms. Decision Properties of Regular Languages. Converting Among Representations. Testing Emptiness of Regular Languages. Testing Membership in a Regular Language.

**Equivalence and Minimization of Automata.** Testing Equivalence of States. Testing Equivalence of Regular Languages. Minimization of DFA's.

#### **UNIT III**

**Context-Free Grammars:** Definition of Context-Free Grammars, Derivations Using a Grammar. Leftmost and Rightmost Derivations. The Language of a Grammar. Sentential Forms. Parse Tress. Constructing Parse Trees.The Yield of a Parse Tree. Inference, Derivations, and Parse Trees.From Inferences to Trees. From Trees to Derivations. From Derivations to Recursive Inferences. Applications of Context-Free Grammars. Parsers. The YACC Parser-Generator. Mark-up Languages. XML and Document-Type Definitions.

**Ambiguity in Grammars and Languages.** Ambiguous Grammars. Removing Ambiguity From Grammars. Leftmost Derivations as a Way to Express Ambiguity. Inherent Ambiguity.

**Push Down Automata**: Definition of the Pushdown Automaton. The Formal Definition of Pushdown Automata. A Graphical Notation for PDA's. Instantaneous Descriptions of a PDA. The Languages of a PDA. Acceptance by Final State. Acceptance by Empty Stack. From Empty Stack to Final State. From Final State to Empty Stack Equivalence of PDA's and CFG's. From Grammar to Pushdown Automata. From PDA's to Grammars. Deterministic Pushdown Automata. Definition of a Deterministic PDA. Regular Languages and Deterministic PDA's. DPDA's and Context-Free Languages. DPDA's and Ambiguous Grammars.

## **UNIT IV**

**Normal Forms for Context-Free Grammars**. Eliminating Useless Symbols. Computing the Generating and Reachable Symbols. Eliminating e-Productions. Eliminating Unit Productions. Chomsky Normal Form.

**The Pumping Lemma for Context-Free Languages.** The Size of Parse Trees. Statement of the Pumping Lemma. Applications of the Pumping Lemma for CFL's.

**Closure Properties of Context-Free Languages.** Substitutions. Applications of the Substitution Theorem. Reversal. Intersection with a Regular Language, Inverse Homomorphism, Decision Properties of CFL's. Complexity of Converting among CFG's and PDA's. Running

# **Introduction to Turing Machines.**

Problems That Computers Cannot Solve. Programs The Turing Machine. Notation for the Turing Machine. Instantaneous Descriptions for the Turing Machines. Transition Diagrams for Turing Machines. The Language of a Turing Machine. Turing Machines and Halting.

Programming Techniques for Turing Machines. Storage in the State. Multiple Tracks. Shifting Over. Multiple Turing Machines. Equivalence of One-Tape and Multitape Nondeterministic Turing Machines. Restricted Turing Machine Turing Machines With Semi-infinite Tapes. Multistack Machines. Counter Machines. The Power of Counter Machines. Turing Machines and Computers. Simulating a Turing Machine by Computer. Simulating a Computer by a Turing Machine.

## **UNIT V**

## Undecidability.

A Language that is Not Recursively Enumerable. Enumerating the Binary Strings. Codes for Turing Machines .The Diagonalization Language. An Undecidable Problem That is RE. Recursive Languages. Complements of Recursive and RE Languages. The Universal Language. Undecidability of the Universal Language. Undecidable Problems about Turing Machines. Reductions. Turing Machines that Accept the Empty Language. Rice's Theorem and Properties of the RE Languages. Problems about Turing-Machine Specifications. Post's Correspondence Problem. Definition of Post's Correspondence Problem. The "Modified" PCP.Completion of the Proof of PCP Undecidability. Other Undecidable Problems. Problems about Programs.

**Intractable Problems:** The Classes *P* and *NP*. Problems Solvable in Polynomial Time. An Example: Kruskal's Algorithm. Nondeterministic Polynomial Time. An NP Example: The Traveling Salesman Problem. Polynomial-Time Reductions. NP-Complete Problems. An NP-Complete Problem. The Satisfiability Problem Representing SAT Instances NP-Completeness of the SAT Problem.

#### Additional Classes of Problems.

Complements of Languages in *NP*. The Class of Languages Co*NP*.NP-Complete Problems and *NP*. Problems Solvable in Polynomial Space. Polynomial-Space Turing Machines. Relationship of *PS* and *NPS* to Previously Defined Classes. Deterministic and Nondeterministic Polynomial Space. A Problem That Is Complete for *PS*.

#### Text Book:

1. Introduction to Automata Theory, Languages, and Computation, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, John E. Hopcroft, Rajeev Motwani, Jeffrey D. Ullman, Pearson Education

#### References:

- 1. Introduction to Computer Theory, Daniel I.A. Cohen, John Wiley.
- 2. Introduction to Languages and The Theory of Computation, John C Martic, TMH

II Year B.Tech. CSE II-Sem

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## **SOFTWARE ENGINEERING**

# **Prerequisites**

- 1. A course on "Computer Programming and Data Structures"
- 2. A course on "Object Oriented Programming Through Java"

## **Objectives**

- 1. The aim of the course is to provide an understanding of the working knowledge of the techniques for estimation, design, testing and quality management of large software development projects.
- 2. Topics include process models, software requirements, software design, software testing, software process/product metrics, risk management, quality management and UML diagrams

#### **Outcomes**

- 1. Ability to translate end-user requirements into system and software requirements, using e.g. UML, and structure the requirements in a Software Requirements Document (SRD).
- 2. Identify and apply appropriate software architectures and patterns to carry out high level design of a system and be able to critically compare alternative choices.
- 3. Will have experience and/or awareness of testing problems and will be able to develop a simple testing report

## **UNIT-I:**

**Introduction to Software Engineering:** The evolving role of software, changing nature of software, software myths.

**A Generic view of process:** Software engineering- a layered technology, a process framework, the capability maturity model integration (CMMI), process patterns, process assessment, personal and team process models.

**Process models:** The waterfall model, incremental process models, evolutionary process models, the unified process.

# **UNIT-II:**

**Software Requirements:** Functional and non-functional requirements, user requirements, system requirements, interface specification, the software requirements document.

**Requirements engineering process:** Feasibility studies, requirements elicitation and analysis, requirements validation, requirements management.

**System models:** Context models, behavioral models, data models, object models, structured methods.

## **UNIT-III:**

**Design Engineering:** Design process and design quality, design concepts, the design model. **Creating an architectural design:** software architecture, data design, architectural styles and patterns, architectural design, conceptual model of UML, basic structural modeling, class diagrams, sequence diagrams, collaboration diagrams, use case diagrams, component diagrams.

#### **UNIT-IV:**

**Testing Strategies:** A strategic approach to software testing, test strategies for conventional software, black-box and white-box testing, validation testing, system testing, the art of debugging.

**Product metrics:** Software quality, metrics for analysis model, metrics for design model, metrics for source code, metrics for testing, metrics for maintenance.

#### **UNIT-V:**

**Metrics for Process and Products:** Software measurement, metrics for software quality.

**Risk management:** Reactive Vs proactive risk strategies, software risks, risk identification, risk projection, risk refinement, RMMM, RMMM plan.

**Quality Management:** Quality concepts, software quality assurance, software reviews, formal technical reviews, statistical software quality assurance, software reliability, the ISO 9000 quality standards.

## **Text Books:**

- 1. Software Engineering, A practitioner's Approach- Roger S. Pressman, 6<sup>th</sup> edition, Mc GrawHill International Edition.
- 2. Software Engineering- Sommerville, 7<sup>th</sup> edition, Pearson Education.
- 3. The unified modeling language user guide Grady Booch, James Rambaugh, Ivar Jacobson, Pearson Education.

#### **References:**

- 1. Software Engineering, an Engineering approach- James F. Peters, Witold Pedrycz, John Wielv.
- 2. Software Engineering principles and practice- Waman S Jawadekar, The Mc Graw-Hill Companies.
- 3. Fundamentals of object oriented design using UML Meiler page-Jones: Pearson Eductaion.

II Year B.Tech. CSE II-Sem

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#### **OPERATING SYSTEMS**

# **Prerequisites**

- 1. A course on "Computer Programming and Data Structures"
- 2. A course on "Computer Organization and Architecture"

# **Objectives**

- 1. Provide an introduction to operating system concepts (i.e., processes, threads, scheduling, synchronization, deadlocks, memory management, file and I/O subsystems and protection)
- 2. Introduce the issues to be considered in the design and development of operating system
- 3. Introduce basic Unix commands, system call interface for process management, interprocess communication and I/O in Unix

## **Outcomes**

- 1. Will be able to control access to a computer and the files that may be shared
- 2. Demonstrate the knowledge of the components of computer and their respective roles in computing.
- 3. Ability to recognize and resolve user problems with standard operating environments.
- 4. Gain practical knowledge of how programming languages, operating systems, and architectures interact and how to use each effectively.

#### **UNIT I:**

**Operating System Introduction**, Structures - Simple Batch, Multiprogrammed, Timeshared, Personal Computer, Parallel, Distributed Systems, Real-Time Systems, System components, Operating System services, System Calls, Virtual Machines, System Design and Implementation.

**UNIX/LINUX Utilities** - Introduction to Unix file system, vi editor, file handling utilities, security by file permissions, process utilities, disk utilities, networking commands, text processing utilities and backup utilities.

## **UNIT II:**

**Process and CPU Scheduling** - Process concepts and scheduling, Operations on processes, Cooperating Processes, Threads, and Interposes Communication, Scheduling Criteria, Scheduling Algorithms, Multiple -Processor Scheduling, Real-Time Scheduling.

System call interface for process management-fork, exit, wait, waitpid, exec

**Deadlocks** - System Model, Deadlocks Characterization, Methods for Handling Deadlocks, Deadlock Prevention, Deadlock Avoidance, Deadlock Detection, and Recovery from Deadlock.

## UNIT – III:

**Process Management and Synchronization** - The Critical Section Problem, Synchronization Hardware, Semaphores, and Classical Problems of Synchronization, Critical Regions, Monitors.

**Interprocess Communication Mechanisms:** IPC between processes on a single computer system, IPC between processes on different systems, using pipes, FIFOs, message queues, shared memory, semaphores.

#### **UNIT IV**

**Memory Management and Virtual Memory** - Logical versus Physical Address Space, Swapping, Contiguous Allocation, Paging, Segmentation, Segmentation with Paging, Demand Paging, Performance of Demanding Paging, Page Replacement, Page Replacement Algorithms, Allocation of Frames, Thrashing.

#### **UNIT V:**

**File System Interface and Implementation** -Access methods, Directory Structure, Protection, File System Structure, Allocation methods, Free-space Management, Directory Management, Directory Implementation, Efficiency and Performance.

**Unix/LINUX Files:** File structure, directories, files and devices, System calls, library functions, low level file access, usage of open, create, read, write, close, lseek, stat, ioctl.

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Operating System Principles- Abraham Silberchatz, Peter B. Galvin, Greg Gagne 7<sup>th</sup> Edition, John Wiley
- 2. Advanced programming in the Unix environment, W.R.Stevens, Pearson education.

## **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. Operating Systems Internals and Design Principles Stallings, Fifth Edition–2005, Pearson Education/PHI
  - 2. Operating System A Design Approach-Crowley, TMH.
- 3. Modern Operating Systems, Andrew S Tanenbaum 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, Pearson/PHI
- 4. Unix programming environment, Kernighan and Pike, PHI. / Pearson Education
- 5. Unix Internals The New Frontiers, U.Vahalia, Pearson Education.

#### JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

II Year B.Tech. CSE II-Sem

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#### SCRIPTING LANGUAGES LAB

# **Prerequisites**

- 1. A course on "Computer Programming and Data Structures"
- 2. A course on "Object Oriented Programming through Java"

# **Objectives**

1. This course provides an introduction to the script programming paradigm, and introduces scripting languages such as Perl, PHP and Python.

#### **Outcomes**

- 1. Comprehend the differences between typical scripting languages and typical system and application programming languages.
- 2. Gain knowledge of the strengths and weakness of Perl, PHP and Python; and select an appropriate language for a solving a giving problem

# Practical Extraction Reporting Language (PERL)

- 1. a) Write a Perl script to find the largest number among three numbers.
  - b) Write a Perl script to print the multiplication tables from 1-10 using subroutines.
- 2. Write a Perl program to implement the following list of manipulating functions
  - a) Shift
  - b) Unshift
  - c) Push
- 3. a) Write a Perl script to substitute a word, with another word in a string.
- 4. b) Write a Perl script to validate IP address and email address.
- 5. Write a Perl script to print the file in reverse order using command line arguments

# Personal Home Page (PHP).

- 1. Write a PHP script to print prime numbers between 1-50.
- 2. PHP script to
  - a. Find the length of a string.
  - b. Count no of words in a string.

- c. Reverse a string.
- d. Search for a specific string.
- 3. Write a PHP script to merge two arrays and sort them as numbers, in descending order.
- 4. Write a PHP script that reads data from one file and write into another file.

# Python.

- 1. Write a python program to solve a quadratic equation.
- 2. a) Write a python program to find the factorial of a number.
  - b) Write a python program to generate Fibonacci series.
- 3. Write a python program to make a simple calculator.
- 4. a). Write a python program to sort words in alphabetical order.
- 5. b) Write a python program to add two matrices.

## **Text Books:**

- 1. Programming Perl, 4th edition. Larry Wall, Tom Christiansen, and Jon Orwant. O'Reilly, 2012.
- 2. Programming PHP, 3rd edition. Rasmus Lerdorf, Kevin Tatroe, and Peter MacIntyre. O'Reilly, 2013.
- 3. Programming Python, 4th edition. Powerful Object-Oriented Programming. Mark Lutz. O'Reilly, 2010.

# JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

# II Year B.Tech. CSE II-Sem

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## **OPERATING SYSTEMS LAB**

# (Using UNIX/LINUX)

# **Prerequisites**

- 1. A course on "Computer Programming and Data Structures"
- 2. A course on "Computer Organization and Architecture"

# **Co-requisite**

1. A course on "Operating Systems"

# **Objectives**

- 1. To provide an understanding of the design aspects of operating system concepts through simulation
- 2. Introduce basic Unix commands, system call interface for process management, interprocess communication and I/O in Unix

# **Outcomes**

- 1. Simulate and implement operating system concepts such as scheduling, deadlock management, file management and memory management.
- 2. Able to write C programs using Unix system calls

# Week 1

1. Write C programs to simulate the following CPU Scheduling algorithms:

SJF c. Round Robin a. F b. d. priority **CFS** 

Week 2

1. Write C programs to illustrate the following system calls of UNIX/LINUX operating system:

(fork, exec, getpid, exit, wait)

Week 3

1. Write a C program to simulate Bankers Algorithm for Deadlock Avoidance and Prevention.

Week 4

1. Write a C program to implement the Producer – Consumer problem using semaphores using UNIX/LINUX system calls.

Weeks 5 &6

1. Write C programs to illustrate the following IPC mechanisms:

FIFOs c. Message queues a. P b. d. Shared memory ipes

Weeks 7 & 8

1. Write C programs to simulate the following memory management techniques:

a. Variable Memory

Fixed Memory b. Technique

c. Paging d. Segmentation

technique

Week 9

1. Write programs using the I/O system calls of UNIX/LINUX operating system: (open, read, write, close, fcntl, seek, stat, opendir, readdir)

Weeks 10 & 11

1. Write C programs to simulate the following file organization Techniques:

a. Single

Two level c. Hierarchical

DAG

level

Week 12

1. Write C programs to simulate the following file allocation strategies:

e. Seque f. Linked g. Indexe

ntial

d

Week 13

1. Write C programs to simulate the following Page Replacement Techniques:

FIFO b. LRU c. Optimal a.

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Operating System Principles- Abraham Silberchatz, Peter B. Galvin, Greg Gagne 7<sup>th</sup> Edition, John Wiley
- 2. Advanced programming in the Unix environment, W.R.Stevens, Pearson education.

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. Operating Systems Internals and Design Principles Stallings, Fifth Edition–2005, Pearson Education/PHI
- 2. Operating System A Design Approach-Crowley, TMH.
- 3. Modern Operating Systems, Andrew S Tanenbaum 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, Pearson/PHI
- 4. Unix programming environment, Kernighan and Pike, PHI. / Pearson Education
- 5. Unix Internals The New Frontiers, U.Vahalia, Pearson Education.

## JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

II Year B.Tech. CSE II-Sem

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## SOFTWARE ENGINEERING LAB

## **Prerequisites**

- 1. A course on "Computer Programming and Data Structures"
- 2. A course on "Object Oriented Programming Through Java"

# **Co-requisite**

1. A Course on "Software Engineering"

# **Objectives**

1. To have hands on experience in developing a software project by using various software engineering principles and methods in each of the phases of software development.

#### **Outcomes**

- 1. Ability to translate end-user requirements into system and software requirements
- 2. Ability to generate a high level design of the system from the software requirements
- 3. Will have experience and/or awareness of testing problems and will be able to develop a simple testing report

# LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

# Do the following 8 exercises for any two projects given in the list of sample projects or any other projects:

- 1) Development of problem statement.
- 2) Preparation of Software Requirement Specification Document, Design Documents and Testing Phase related documents.
- 3) Preparation of Software Configuration Management and Risk Management related documents.
- 4) Study and usage of any Design phase CASE tool
- 5) Performing the Design by using any Design phase CASE tools.
- 6) Develop test cases for unit testing and integration testing
- 7) Develop test cases for various white box and black box testing techniques.

# **Sample Projects:**

- 1. Passport automation System
- 2. Book Bank
- 3. Online Exam Registration
- 4. Stock Maintenance System
- 5. Online course reservation system
- 6. E-ticketing
- 7. Software Personnel Management System
- 8. Credit Card Processing
- 9. E-book management System.
- 10. Recruitment system

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Software Engineering, A practitioner's Approach- Roger S. Pressman, 6<sup>th</sup> edition, Mc GrawHill International Edition.
- 2. Software Engineering- Sommerville, 7<sup>th</sup> edition, Pearson Education.
- 3. The unified modeling language user guide Grady Booch, James Rambaugh, Ivar Jacobson, Pearson Education.

#### JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

II Year B.Tech. II-Sem

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# **HUMAN VALUES AND PROFESSIONAL ETHICS**

# **Course Objectives**

- 1. To introduce the basic concepts of universal human values
- 2. To familiarize the students with desirable business and professional ethics, rights and responsibilities
- 3. To prepare students against possible gaps and unethical practices in contemporary times
- 4. To sensitise the students so that they can protect themselves and the organization from the possible professional crime malpractices

# **Learning Outcomes**

- 1. The students learn about diverse ethical issues rooted in society, trade, business, and environment on local as well as a global platform.
- 2. The students appreciate their role as a responsible citizen, professional, and as managers, advisors, experts and consultants.

