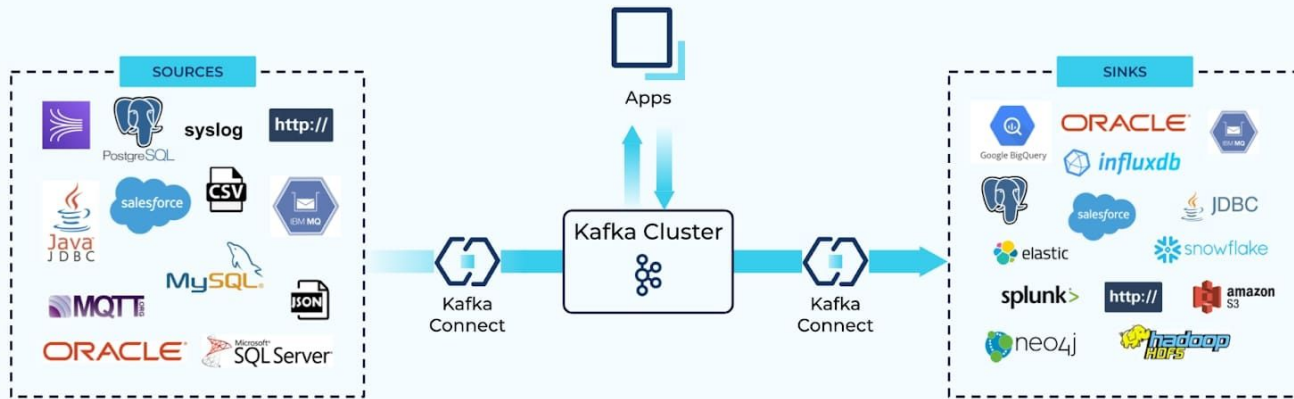


Kafka Connect API

Ingest Data from Upstream Systems

Ingest Data from Upstream Systems

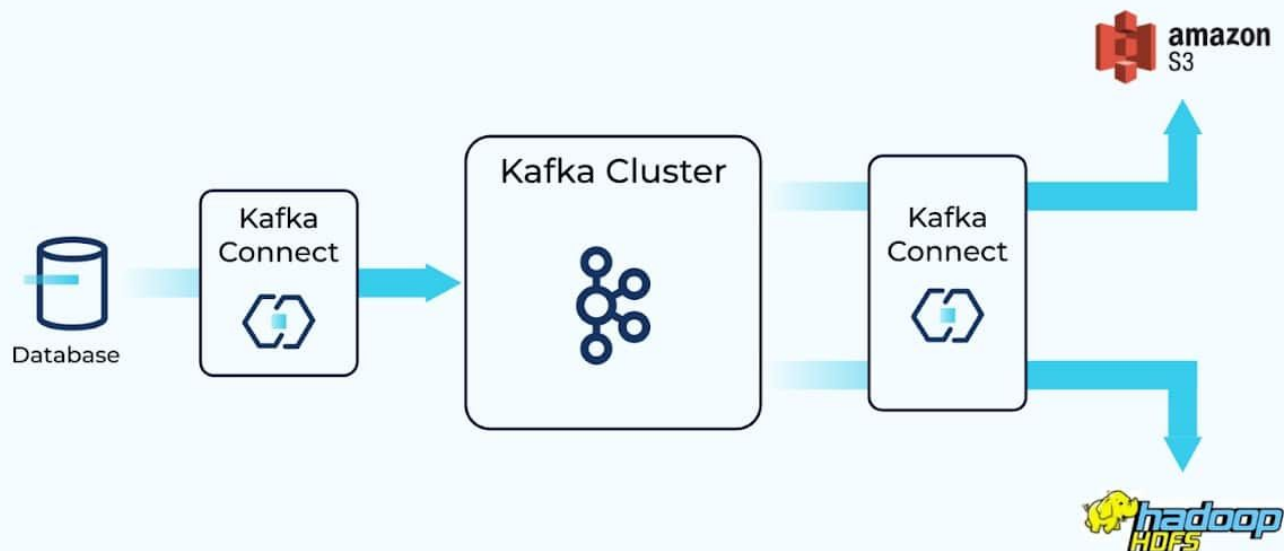


How Kafka Connect Works

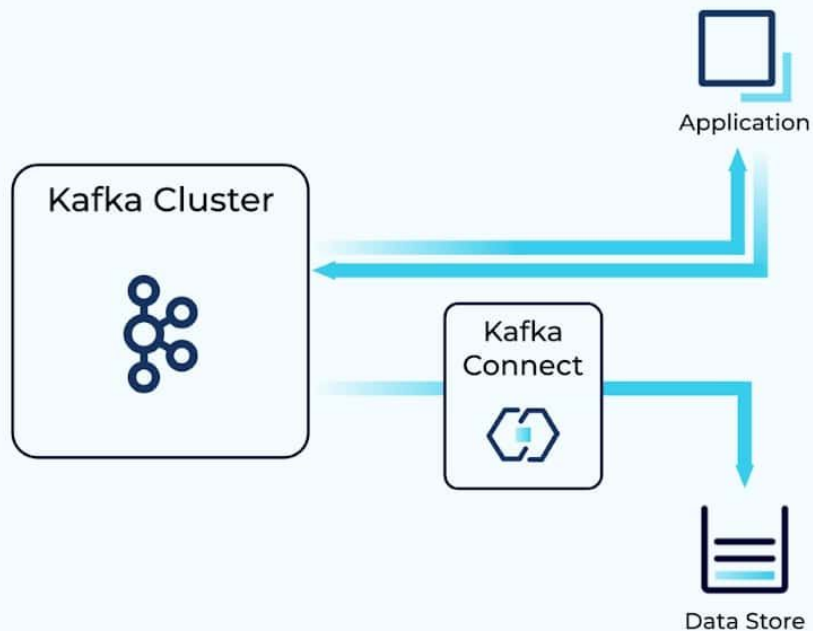


```
{  
  "connector.class":  
    "io.confluent.connect.jdbc.JdbcSourceConnector",  
  "connection.url":  
    "jdbc:mysql://asgard:3306/demo",  
  "table.whitelist":  
    "sales,orders,customers"  
}
```

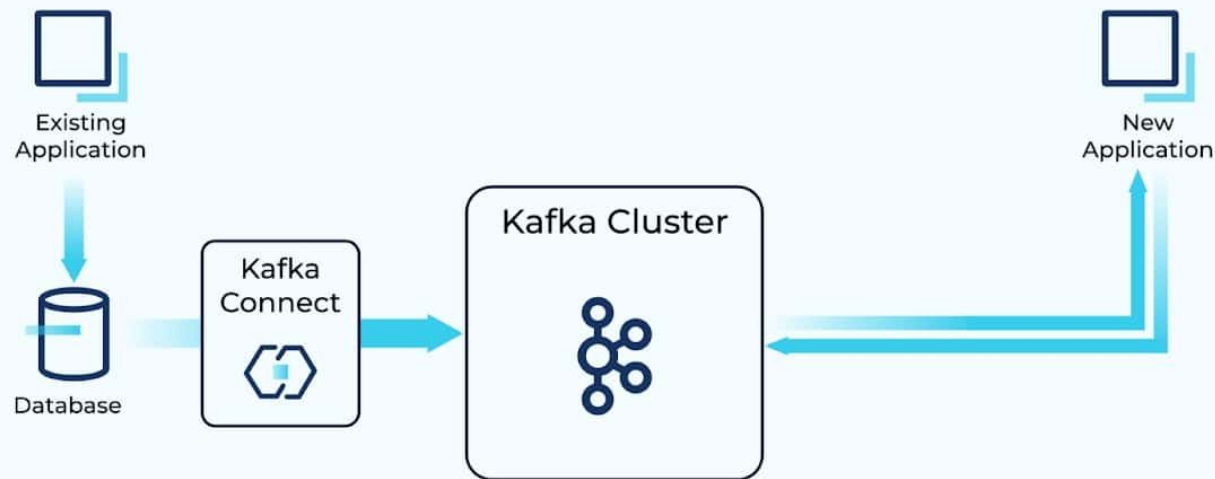
Streaming Pipelines



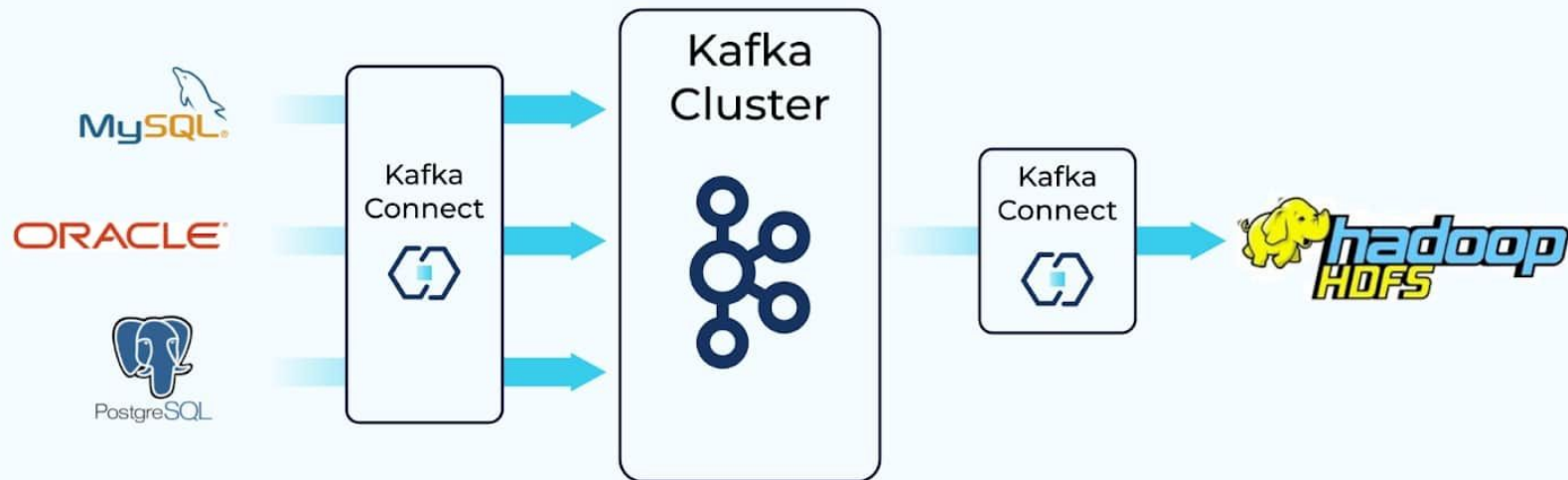
Writing to Datastores from Kafka



Evolve Processing from Old Systems to New

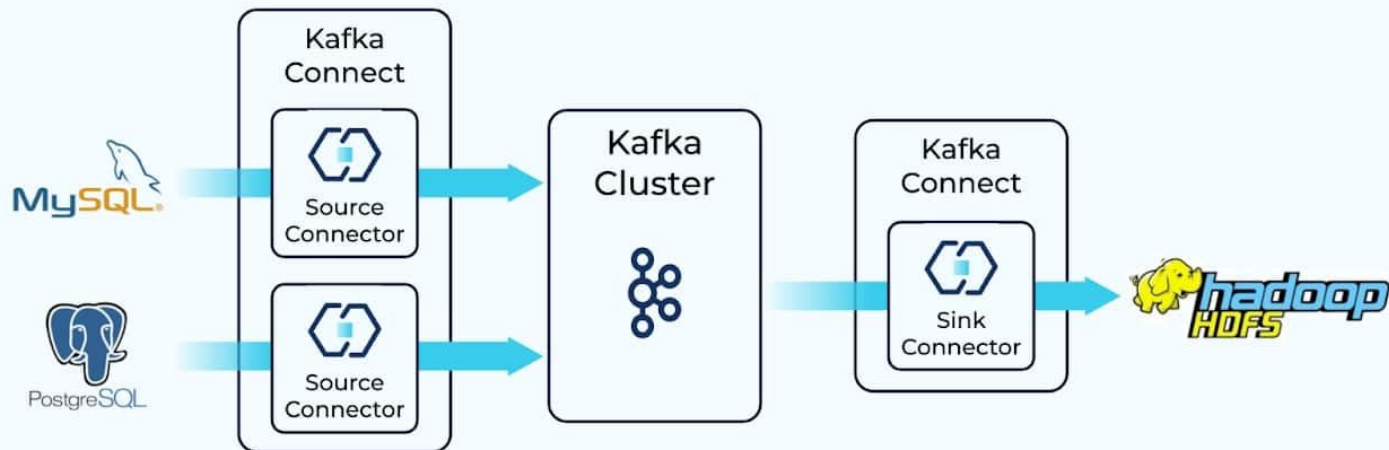


Make Systems Real Time



Why Not Write Your Own
Integrations?

Connectors



Kafka Connect Workers

Ultimately, Kafka Connect workers are just JVM processes that you can deploy on bare metal or containers.

A few options present themselves:

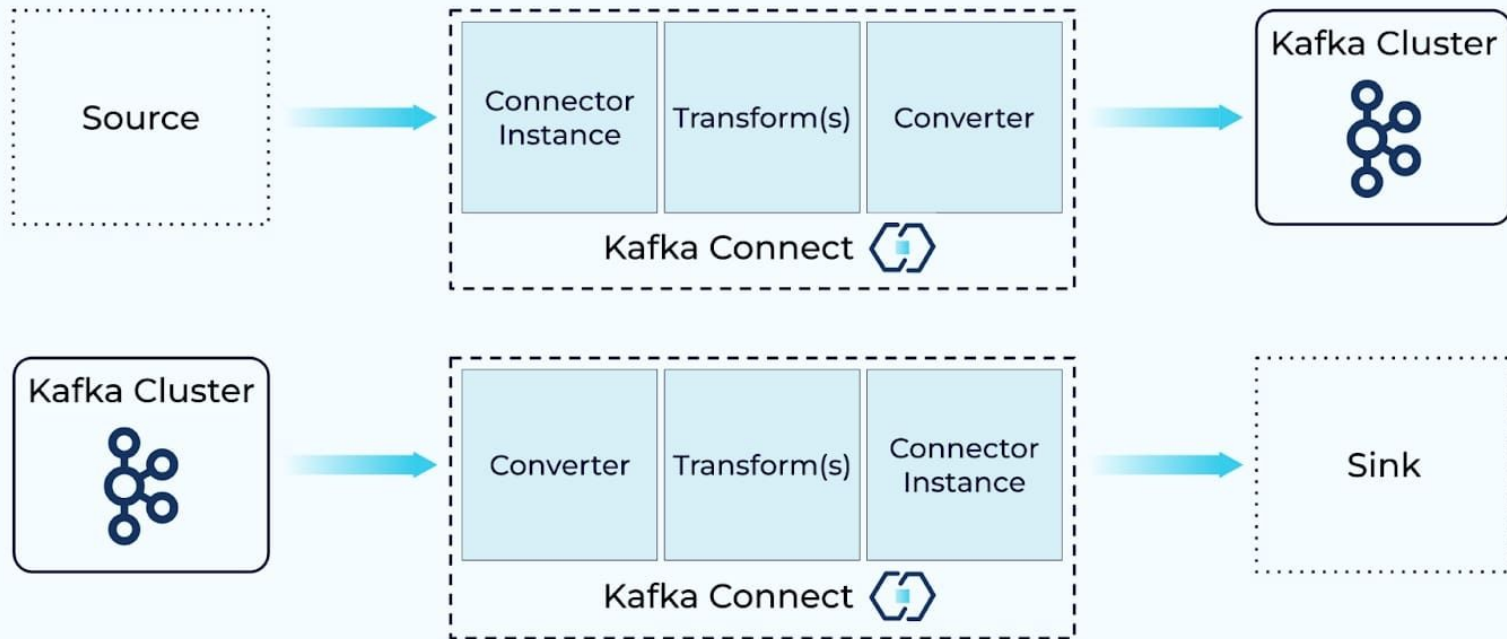
- You're free to run a bare-metal, on-premises install of Confluent Platform
- For those leveraging infrastructure as a service, you may install Confluent Platform on those resources
- Terraform is an option on a couple cloud providers
- And of course, there's Docker which you can use for both on-prem and cloud-based installations