3. The students will reflect and learn major values and ethics from their observations of a spiritual discourse and a visit to a business organization as a practical part of this course.

**Unit 1 Human Values:** Morals, values, ethics – integrity – work ethics – service learning – civic virtue – respect for others- living peacefully - Caring – sharing – honesty – courage – valuing time – cooperation – commitment – empathy – self-confidence – spirituality – character- Mini-Cases

**Unit II Professional Ethics:** Profession- and professionalism - Two models of professionalism - Professional etiquette -Three types of Ethics or morality Responsibility in Engineering - Engineering standards -Engineering Ethics - Positive and Negative Faces. Professional Codes and Code of conduct of Institute of Engineers. Mini-cases.

**Unit III Professional Responsibilities:** Ethical standards Vs Professional Conduct – Zero Tolerance for Culpable Mistakes – Hazards and Risks- Risk benefit analysis– congeniality, collegiality and loyalty. Respect for authority – conflicts of interest –Mini-Cases.

**Unit IV Professional Rights:** professional rights and employee rights communicating risk and public policy — Whistle blowing - Professionals /engineers as managers, advisors, experts, witnesses and consultants — moral leadership- Regulatory compliances, Monitoring and control- Mini-Cases

**Unit V Ethics in global context:** Global issues in MNCs- Problems of bribery, extortion, and grease payments – Problem of nepotism, excessive gifts – paternalism – different business practices – negotiating taxes. Mini-Cases.

# **Mini-projects**

**Project 1:** The student of this course should invariably attend (or watch on internet/any TV channel/youtube/social media) two speeches of 30 minutes duration each dealing with spiritual discourse and submit a report on the contents of the lecture proceedings.

**Project 2:** Visit any organization (including shops/ hotels or shopping malls in your region) of your choice and observe how the professionals perform the given job with a focus on professional ethics and human values.

# References

- 1. Aryasri, Human Values and Professional Ethics, Maruthi Publications.
  - 2. S B George, *Human Values and Professional Ethics*, Vikas Publishing.

- 3. KR Govindan & Saenthil Kumar:Professional *Ethics and Human Values*, Anuradha Publications.
- 4. S K Chakraborthy & D.Chakraborthy: *Human Values and Ethics*, Himalaya.
- 5. M. Govindarajan, S. Natarajan, & V.S. Senthilkumar: *Engineering Ethics(Includes Human Values)*, HI Learning Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi 110001

## JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

III Year B.Tech. CSE I-Sem

L T P C 3 0 0 3

## **OPEN ELECTIVE-I**

# **OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING THROUGH JAVA**

# **Prerequisites**

- 1. A course on "Computer Programming & Data Structures" **Objectives** 
  - 1. Introduces object oriented programming concepts using the Java language.
  - 2. Introduces the principles of inheritance and polymorphism; and demonstrates how they relate to the design of abstract classes
  - 3. Introduces the implementation of packages and interfaces
  - 4. Introduces exception handling, event handling and multithreading

- 5. Introduces the design of Graphical User Interface using applets and swings **Outcomes** 
  - 1. Develop applications for a range of problems using object-oriented programming techniques
  - 2. Design simple Graphical User Interface applications

# UNIT I:

**Object oriented thinking and Java Basics**- Need for oop paradigm, summary of oop concepts, coping with complexity, abstraction mechanisms. A way of viewing world – Agents, responsibility, messages, methods, History of Java, Java buzzwords, data types, variables, scope and life time of variables, arrays, operators, expressions, control statements, type conversion and casting, simple java program, concepts of classes, objects, constructors, methods, access control, this keyword, garbage collection, overloading methods and constructors, method binding, inheritance, overriding and exceptions, parameter passing, recursion, nested and inner classes, exploring string class.

## **UNIT II:**

**Inheritance, Packages and Interfaces** – Hierarchical abstractions, Base class object, subclass, subtype, substitutability, forms of inheritance- specialization, specification, construction, extension, limitation, combination, benefits of inheritance, costs of inheritance. Member access rules, super uses, using final with inheritance, polymorphism- method overriding, abstract classes, the Object class.

Defining, Creating and Accessing a Package, Understanding CLASSPATH, importing packages, differences between classes and interfaces, defining an interface, implementing interface, applying interfaces, variables in interface and extending interfaces.

Exploring java.io.

# **UNIT III**

**Exception handling and Multithreading-**- Concepts of exception handling, benefits of exception handling, Termination or resumptive models, exception hierarchy, usage of try, catch, throw, throws and finally, built in exceptions, creating own exception sub classes.

String handling, Exploring java.util. Differences between multi threading and multitasking, thread life cycle, creating threads, thread priorities, synchronizing threads, interthread communication, thread groups, daemon threads.

Enumerations, autoboxing, annotations, generics.

#### **UNIT IV:**

**Event Handling**: Events, Event sources, Event classes, Event Listeners, Delegation event model, handling mouse and keyboard events, Adapter classes.

The AWT class hierarchy, user interface components- labels, button, canvas, scrollbars, text components, check box, check box groups, choices, lists panels – scrollpane, dialogs, menubar, graphics, layout manager – layout manager types – border, grid, flow, card and grid bag.

## UNIT V:

**Applets** – Concepts of Applets, differences between applets and applications, life cycle of an applet, types of applets, creating applets, passing parameters to applets.

**Swing** – Introduction, limitations of AWT, MVC architecture, components, containers, exploring swing- JApplet, JFrame and JComponent, Icons and Labels, text fields, buttons – The JButton class, Check boxes, Radio buttons, Combo boxes, Tabbed Panes, Scroll Panes, Trees, and Tables.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Java the complete reference, 7<sup>th</sup> editon, Herbert Schildt, TMH.
- 2. Understanding OOP with Java, updated edition, T. Budd, Pearson Eduction.

## **REFERENCES:**

- 1. An Introduction to programming and OO design using Java, J.Nino and F.A. Hosch, John Wiley & sons.
- 2. Introduction to Java programming, Y. Daniel Liang, Pearson Education.
- 3. An introduction to Java programming and object oriented application development, R.A. Johnson- Thomson.

## JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

III Year B.Tech. CSE I-Sem

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#### **OPEN ELECTIVE-I**

#### COMPUTER GRAPHICS

# **Prerequisites**

- 1. Familiarity with the theory and use of coordinate geometry and of linear algebra such as matrix multiplication.
- 2. A course on "Computer Programming and Data Structures"

# **Objectives**

- 1. The aim of this course is to provide an introduction of fundamental concepts and theory of computer graphics.
- 2. Topics covered include graphics systems and input devices; geometric representations and 2D/3D transformations; viewing and projections; illumination and

color models; animation; rendering and implementation; visible surface detection;

## **Outcomes**

- 1. Acquire familiarity with the relevant mathematics of computer graphics.
- 2. Be able to design basic graphics application programs, including animation
- 3. Be able to design applications that display graphic images to given specifications

#### **UNIT-I:**

**Introduction:** Application areas of Computer Graphics, overview of graphics systems, video-display devices, raster-scan systems, random scan systems, graphics monitors and work stations and input devices

**Output primitives**: Points and lines, line drawing algorithms (Bresenham's and DDA Algorithm), mid-point circle and ellipse algorithms

**Filled area primitives**: Scan-line polygon fill algorithm, boundary-fill and flood-fill algorithms

## **UNIT-II:**

- **2-D geometrical transforms**: Translation, scaling, rotation, reflection and shear transformations, matrix representations and homogeneous coordinates, composite transforms, transformations between coordinate systems
- **2-D viewing**: The viewing pipeline, viewing coordinate reference frame, window to viewport coordinate transformation, viewing functions, Cohen-Sutherland and Cyrus-beck line clipping algorithms, Sutherland –Hodgeman polygon clipping algorithm, Polygon Filling

#### **UNIT-III:**

**3-D object representation**: Polygon surfaces, quadric surfaces, spline representation, Hermite curve, Bezier curve and B-Spline curves, Bezier and B-Spline surfaces. Basic illumination models, polygon rendering methods.

## **UNIT-IV:**

- **3-D Geometric transformations**: Translation, rotation, scaling, reflection and shear transformations, composite transformations.
- **3-D viewing**: Viewing pipeline, viewing coordinates, view volume and general projection transforms and clipping.

## **UNIT-V:**

**Computer animation**: Design of animation sequence, general computer animation functions, raster animation, computer animation languages, key frame systems, motion specifications

**Visible surface detection methods**: Classification, back-face detection, depth-buffer, scanline, depth sorting, BSP-tree methods, area sub-division and octree methods

## **Text Books:**

- 1. "Computer Graphics *C version*", Donald Hearn and M.Pauline Baker, Pearson Education
- 2. "Computer Graphics Principles & practice", second edition in C, Foley, VanDam, Feiner and Hughes, Pearson Education.
- 3. Computer Graphics, Steven Harrington, TMH

#### **References:**

- 1. Procedural elements for Computer Graphics, David F Rogers, Tata Mc Graw hill, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition.
- 2. Principles of Interactive Computer Graphics", Neuman and Sproul, TMH.
- 3. Principles of Computer Graphics, Shalini Govil, Pai, 2005, Springer.

## JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

III Year B.Tech. I-Sem

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4 0 0 4

#### MANAGERIAL ECONOMICS AND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

# Aim:

- 1. To understand the concepts and importance of economics in managerial problems
- 2. To understand the basic financial management concepts including the principles of financial analysis

# **Learning outcomes:**

- > Students will be able to apply the principles of economics for managerial decisions.
- ➤ The students will be able to analyse the financial position of a company with the techniques of financial accounting and ratio analysis

**Unit I Introduction & Demand Analysis:** Nature and Scope of Managerial Economics. Demand Analysis: Demand Determinants, Law of Demand and its exceptions. *Elasticity of Demand*: Types, Measurement and Significance of Elasticity of Demand. *Demand Forecasting*- methods of demand forecasting.

**Unit II Production & Cost Analysis:** *Production Function* – Isoquants and Isocosts, MRTS, Least Cost Combination of Inputs, Laws of Returns, Internal and External Economies of Scale. Break-even Analysis (BEA)-Determination of Break-Even Point (simple problems) - Managerial Significance.

**Unit III Markets & Forms of Business Organisations:** Types of competition and Markets, Features of Perfect competition and Monopoly. Price-Output Determination in case of Perfect Competition and Monopoly. *Pricing*: Objectives and Policies of Pricing. Methods of Pricing. *Business:* Features and evaluation of different forms of Business Organisation: Sole Proprietorship, Partnership, Limited companies.

**Unit IV Capital Budgeting**: Methods and sources of raising capital - Capital Budgeting: Methods of Capital Budgeting: Payback Method, Accounting Rate of Return (ARR) and Net Present Value Method (simple problems).

**Unit V Introduction to Financial Accounting & Financial Analysis:** Accounting concepts and Conventions -Double-Entry Book Keeping, Journal, Ledger, Trial Balance- Final Accounts (Trading Account, Profit and Loss Account and Balance Sheet with simple adjustments). *Financial Analysis*: Analysis and Interpretation of Liquidity Ratios, Activity Ratios, and Capital structure Ratios and Profitability ratios.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Aryasri: Managerial Economics and Financial Analysis, TMH,.
- 2. Vijay Kumar & Appa Rao Managerial Ecoconomics & Financial Analysis, Cengage.
- 3. J. V. Prabhakar Rao & P.V. Rao Managerial Ecoconomics & Financial Analysis, Maruthi Publishers,

# **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Ambrish Gupta, Financial Accounting for Management, Pearson Education, New Delhi.
- 2. H. Craig Peterson & W. Cris Lewis, Managerial Economics, Pearson,
- 3. Lipsey & Chrystel, Economics, Oxford University Press, Domnick Salvatore: Managerial Economics In a Global Economy, Thomson,.
- 4. Narayanaswamy: Financial Accounting—A Managerial Perspective, PHI, 2012.

# JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

B.Tech(CSE) III Year I-Sem

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#### **COMPUTER NETWORKS**

# **Prerequisites**

- 1. A course on "Computer Programming and Data Structures"
- 2. A course on "Design and Analysis of Algorithms"

# **Objectives**

- 1. The objective of the course is to equip the students with a general overview of the concepts and fundamentals of computer networks.
- 2. Familiarize the students with the standard models for the layered approach to communication between machines in a network and the protocols of the various layers.
- 3. The following topics are included: Reference models, the physical layer (transmission media); the data link layer (error detection and correction, point-to-point protocols); the medium access layer protocols; the network layer (routing algorithms, congestion control); internetworking

(addressing, internetwork routing and protocols, quality of service); the transport layer (connection-oriented transport layer services and protocols); application layer protocols

## **Outcomes**

- 1. Gain the knowledge of the basic computer network technology.
- 2. Gain the knowledge of the functions of each layer in the OSI and TCP/IP reference model.
- 3. Obtain the skills of subnetting and routing mechanisms.
- 4. Familiarity with the essential protocols of computer networks, and how they can be appled in network design and implementation.

# **UNIT-I**

Network hardware, Network software, OSI, TCP/IP Reference models, Example Networks: ARPANET, Internet.

Physical Layer: Guided Transmission media: twisted pairs, coaxial cable, fiber optics, Wireless transmission.

# **UNIT-II**

Data link layer: Design issues, framing, Error detection and correction.

Elementary data link protocols: simplex protocol, A simplex stop and wait protocol for an error-free channel, A simplex stop and wait protocol for noisy channel.

Sliding Window protocols: A one-bit sliding window protocol, A protocol using Go-Back-N, A protocol using Selective Repeat, Example data link protocols.

Medium Access sub layer: The channel allocation problem, Multiple access protocols: ALOHA, Carrier sense multiple access protocols, collision free protocols. Wireless LANs, Data link layer switching.

# **UNIT-III**

Network Layer: Design issues, Routing algorithms: shortest path routing, Flooding, Hierarchical routing, Broadcast, Multicast, distance vector routing, Congestion Control Algorithms, Quality of Service, Internetworking, The Network layer in the internet.

## UNIT -IV

Transport Layer: Transport Services, Elements of Transport protocols, Connection management, TCP and UDP protocols.

## UNIT -V

Application Layer –Domain name system, SNMP, Electronic Mail; the World WEB, HTTP, Streaming audio and video.

# **TEXT BOOK:**

1. Computer Networks -- Andrew S Tanenbaum, David. j. Wetherall, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition. Pearson Education/PHI

## **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. An Engineering Approach to Computer Networks-S.Keshav,2<sup>nd</sup> Edition,Pearson Education
- 2. Data Communications and Networking Behrouz A. Forouzan. Third Edition TMH.

# JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

III Year B.Tech. CSE I-Sem

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# **COMPILER DESIGN**

# **Prerequisites**

- 1. A course on "Formal Languages and Automata Theory"
- 2. A course on "Computer Organization and architecture"
- 3. A course on "Computer Programming and Data Structures"

# **Objectives**

- 1. Introduce the major concepts of language translation and compiler design and impart the knowledge of practical skills necessary for constructing a compiler.
- 2. Topics include phases of compiler, parsing, syntax directd translation, type checking use of symbol tables, code optimization techniques, intermediate code generation, code generation and data flow analysis.

# **Outcomes**

- 1. Demonstrate the ability to design a compiler given a set of language features.
- 2. Demonstrate the knowledge of patterns, tokens & regular expressions for lexical analysis.
- 3. Acquire skills in using lex tool & yacc tool for devleoping a scanner and parser.
- 4. Design and implement LL and LR parsers
- 5. Design algorithms to do code optimization in order to improve the performance of a program in terms of space and time complexity.
- 6. Design algorithms to generate machine code.

#### Unit 1

**Introduction:** The structure of a compiler, the science of building a compiler, programming language basics

**Lexical Analysis:** The Role of the Lexical Analyzer, Input Buffering, Recognition of Tokens, The Lexical-Analyzer Generator Lex, Finite Automata, From Regular Expressions to Automata, Design of a Lexical-Analyzer Generator, Optimization of DFA-Based Pattern Matchers.

## Unit II

**Syntax Analysis:** Introduction, Context-Free Grammars, Writing a Grammar, Top-Down Parsing, Bottom-Up Parsing, Introduction to LR Parsing: Simple LR, More Powerful LR Parsers, Using Ambiguous Grammars and Parser Generators.

## **Unit III**

**Syntax-Directed Translation:** Syntax-Directed Definitions, Evaluation Orders for SDD's, Applications of Syntax-Directed Translation, Syntax-Directed Translation Schemes, Implementing L-Attributed SDD's.

**Intermediate-Code Generation:** Variants of Syntax Trees, Three-Address Code, Types and Declarations, Type Checking, Control Flow, Switch-Statements, Intermediate Code for Procedures.

#### **Unit IV**

**Run-Time Environments:** Stack Allocation of Space, Access to Nonlocal Data on the Stack, Heap Management, Introduction to Garbage Collection, Introduction to Trace-Based Collection.

**Code Generation:** Issues in the Design of a Code Generator, The Target Language, Addresses in the Target Code, Basic Blocks and Flow Graphs, Optimization of Basic Blocks, A Simple Code Generator, Peephole Optimization, Register Allocation and Assignment, Dynamic Programming Code-Generation.

## Unit V

**Machine-Independent Optimization:** The Principal Sources of Optimization, Introduction to Data-Flow Analysis, Foundations of Data-Flow Analysis, Constant Propagation, Partial-Redundancy Elimination, Loops in Flow Graphs.

#### Text Book:

1. Compilers: Principles, Techniques and Tools, Second Edition, Alfred V. Aho, Monica S. Lam, Ravi Sethi, Jeffry D. Ullman.

#### **References:**

- 1. lex & yacc John R. Levine, Tony Mason, Doug Brown, O'reilly
- 2. Compiler Construction, Louden, Thomson..

# JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD III Year B.Tech. CSE I-Sem

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# **DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS**

# **Prerequisites**

1. A course on "Advanced Data Structures"

# **Objectives**

- 1. To understand the basic concepts and the applications of database systems.
- 2. To master the basics of SQL and construct gueries using SQL.
- 3. Topics include datamodels, database design, relational model, relational algebra, transaction control, concurrency control, storage structures and access techniques.

## **Outcomes**

- 1. Gain knowledge of fundamentals of DBMS, database design and normal forms
- 2. Master the basics of SQL for retrieval and management of data.
- 3. Be acquainted with the basics of transaction processing and concurrency control.
- 4. Familiarity with database storage structures and access techniques

# UNIT I:

**Database System Applications**: database system Vs. file system, view of data, data abstraction, instances and schemas, data models, the ER model, relational model, other models, database languages, DDL, DML, database access for application programs, database users and administrator, transaction management, database system structure, storage manager, the query processor, history of data base systems, data base design and ER diagrams, beyond ER design entities, attributes and entity sets, relationships and relationship sets, additional features of ER model, concept design with the ER Model, conceptual design for large enterprises.