Managing a Kafka Connect Cluster

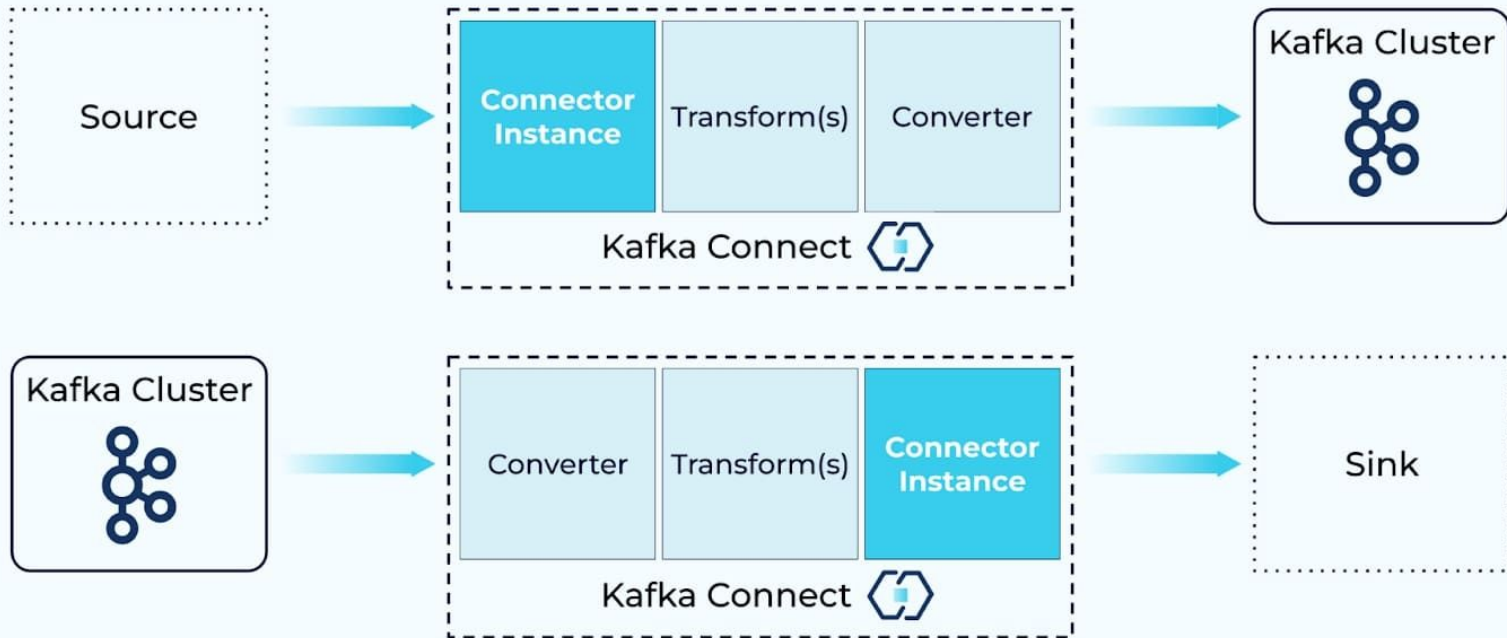
Once your Kafka Connect cluster is up and running, there's a bit of management that needs to be done:

- Connect workers have a number of default configuration settings that you may need to alter
- Depending on the needs of your systems, you might need to scale the Connect cluster up or down to suit demand changes
- And of course, you'll be monitoring for problems and fixing those that occur

Inside Kafka Connect



Connectors



For Example

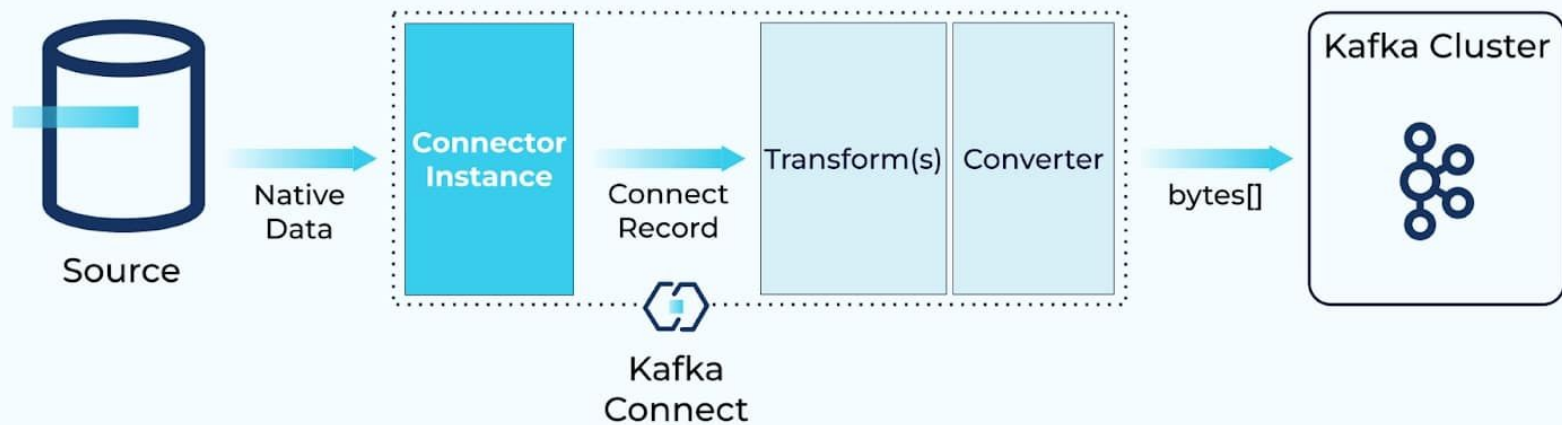
- The **Debezium MySQL source connector** uses the MySQL bin log to read events from the database and stream these to Kafka Connect
- The **Elasticsearch sink connector** takes data from Kafka Connect, and using the Elasticsearch APIs, writes the data to Elasticsearch
- The **S3 connector** from Confluent can act as both a source and sink connector, writing data to S3 or reading it back in

Add a Connector Instance with the REST API

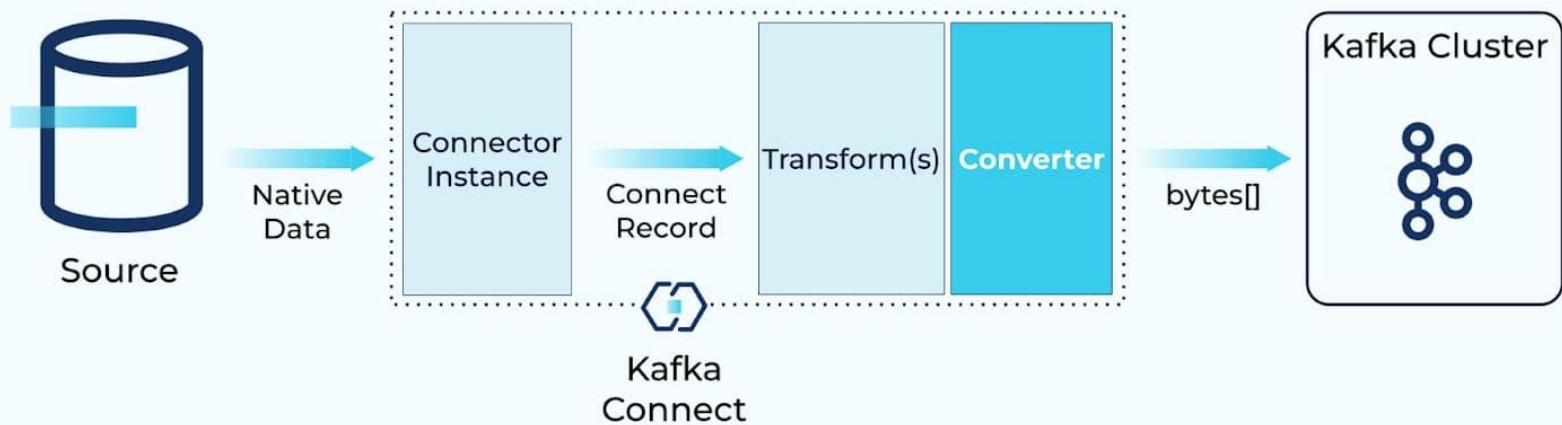


```
curl -X PUT -H "Content-Type:application/json" http://localhost:8083/connectors/sink-elastic-01/config \
  -d '{
    "connector.class": "io.confluent.connect.elasticsearch.ElasticsearchSinkConnector",
    "topics"          : "orders",
    "connection.url"   : "http://elasticsearch:9200",
    "type.name"        : "_doc",
    "key.ignore"        : "false",
    "schema.ignore"    : "true"
  }'
```

What is the Role of the Connector?



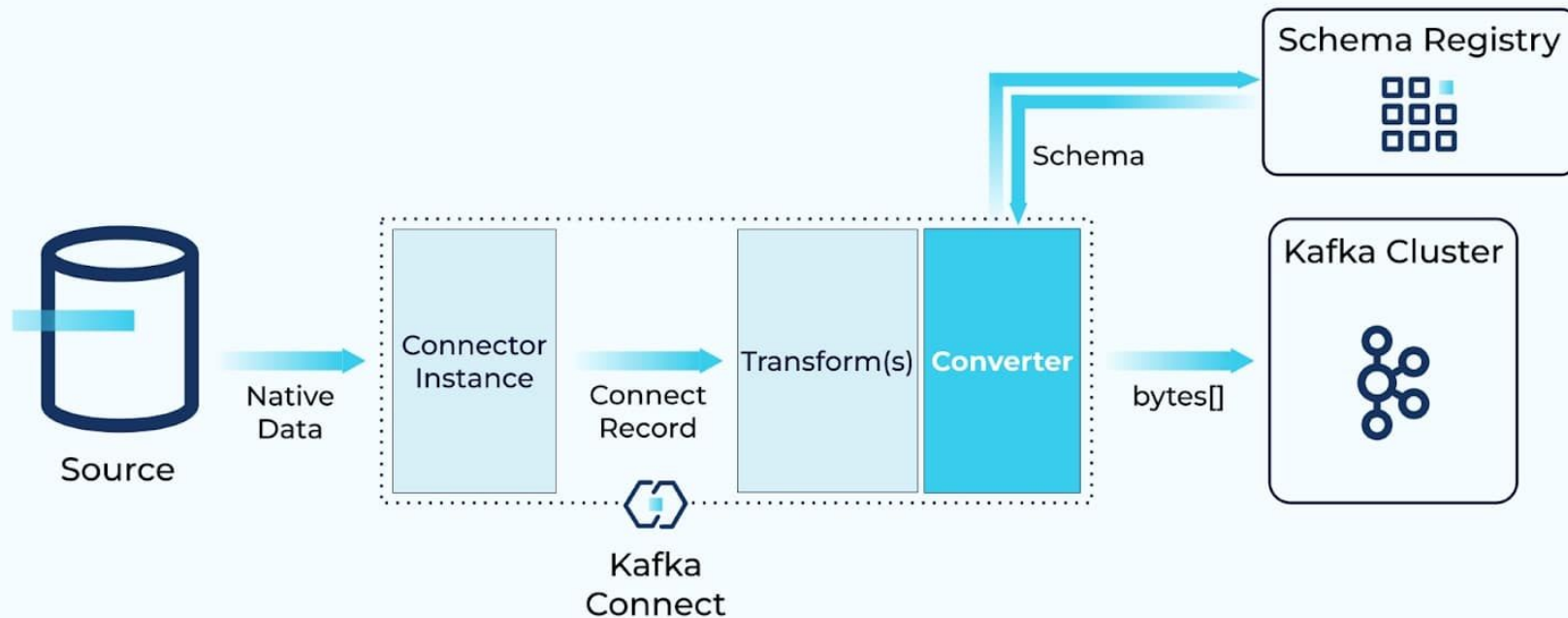
Converters Serialize/Deserialize the Data



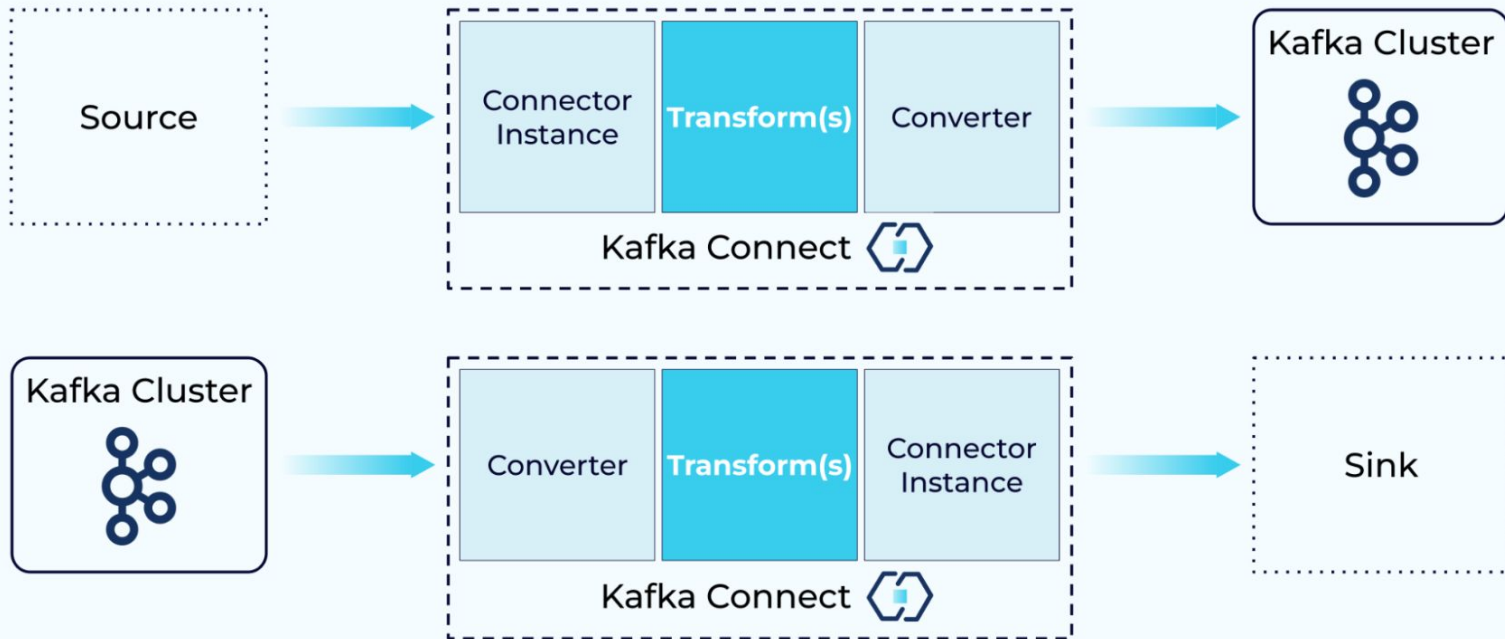
There are a ton of different converters available, but some common ones include:

- Avro – [io.confluent.connect.avro.AvroConverter](#)
- Protobuf – [io.confluent.connect.protobuf.ProtobufConverter](#)
- String – [org.apache.kafka.connect.storage.StringConverter](#)
- JSON – [org.apache.kafka.connect.json.JsonConverter](#)
- JSON Schema – [io.confluent.connect.json.JsonSchemaConverter](#)
- ByteArray –
[org.apache.kafka.connect.converters.ByteArrayConverter](#)

Serialization and Schemas



Single Message Transforms



Common uses for SMTs include:

- Dropping fields from data at ingest, such as personally identifiable information (PII) if specified by the system requirements
- Adding metadata information such as lineage to data ingested through Kafka Connect
- Changing field data types
- Modifying the topic name to include a timestamp
- Renaming fields

Deploying Kafka Connect

Deploying Kafka Connect



JDBC Source

S3 Sink

S3 Task #1

JDBC Task #1

Tasks Are the Unit of Parallelism and Scale



Connect Worker



JDBC Source

S3 Sink

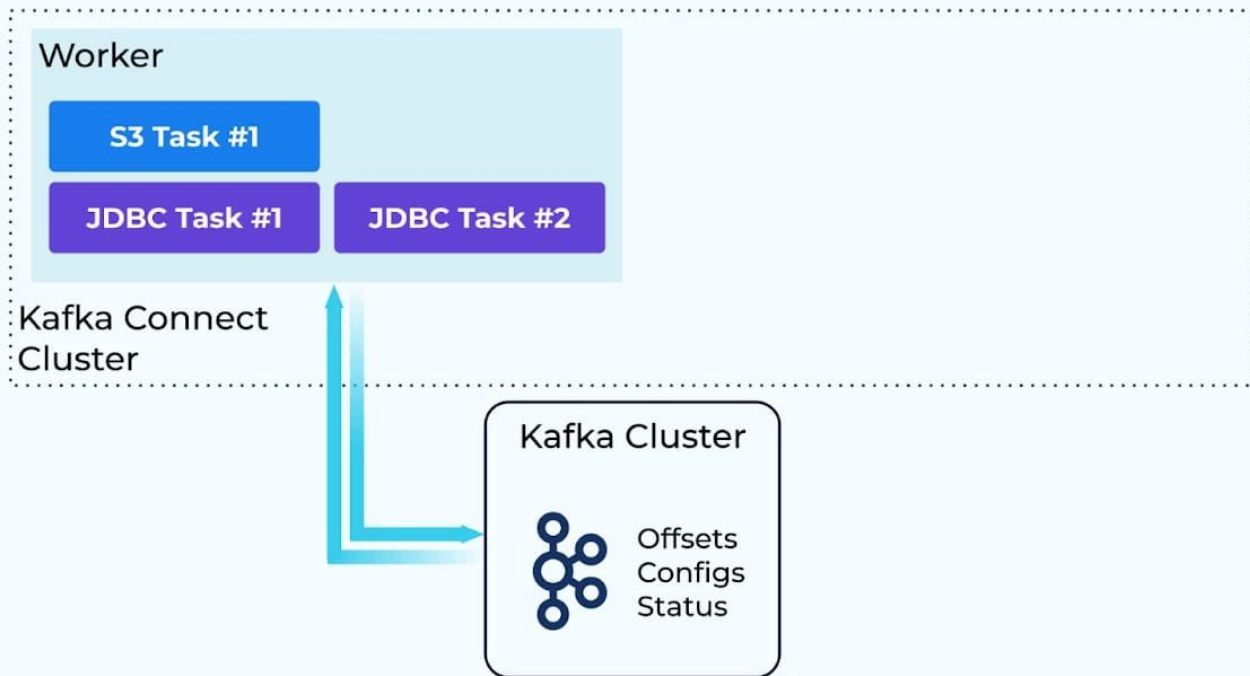
Worker

S3 Task #1

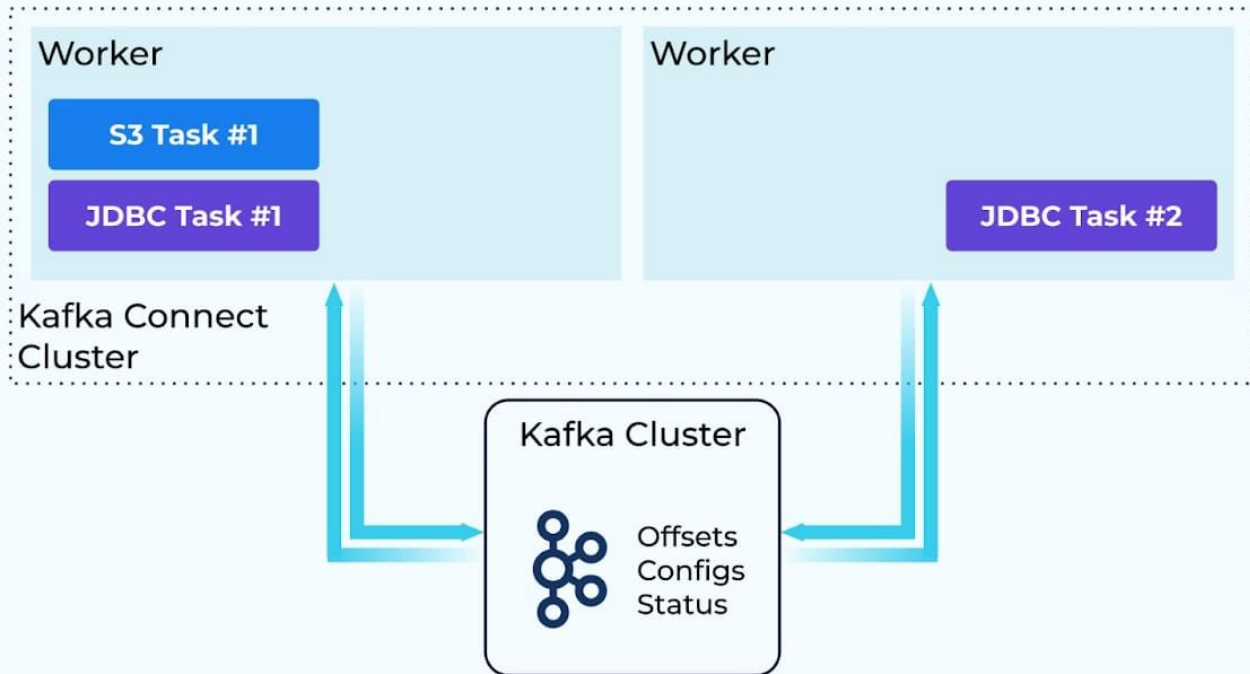
JDBC Task #1

JDBC Task #2

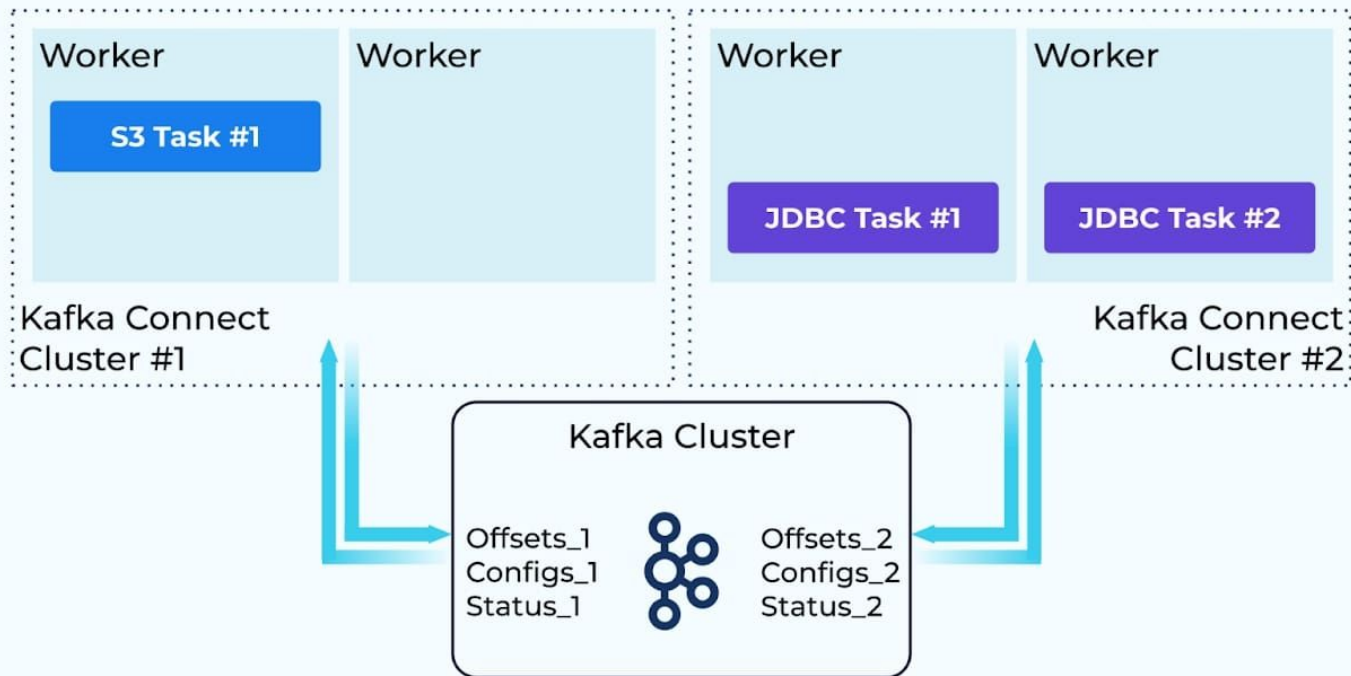