## **UNIT II:**

**Introduction to the Relational Model**: integrity constraint over relations, enforcing integrity constraints, querying relational data, logical data base design, introduction to views, destroying/altering tables and views, form of basic SQL query, examples of basic SQL queries, introduction to nested queries, correlated nested queries, set comparison operators, aggregation operators, NULL values, comparison using null values, logical connectivity's, AND, OR and NOT, impact on SQL constructs, outer joins, disallowing NULL values, complex integrity constraints in SQL, triggers and active data bases, Oracle, SQL Server, DB2.

# **UNIT III:**

**Relational Algebra**: Selection and projection, set operations, renaming, Joins, Division, Examples of Algebra overviews, Relational calculus, Tuple relational Calculus, Domain relational calculus, Expressive Power of Algebra and calculus.

**Schema refinement**: Problems caused by redundancy, decompositions, problems related to decomposition, reasoning about functional dependencies, FIRST, SECOND, THIRD normal forms, BCNF, lossless join decomposition, dependency preserving decomposition, schema refinement in database design, multi valued dependencies, FOURTH normal form, FIFTH normal form.

#### **UNIT IV:**

Transaction Concept, Transaction State, Implementation of Atomicity and Durability, Concurrent Executions, Serializability, Recoverability, Implementation of Isolation, Testing for serializability, Lock Based Protocols, Timestamp Based Protocols, Validation- Based Protocols, Multiple Granularity.

Recovery and Atomicity, Log–Based Recovery, Recovery with Concurrent Transactions, Buffer Management, Failure with loss of nonvolatile storage, Advance Recovery systems, Remote Backup systems.

## **UNIT V:**

Data on External Storage, File Organization and Indexing, Cluster Indexes, Primary and Secondary Indexes, Index data Structures, Hash Based Indexing, Tree base Indexing, Comparison of File Organizations, Indexes and Performance Tuning, Intuitions for tree Indexes, Indexed Sequential Access Methods (ISAM), B+ Trees: A Dynamic Index Structure.

# **Text Books:**

- 1. Database Management Systems, Raghurama Krishnan, Johannes Gehrke, Tata Mc Graw Hill 3rd Edition
- 2. Database System Concepts, Silberschatz, Korth, Mc Graw hill, V edition.

#### **References:**

- 1. Database Systems design, Implementation, and Management, Peter Rob & Carlos Coronel 7th Edition.
- 2. Fundamentals of Database Systems, Elmasri Navrate Pearson Education
- 3. Introduction to Database Systems, C.J.Date Pearson Education
- 4. Oracle for Professionals, The X Team, S.Shah and V. Shah, SPD.
- 5. Database Systems Using Oracle: A Simplified guide to SQL and PL/SQL, Shah, PHI.
- 6. Fundamentals of Database Management Systems, M. L. Gillenson, Wiley Student Edition.

## JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

III Year B.Tech. CSE I-Sem

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# DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS LAB

# **Co-requisites**

1. Co-requisite of course "Database Management Systems"

#### Objectives

- 1. Introduce ER data model, database design and normalization
- 2. Learn SQL basics for data definition and data manipulation

#### **Outcomes**

- 1. Design database schema for a given application and apply normalization
- 2. Acquire skills in using SQL commands for data definition and data manipulation.
- 3. Develop solutions for database applications using procedures, cursors and triggers

# **List of Experiments:-**

- 1) Concept design with E-R Model
- 2) Relational Model
- 3) Normalization
- 4) Practicing DDL commands
- 5) Practicing DML commands
- 6) Querying (using ANY, ALL, IN, Exists, NOT EXISTS, UNION, INTERSECT, Constraints etc.)
- 7) Queries using Aggregate functions, GROUP BY, HAVING and Creation and dropping of Views.
- 8) Triggers (Creation of insert trigger, delete trigger, update trigger)
- 9) Procedures
- 10) Usage of Cursors

## **Text Books:**

- 1. Database Management Systems, Raghurama Krishnan, Johannes Gehrke, Tata Mc Graw Hill 3rd Edition
- 2. Database System Concepts, Silberschatz, Korth, Mc Graw hill, V edition.

#### **References:**

- 1. Database Systems design, Implementation, and Management, Peter Rob & Carlos Coronel 7th Edition.
- 2. Fundamentals of Database Systems, Elmasri Navrate Pearson Education
- 3. Introduction to Database Systems, C.J.Date Pearson Education
- 4. Oracle for Professionals, The X Team, S.Shah and V. Shah, SPD.
- 5. Database Systems Using Oracle: A Simplified guide to SQL and PL/SQL, Shah, PHI.
- 6. Fundamentals of Database Management Systems, M. L. Gillenson, Wiley Student Edition.

## JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

## III Year B.Tech. CSE I-Sem

L T P C

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#### **COMPILER DESIGN LAB**

# **Prerequisites**

- 1. A course on "Formal Languages and Automata Theory"
- 2. A course on "Computer Organization and architecture"
- 3. A course on "Computer Programming and Data Structures"

## Co-requisite

1. A course on "Compiler Design"

#### **Objectives**

1. To provide practical programming skills necessary for constructing a compiler.

#### **Outcomes**

- 1. Ability to design a compiler given a set of language features.
- 2. Ability to use the knowledge of patterns, tokens & regular expressions for lexical analysis.
- 3. Able to use lex tool & yacc tool to devleop a scanner & parser.
- 4. Design and implement LL(1), SLR, LR(1), LALR and operator precedence parsers
- 5. Generation of machine code

# List of Experiments:-

- 1. Design a DFA to accept all strings containing a substring(01)
- 2. Write a LEX Program to scan reserved word & Identifiers of C Language
- 3. Write a LEX Program to scan integers as Float Numbers in C Language
- 4. Implement Predictive Parsing algorithm
- 5. Implement RD Parser for the Grammar

S->AB

A->a/E

B->b/E

- 6. Write a C program to generate three address code.
- 7. Implement SLR(1) Parsing algorithm
- 8. Write a YACC program to parse the Strings.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Compilers: Principles, Techniques and Tools: Alfred V.Aho,Ravi Sethi, Jeffrey D. Ullman; Pearson Education
- 2. Modern Compiler Implementation in C- Andrew N. Appel, Cambridge University Press.

#### **References:**

- 1. lex & yacc John R. Levine, Tony Mason, Doug Brown, O'reilly
- 2. Modern Compiler Design- Dick Grune, Henry E. Bal, Cariel T. H. Jacobs, Wiley dreamtech.
- 3. Engineering a Compiler-Cooper & Linda, Elsevier.
- 4. Compiler Construction, Louden, Thomson..

# JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

# B.Tech(CSE) III Year I-Sem

L T P C 0 3 1

# **COMPUTER NETWORKS LAB**

# **Prerequisites**

- 1. A course on "Computer Programming and Data Structures"
- 2. A course on "Design and Analysis of Algorithms"

# Co-requisite

1. A course on "Computer Networks"

# **Objectives**

- 1. Intended to provide practical exposure of the concepts in computer networks.
- 2. Provide hands on experience of designing, modeling, and evaluation of computer networks

#### **Outcomes**

- 1. Implement data link layer framing methods.
- 2. Implement error correction and detection techniques.
- 3. Implement data link layer protocols
- 4. Implement routing and congestion algorithms
- 5. Implement encryption algorithms
- 6. Able to create a scenario and study the performance of computer networks and protocols
- 1. Implement the data link layer framing methods such as character, character-stuffing and bit stuffing.
- 2. Write a program to compute CRC code for the polynomials CRC-12, CRC-16 and CRC CCIP
- 3. Develop a simple data link layer that performs the flow control using the sliding window protocol, and loss recovery using the Go-Back-N mechanism.
- 4. Implement Dijkstra's algorithm to compute the shortest path through a network
- 5. Take an example subnet of hosts and obtain a broadcast tree for the subnet.
- 6. Implement instance vector routing algorithm for obtaining routing tables at each node.
- 7. Implement data encryption and data decryption.
- 8. Using a simulation software
  - i. Create a scenario and study the performance of CSMA/CD protocol
  - ii. Create a scenario and study the performance of token bus and token ring
  - iii. Study Transmission Control Protocol

#### **TEXT BOOK:**

1. Computer Networks -- Andrew S Tanenbaum, David. j. Wetherall, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition. Pearson Education/PHI

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. An Engineering Approach to Computer Networks-S.Keshav,2<sup>nd</sup> Edition,Pearson Education
- 2. Data Communications and Networking Behrouz A. Forouzan. Third Edition TMH.

# JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

III Year B.Tech. CSE I-Sem

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## **DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS**

# **Prerequisites**

2. A course on "Advanced Data Structures"

# **Objectives**

- 4. To understand the basic concepts and the applications of database systems.
- 5. To master the basics of SQL and construct queries using SQL.
- 6. Topics include datamodels, database design, relational model, relational algebra, transaction control, concurrency control, storage structures and access techniques.

#### **Outcomes**

- 5. Gain knowledge of fundamentals of DBMS, database design and normal forms
- 6. Master the basics of SQL for retrieval and management of data.
- 7. Be acquainted with the basics of transaction processing and concurrency control.
- 8. Familiarity with database storage structures and access techniques

## UNIT I:

**Database System Applications**: database system Vs. file system, view of data, data abstraction, instances and schemas, data models, the ER model, relational model, other models, database languages, DDL, DML, database access for application programs, database users and administrator, transaction management, database system structure, storage manager, the query processor, history of data base systems, data base design and ER diagrams, beyond ER design entities, attributes and entity sets, relationships and relationship sets, additional features of ER model, concept design with the ER Model, conceptual design for large enterprises.

# **UNIT II:**

**Introduction to the Relational Model**: integrity constraint over relations, enforcing integrity constraints, querying relational data, logical data base design, introduction to views, destroying/altering tables and views, form of basic SQL query, examples of basic SQL queries, introduction to nested queries, correlated nested queries, set comparison operators, aggregation operators, NULL values, comparison using null values, logical connectivity's, AND, OR and NOT, impact on SQL constructs, outer joins, disallowing NULL values, complex integrity constraints in SQL, triggers and active data bases, Oracle, SQL Server, DB2.

## **UNIT III:**

**Relational Algebra**: Selection and projection, set operations, renaming, Joins, Division, Examples of Algebra overviews, Relational calculus, Tuple relational Calculus, Domain relational calculus, Expressive Power of Algebra and calculus.

**Schema refinement**: Problems caused by redundancy, decompositions, problems related to decomposition, reasoning about functional dependencies, FIRST, SECOND, THIRD normal forms, BCNF, lossless join decomposition, dependency preserving decomposition, schema

refinement in database design, multi valued dependencies, FOURTH normal form, FIFTH normal form.

## **UNIT IV:**

Transaction Concept, Transaction State, Implementation of Atomicity and Durability, Concurrent Executions, Serializability, Recoverability, Implementation of Isolation, Testing for serializability, Lock Based Protocols, Timestamp Based Protocols, Validation- Based Protocols, Multiple Granularity.

Recovery and Atomicity, Log–Based Recovery, Recovery with Concurrent Transactions, Buffer Management, Failure with loss of nonvolatile storage, Advance Recovery systems, Remote Backup systems.

#### **UNIT V:**

Data on External Storage, File Organization and Indexing, Cluster Indexes, Primary and Secondary Indexes, Index data Structures, Hash Based Indexing, Tree base Indexing, Comparison of File Organizations, Indexes and Performance Tuning, Intuitions for tree Indexes, Indexed Sequential Access Methods (ISAM), B+ Trees: A Dynamic Index Structure.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Database Management Systems, Raghurama Krishnan, Johannes Gehrke, Tata Mc Graw Hill 3rd Edition
- 2. Database System Concepts, Silberschatz, Korth, Mc Graw hill, V edition.

# **References:**

- 1. Database Systems design, Implementation, and Management, Peter Rob & Carlos Coronel 7th Edition.
- 2. Fundamentals of Database Systems, Elmasri Navrate Pearson Education
- 3. Introduction to Database Systems, C.J.Date Pearson Education
- 4. Oracle for Professionals, The X Team, S.Shah and V. Shah, SPD.
- 5. Database Systems Using Oracle: A Simplified guide to SQL and PL/SQL,Shah,PHI.
- 6. Fundamentals of Database Management Systems, M. L. Gillenson, Wiley Student Edition.

#### JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

B.Tech(CSE) III Year I-Sem

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## **OPEN ELECTIVE -II**

# **CYBER SECURITY**

# **Prerequisites**

1. A Course on "Network Security and Cryptography"

# **Objectives**

- 1. The pupose of the course is to educate on cyber security and the legal perspectives of cyber crimes and cyber offenses.
- 2. Introduce tools and methods for enhancing cyber security.
- 3. Topics include- cyber crimes, cyber offenses, cyber crimes on mobile and wireless devices, tools and methods to prevent cyber crimes, legal perspectives of cyber crimes and cyber security, computer forensics, Intellectual Property Rights and cyber terrorism

#### **Outcomes**

- 1. Demonstrate the knowledge of cyber security and understand the Indian and Global Act concerning cyber crimes
- 2. Employ security and privacy methods in the development of modern applications such that personal data is protected; and provide safe Internet usage.

## **UNIT-I**

## **Introduction to Cybercrime:**

Introduction, Cybercrime and Information security, who are cyber criminals, Classification of Cyber crimes, Cybercrime: The legal Perspectives and Indian Perspective, Cybercrime and the Indian ITA 2000, A Global Perspective on Cyber crimes.

# **Cyber offenses: How criminals Plan Them**

Introduction, How Criminals plan the Attacks, Social Engineering, Cyber stalking, Cyber cafe and Cybercrimes, Botnets: The Fuel for Cybercrime, Attack Vector, Cloud Computing.

# **UNIT-II**

# **Cybercrime: Mobile and Wireless Devices**

Introduction, Proliferation of Mobile and Wireless Devices, Trends in Mobility, Credit card Frauds in Mobile and Wireless Computing Era, Security Challenges Posed by Mobile Devices, Registry Settings for Mobile Devices, Authentication service Security, Attacks on Mobile/Cell Phones, Mobile Devices: Security Implications for Organizations, Organizational Measures for Handling Mobile, Organizational Security Policies and Measures in Mobile Computing Era, Laptops.

# **Tools and Methods Used in Cyber Crime:**

Introduction, Proxy services and Anonymizers, Phishing, Password Cracking, Keyloggers and Spywares, Virus and Worms, Trojan Horses and Backdoors, Steganography, DoS and DDoS Attacks, SQL Injection, Buffer Overflow, Attacks on Wireless Networks.

## **UNIT III**

# **Cyber crimes and Cyber Security: the Legal Perspectives**

Introduction

Cyber Crime and Legal Landscape around the world, Why Do We Need Cyber laws: The Indian Context, The Indian IT Act, Challenges to Indian Law and Cybercrime Scenario In India, Digital signatures and the Indian IT Act, Amendments to the Indian IT Act, Cybercrime and Punishment

Cyber law, Technology and Students: Indian Scenario.

# **Understanding Computer Forensics**

Introduction, Historical background of Cyber forensics, Digital Forensics Science, The Need for Computer Forensics, Cyber Forensics and Digital evidence, Forensics Analysis of Email, Digital Forensics Lifecycle, Chain of Custody concept, Network Forensics, Approaching a computer, Forensics Investigation, Challenges in Computer Forensics, Special Tools and Techniques Forensics Auditing

#### **UNIT IV**

# **Cyber Security: Organizational Implications**

Introduction, cost of cyber crimes and IPR issues, web threats for organizations, security and privacy implications, social media marketing: security risks and perils for organizations, social computing and the associated challenges for organizations.

**Cybercrime and Cyber terrorism:** Introduction, intellectual property in the cyberspace, the ethical dimension of cyber crimes the psychology, mindset and skills of hackers and other cyber criminals

#### **UNIT V**

# **Cybercrime: Illustrations, Examples and Mini-Cases**

#### Examples:

Official Website of Maharashtra Government Hacked, Indian Banks Lose Millions of Rupees, Parliament Attack, Pune City Police Bust Nigerian Racket, e-mail spoofing instances.

#### **Mini-Cases:**

The Indian Case of online Gambling, An Indian Case of Intellectual Property Crime, Illustrations of Financial Frauds in Cyber Domain, Digital Signature-Related Crime Scenarios.

# Text book:

- 1. **Cyber Security**: *Understanding Cyber Crimes*, *Computer Forensics and Legal Perspectives*, Nina Godbole and Sunil Belapure, Wiley INDIA .
- 2. Reference book:
- 3. **Cyber Security Essentials**, James Graham, Richard Howard and Ryan Otson, CRC Press.

#### JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

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# PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE - I ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

# **Prerequisites**

- 1. A course on "Computer Programming and Data Structures"
- 2. A course on "Advanced Data Structures"
- 3. A course on "Design and Analysis of Algorithms"
- 4. A course on "Mathematical Foundations of Computer Science"

# **Objectives**

- 1. To learn the distinction between optimal reasoning Vs. human like reasoning
- 2. To understand the concepts of state space representation, exhaustive search, heuristic search together with the time and space complexities.
- 3. To learn different knowledge representation techniques.
- 4. To understand the applications of AI, namely game playing, theorem proving, expert systems, machine learning and natural language processing

#### **Outcomes**

- 1. Ability to formulate an efficient problem space for a problem expressed in natural language.
- 2. Select a search algorithm for a problem and estimaate its time and space complexities.
- 3. Possess the skill for representing knowledge using the appropriate technique for a given problem
- 4. Possess the ability to apply AI techniques to solve problems of game playing, expert systems, machine learning and natural language processing.

#### **UNIT I**

#### **Introduction:**

AI problems, The Underlying Assumption, AI Techniques, The Level of the Model, Criteria for Success

**Problems, Problem Spaces and Search**: Defining the Problem as a State Space Search, Production Systems, Problem Characteristics, Production System Characteristics, Issues in the Design of Search Programs

# **Heuristic Search Techniques:**

Generate – and – Test, Hill Climbing, Best – First Search, Problem Reduction, Constraint Satisfaction, Means-Ends Analysis.

# **UNIT II**

# **Knowledge Representation:**

Issues in Knowledge Representation, Representing Simple Facts in Predicate Logic, Representing Instance and ISA Relations, Computable Functions and Predicates, Resolution, Natural Deduction

**Representing Knowledge Using Rules:** Procedural Vs Declarative Knowledge, Logic Programming, Forward Vs Backward Reasoning, Matching, Control Knowledge

**Weak Slot – and – Filler Structures:** semantic nets, frames

Strong Slot – and – Filler Structures: conceptual dependency, scripts, CYC

#### **UNIT III**

# **Reasoning Techniques:**

Introduction to Nonmonotonic reasoning, Logics for Nonmonotonic Reasoning, Implementation Issues, Augmenting a Problem Solver, Implementation of Depth First Search and Breadth First Search, Probability and Bayes Theorem, Certainty Factors and Rule-based Systems, Bayesian Networks.