Kafka Connect Distributed Mode



Kafka Connect Scalability



Multiple Workers vs Multiple Clusters



Kafka Connect Standalone Mode

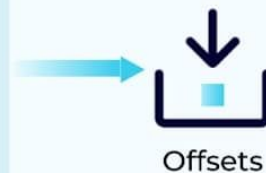


Worker

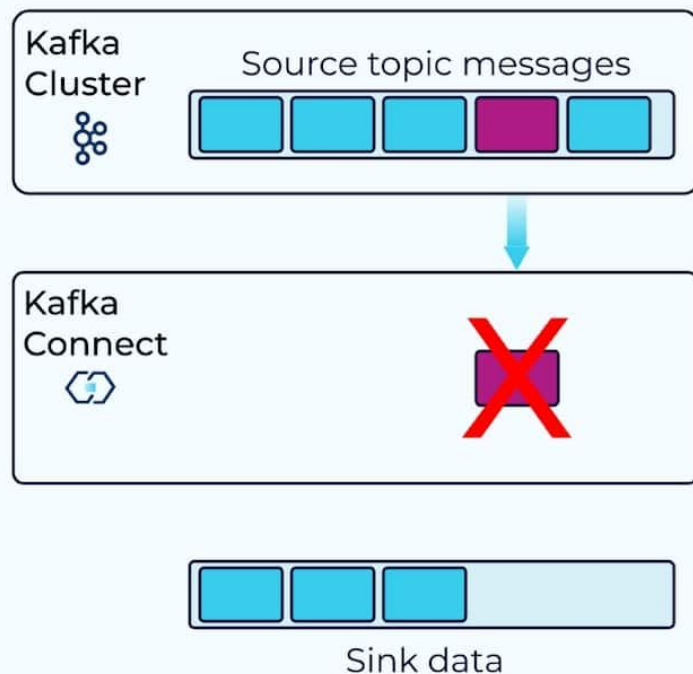
S3 Task #1

JDBC Task #1

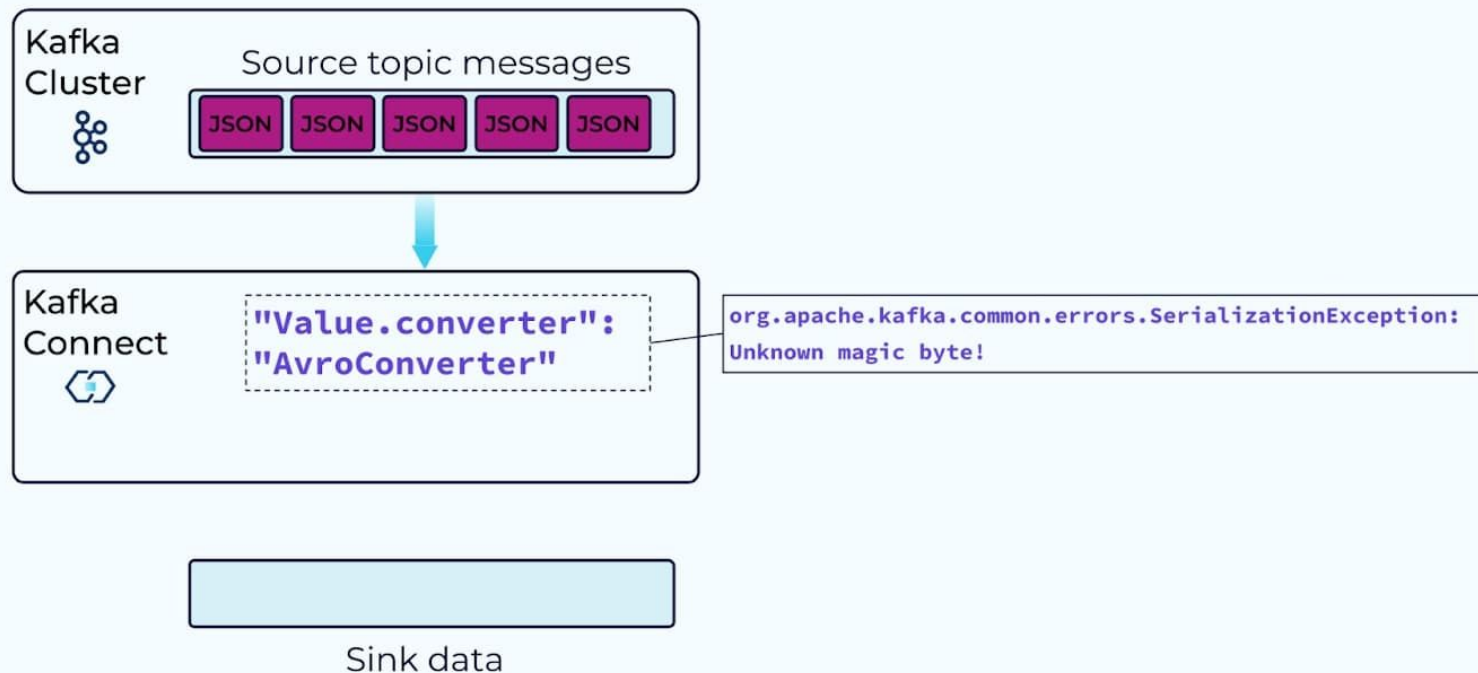
JDBC Task #2



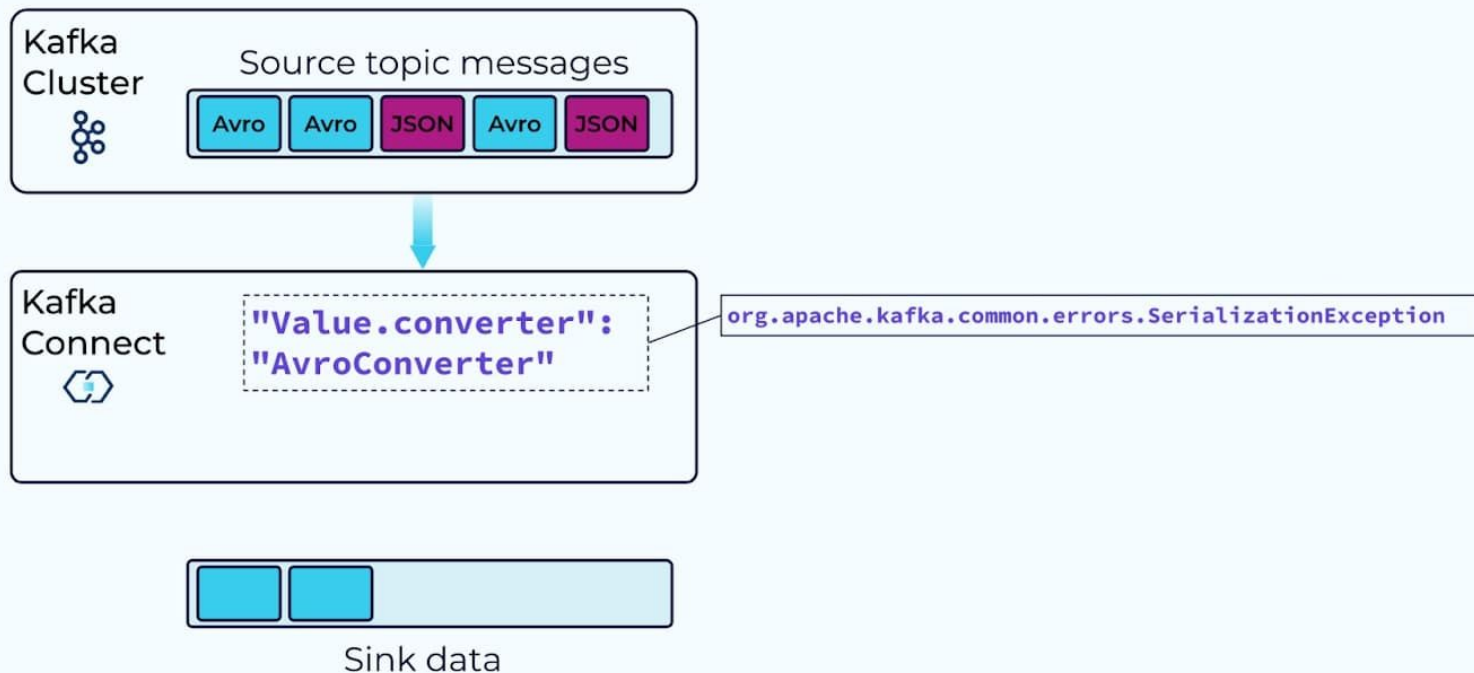
Error Handling in Kafka Connect



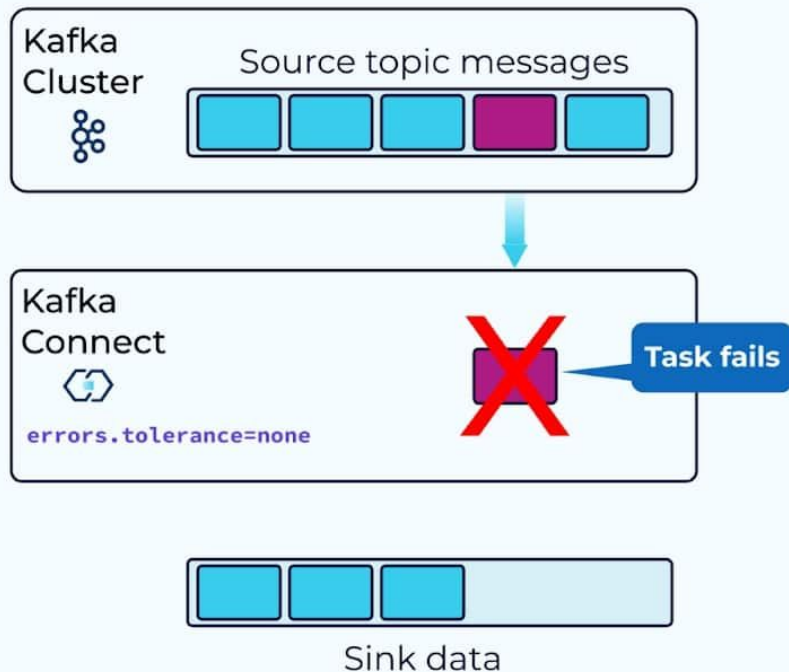
Serialization Challenges - Wrong Converter



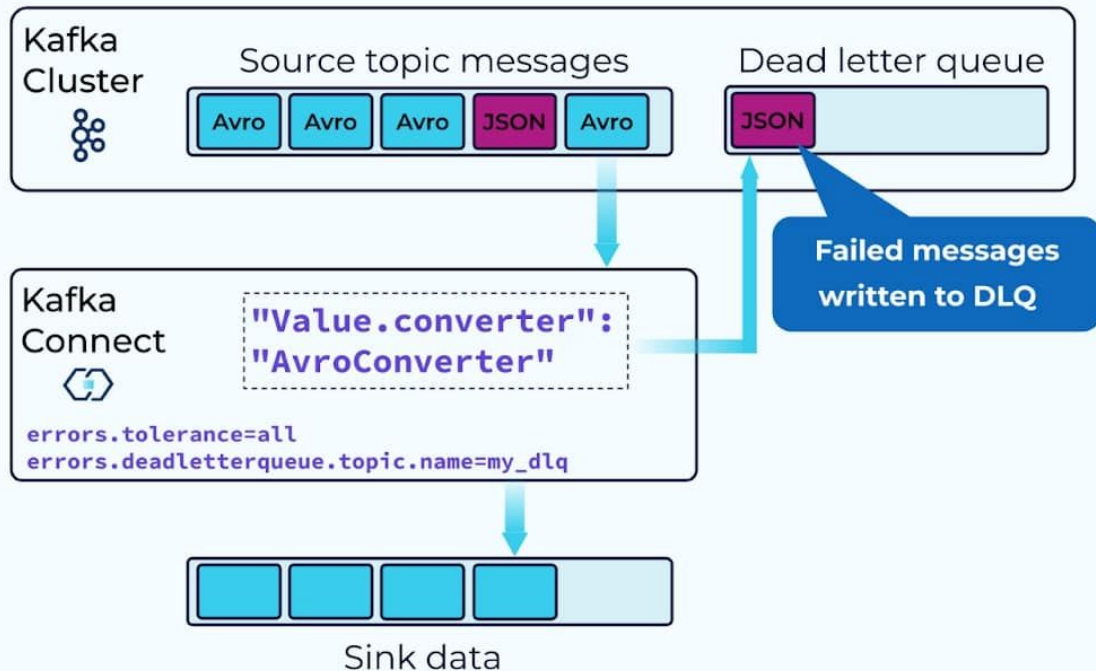
Serialization Challenges - Multiple Formats