#### **UNIT IV**

# **Game Playing:**

Overview, Minimax Search, Alpha – Beta Cutoffs

**Planning System:** Overview, The Blocks World, Components of a Planning System, Goal Stack Planning, Hierarchical Planning

**Understanding:** Understanding as constraint satisfaction, Waltz Algorithm

**Natural Language Processing**: Introduction, Syntactic Processing, Augmented Transition Networks, Semantic Analysis

#### **UNIT V**

# **Learning:**

What Is Learning? Rote Learning, Learning by Taking Advice, Learning in Problem Solving, Learning from Examples, Winston's Learning Program, Decision Trees

**Expert Systems:** Representing and Using Domain Knowledge, Shell, Explanation, Knowledge Acquisition.

#### Text Books:

1) Artificial Intelligence" 3<sup>rd</sup> Edn., E.Rich and K.Knight (TMH)

# **References:**

- 1) Artificial Intelligence A Modern Approach, Second Edition, Stuart Russell, Peter Norvig, PHI/ Pearson Education.
- 2) Artificial Intelligence and Expert systems Patterson PHI

## III Year B.Tech. CSE II-Sem

L T P C

#### Professional Elective - I

#### **COMPUTER GRAPHICS**

# **Prerequisites**

- 3. Familiarity with the theory and use of coordinate geometry and of linear algebra such as matrix multiplication.
- 4. A course on "Computer Programming and Data Structures" ...

# **Objectives**

- 3. The aim of this course is to provide an introduction of fundamental concepts and theory of computer graphics.
- 4. Topics covered include graphics systems and input devices; geometric representations and 2D/3D transformations; viewing and projections; illumination and color models; animation; rendering and implementation; visible surface detection;

#### **Outcomes**

- 4. Acquire familiarity with the relevant mathematics of computer graphics.
- 5. Be able to design basic graphics application programs, including animation
- 6. Be able to design applications that display graphic images to given specifications

#### UNIT-I:

**Introduction:** Application areas of Computer Graphics, overview of graphics systems, video-display devices, raster-scan systems, random scan systems, graphics monitors and work stations and input devices

**Output primitives**: Points and lines, line drawing algorithms (Bresenham's and DDA Algorithm), mid-point circle and ellipse algorithms

**Filled area primitives**: Scan-line polygon fill algorithm, boundary-fill and flood-fill algorithms

#### **UNIT-II:**

- **2-D geometrical transforms**: Translation, scaling, rotation, reflection and shear transformations, matrix representations and homogeneous coordinates, composite transforms, transformations between coordinate systems
- **2-D viewing**: The viewing pipeline, viewing coordinate reference frame, window to viewport coordinate transformation, viewing functions, Cohen-Sutherland and Cyrus-beck line clipping algorithms, Sutherland –Hodgeman polygon clipping algorithm, Polygon Filling

#### **UNIT-III:**

**3-D object representation**: Polygon surfaces, quadric surfaces, spline representation, Hermite curve, Bezier curve and B-Spline curves, Bezier and B-Spline surfaces. Basic illumination models, polygon rendering methods.

#### **UNIT-IV:**

- **3-D Geometric transformations**: Translation, rotation, scaling, reflection and shear transformations, composite transformations.
- **3-D viewing**: Viewing pipeline, viewing coordinates, view volume and general projection transforms and clipping.

## **UNIT-V:**

**Computer animation**: Design of animation sequence, general computer animation functions, raster animation, computer animation languages, key frame systems, motion specifications

**Visible surface detection methods**: Classification, back-face detection, depth-buffer, scanline, depth sorting, BSP-tree methods, area sub-division and octree methods

## **Text Books:**

- 1. "Computer Graphics *C version*", Donald Hearn and M.Pauline Baker, Pearson Education
- 2. "Computer Graphics Principles & practice", second edition in C, Foley, VanDam, Feiner and Hughes, Pearson Education.
- 3. Computer Graphics, Steven Harrington, TMH

# **References:**

- 1. Procedural elements for Computer Graphics, David F Rogers, Tata Mc Graw hill, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition.
- 2. Principles of Interactive Computer Graphics", Neuman and Sproul, TMH.
- 3. Principles of Computer Graphics, Shalini Govil, Pai, 2005, Springer.

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# Professional Elective -I SOFTWARE PROJECT MANAGEMENT

# **Prerequisites**

1. A course on "Software Engineering"

# **Objectives**

- 1. To develop skills in software project management
- 2. The topics include-software economics; software development life cyle; artifacts of the process; workflows; checkpoints; project organization and responsibilities; project control and process instrumentation;

#### **Outcomes**

- 1. Gain knowledge of software economics, phases in the life cycle of software development, project organization, project control and process instrumentation.
- 2. Analyze the major and minor milestones, artifacts and metrics from management and technical perspective.
- 3. Design and develop software product using conventional and modern principles of software project management

## **UNIT I**

**Conventional Software Management:** The waterfall model, conventional software Management performance.

**Evolution of Software Economics:** Software economics, pragmatic software cost estimation.

## **UNIT II**

**Improving Software Economics:** Reducing Software product size, improving software processes, improving team effectiveness, improving automation, Achieving required quality, peer inspections. **The old way and the new:** The principles of conventional software Engineering, principles of modern software management, transitioning to an iterative process.

# **UNIT III**

**Life cycle phases:** Engineering and production stages, inception, Elaboration, construction, transition phases.

**Artifacts of the process:** The artifact sets, Management artifacts, Engineering artifacts, programmatic artifacts. **Model based software architectures:** A Management perspective and technical perspective. **Work Flows of the process:** Software process workflows, Iteration workflows.

## **UNIT IV**

**Checkpoints of the process:** Major milestones, Minor Milestones, Periodic status assessments. Iterative Process Planning: work breakdown structures, planning guidelines, cost and schedule estimating, Iteration planning process, Pragmatic planning.

**Project Organizations and Responsibilities:** Line-of-Business Organizations, Project Organizations, evolution of Organizations. Process Automation: Automation building blocks, The Project Environment.

# **UNIT V**

**Project Control and Process instrumentation:** The seven core Metrics, Management indicators, quality indicators, life cycle expectations, pragmatic Software Metrics, Metrics automation. Tailoring the Process: Process discriminates.

**Future Software Project Management:** modern Project Profiles, Next generation Software economics, modern process transitions.

**Case Study:** The command Center Processing and Display system- Replacement (CCPDS-R).

## **Text Books:**

1. Software Project Management, Walker Royce: Pearson Education, 2005.

# **References:**

- 1. Software Project Management, Bob Hughes and Mike Cotterell: Tata McGraw-Hill Edition
- 2. Software Project Management, Joel Henry, Pearson Education.
- 3. Software Project Management in practice, Pankaj Jalote, Pearson Education.2005.

#### III Year B.Tech. CSE II-Sem

L T P C

## Professional Elective -I SPEECH PROCESSING

## **Prerequisites**

- 1. A course on "Mathematics II"
- 2. A course on "Computer Oriented Statistical Methods"
- 3. Generally, a basic knowledge of signals and systems, linear algebra, and probability and statistics and programming experience in a high-level language is required.

## **Objectives**

- 1. The aim of the course is to familiarize students with the basic characteristics of the speech signal with regard to the production and perception of speech by humans.
- 2. To describe the basic techniques and practical aspects of speech analysis.
- 3. To present an overview of speech processing applications (such as speech recognition and speaker recognition)
- 4. The course includes the topics such as speech production, speech analysis, speech enhancement, speech and speaker recognition

#### **Outcomes**

- 1. Ability to understand and describe the mechanisms of speech production.
- 2. Ability to determine speech sound from the acoustic characteristics.
- 3. Ability to analyze the speech signal in time and frequency domains, and in terms of the parameters of a source-filter model.
- 4. Describe and implement methods for speech enhancement.
- 5. Design a simple speech processing system that recognizes a limited number of isolated words; and a speaker recognition system.

**UNIT I: Fundamentals of Digital Speech Processing**: Anatomy & Physiology of Speech Organs, The process of Speech Production, Acoustic Phonetics, Articulatory Phonetics, The Acoustic Theory of Speech Production- Uniform Lossless Tube Model, Effect of Losses In Vocal Tract, Effect of Radiation at Lips, Digital Models for Speech Signals.

**UNIT II: Time Domain Models for Speech Processing:** Introduction, Window Considerations, Short-Time-Energy and Average Magnitude Short Time Average Zero Crossing Rate, Speech Vs Silence Discrimination Using Energy and Zero Crossing, Pitch Period Estimation using a Parallel Processing Approach, The Short Time Autocorrelation Function, The Short Time Average Magnitude Difference Function, Pitch Period Estimation using The Autocorrelation Function.

**UNIT III: Linear Predictive Coding (LPC) Analysis:** Basic Principles of Linear Predictive Analysis, The Autocorrelation Method, The Covariance Method, Solution of LPC Equations: Cholesky Decomposition Solution for Covariance Method, Durbin's Recursive Solution For the Autocorrelation Equations, Comparison between the Methods of Solution of the LPC Analysis Equations, Applications of LPC Parameters: Pitch Detection Using LPC

Parameters, Formant Analysis Using LPC Parameters.

**UNIT IV: Homomorphic Speech Processing:** Introduction, Homomorphic Systems for Convolution: Properties of the Complex Cepstrum, Computational Considerations, The Complex Cepstrum of Speech, Pitch Detection, Formant Estimation, The Homomorphic Vocoder

**Speech Enhancement:** Nature of Interfering Sounds, Speech Enhancement Techniques: Single Microphone Approach: Spectral Subtraction, Enhancement by Re-synthesis, Combo Filter, Wiener Filter, Multi Microphone Approach.

**UNIT V: Automatic Speech & Speaker Recognition:** Basic Pattern Recognition Approaches, Parametric Representation of Speech, Evaluating the Similarity of Speech Patterns, Isolated Digit Recognition System, Continuous Digit Recognition System

**Hidden Markov Model (HMM) For Speech:** Hidden Markov Model (HMM) for Speech Recognition, Viterbi algorithm, Training and Testing using HMMS

**Speaker Recognition:** Recognition techniques, Features that Distinguish Speakers, Speaker Recognition Systems: Speaker Verification System, Speaker Identification System.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Digital Processing of Speech Signals: **L.R Rabinar and R W Jhaung**, 1978, Pearson Education.
- 2. Digital Processing of Speech Signals: **L.R. Rabiner and S. W. Schafer,** Pearson Education.
- 3. Speech Communications: **Human & Machine Douglas O'Shaughnessy**, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., Wiley India, 2000.

## **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. Discrete Time Speech Signal Processing: Principles and Practice **Thomas F. Quateri**, 1<sup>st</sup> Ed., PE.
- 2. Speech & Audio Signal Processing: **Ben Gold & Nelson Morgan**, 1<sup>st</sup> Ed., Wiley.

## III Year B.Tech. CSE II-Sem

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## PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-I

## PRINCIPLES OF PROGRAMMING LANGUAGES

## **Prerequisites**

- 1. A course on "Mathematical Foundations of Computer Science"
- 2. A course on "Computer Programming and Data Structures"

## **Objectives**

- 1. Introduce important paradigms of programming languages
- 2. To provide conceptual understanding of high level language design and implementation
- 3. Topics include programming paradigms; syntax and semantics; data types, expressions and statements; subprograms and blocks; abstract data types; concurrency; functional and logic programming languages; and scripting languages

#### **Outcomes**

- 1. Acquire the skills for expressing syntax and semantics in formal notation
- 2. Identify and apply a suitable programming paradigm for a given computing application
- 3. Gain knowledge of and able to compare the features of various programming languages

## **UNIT-I**

**Preliminary Concepts**: reasons for studying concepts of programming languages, programming domains, language evaluation criteria, influences on language design, language categories, language design trade-offs, implementation methods, programming environments

**Major Programming Languages** –LISP, ALGOL-60, COBOL, BASIC, PL/I, APL, SNOBOL, SIMULA67, ALGOL 68, Prolog, Ada, C++, Java, Scripting Languages, C#, Markup/Programming Hybrid Languages.

**Syntax and Semantics:** general problem of describing syntax and semantics, formal methods of describing syntax attribute grammars, describing the meanings of programs

## **UNIT-II**

**Names, Bindings, and Scopes**: introduction, names, variables, concept of binding, scope, scope and lifetime, referencing environments, named constants

**Data types**: introduction, primitive, character string types, user defined ordinal types, array, associative arrays, record, union, tuple types, list types, pointer and reference types, type checking, strong typing, type equivalence

**Expressions and Statements:** arithmetic expressions, overloaded operators, type conversions, relational and boolean expressions, short circuit evaluation, assignment statements, mixed-mode assignment

**Control Structures** – introduction, selection statements, iterative statements, unconditional branching, guarded commands.

## **UNIT-III**

**Subprograms and Blocks:** Fundamentals of sub-programs, design issues for subprograms, local referencing environments, parameter passing methods, parameters that are subprograms, calling subprograms indirectly, overloaded subprograms, generic subprograms, design issues for functions, user defined overloaded operators, closures, coroutines

**Implementing subprograms**: general semantics of calls and returns, implementing simple subprograms, implementing subprograms with stack-dynamic local variables, nested subprograms, blocks, implementing dynamic scoping

**Abstract Data types:** The concept of abstraction, introductions to data abstraction, design issues, language examples, parameterized ADT, encapsulation constructs, naming encapsulations

## **UNIT-IV**

**Concurrency:** introduction, introduction to subprogram level concurrency, semaphores, monitors, message passing, Java threads, concurrency in function languages, statement level concurrency.

Exception Handling and Event Handling: Introduction, exception handling in Ada, C++, Java, introduction to event handling, event handling with Java and C#.

## **UNIT-V**

**Functional Programming Languages:** Introduction, mathematical functions, fundamentals of functional programming language, LISP, support for functional programming in primarily imperative languages, comparison of functional and imperative languages

**Logic Programming Language:** Introduction, an overview of logic programming, basic elements of prolog, applications of logic programming.

**Scripting Language:** Pragmatics, Key Concepts, Case Study: Python – Values and Types, Variables, Storage and Control, Bindings and Scope, Procedural Abstraction, Data Abstraction, Separate Compilation, Module Library. (Text Book 2)

## **Text Books:**

- 1. Concepts of Programming Languages Robert .W. Sebesta 10/e, Pearson Education.
- 2. Programming Language Design Concepts, D. A. Watt, Wiley dreamtech, 2007.

## **References:**

- 1. Programming Languages, 2nd Edition, A.B. Tucker, R.E. Noonan, TMH.
- 2. Programming Languages, K. C.Louden, 2nd Edition, Thomson, 2003.

III Year B.Tech. CSE II-Sem

## PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-II

## MACHINE LEARNING AND PATTERN RECOGNITION

## **Prerequisites**

- 1. Students are expected to have knowledge in linear signals and systems, Fourier Transform, basic linear algebra, basic probability theory and basic programming techniques; knowledge of Digital Signal Processing is desirable.
- 2. A course on "Computational Mathematics"
- 3. A course on "Computer Oriented Statistical Methods"

## **Objectives**

- 1. This course introduces fundamental concepts, theories, and algorithms for pattern recognition and machine learning.
- 2. Topics include: Pattern Representation, Nearest Neighbor Based Classifier, Bayes Classifier, Hidden Markov Models, Decision Trees, Support Vector Machines, Clustering, and an application of hand-written digit recognition.

#### **Outcomes**

- 1. Understand the theory, benefits, inadequacies and possible applications of various machine learning and pattern recognition algorithms
- 2. Identify and employ suitable machine learning techniques in classification, pattern recognition, clustering and decision problems.

**UNIT-I: Introduction:** What is Pattern Recognition, Data Sets for Pattern Recognition, Different Paradigms for Pattern Recognition.

**Representation:** Data Structures for Pattern Representation, Representation of Clusters, Proximity Measures, Size of Patterns, Abstractions of the Data Set, Feature Extraction, Feature Selection, Evaluation of Classifier, Evaluation of Clustering.

**UNIT-II: Nearest Neighbor Based Classifier:** Nearest Neighbor Algorithm, Variants of the NN Algorithm use of the Nearest Neighbor Algorithm for Transaction Databases, Efficient Algorithms, Data Reduction, Prototype Selection.

**Bayes Classifier:** Bayes Theorem, Minimum Error Rate Classifier, Estimation of Probabilities, Comparison with the NNC, Naïve Bayes Classifier, Bayesian Belief Network.

**UNIT-III: Hidden Markov Models:** Markov Models for Classification, Hidden Morkov Models, Classification using HMMs.

**Decision Trees:** Introduction, Decision Tree for Pattern Classification, Construction of Decision Trees, Splitting at the Nodes, Overfitting and Pruning, Examples of Decision Tree Induction.

**UNIT-IV: Support Vector Machines:** Introduction, Learning the Linear Discriminant Functions, Neural Networks, SVM for Classification.

**Combination of Classifiers:** Introduction, Methods for Constructing Ensembles of Classifiers, Methods for Combining Classifiers.

**UNIT-V: Clustering:** Why is Clustering Important, Hierarchical Algorithms, Partitional Clustering, Clustering Large Data Sets.

**An Application-Hand Written Digit Recognition:** Description of the Digit Data, Preprocessing of Data, Classification Algorithms, Selection of Representative Patterns, Results.

## **TEXT BOOK:**

1. Pattern Recognition: An Algorithmic Approach: Murty, M. Narasimha, Devi, V. Susheela, Spinger Pub,1<sup>st</sup> Ed.

## **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Machine Learning Mc Graw Hill, Tom M. Mitchell.
- 2. Fundamentals Of Speech Recognition: Lawrence Rabiner and Biing- Hwang Juang. Prentice-Hall Pub.

#### III Year B.Tech, CSE II-Sem

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#### PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-II

## SOFTWARE TESTING METHODOLOGIES

## **Prerequisites**

1. A course on "Software Engineering"

## **Objectives**

- 1. To provide knowledge of the concepts in software testing such as testing process, criteria, strategies, and methodologies.
- 2. To develop skills in software test automation and management using latest tools.

## **Outcomes**

1. Design and develop the best test strategies in accordance to the development model.

#### UNIT-I:

**Introduction:-** Purpose of testing, Dichotomies, model for testing, consequences of bugs, taxonomy of bugs

**Flow graphs and Path testing:-** Basics concepts of path testing, predicates, path predicates and achievable paths, path sensitizing, path instrumentation, application of path testing.

## **UNIT-II:**

**Transaction Flow Testing:**-transaction flows, transaction flow testing techniques.

**Dataflow testing:** Basics of data flow testing, strategies in data flow testing, application of dataflow testing.

**Domain Testing:**-domains and paths, nice & ugly domains, domain testing, domains and interfaces' testing, domain and interface testing, domains and testability.

## **UNIT-III:**

**Paths, Path products and Regular expressions:** path products & path expression, reduction procedure, applications, regular expressions & flow anomaly detection.

**Logic Based Testing:**- overview, decision tables, path expressions, kv charts, specifications.

#### **UNIT-IV:**

**State, State Graphs and Transition testing:**- state graphs, good & bad state graphs, state testing, Testability tips.

## **UNIT-V:**

**Graph Matrices and Application:**-Motivational overview, matrix of graph, relations, power of a matrix, node reduction algorithm, building tools. (Student should be given an exposure to a tool like JMeter or Win-runner).

## **Text Books:**

- 1. Software Testing techniques Baris Beizer, Dreamtech, second edition.
- 2. Software Testing Tools Dr.K.V.K.R.Prasad, Dreamtech.

## **References:**

- 1. The craft of software testing Brian Marick, Pearson Education.
- 2. Software Testing Techniques SPD(Oreille)
- 3. Software Testing in the Real World Edward Kit, Pearson.
- 4. Effective methods of Software Testing, Perry, John Wiley.
- 5. Art of Software Testing Meyers, John Wiley.

## B.Tech(CSE)III Year II-Sem

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## PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-II

#### SOCIAL NETWORK ANALYSIS

## **Prerequisites**

- 1. A course on "Web Technologies"
- 2. A course on "Computer Networks"
- 3. A course on "Data Warehousing and Data Mining"

## **Objectives**

- 1. It introduces the concepts of social media
- 2. It provides the mechanisms for social network analysis
- 3. Includes the concepts that allow for better visualization and analysis of widely used services such as email, Wikis, Twitter, flickr, YouTube, etc.

#### **Outcomes**

- 1. Ability to construct social network maps easily
- 2. Gain skills in tracking the content flow through the social media

## **UNIT I:**

**Introduction:** Social Media and Social Networks

**Social Media:** New Technologies of Collaboration

**Social Network Analysis:** Measuring, Mapping, and Modeling collections of Connections.

#### **UNIT-II:**

NodeXL, Layout, Visual Design, and Labeling, Calculating and Visualizing Network Metrics, Preparing Data and Filtering, Clustering and Grouping.

#### **UNIT-III:**

## **CASE STUDIES-I:**

**Email:** The lifeblood of Modern Communication.

Thread Networks: Mapping Message Boards and Email Lists

**Twitter:** Conversation, Entertainment and Information

## **UNIT-IV:**

## **CASE STUDIES-II:**

Visualizing and Interpreting Face Book Networks, WWW Hyperlink Networks

Flickr: Linking People, Photos, Tags

**UNIT-V:** 

## **CASE STUDIES-III:**

You Tube: Contrasting Patterns of Content Interaction, and Prominence.

Wiki Networks: Connections of Creativity and Collaboration

## **Text Books:**

- 1. Hansen, Derek, Ben Sheiderman, Marc Smith, Analyzing Social Media Networks with NodeXL: Insights from a Connected World, Morgan Kaufmann, 2011.
- 2. Avinash Kaushik, Web Analytics 2.0: The Art of Online Accountability, Sybex, 2009.
- 3. Marshall Sponder, Social Media Analytics: Effective Tools for Building, Interpreting and Using Metrics, 1stEdition, MGH, 2011

III Year B.Tech. CSE II-Sem

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## PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-II

## **DIGITAL IMAGE PROCESSING**

## **Prerequisites**

- 1. Students are expected to have knowledge in linear signals and systems, Fourier Transform, basic linear algebra, basic probability theory and basic programming techniques; knowledge of Digital Signal Processing is desirable.
- 2. A course on "Computational Mathematics"
- 3. A course on "Computer Oriented Statistical Methods"

## **Objectives**

1. Provide a theoretical and mathematical foundation of fundamental Digital Image

Processing concepts.

2. The topics include image acquisition; sampling and quantization; preprocessing; enhancement; restoration; segmentation; and compression.

## **Outcomes**

- 1. Demonstrate the knowledge of the basic concepts of two-dimensional signal acquisition, sampling, and quantization.
- 2. Demonstrate the knowledge of filtering techniques.
- 3. Demonstrate the knowledge of 2D transformation techniques.
- 4. Demonstrate the knowledge of image enhancement, segmentation, restoration and compression techniques.

**UNIT I: Digital Image Fundamentals:** Digital Image through Scanner, Digital Camera. Concept of Gray Levels. Gray Level to Binary Image Conversion. Sampling and Quantization. Relationship between Pixels. Imaging Geometry. 2D Transformations-DFT, DCT, KLT and SVD.

**UNIT II:** Image Enhancement in Spatial Domain Point Processing, Histogram Processing, Spatial Filtering, Enhancement in Frequency Domain, Image Smoothing, Image Sharpening.

**UNIT III:** Image Restoration Degradation Model, Algebraic Approach to Restoration, Inverse Filtering, Least Mean Square Filters, Constrained Least Squares Restoration, Interactive Restoration.

**UNIT IV:** Image Segmentation Detection of Discontinuities, Edge Linking and Boundary Detection, Thresholding, Region Oriented Segmentation.

**UNIT V:** Image Compression Redundancies and their Removal Methods, Fidelity Criteria, Image Compression Models, Source Encoder and Decoder, Error Free Compression, Lossy Compression.

#### **TEXT BOOK:**

1. Digital Image Processing: **R.C. Gonzalez & R.E. Woods**, Addison Wesley/ Pearson Education, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed, 2004.

## **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Fundamentals of Digital Image Processing: A.K.Jain, PHI.
- 2. Digital Image Processing using MAT LAB: **Rafael C. Gonzalez, Richard E. Woods, Steven L. Eddins**: Pearson Education India, 2004.

3. Digital Image Processing: William K. Pratt, John Wilely, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2004.

## JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

III Year B.Tech. CSE II-Sem

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#### DATA WAREHOUSING AND DATAMINING

## **Prerequisites**

- 1. A course on "Database Management Systems"
- 2. Knowledge of probability and statistics

## **Objectives**

- 1. This course presents the techniques for preprocessing data before mining, and describes the concepts related to data warehousing, On-Line Analytical Processing (OLAP), and data generalization.
- 2. It also presents methods for mining frequent patterns, associations, and correlations.
- 3. It then describes methods for data classification and prediction, and data-clustering approaches.

#### **Outcomes**

- 1. Examine the types of the data to be mined and present a general classification of tasks and primitives to integrate a data mining system.
- 2. Apply preprocessing statistical methods for any given raw data.
- 3. Devise efficient and cost effective methods for designing and maintaining data warehouses.
- 4. Extract interesting patterns from large amounts of data that can be used for further analysis, for example in machine learning and prediction.
- 5. Discover the role played by data mining in various fields.
- 6. Choose and employ suitable data mining algorithms to build analytical applications
- 7. Evaluate the accuracy of supervised and unsupervised models and algorithms.

#### **UNIT-I**

#### **DATA MINING**

Data-Types of Data-, Data Mining Functionalities- Interestingness Patterns-Classification of Data Mining systems- Data mining Task primitives -Integration of Data mining system with a Data warehouse-Major issues in Data Mining-Data Preprocessing.

## **UNIT-II**

## DATA WAREHOUSE AND BUSINESS ANALYSIS

Data Warehouse-Data Warehouse Architecture- Multidimensional Data Model-Data cube and OLAP Technology-Data Warehouse Implementation -DBMS schemas for Decision support - Efficient methods for Data cube computation.

#### **UNIT-III**

## ASSOCIATION RULE MINING AND CLASSIFICATION

Mining Frequent Patterns-Associations and correlations- Mining Methods- Mining Various kinds of Association Rules- Correlation Analysis- Constraint based Association mining.- Classification and Prediction- Basic concepts-Decision tree induction-Bayesian classification, Rule-based classification - classification by Back propagation,-Support vector machines-. Associative Classification, Lazy learners-Other classification methods - Prediction.

## **UNIT-IV**

## **CLUSTERING AND APPLICATIONS**

Cluster analysis-Types of Data in Cluster Analysis-Categorization of Major Clustering Methods- Partitioning Methods,-Hierarchical Methods- Density-Based Methods,-Grid-Based Methods,-Model-Based Clustering Methods- Clustering high dimensional data-Constraint-Based cluster analysis-Outlier Analysis

## **UNIT V**

## MINING DATA STREAMS, TIME-SERIES AND SEQUENCE DATA

Basic concepts- Mining data streams-Mining Time-series data--Mining sequence patterns in Transactional databases-.Mining Object- Spatial- Multimedia-Text and Web data- Spatial Data mining- Multimedia Data mining--Text Mining- Mining the World Wide Web.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Data Mining Concepts and Techniques JIAWEI HAN & MICHELINE KAMBER, Elsevier.
- 2. Data Warehousing, Data Mining &OLAP- Alex Berson and Stephen J. Smith- Tata McGraw-Hill Edition, Tenth reprint 2007

#### **References:**

- 1. Building the DataWarehouse- W. H. Inmon, Wiley Dreamtech India Pvt. Ltd..
- 2. Data Mining Introductory and Advanced topics –MARGARET H DUNHAM, PEA.

#### JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

III Year B.Tech. CSE II-Sem

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#### WEB TECHNOLOGIES

## **Prerequisites**

- 1. A course on "Computer Programming and Data Structures"
- 2. A course on "Objected-Oriented Programming Through Java"

## **Objectives**

- 1. To learn the basic web concepts and Internet protocols
- 2. To introduce XML and processing of XML data
- 3. To introduce client side scripting with Javascript and DHTML
  - 4. To introduce server side programming with Java servlets and JSP

#### **Outcomes**

- 1. Ability to create dynamic and interactive web sites
  - 2. Gain knowledge of client side scripting using java sript and DHTML.
  - 3. Demonstrate understanding of what is XML and how to parse and use XML data

4. Able to do server side programming with Java Servelets and JSP

## **UNIT I: Introduction**

## Web Essentials - Clients, Servers and Communication:

The Internet, Basic Internet Protocols:TCP/IP, UDP, DNS, The World Wide Web: Hypertext
Transport Protocol, HTTP Request Message, HTTP Response Message, Web Clients,
Web Servers.

Markup Languages – HTML: Basic Tags, Forms, Style sheets

## **UNIT II: Client-Side Programming**

Introduction to JavaScript, JavaScript in Perspective, Basic Syntax, Variables and Data

Types, Statements, Operators, Literals, Functions, Objects, Arrays, Built-in Objects, JavaScript Debuggers.

**Host Objects - Browsers and the DOM:** Introduction to the Document Object Model, Intrinsic Event Handling, Modifying Element Style, The Document Tree, DOM Event Handling.

## **UNIT III: Server-Side Programming**

**Java Servlets:** Servlet Architecture, Servlets Generating Dynamic Content, Servlet Life Cycle, Parameter Data, Sessions, Cookies, URL Rewriting, Case Study.

## **UNIT IV: Representing Web Data**

**XML:** XML Documents and Vocabularies, XML Versions and the XML Declaration, XML Namespaces, DOM-Based XML Processing, Event-oriented Parsing: SAX, Transforming XML Documents, Selecting XML Data: XPath, Template-based Transformation: XSLT, Displaying XML Documents in Browsers, Case Study.

## **UNIT V: Separating Programming and Presentation**

**JSP Technology:** Introduction to JavaServer Pages, Running JSP Applications, Basic JSP, JavaBeans Classes and JSP, Tag Libraries and Files, Support for the Model-View-Controller Paradigm, Case Study.

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. WEB TECHNOLOGIES: A Computer Science Perspective, Jeffrey C. Jackson, Pearson Education

## **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Deitel H.M. and Deitel P.J., "Internet and World Wide Web How to program", Pearson International, 2012, 4th Edition.
- 2. J2EE: The complete Reference By James Keogh, McGraw-Hill
- 3. Bai and Ekedhi, The Web Warrior Guide to Web Programming, Thomson
- 4. Paul Dietel and Harvey Deitel,"Java How to Program", Prentice Hall of India, 8th Edition
- 5. Web technologies, Black Book, Dreamtech press.
- 6. Gopalan N.P. and Akilandeswari J., "Web Technology", Prentice Hall of India

## JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

III Year B.Tech. CSE II-Sem

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## ADVANCED ENGLISH LANGUAGE COMMUNICATION SKILLS (ACS) LAB

## 1. Introduction

The introduction of the Advanced Communication Skills Lab is considered essential at 3<sup>rd</sup> year level. At this stage, the students need to prepare themselves for their careers which may require them to listen to, read, speak and write in English both for their professional and interpersonal communication in the globalised context.

The proposed course should be a laboratory course to enable students to use 'good' English and perform the following:

- Gathering ideas and information to organize ideas relevantly and coherently.
- Engaging in debates.
- Participating in group discussions.
- Facing interviews.
- Writing project/research reports/technical reports.

- Making oral presentations.
- Writing formal letters.
- Transferring information from non-verbal to verbal texts and vice-versa.
- Taking part in social and professional communication.
- 2. Objectives:

This Lab focuses on using multi-media instruction for language development to meet the following targets:

- To improve the students' fluency in English, through a well-developed vocabulary and enable them to listen to English spoken at normal conversational speed by educated English speakers and respond appropriately in different socio-cultural and professional contexts.
- Further, they would be required to communicate their ideas relevantly and coherently in writing.
- To prepare all the students for their placements.

## **Learning Outcomes**

	Accomplishment of sound vocabulary and its proper use contextually.
_	Flair in Writing and felicity in written expression. Enhanced job prospects.
	Effective Speaking Abilities

## 3. Syllabus:

The following course content to conduct the activities is prescribed for the Advanced Communication Skills (ACS) Lab:

- 1. Activities on Fundamentals of Inter-personal Communication and Building Vocabulary Starting a conversation responding appropriately and relevantly using the right body language Role Play in different situations & Discourse Skills- using visuals Synonyms and antonyms, word roots, one-word substitutes, prefixes and suffixes, study of word origin, business vocabulary, analogy, idioms and phrases, collocations & usage of vocabulary.
- 2. **Activities on Reading Comprehension** –General Vs Local comprehension, reading for facts, guessing meanings from context, scanning, skimming, inferring meaning, critical reading & effective goggling.
- 3. **Activities on Writing Skills** Structure and presentation of different types of writing *letter writing/Resume writing/ e-correspondence/ Technical report writing/ Portfolio writing* planning for writing improving one's writing.
- **4. Activities on Presentation Skills** Oral presentations (individual and group) through JAM sessions/seminars/<u>**PPTs**</u> and written presentations through posters/projects/reports/e-mails/assignments etc.
- 5. **Activities on Group Discussion and Interview Skills** Dynamics of group discussion, intervention, summarizing, modulation of voice, body language, relevance, fluency and organization of ideas and rubrics for evaluation- Concept and process, pre-interview planning, opening strategies, answering strategies, interview through tele-conference & video-conference and Mock Interviews.

## 4. Minimum Requirement:

The Advanced Communication Skills (ACS) Laboratory shall have the following infrastructural facilities to accommodate at least 35 students in the lab:

- Spacious room with appropriate acoustics.
- Round Tables with movable chairs
- Audio-visual aids
- LCD Projector
- Public Address system
- P IV Processor, Hard Disk 80 GB, RAM–512 MB Minimum, Speed 2.8 GHZ
- T. V, a digital stereo & Camcorder
- Headphones of High quality

## **5. Suggested Software:**

The software consisting of the prescribed topics elaborated above should be procured and used.

- Oxford Advanced Learner's Compass, 8th Edition
- DELTA's key to the Next Generation TOEFL Test: Advanced Skill Practice.
- Lingua TOEFL CBT Insider, by Dreamtech
- TOEFL & GRE( KAPLAN, AARCO & BARRONS, USA, Cracking GRE by CLIFFS)
- The following software from 'train2success.com'
  - > Preparing for being Interviewed
  - **Positive Thinking**
  - > Interviewing Skills
  - > Telephone Skills
  - > Time Management

#### 6. Books Recommended:

- 1. **Technical Communication** by Meenakshi Raman & Sangeeta Sharma, Oxford University Press 2009.
- 2. English Language Communication : A Reader cum Lab Manual Dr A Ramakrishna Rao, Dr G Natanam & Prof SA Sankaranarayanan, Anuradha Publications, Chennai 2008.
- 3. **Speak Well** published by Orient Black Swan Private Limited, Hyderabad.
- 4. **Technical Communication** by Paul V. Anderson. 2007. Cengage Learning pvt. Ltd. New Delhi.
- 5. **Business and Professional Communication:** Keys for Workplace Excellence. Kelly M. Quintanilla & Shawn T. Wahl. Sage South Asia Edition. Sage Publications. 2011.
- 6. **The Basics of Communication: A Relational Perspective**. Steve Duck & David T. McMahan. Sage South Asia Edition. Sage Publications. 2012.
- 7. **English Vocabulary in Use** series, Cambridge University Press 2008.
- 8. **Management Shapers Series** by Universities Press(India)Pvt Ltd., Himayatnagar, Hyderabad 2008.
- 9. **Handbook for Technical Communication** by David A. McMurrey & Joanne Buckley. 2012. Cengage Learning.
- 10. **Communication Skills** by Leena Sen, PHI Learning Pvt Ltd., New Delhi, 2009.
- 11. **Handbook for Technical Writing** by David A McMurrey & Joanne Buckely CENGAGE Learning 2008.
- **Job Hunting** by Colm Downes, Cambridge University Press 2008.
- **Master Public Speaking** by Anne Nicholls, JAICO Publishing House, 2006.
- 14. English for Technical Communication for Engineering Students, Aysha Vishwamohan, Tata Mc Graw-Hil 2009.
- 15. Books on **TOEFL/GRE/GMAT/CAT/ IELTS** by Barron's/DELTA/ Cambridge University Press.
- **International English for Call Centres** by Barry Tomalin and Suhashini Thomas, Macmillan Publishers, 2009.

#### **DISTRIBUTION AND WEIGHTAGE OF MARKS:**

## Advanced Communication Skills Lab Practical Exam:

- 1. The practical examinations for the ACS Laboratory practice shall be conducted as per the University norms prescribed for the core engineering practical sessions.
- 2. For the English Language lab sessions, there shall be continuous evaluation during the year for 30 sessional marks and 70 End Examination marks. Of the 30 marks, 20 marks shall be awarded for day-to-day work and 10 marks to be awarded by conducting Internal Lab Test(s). The End Examination shall be conducted by the teacher concerned, by inviting the External Examiner from outside. In case of the non-availability of the External Examiner, other teacher of the same department can act as the External Examiner.

## Mini Project: As a part of Internal Evaluation

- 1. Seminar/ Professional Presentation
- 2. A Report on the same has to be prepared and presented.
- \* Teachers may use their discretion to choose topics relevant and suitable to the needs of students.
- \* Not more than two students to work on each mini project.
- \* Students may be assessed by their performance both in oral presentation and written report.

## JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

III Year B.Tech. CSE II-Sem

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## WEB TECHNOLOGIES LAB

## **Prerequisites**

1. A Course on "Computer Programming and Data Structures"

2. A Course on "Objected Oriented Programming through Java"

## Co-requisites

1. A course on "Web Technologies"

## **Objectives**

- 1. To provide hands-on experience on web technologies
- 2. To develop client-server application using web technologies
- 3. To introduce server side programming with Java servlets and JSP
- 4. To introduce client side scripting with Javascript and AJAX

## **Outcomes**

- 1. Design and develop interactive and dynamic web applications using HTML, CSS, JavaScript and XML
- 2. Apply client-server principles to develop scalable and enterprise web applications.

## **List of Experiments:**

- 1. Develop static pages (using Only HTML) of an online book store. The pages should resemble: www.amazon.com. The website should consist the following pages.
  - a) Home page
  - b) Registration and user Login
  - c) User Profile Page
  - d) Books catalog
  - e) Shopping Cart
  - f) Payment By credit card
  - g) Order Conformation
- 2. Validate the Registration, user login, user profile and payment by credit card pages using JavaScript.
- 3. Create and save an XML document on the server, which contains 10 users information. Write a program, which takes User Id as an input and returns the user details by taking the user information from the XML document.
- 4. Bean Assignments
  - a. Create a JavaBean which gives the exchange value of INR (Indian Rupees) into equivalent American/Canadian/Australian Dollar value.
  - b. Create a simple Bean with a label which is the *count* of number of clicks. Then create a BeanInfo class, such that only the "*count*" property is visible in the Property Window.
  - c. Create two Beans-a)KeyPad. b)DisplayPad. After that integrate the two Beans to make it work as a Calculator.

d. Create two Beans: Traffic Light(Implemented as a Label with only three background colours - Red,Green,Yellow) and Automobile (Implemented as a TextBox which states its state/movement). The state of the Automobile should depend on the following Light Transition Table.

Light Transition	Automobile State
Red> Yellow	Ready
Yellow> Green	Move
Green> Red	Stopped

- 5. Install TOMCAT web server. Convert the static web pages of assignments 2 into dynamic web pages using servlets and cookies. Hint: Users information (user id, password, credit card number) would be stored in web.xml. Each user should have a separate Shopping Cart.
- 6. Redo the previous task using JSP by converting the static web pages of assignments 2 into dynamic web pages. Create a database with user information and books information. The books catalogue should be dynamically loaded from the database. Follow the MVC architecture while doing the website.

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. WEB TECHNOLOGIES: A Computer Science Perspective, Jeffrey C. Jackson, Pearson Education

## **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Deitel H.M. and Deitel P.J., "Internet and World Wide Web How to program", Pearson International, 2012, 4th Edition.
- 2. J2EE: The complete Reference By James Keogh, McGraw-Hill
- 3. Bai and Ekedhi, The Web Warrior Guide to Web Programming, Thomson
- 4. Paul Dietel and Harvey Deitel,"Java How to Program", Prentice Hall of India, 8th Edition
- 5. Web technologies, Black Book, Dreamtech press.
- 6. Gopalan N.P. and Akilandeswari J., "Web Technology", Prentice Hall of India

#### JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

III Year B.Tech. CSE II-Sem

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#### DATA WAREHOUSING AND DATA MINING LAB

## **Prerequisites**

1. A course on "Database Management Systems"

## **Objectives**

- 1. The course is intended to obtain hands-on experience using data mining software.
- 2. Intended to provide practical exposure of the concepts in data mining algorithms

#### **Outcomes**

- 1. Apply preprocessing statistical methods for any given raw data.
- 2. Gain practical experience of constructing a data warehouse.
- 3. Implement various algorithms for data mining in order to discover interesting patterns from large amounts of data.

## LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:-

Experiments using Weka & Clementine Tools

- 1. Data Processing Techniques:
- (i) Data cleaning (ii) Data transformation Normalization
- (iii) Data integration
  - 2. Partitioning Horizontal, Vertical, Round Robin, Hash based
  - 3. Data Warehouse schemas star, snowflake, fact constellation
  - 4. Data cube construction OLAP operations
  - 5. Data Extraction, Transformations & Loading operations
  - 6. Implementation of Attribute oriented induction algorithm
  - 7. Implementation of apriori algorithm
  - 8. Implementation of FP Growth algorithm
  - 9. Implementation of Decision Tree Induction
  - 10. Calculating Information gain measures
  - 11. Classification of data using Bayesian approach
  - 12. Classification of data using K nearest neighbour approach
  - 13. Implementation of K means algorithm
  - 14. Implementation of BIRCH algorithm
  - 15. Implementation of PAM algorithm
  - 16. Implementation of DBSCAN algorithm

## **Text Books:**

- 1. Data Mining Concepts and Techniques JIAWEI HAN & MICHELINE KAMBER, Elsevier.
- 2. Data Warehousing, Data Mining &OLAP- Alex Berson and Stephen J. Smith- Tata McGraw-Hill Edition, Tenth reprint 2007

IV Year B.Tech. CSE I-Sem

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## PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE -III

## **Design Patterns**

## **Prerequisites**

- 1. A Course on Software Engineering"
- 2. A Course on "Object Oriented Programming Through Java"

#### Objectives

1. The aim of the course is to appreciate the idea behind Design Patterns in handling

- common problems faced during building an application
- 2. This course covers all pattern types from creational to structural, behavioral to concurrency and highlights the scenarios when one pattern must be chosen over others.

#### Outcomes

- 1. Create software designs that are scalable and easily maintainable
- 2. Understand the best use of Object Oriented concepts for creating truly OOP programs
- 3. Use creational design patterns in software design for class instantiation
- 4. Use structural design patterns for better class and object composition
- 5. Use behavioral patterns for better organization and communication between the objects
- 6. Use refactoring to compose the methods for proper code packaging
- 7. Use refactoring to better organize the class responsibilities of current code

#### **UNIT I:**

**Introduction**: What is a design pattern? design patterns in Smalltalk MVC, Describing Design Patterns, The Catalog of Design Patterns, Organizing the Catalog, How Design Patterns Solve Design Problems, How to Select a Design Pattern, How to Use a Design Pattern.

#### **UNIT II:**

**Designing a Document Editor**: Design Problems, Document Structure, Formatting, Embellishing the User Interface, Supporting Multiple Look-and-Feel Standards, Supporting Multiple Window Systems, User Operations Spelling Checking and Hyphenation, Summary

#### **UNIT III:**

**Creational Patterns**: Abstract Factory, Builder, Factory Method, Prototype, Singleton, Discussion of Creational Patterns.

#### **UNIT IV:**

Structural Pattern: Adapter, Bridge, Composite, Decorator, Façade, Flyweight, Proxy

## **UNIT V:**

**Behavioral Patterns**: Chain of Responsibility, Command, Interpreter, Iterator, Mediator, Memento, Observer, State, Strategy, Template Method, Visitor.

#### Text Book:

1. Design Patterns, Erich Gamma, Pearson Education

## **Reference Books:**

- 1. Pattern's in Java, Vol –I, Mark Grand, Wiley DreamTech.
- 2. Pattern's in Java, Vol-II, Mark Grand, Wiley DreamTech.
- 3. Java Enterprise Design Patterns Vol-III, Mark Grand, Wiley DreamTech.
- 4. Head First Design Patterns, Eric Freeman, O'reily publications

IV Year B.Tech. CSE I-Sem

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## PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE -III

## **ADVANCED DATABASES**

## **Prerequisites**

1. A course on "Database Management Systems"

## **Objectives**

- 1. The purpose of the course is to enrich the previous knowledge of database systems and exposing the need for distributed database technology to confront with the deficiencies of the centralized database systems.
- 2. Introduce basic principles and implementation techniques of distributed database systems.
- 3. Equip students with principles and knowledge of parallel and object oriented databases.
- 4. Topics include distributed DBMS architecture and design; query processing and optimization; distributed transaction management and reliability; parallel and object database management systems.

#### **Outcomes**

- 1. Understand theoretical and practical aspects of distributed database systems.
- 2. Study and identify various issues related to the development of distributed database system.
- 3. Understand the design aspects of object oriented database system and related development.

#### **UNIT-I**

**Introduction;** Distributed Data Processing, Distributed Database System, Promises of DDBSs, Problem areas.

**Distributed DBMS Architecture**: Architectural Models for Distributed DBMS, DDMBS Architecture.

**Distributed Database Design**: Alternative Design Strategies, Distribution Design issues, Fragmentation, Allocation.

#### **UNIT-II**

**Query processing and decomposition**: Query processing objectives, characterization of query processors, layers of query processing, query decomposition, localization of distributed data.

**Distributed query Optimization**: Query optimization, centralized query optimization, distributed query optimization algorithms.

## **UNIT-III**

**Transaction Management**: Definition, properties of transaction, types of transactions, distributed concurrency control: serializability, concurrency control mechanisms & algorithms, time - stamped & optimistic concurrency control Algorithms, deadlock Management.

## **UNIT-IV**

**Distributed DBMS Reliability**: Reliability concepts and measures, fault-tolerance in distributed systems, failures in Distributed DBMS, local & distributed reliability protocols, site failures and network partitioning.

**Parallel Database Systems**: Parallel database system architectures, parallel data placement, parallel query processing, load balancing, database clusters.

#### **UNIT-V**

**Distributed object Database Management Systems**: Fundamental object concepts and models, object distributed design, architectural issues, object management, distributed object storage, object query Processing.

**Object Oriented Data Model**: Inheritance, object identity, persistent programming languages, persistence of objects, comparison OODBMS and ORDBMS

## **Text Books:**

- 1. M.Tamer OZSU and Patuck Valduriez: Principles of Distributed Database Systems, Pearson Edn. Asia, 2001.
- 2. Stefano Ceri and Giuseppe Pelagatti: Distributed Databases, McGraw Hill.

#### **Reference Books:**

1. Hector Garcia-Molina, Jeffrey D. Ullman, Jennifer Widom: "Database Systems: The Complete Book", Second Edition, Pearson International Edition

## JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

B.Tech(CSE) IV Year I-Sem

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# PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE -III MOBILE COMPUTING

## **Prerequisites:**

1. A course on "Computer Networks" **Objectives:** 

- 1. To make the student understand the concept of mobile computing paradigm, its novel applications and limitations.
- 2. To understand the typical mobile networking infrastructure through a popular GSM protocol
- 3. To understand the issues and solutions of various layers of mobile networks, namely MAC layer, Network Layer & Transport Layer
- 4. To understand the database issues in mobile environments & data delivery models.
- 5. To understand the ad hoc networks and related concepts.
- 6. To understand the platforms and protocols used in the mobile environment.

#### **Outcomes:**

- 1. Able to think and develop new mobile application.
- 2. Able to take any new technical issue related to this new paradigm and come up with a solution(s).
- 3. Able to develop new ad hoc network applications and/or algorithms/protocols.
- 4. Able to understand & develop any existing or new protocol related to the mobile environment

## **UNIT I**

#### Introduction

Mobile Communications, Mobile Computing – Paradigm, Promises/Novel Applications and Impediments and Architecture; Mobile and Handheld Devices, Limitations of Mobile and Handheld Devices.

GSM – Services, System Architecture, Radio Interfaces, Protocols, Localization, Calling, Handover, Security, New Data Services, GPRS, CSHSD, DECT.

## UNIT -II

## (Wireless) Medium Access Control (MAC)

Motivation for a specialized MAC (Hidden and exposed terminals, Near and far terminals), SDMA, FDMA, TDMA, CDMA, Wireless LAN/(IEEE 802.11)

## **Mobile Network Layer**

IP and Mobile IP Network Layers, Packet Delivery and Handover Management, Location Management, Registration, Tunneling and Encapsulation, Route Optimization, DHCP.

## **UNIT-III**

## **Mobile Transport Layer**

Conventional TCP/IP Protocols, Indirect TCP, Snooping TCP, Mobile TCP, Other Transport Layer Protocols for Mobile Networks.

#### **Database Issues**

Database Hoarding & Caching Techniques, Client-Server Computing & Adaptation, Transactional Models, Query processing, Data Recovery Process & QoS Issues.

#### **UNIT IV**

## **Data Dissemination and Synchronization**

Communications Asymmetry, Classification of Data Delivery Mechanisms, Data Dissemination, Broadcast Models, Selective Tuning and Indexing Methods, Data Synchronization – Introduction, Software, and Protocols

#### **UNIT V**

## **Mobile Ad hoc Networks (MANETs)**

Introduction, Applications & Challenges of a MANET, Routing, Classification of Routing Algorithms, Algorithms such as DSR, AODV, DSDV, Mobile Agents, Service Discovery.

## **Protocols and Platforms for Mobile Computing**

WAP, Bluetooth, XML, J2ME, JavaCard, PalmOS, Windows CE, SymbianOS, Linux for Mobile Devices, Android.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Jochen Schiller, "Mobile Communications", Addison-Wesley, Second Edition, 2009.
- 2. Raj Kamal, "Mobile Computing", Oxford University Press, 2007, ISBN: 0195686772

## JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

## IV Year B.Tech (CSE) I-Sem

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## Department Elective III BUSINESS INTELLIGENCE & BIG DATA

## **Prerequisites**

1. Data Mining

## **Objectives**

- 1. The purpose of this course is to provide the students with the knowledge of Business Intelligence principles and techniques.
- 2. This course is also designed to give an exposure of the frontiers of BI-intensive Big

data computing

## **Outcomes**

- 1. Explain the foundations, definitions, and capabilities of Big Data and Business Intelligence.
- 2. Apply Big Data technologies in Business Intelligence.
- 3. Ability to program using HADOOP

#### **UNIT-I:**

Business Intelligence, Data mining and Decision making, Business Intelligence Architecture, Distributed Computing, Cloud and Big Data, Cloud Storage, Virtualization, Cloud Models, Cloud Services

## **UNIT-II:**

Introduction Big Data, Big Data Storage, Big Data Architecture, Big Data Computation, Relational database in Big Data, Google Big Data Services, Open Stock, Microsoft AZURE, Integrating Data source.

## **UNIT-III:**

Information Management, Big Data Management, Geo-Spatial Intelligence, Business analytics, Data Analytics, Big data Analytics, Big Data Technology.

## **UNIT-IV:**

Exploring the World of HADOOP, HDFS, Name Nodes, Data Nodes, Map Reduce Programming

#### **UNIT-V:**

Advanced Analytics, Operational Analytics, Monetizing Analytics, NOKIA, NASA, Consumption of Analytics, 360 Modelling

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Big Data and Big Analytics by Michael Minelli and Michell Chambers
- 2. Big Data for DUMMIES by Alan Nugent Dr. Fern Halper

#### **References:**

1. Business Intelligence Data Miming and Optimization for decision making [Author: Carlo-Verellis] [Publication: (Wiley)]

## JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

IV Year B.Tech. CSE II-Sem

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# Department Elective -IV INFORMATION RETRIEVAL SYSTEMS

## **Prerequisites**

1. A course on "Computer Programming and Data Structures"

- 2. A course on "Advanced Data Structures"
- 3. A basic knowledge of probability and statistics.

## **Objectives**

- 1. The purpose of the course is to introduce the techniques for retrieving useful information from repositories such as the Web, documents, etc.
- 2. The course first introduces standard concepts in information retrieval such as documents, queries, collections, and relevance.
- 3. The course then covers a selection of application areas such as Web search, multimedia searching and indexing.

## **Outcomes**

- 1. Gain the knowledge of solving computational search problems.
- 2. Understand the inadequacies of different information retrieval techniques
- 3. Understand how to evaluate search engines.
- 4. Able to comprehend and appreciate the different applications of information retrieval techniques in the Internet or Web environment.

#### **UNIT I**

Introduction: Motivation, Basic Concepts, Past-Present and Future, the Retrieval Process

**Modeling:** Introduction, A Taxonomy of Information retrieval Models, Retrieval: Ad hoc and Filtering, A Formal Characteristics of IR Models, Classic Information Retrieval, Alternative Set Theoretic Models, Alternative Probabilistic Models, Structured Text Retrieval Models, Models for Browsing

#### **UNIT II**

Retrieval Evaluation: Introduction, retrieval performance evaluation, Reference Collections

**Query languages**: Introduction, Keyword-Based Querying, Pattern Matching, Structural Queries, Query Protocols

**Query Operations:** Introduction, User Relevance Feedback, Automatic Local Analysis, Automatic global Analysis

**Text Operations:** Introduction, Document Preprocessing, Document Clustering, Text Compression, Comparing Text Compression Techniques

#### **UNIT III**

**Indexing and Searching**: Introduction, Inverted Files, Other Indices for Text, Boolean queries, Sequential Searching, pattern Matching, Structural Queries, Compression

**Searching the Web:** Introduction, Challenges, Characterizing the Web, Search Engines, Browsing, Met searchers, Finding the Needle in the Haystack, Searching Using Hyperlinks

## **UNIT IV**

**User Interfaces and Visualization:** Introduction, human-Computer Interaction, The Information Access Process, Starting Points, Query Specification, Context, User Relevance Judgments, Interface Support for the Search Process

#### **UNIT V:**

Multimedia IR: Models and Languages: Introduction, Data Modeling, Query Languages

**Multimedia IR: Indexing and |Searching:** Introduction, Background-Spatial Access Methods, A Generic Multimedia Indexing Approach, One Dimensional Time Series, Two Dimensional Color Images, Automatic Feature Extraction.

#### **Text Books**

1. Modern Information Retrival By Yates and Neto Pearson Education.

#### **Reference:**

- 1. Kowalski, Gerald, Mark T Maybury: Information Retrieval Systems: Theory and Implementation, Kluwer Academic Press, 1997.
- 2. Frakes, W.B., Ricardo Baeza-Yates: Information Retrieval Data Structures and Algorithms, Prentice Hall, 1992.
- 3. Information Storage & Retieval By Robert Korfhage John Wiley & Sons.

#### JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

B.Tech(CSE) IV Year I-Sem

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## PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-IV

## **AD HOC & SENSOR NETWORKS**

## **Prerequisites**

- 3. A course on "Computer Networks"
- 4. A course on "Mobile Computing"

## **Objectives**

- 1. To understand the concepts of sensor networks
- 2. To understand the MAC and transport protocols for ad hoc networks
- 3. To understand the security of sensor networks
- 4. To understand the applications of adhoc and sensor networks

#### **Outcomes**

- 4. Ability to understand the state of the art research in the emerging subject of Ad Hoc and Wireless Sensor Networks
- 5. Ability to solve the issues in real-time application development based on ASN
- 6. Ability to conduct further research in the domain of ASN

## **UNIT I**

**Introduction to Ad Hoc Networks** - Characteristics of MANETs, Applications of MANETs and Challenges of MANETs.

**Routing in MANETs** - Criteria for classification, Taxonomy of MANET routing algorithms, *Topology-based* routing algorithms-**Proactive**: DSDV, WRP; **Reactive**: DSR, AODV, TORA; Hybrid: ZRP; *Position-based* routing algorithms-**Location Services**-DREAM, Quorum-based, GLS; **Forwarding Strategies**: Greedy Packet, Restricted Directional Flooding-DREAM, LAR; **Other routing algorithms**-QoS Routing, CEDAR.

## **UNIT II**

**Data Transmission** - Broadcast Storm Problem, **Rebroadcasting Schemes**-Simple-flooding, Probability-based Methods, Area-based Methods, Neighbour Knowledge-based: SBA, Multipoint Relaying, AHBP. **Multicasting: Tree-based:** AMRIS, MAODV; **Mesh-based:** ODMRP, CAMP; **Hybrid:** AMRoute, MCEDAR and **Geocasting:** Data-transmission Oriented-LBM; Route Creation Oriented-GeoTORA, MGR.

## **UNIT III**

TCP over Ad Hoc TCP protocol overview, TCP and MANETs, Solutions for TCP over Ad hoc

## **Basics of Wireless, Sensors and Applications**

Applications, Classification of sensor networks, Architecture of sensor network, Physical layer, MAC layer, Link layer.

## **UNIT IV**

#### **Data Retrieval in Sensor Networks**

Routing layer, Transport layer, High-level application layer support, Adapting to the inherent dynamic nature of WSNs, Sensor Networks and mobile robots.

## **UNIT V**

**Security** - Security in Ad Hoc networks, Key management, Secure routing, Cooperation in MANETs, Intrusion Detection systems.

## **Text Books:**

- 1. Ad Hoc and Sensor Networks Theory and Applications, *Carlos Corderio Dharma P.Aggarwal*, World Scientific Publications, March 2006, ISBN 981-256-681-3
- 2. Wireless Sensor Networks: An Information Processing Approach, Feng Zhao, Leonidas Guibas, Elsevier Science, ISBN 978-1-55860-914-3 (Morgan Kauffman)

## JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

## IV Year B.Tech. CSE I-Sem

# **Department Elective -IV EMBEDDED SYSTEMS**

## **Prerequisites**

- 1. A course on "Digital Logic Design and Microprocessors"
- 2. A course on "Computer Organization and Architecture"

## **Objectives**

1. The aim of the course is to introduce the hardware and software design aspects of embedded systems.

- 2. To equip the students with the knowledge and skills necessary to design and develop embedded applications by means of real-time operating systems.
- 3. The course includes the basics of embedded systems, interfacing, embedded programming and real-time operating systems.

#### **Outcomes**

- 1. Ability to design a system, component, or process that meets the requirements within realistic constraints
- 2. Gain the skills in programming embedded systems
- 3. Gain the knowledge of typical interfacing standards and be able to interface to peripherals
- 4. Ability to design and develop embedded applications by means of real-time operating systems

#### **UNIT I:**

## INTRODUCTION TO EMBEDDED SYSTEMS

Definition and Classification - Overview of Processors and hardware units in an embedded system - Software embedded into the system - Exemplary Embedded Systems - Embedded Systems on a Chip (SoC) and the use of VLSI designed circuits.

## **UNIT II:**

# DEVICES AND BUSES FOR DEVICES NETWORK

I/O Devices - Device I/O Types and Examples - Synchronous and Asynchronous Communications from Serial Devices - Examples of Internal Serial-Communication Devices - UART and HDLC - Parallel Port Devices - Sophisticated interfacing features in Devices/Ports- Timer and Counting Devices - '12C', 'USB',

## **UNIT III:**

# PROGRAMMING CONCEPTS AND EMBEDDED PROGRAMMING IN C

Programming in assembly language (ALP) vs. High Level Language - C Program Elements, Macros and functions -Use of Pointers - NULL Pointers - Use of Function Calls - Multiple function calls in a Cyclic Order in the Main Function Pointers - Function Queues and Interrupt Service Routines Queues Pointers

# **UNIT IV:**

## **REAL TIME OPERATING SYSTEMS - PART - 1**

Definitions of process, tasks and threads - Clear cut distinction between functions - ISRs and tasks by their characteristics - Operating System Services- Goals - Structures- Kernel - Process Management - Memory Management - Device Management - File System Organisation and Implementation - I/O Subsystems - Interrupt Routines Handling in RTOS, RTOS Task scheduling models.

**INTER PROCESS COMMUNICATION AND SYNCHRONIZATION** - Shared data problem - Use of Semaphore(s)- Inter Process Communications using Signals - Semaphore Flag or mutex as Resource key - Message Queues - Mailboxes - Pipes.

## **UNIT V:**

# **REAL TIME OPERATING SYSTEMS - PART - 2**

Study of Micro C/OS-II or Vx Works or Any other popular RTOS - RTOS System Level Functions - Task Service Functions - Time Delay Functions - Memory Allocation Related Functions - Semaphore Related Functions - Mailbox Related Functions - Queue Related Functions.

## **Text Books:**

1. Rajkamal, Embedded Systems Architecture, Programming and Design, TATA McGraw-Hill, First reprint Oct. 2003

#### References

- 1. Steve Heath, Embedded Systems Design, Second Edition-2003
- 2. David E.Simon, An Embedded Software Primer, Pearson Education Asia, First Indian Reprint 2000.
- 3. Wayne Wolf, Computers as Components: Principles of Embedded Computing System Design Harcourt India, Morgan Kaufman Publishers, First Indian Reprint 2001
- 4. Frank Vahid and Tony Givargis, Embedded Systems Design A Unified Hardware/Software Introduction, John Wiley, 2002.

# JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

IV Year B.Tech. CSE I-Sem

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# **DEPARTMENT ELECTIVE-IV**

# NATURAL LANGUAGE PROCESSING

# **Prerequisites**

- 1. A course on "Machine Learning"
- 2. A course on "Formal Languages and Automata Theory"

# **Objectives**

- 1. This course is intended to introduce the fundamental concepts and ideas in Natural Language Processing (NLP).
- 2. Provides an understanding of the algorithms available for the processing of linguistic information and the underlying computational properties of natural languages.
- 3. The course covers methods for parsing and semantic interpretation with applications to practical engineering tasks such as part-of-speech tagging, word sense disambiguation, information retrieval and extraction, natural language generation and machine translation.

#### **Outcomes**

- 1. Understand the mathematical and linguistic concepts of NLP.
- 2. Design and implement algorithms for NLP problems

## UNIT - I:

**INTRODUCTION:** Knowledge in speech and language processing - Ambiguity - Models and Algorithms - Language, Thought and Understanding.

**Regular Expressions and Automata**: Regular expressions - Finite-State automata. **Morphology and Finite-State Transducers**: Survey of English morphology - Finite-State Morphological parsing - Combining FST lexicon and rules - Lexicon-Free FSTs: The porter stammer - Human morphological processing

## **UNIT - II:**

**Word Classes and Part-of-Speech Tagging:** English word classes – Tag sets for English - Part-of-speech tagging - Rule-based part-of-speech tagging - Stochastic part-of-speech tagging - Transformation-based tagging - Other issues.

Context-Free Grammars for English: Constituency - Context-Free rules and trees - Sentence-level constructions - The noun phrase - Coordination - Agreement - The verb phase and sub categorization - Auxiliaries - Spoken language syntax - Grammars equivalence and normal form - Finite-State and Context-Free grammars - Grammars and human processing. Parsing with Context-Free Grammars: Parsing as search - A Basic Top-Down parser - Problems with the basic Top-Down parser - The early algorithm - Finite-State parsing methods.

#### **UNIT - III:**

**Features and Unification**: Feature structures - Unification of feature structures - Features structures in the grammar - Implementing unification - Parsing with unification constraints - Types and Inheritance. Lexicalized and Probabilistic Parsing: Probabilistic context-free grammar - problems with PCFGs - Probabilistic lexicalized CFGs - Dependency Grammars - Human parsing.

### UNIT - IV:

**Representing Meaning:** Computational desiderata for representations - Meaning structure of language - First order predicate calculus - Some linguistically relevant concepts - Related representational approaches - Alternative approaches to meaning.

**Semantic Analysis**: Syntax-Driven semantic analysis - Attachments for a fragment of English - Integrating semantic analysis into the early parser - Idioms and compositionality - Robust semantic analysis.

**Lexical semantics**: relational among lexemes and their senses - WordNet: A database of lexical relations - The Internal structure of words - Creativity and the lexicon.

#### **UNIT - V:**

**Word Sense Disambiguation and Information Retrieval**: Selectional restriction-based disambiguation - Robust word sense disambiguation - Information retrieval - other information retrieval tasks.

**Natural Language Generation**: Introduction to language generation - Architecture for generation - Surface realization - Discourse planning - Other issues.

**Machine Translation**: Language similarities and differences - The transfer metaphor - The interlingua idea: Using meaning - Direct translation - Using statistical techniques - Usability and system development.

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Daniel Jurafsky & James H.Martin, "Speech and Language Processing", Pearson Education (Singapore) Pte. Ltd., 2002.

### REFERENCES:

1. James Allen, "Natural Language Understanding", Pearson Education, 2003.

## JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

B.Tech(CSE) IV Year I-Sem

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#### ETHICAL HACKING

## **Prerequisites**

- 1. A course on "Operating Systems"
- 2. A course on "Computer Networks"
- 3. A course on "Network Security and Cryptography"

# **Objectives**

- 1. The aim of the course is to introduce the methodologies and framework of ethical hacking for enhancing the security.
- 2. The course includes-Impacts of Hacking; Types of Hackers; Information Security Models; Information Security Program; Business Perspective; Planning a Controlled Attack; Framework of Steps (Reconnaissance, Enumeration, Vulnerability Analysis, Exploitation, Deliverable and Integration)

# **Outcomes**

- 1. Gain the knowledge of the use and availability of tools to support an ethical hack
- 2. Gain the knowledge of interpreting the results of a controlled attack
- 3. Understand the role of politics, inherent and imposed limitations and metrics for planning of a test
- 4. Comprehend the dangers associated with penetration testing

#### **UNIT I**

**Introduction:** Hacking Impacts, The Hacker

**Framework:** Planning the test, Sound Operations, Reconnaissance, Enumeration, Vulnerability Analysis, Exploitation, Final Analysis, Deliverable, Integration

**Information Security Models:** Computer Security, Network Security, Service Security, Application Security, Security Architecture

**Information Security Program**: The Process of Information Security, Component Parts of Information Security Program, Risk Analysis and Ethical Hacking

#### **UNIT II**

**The Business Perspective**: Business Objectives, Security Policy, Previous Test Results, Business Challenges

**Planning for a Controlled Attack**: Inherent Limitations, Imposed Limitations, Timing is Everything, Attack Type, Source Point, Required Knowledge, Multi-Phased Attacks, Teaming and Attack Structure, Engagement Planner, The Right Security Consultant, The Tester, Logistics, Intermediates, Law Enforcement

#### UNIT III

**Preparing for a Hack**: Technical Preparation, Managing the Engagement

**Reconnaissance**: Social Engineering, Physical Security, Internet Reconnaissance

# **UNIT IV**

**Enumeration:** Enumeration Techniques, Soft Objective, Looking Around or Attack, Elements of Enumeration, Preparing for the Next Phase

**Exploitation:** Intutive Testing, Evasion, Threads and Groups, Operating Systems, Password Crackers, RootKits, applications, Wardialing, Network, Services and Areas of Concern

# **UNIT V**

**Deliverable**: The Deliverable, The Document, Overal Structure, Aligning Findings, Presentation **Integration**: Integrating the Results, Integration Summary, Mitigation, Defense Planning, Incident Management, Security Policy, Conclusion

# **TEXT BOOK**

1. James S. Tiller, "The Ethical Hack: A Framework for Business Value Penetration Testing", Auerbach Publications, CRC Press

# **REFERENCE BOOKS**

- 1. EC-Council, "Ethical Hacking and Countermeasures Attack Phases", Cengage Learning
- 2. Michael Simpson, Kent Backman, James Corley, "Hands-On Ethical Hacking and Network Defense", Cengage Learning

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

**B.Tech(CSE) IV Year I-Sem** 

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#### PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-V

#### **WEB MINING**

## **Prerequisites**

- 1. A course on "Web Technologies"
- 2. A course on "Advanced Data Structures"
- 3. A course on "Database Management Systems"

## **Objectives**

- 1. The purpose of the course is to introduce the concepts of extracting knowledge from web data
- 2. The course introduces the mechanisms for effective web search and includes-WWW; fundamentals of data mining; information retrieval and web search; link analysis and web crawling; opinion mining and web usage mining;

#### **Outcomes**

- 1. Ability to design algorithms for generating association and classification rules from web data
- 2. Ability to design algorithms for clustering and managing the web documents
- 3. Ability to design algorithms for web searching and crawling.
- 4. Ability to perform sentiment analysis, opinion mining needed for recommendation systems
- 5. Ability to use web usage mining concepts for customization and personalization.

# UNIT I:

# **Introduction to Web Data Mining and Data Mining Foundations**

Introduction – World Wide Web(WWW), A Brief History of the Web and the Internet, Web Data Mining-Data Mining, Web Mining.

Data Mining Foundations – Association Rules and Sequential Patterns – Basic Concepts of Association Rules, Apriori Algorithm- Frequent Item set Generation, Association Rule Generation, Data Formats for Association Rule Mining, Mining with multiple minimum supports – Extended Model, Mining Algorithm, Rule Generation, Mining Class Association Rules, Basic Concepts of Sequential Patterns, Mining Sequential Patterns on GSP, Mining Sequential Patterns on Prefix Span, Generating Rules from Sequential Patterns.

## UNIT II:

## **Supervised and Unsupervised Learning**

Supervised Learning - Basic Concepts, Decision Tree Induction – Learning Algorithm, Impurity Function, Handling of Continuous Attributes, Classifier Evaluation, Rule Induction – Sequential Covering, Rule Learning, Classification Based on Associations, Naïve Bayesian Classification, Naïve Bayesian Text Classification - Probabilistic Framework, Naïve Bayesian Model.

Unsupervised Learning – Basic Concepts , K-means Clustering – K-means Algorithm, Representation of Clusters, Hierarchical Clustering – Single link method , Complete link Method, Average link method, Strength and Weakness.

#### **UNIT III:**

#### **Information Retrieval and Web Search**

Basic Concepts of Information Retrieval, Information Retrieval Methods - Boolean Model, Vector Space Model and Statistical Language Model, Relevance Feedback, Evaluation Measures, Text and Web Page Preprocessing – Stop word Removal, Stemming, Web Page Preprocessing, Duplicate Detection, Inverted Index and Its Compression – Inverted Index, Search using Inverted Index, Index Construction, Index Compression, Latent Semantic Indexing – Singular Value Decomposition, Query and Retrieval, Web Search, Meta Search, Web Spamming.

#### UNIT IV:

#### **Link Analysis and Web Crawling**

Link Analysis - Social Network Analysis, Co-Citation and Bibliographic Coupling, Page Rank Algorithm, HITS Algorithm, Community Discovery-Problem Definition, Bipartite Core Communities, Maximum Flow Communities, Email Communities.

Web Crawling – A Basic Crawler Algorithm- Breadth First Crawlers, Preferential Crawlers, Implementation Issues – Fetching, Parsing, Stop word Removal, Link Extraction, Spider Traps, Page Repository, Universal Crawlers, Focused Crawlers, Topical Crawlers, Crawler Ethics and Conflicts.

# **Opinion Mining and Web Usage Mining**

Opinion Mining - Sentiment Classification – Classification based on Sentiment Phrases, Classification Using Text Classification Methods , Feature based Opinion Mining and Summarization – Problem Definition, Object feature extraction, Feature Extraction from Pros and Cons of Format1, Feature Extraction from Reviews of Format 2 and 3, Comparative Sentence and Relation Mining, Opinion Search and Opinion Spam.

Web Usage Mining - Data Collection and Preprocessing- Sources and Types of Data, Key Elements of Web usage Data Preprocessing, Data Modeling for Web Usage Mining, Discovery and Analysis of Web usage Patterns -Session and Visitor Analysis, Cluster Analysis and Visitor Segmentation, Association and Correlation Analysis, Analysis of Sequential and Navigation Patterns.

# Text Book:

1. Web Data Mining: Exploring Hyperlinks, Contents, and Usage Data by Bing Liu (Springer Publications)

#### **References:**

- 1. Data Mining: Concepts and Techniques, Second Edition Jiawei Han, Micheline Kamber (Elsevier Publications)
- 2. Web Mining:: Applications and Techniques by Anthony Scime
- 3. Mining the Web: Discovering Knowledge from Hypertext Data by Soumen Chakrabarti

IV Year B.Tech (CSE) I - Sem

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## Professional Elective- V

# **BIO-INFORMATICS**

# **Prerequisites**

- 1. A course on "Database Management Systems"
- 2. A course on "Data Warehousing and Data Mining"
- 3. A course on "Computer Programming and Data Structures"

# **Objectives**

- 1. To impart knowledge of theoretical and practical concepts of Bioinformatics.
- 2. To develop skills in designing biological database and retrieving.
- 3. To apply appropriate sequence analysis methods for analyzing Bio-molecular Sequences.

## **Outcomes**

- 1. Demonstrate knowledge on concepts of biological databases, Genomes and Proteome.
- 2. Analyze biological database management system.
- 3. Select and apply appropriate techniques and tools to manage the biological data.

# **UNIT I**

**INTRODUCTION:-** Definition – Overview- Major databases in Bio Informatics- Molecular biology – Central Dogma- Data retrieval tools – Data mining of Databases – Gene Analysis – Prokaryotic and Eukaryotic Genomes – Sequence Assembly – Gene mapping – Physical maps – cloning – ORF – amino acids – DNA, RNA sequences – Genetic code.

# **UNIT II**

**DNA and PROTEIN SEQUENCES:-**DNA: working with single DNA sequence: removing vector sequences- verifying restriction maps – PCR design – GC content – counting words – internal repeats – protein coding regions – ORFing – Genome scan, Protein: predicting properties – primary structure analysis – transmembrane segments – PROSITE patterns – interpreting scanprosite results- finding domains – CD server results – pfscan results.

## **UNIT III**

**ALIGNMENT OF PAIR OF SEQUENCES:-** Terminology – Global and Local alignment – Dot matrix – dynamic programming – using scoring matrices –PAM matrices – BLOSUM, Working with FASTA – Algorithm – output – E-values – Histogram, Working with BLAST – algorithm – output – services – gapped BLAST- PSIBLAST – comparison of FASTA and BLAST.

## **UNIT IV**

**MULTIPLE SEQUENCE ALIGNMENT:-** Criteria for Multiple sequence alignment – applications – choosing the right sequences; FASTA, ClustalW, TCoffee methods – interpreting multiple sequence alignment – getting in right format – converting formats – using Jalview – preparing for publication.

## **UNIT V**

**PROTEIN CLASSIFICATION & STRUCTURE PREDICTION:-** Structure of amino acids – primary structure – secondary structure – folds and motifs – alpha and beta helix – structure based protein classification – protein structure Data bases – folding problem – PROPSEARCH –primary structure analysis and prediction – secondary structure analysis and prediction – motifs – profiles –patterns and fingerprints

# **TEXT BOOKS**

- 1. S.C Rostogi , Mendiratta, P.Rasogi, " *BioInformatics: methods and applications*",second edition, PHI 2006.
- 2. Jean Mickel Clavere & Cadrienotredom "*Bio Informatics— A beginners guide*" Wiley DreamTech, 2003.

# REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. T.K. Attwood and D.J Perry Smith, " *Introduction to Bio Informatics*", Pearson Education, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, 2001.
- 2. Dan E.Krane, Michael L.Raymer, "fundamental concepts of BioInformatics", Pearson Education, 2004.

# B.Tech(CSE) IV Year I-Sem

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#### PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE -V

#### SIMULATION AND MODELING

# **Prerequisites**

1. A course on "Computer Oriented Statistical Methods"

## **Objectives**

- 1. The course is intended to provide an understanding of methods, techniques and tools for modeling, simulation and performance analysis of complex systems
- 2. The topics include system models and studies; random number generation; simulation of continuous and discrete systems; simulation of queuing systems and pert networks
- 3. The course also provides practical knowledge of simulation experimentation and introduces simulation languages.

# Outcomes

- 1. Acquire proficiency in constructing a model for a given system/set of data.
- 2. Ability to generate and test random number variates and employ them in developing simulation models.
- 3. Ability to infer from the model and apply the results to resolve issues in a real world environment

# **Unit-I:** System Models and Studies

System Models: Concepts of a System, System Environment, Stochastic Activities, Continuous and Discrete Systems, System Modeling, Types of Models, Static Physical Models, Dynamic Physical Models, Static Mathematical Models, Dynamic Mathematical Models, Principles Used in Modeling.

System Studies: Subsystems, A Corporate Model, Environment Segment, Production Segment, Management Segment, The Full Corporate Model, Types of System Study, System Analysis, System Design, System Postulation

## **Unit-II:** Random Numbers

Random Number Generation: Properties, Generation of Pseudo-Random Numbers, Techniques of generating random numbers, tests for random numbers

Random-Variate Generation: Inverse-Transform Technique, Acceptance-Rejection Technique, Special Properties.

# Unit-III: Simulation of Continuous and Discrete Systems

Simulation of Continuous Systems: A chemical reactor, Numerical integration vs. continuous system simulation, Selection of an integration formula, Runge-Kutta integration formulas, Simulation of a servo system, Simulation of a water reservoir system, Analog vs. digital simulation.

Discrete System Simulation: Fixed time-step vs. event-to-event model, On simulating randomness, Generation of random numbers, Generation of non-uniformly distributed random numbers, Monte-Carlo computation vs. stochastic simulation.

# **Unit-IV:** System Simulation

Simulation of Queueing Systems: Rudiments of queueing theory, Simulation of a single-server queue, Simulation of a two-server queue, Simulation of more general queues.

Simulation of a Pert Network: Network model of a project, Analysis of activity network, Critical path computation, Uncertainties in activity durations, Simulation of activity network, Computer program for simulation, Resource allocation and cost considerations.

## **Unit-V:** Simulation Experimentation

Design and Evaluation of Simulation Experiments: Length of simulation runs, Variance reduction techniques, Experimental layout, Validation.

Simulation Languages: Continuous and discrete simulation languages, Continuous simulation languages, Block-structured continuous simulation languages, Expression-based languages, Discrete-system simulation languages, GPSS.

#### **Text Books**

- 1. System Simulation, Geoffrey Gordon, Prentice-Hall of India Private Limited, Second Edition, 1978. (for Unit-I: Chapters 1 and 2)
- 2. Discrete-Event System Simulation, Jerry Banks, John S. Carson II, Barry L. Nelson, David M.Nicol, Pearson, Fifth Edition, 2010. (for Unit-II: Chapters 7 and 8)
- 3. System Simulation with Digital Computer, Narsingh Deo, Prentice-Hall of India Private Limited, 1979. (for Unit-III to V: Chapters 2 to 5 and 7,8).

## **Reference Books**

1. System Modeling land Simuation: An Introduction, Frank L. Severance, Wiley Publisher, 2005

# JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

B.Tech(CSE) IV Year I-Sem

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## **NETWORK SECURITY & CRYPTOGRAPHY**

## **Prerequisites**

1. A Course on "Computer Networks

## **Objectives**

- 1. To impart knowledge on network security issues, services, goals and mechanisms.
- 2. To analyze the security of communication systems, networks and protocols.
- 3. To apply algorithms used for secure transactions in real world applications

## **Outcomes**

- 1. Demonstrate the knowledge of cryptography and network security concepts and applications.
- 2. Ability to apply security principles in system design.
- 3. Ability to identify and investigate vulnerabilities and security threats and mechanisms to counter them.

**UNIT-I:** Security Attacks (Interruption, Interception, Modification and Fabrication), Security Services (Confidentiality, Authentication, Integrity, Non-repudiation, access Control and Availability) and Mechanisms, A model for Internetwork security, Internet Standards and RFCs, Buffer overflow & format string vulnerabilities, TCP session hijacking, ARP attacks, route table modification, UDP hijacking, and man-in-the-middle attacks.

**UNIT-II: Conventional Encryption:** Principles, Conventional encryption algorithms (DES, AES, RC4, Blowfish), cipher block modes of operation, location of encryption devices, key distribution Approaches of Message Authentication, Secure Hash Functions and HMAC.

**UNIT-III: Number Theory:** Modular Arithmetic, Euclid's Algorithm, Fermat's and Euler's Theorem, Chinese Remainder Theorem, Public key cryptography principles, public key cryptography algorithms, digital signatures, digital Certificates, Certificate Authority and key management Kerberos, X.509 Directory Authentication Service.

**UNIT-IV: Email privacy:** Pretty Good Privacy (PGP) and S/MIME.

**IP Security:** Overview, IP Security Architecture, Authentication Header, Encapsulating Security Payload, Combining Security Associations and Key Management.

## **UNIT-V**

**Web Security**: Requirements, Secure Socket Layer (SSL) and Transport Layer Security (TLS), Secure Electronic Transaction (SET).

Intruders, Viruses and related threats, Firewall Design principles, Trusted Systems, Intrusion Detection Systems.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. "Cryptography and Network Security" by William Stallings 3rd Edition, Pearson Education.
- 2. "Applied Cryptography" by Bruce Schneier.

### **References:**

1. Cryptography and Network Security by Behrouz A.Forouzan.

B.Tech(CSE) IV Year I-Sem

# GRID AND CLOUD COMPUTING

# **Prerequisites**

- 1. A course on "Network Security and Cryptography"
- 2. A course on "Computer Networks"
- 3. A course on "Operating Systems"

# **Objectives**

- 1. This course provides a comprehensive study of Grid and cloud computing.
- 2. Topics include- distributed system models, design of cloud computing platforms, service oriented architectures, cloud programming and software environments, grid computing and resource management.

# **Outcomes**

- 1. Ability to understand various service delivery models of a cloud computing architecture.
- 2. Ability to understand the ways in which the cloud can be programmed and deployed.
- 3. Ability to understand the security challenges and address the challenges.
- 4. Ability to understand how Grid computing helps in solving large scale scientific problems.

## **UNIT I**

**Distributed System Models and Enabling Technologies**: scalable computing services over the Internet, technologies for network-based computing, system models for distributed and cloud computing, software environments for distributed systems and clouds, performance, security, and energy-efficiency.

#### UNIT II

**Design of Cloud Computing Platforms**: cloud computing and service models, datacenter design and interconnection networks, architecture design of compute and storage clouds, public cloud platforms, cloud resource management and exchanges, cloud security and trust management

# **UNIT III**

**Service Oriented Architectures**: message-oriented middleware, portals and science gateways, discover, registries, metadata, and databases, workflow in service-oriented architectures

## **UNIT IV**

**Cloud Programming and Software Environments**: features of cloud and grid platforms, parallel and distributed programming paradigms, programming support of Google App engine, Amazon Web Services programming, Microsoft Azure programming support, emerging cloud software environments

## **UNIT V**

**Grid Computing and Resource Management**: grid architecture and service modeling, case studies of grid computing systems, grid resource management and brokering, middleware support for grid resource management, grid security infrastructure in GT4.

## **TEXT BOOK:**

1. Kai Hwang, Geoffery C. Fox and Jack J. Dongarra, "Distributed and Cloud Computing: Clusters, Grids, Clouds and the Future of Internet", First Edition, Morgan Kaufman Publisher, an imprint of Elsevier, 2012.

#### **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Tom White, "Hadoop The Definitive Guide", First Edition. O'Reilly, 2009.
- 2. Ian Foster, Carl Kesselman, "The Grid: Blueprint for a New Computing Infrastructure", 2nd Edition, Morgan Kaufmann.

B.Tech(CSE) IV Year I-Sem

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# NETWORK SECURITY AND CRYPTOGRAPHY LAB

## **Prerequisites**

1. A Course on "Computer Networks

# Co-requisite

1. A course on "Network Security and Cryptography"

# **Objectives**

To impart practical knowledge on network security concepts and mechanisms.

- 2. To practically analyze and monitor network communication in order to overcome security threats
- 3. To practically analyze the network protocols, and configure applications for enhancing security.

#### **Outcomes**

- 1. Gain practical experience of designing and implementing network security algorithms and protocols.
- 2. Gain practical experience of analyzing network protocols and communication network.

## Lab Exercises

- 1. Write a program to perform encryption and decryption using the following substitution ciphers.
- 2. Caeser cipher
- 3. Play fair cipher
- 4. Hill Cipher
- 5. Write a program to implement the DES algorithm.
- 6. Write a program to implement the Blowfish algorithm.
- 7. Write a program to implement RSA algorithm.
- 8. Implement the Diffie-Hellman Key Exchange mechanism.
- 9. Calculate the message digest of a text using the SHA-1 algorithm.
- 10. Calculate the message digest of a text using the MD5 algorithm.
- 11. Working with sniffers for monitoring network communication (Wireshark).
- 12. Configuring S/MIME for email communication.
- 13. Using Snort, perform real time traffic analysis and packet logging.

# **Text Books:**

- 1. "Cryptography and Network Security" by William Stallings 3rd Edition, Pearson Education.
- 2. "Applied Cryptography" by Bruce Schneier.

# **References:**

1. Cryptography and Network Security by Behrouz A.Forouzan.

B.Tech(CSE) IV Year II-Sem

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# OPEN ELECTIVE -III WEB TECHNOLOGIES

# **Prerequisites**

1. A Course on "Computer Programming and Data Structures" **Objectives** 

- 1. To learn the basic web concepts and Internet protocols
- 2. To introduce XML and processing of XML data
- 3. To introduce client side scripting with Javascript and DHTML
  - 4. To introduce server side programming with Java servlets and JSP

## **Outcomes**

- 1. Ability to create dynamic and interactive web sites
  - 2. Gain knowledge of client side scripting using java sript and DHTML.
  - 3. Demonstrate understanding of what is XML and how to parse and use XML data
- 4. Able to do server side programming with Java Servelets and JSP

# **UNIT I: Introduction**

## **Web Essentials - Clients, Servers and Communication:**

The Internet, Basic Internet Protocols:TCP/IP, UDP, DNS, The World Wide Web: Hypertext
Transport Protocol, HTTP Request Message, HTTP Response Message, Web Clients,
Web Servers.

Markup Languages – HTML: Basic Tags, Forms, Style sheets

# **UNIT II: Client-Side Programming**

Introduction to JavaScript, JavaScript in Perspective, Basic Syntax, Variables and Data

Types, Statements, Operators, Literals, Functions, Objects, Arrays, Built-in Objects,

JavaScript Debuggers.

**Host Objects - Browsers and the DOM:** Introduction to the Document Object Model, Intrinsic Event Handling, Modifying Element Style, The Document Tree, DOM Event Handling.

# **UNIT III: Server-Side Programming**

**Java Servlets:** Servlet Architecture, Servlets Generating Dynamic Content, Servlet Life Cycle, Parameter Data, Sessions, Cookies, URL Rewriting, Case Study.

# **UNIT IV: Representing Web Data**

**XML:** XML Documents and Vocabularies, XML Versions and the XML Declaration, XML Namespaces, DOM-Based XML Processing, Event-oriented Parsing: SAX, Transforming XML Documents, Selecting XML Data: XPath, Template-based Transformation: XSLT, Displaying XML Documents in Browsers, Case Study.

# **UNIT V: Separating Programming and Presentation**

**JSP Technology:** Introduction to JavaServer Pages, Running JSP Applications, Basic JSP, JavaBeans Classes and JSP, Tag Libraries and Files, Support for the Model-View-Controller Paradigm, Case Study.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Web Technologies: A Computer Science Perspective, Jeffrey C. Jackson, Pearson Education

## **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Deitel H.M. and Deitel P.J., "Internet and World Wide Web How to program", Pearson International, 2012, 4th Edition.
- 2. J2EE: The complete Reference By James Keogh, McGraw-Hill
- 3. Bai and Ekedhi, The Web Warrior Guide to Web Programming, Thomson
- 4. Paul Dietel and Harvey Deitel,"Java How to Program", Prentice Hall of India, 8th Edition
- 5. Web technologies, Black Book, Dreamtech press.
- 6. Gopalan N.P. and Akilandeswari J., "Web Technology", Prentice Hall of India

# JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

B.Tech(CSE)IV Year II-Sem

L T P C 3 0 3

## **OPEN ELECTIVE -III**

# SIMULATION AND MODELING

# **Prerequisites**

1.A course on "Computer Oriented Statistical Methods"

## **Objectives**

- 1. The overall aim of the course is to provide an understanding of methods, techniques and tools for modeling, simulation and performance analysis of complex systems
- 2. The topics include system models and studies; random number generation; simulation of continuous and discrete systems; simulation of queuing systems and pert networks
- 3. The course also provides practical knowledgeof simulation experimentation and introduces simulation languages.

### **Outcomes**

- 1. Ability to construct a model for a given system/set of data.
- 2. Ability to generate and test random number variates and apply them to develop simulation models.
- 3. Ability to interpret the model and apply the results to resolve issues in a real world

#### environment

# Unit-I: System Models and Studies

System Models: Concepts of a System, System Environment, Stochastic Activities, Continuous and Discrete Systems, System Modeling, Types of Models, Static Physical Models, Dynamic Physical Models, Static Mathematical Models, Dynamic Mathematical Models, Principles Used in Modeling.

System Studies: Subsystems, A Corporate Model, Environment Segment, Production Segment, Management Segment, The Full Corporate Model, Types of System Study, System Analysis, System Design, System Postulation

#### **Unit-II:** Random Numbers

Random Number Generation: Properties, Generation of Pseudo-Random Numbers, Techniques of generating random numbers, tests for random numbers

Random-Variate Generation: Inverse-Transform Technique, Acceptance-Rejection Technique, Special Properties.

## **Unit-III:** Simulation of Continuous and Discrete Systems

Simulation of Continuous Systems: A chemical reactor, Numerical integration vs. continuous system simulation, Selection of an integration formula, Runge-Kutta integration formulas, Simulation of a servo system, Simulation of a water reservoir system, Analog vs. digital simulation.

Discrete System Simulation: Fixed time-step vs. event-to-event model, On simulating randomness, Generation of random numbers, Generation of non-uniformly distributed random numbers, Monte-Carlo computation vs. stochastic simulation.

# **Unit-IV:** System Simulation

Simulation of Queueing Systems: Rudiments of queueing theory, Simulation of a single-server queue, Simulation of a two-server queue, Simulation of more general queues.

Simulation of a Pert Network: Network model of a project, Analysis of activity network, Critical path computation, Uncertainties in activity durations, Simulation of activity network, Computer program for simulation, Resource allocation and cost considerations.

## **Unit-V:** Simulation Experimentation

Design and Evaluation of Simulation Experiments: Length of simulation runs, Variance reduction techniques, Experimental layout, Validation.

Simulation Languages: Continuous and discrete simulation languages, Continuous simulation languages, Block-structured continuous simulation languages, Expression-based languages, Discrete-system simulation languages, GPSS.

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- 2. Discrete-Event System Simulation, Jerry Banks, John S. Carson II, Barry L. Nelson, David M.Nicol, Pearson, Fifth Edition, 2010. (for Unit-II: Chapters 7 and 8)
- 3. System Simulation with Digital Computer, Narsingh Deo, Prentice-Hall of India Private Limited, 1979. (for Unit-III to V: Chapters 2 to 5 and 7,8).

# **Reference Books**

1. System Modeling land Simuation: An Introduction, Frank L. Severance, Wiley Publisher, 2005

## JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

B.Tech(CSE) IV Year II-Sem

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MANAGEMENT SCIENCE

**B.Tech (CSE) IV Year II-Sem** 

## GRID AND CLOUD COMPUTING LAB

# **Prerequisites**

- 1. A course on "Grid and Cloud Computing"
- 2. A course on "Object Oriented Programming Through Java"

# **Objectives**

1. This course provides hands-on experience with using Hadoop, Amazon EC2, Google Compute Engine, Windows Azure and Globus toolkit.

## **Outcomes**

- 1. Ability to install and configure Hadoop
- 2. Ability to install and configure Globus Toolkit
- 3. Ability to create an instance using Amazon EC2, Google Compute Engine and Windows Azure
- 4. Ability to create a database instance on the cloud

# Lab Exercises

- 1. Installation and configuration of Hadoop
- 2. Using Hadoop for counting word frequency using map reduce
- 3. Create an Amazon EC2 instance and set up a web-server on the instance and associate an IP address with the instance.
- 4. Repeat Exercise-3 using Google Compute Engine.
- 5. Repeat Exercise-3 using Windows Azure Virtual Machine.
- 6. Create a database instance in the cloud using Amazon RDS.
- 7. Create a database instance in the cloud using Google Cloud SQL
- 8. Installation and Configuration of Globus Toolkit
- 9. Build and deploy a grid server, then build the client and execute the application

## **Text Books:**

1. Arshadeep Bahga, Vijay Madisetti, "Cloud Computing: A Hands-on Approach", University press

## **References:**

- 1. B. Sotomayor. The Globus Toolkit 3 Programmers's Tutorial, <a href="http://www.casasotomayor.net/gt3-tutorial/">http://www.casasotomayor.net/gt3-tutorial/</a>.
- 2. Berstis, Viktors, et al. *Introduction to grid computing with globus*. IBM Corporation, International Technical Support Organization, 2003.