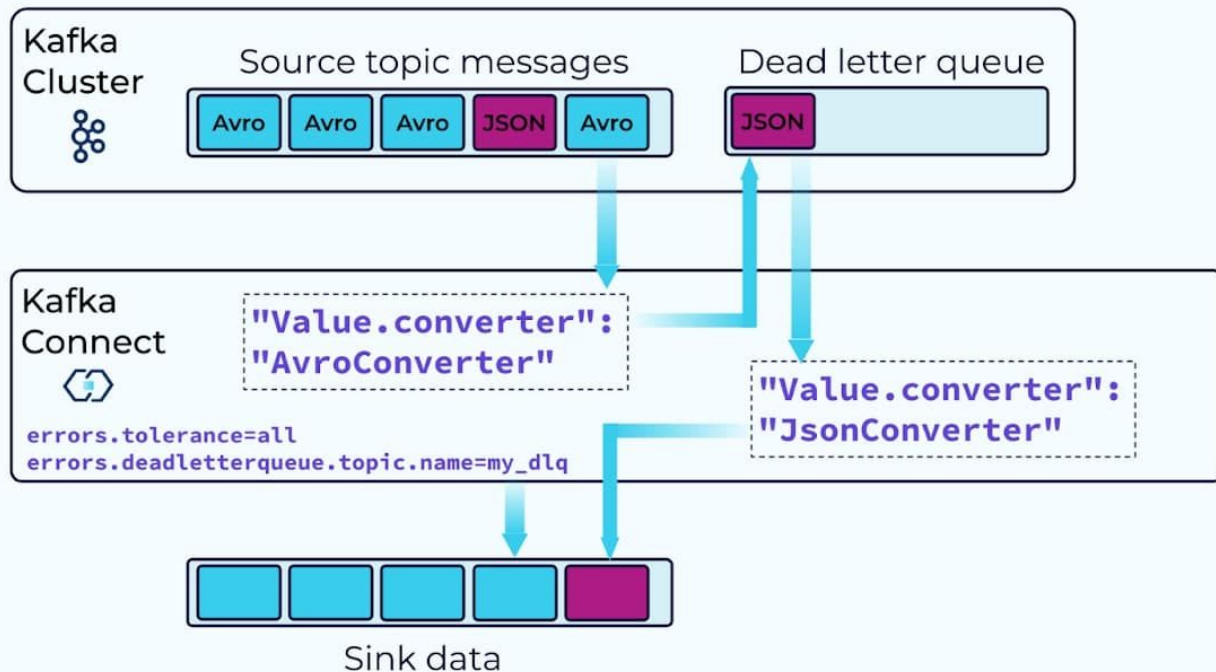
Error Tolerances - Fail Fast (Default)



Error Tolerances - Dead Letter Queue



Reprocessing the Dead Letter Queue



Troubleshoot the Dead Letter Queue



MySQLSinkConnector_0

[See in Stream lineage](#)

Overview

Settings

Events

Pause

Running

This connector is running.

Messages processed

241

Total in last 7 days

Messages behind

0

Max lag in the last minute

Messages in DLQ

241

Total in last 7 days

Dead Letter Queue Message Header



dlq-icc-q2nkw2

[See in Stream lineage](#)

[Overview](#) [Messages](#) [Schema](#) [Configuration](#)

Producers

Bytes in/sec 0

Consumers

Bytes out/sec 8.68K

Message fields

- topic
- partition
- offset
- timestamp
- timestampType
- headers
- key
- value

[Filter by keyword](#) [Jump to offset](#) [0 / Partition: 0](#)

[Produce a new message to this topic](#)

	Value	Header	Key
▼	Item_948M		
▼	Item_413		
▼	Item_983		

```
[
  {
    "key": "task.generation",
    "stringValue": ""
  },
  {
    "key": "__connect.errors.exception.class.name",
    "stringValue": "io.confluent.connect.jdbc.sink.TableAlterOrCreateException"
  },
  {
    "key": "__connect.errors.exception.message",
    "stringValue": "Table \"orders\" is missing and auto-creation is disabled"
  }
]
```

Troubleshoot a Failed Connector



MySQLSinkConnector_0

[See in Stream lineage](#)

Overview

Settings

Events

Pause

Failed

Found nested structure in input data. Ensure that your input events are a flat struct of primitive fields.

Messages processed

254

Total in last 7 days

Messages behind

32

Max lag in the last minute

Messages in DLQ

254

Total in last 7 days

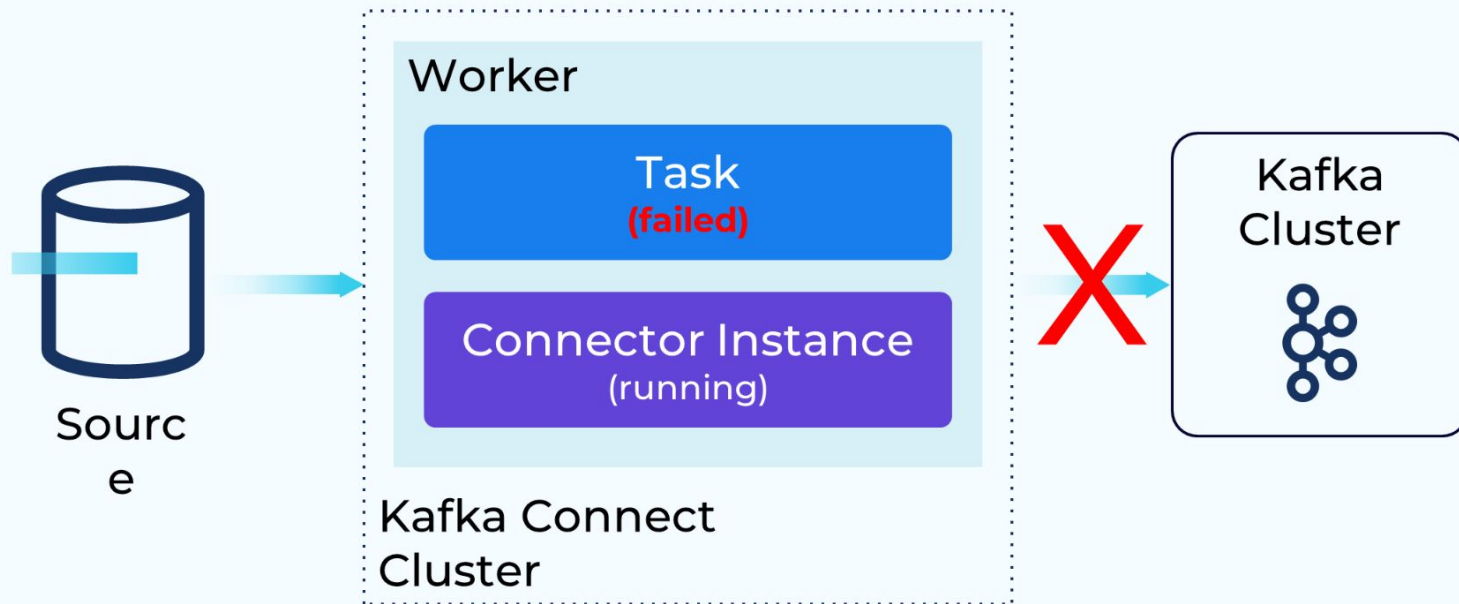
Confluent Connect API



GET /connect/v1/environments/{environment_id}/clusters/{kafka_cluster_id}/connectors/{connector_name}/status

```
{
  "name": "MySQLSinkConnector_0",
  "connector": {
    "state": "FAILED",
    "worker_id": "MySQLSinkConnector_0",
    "trace": "Found nested structure in input data. Ensure that your input events are a flat struct of primitive fields.\n"
  },
  "tasks": [
    {
      "id": 0,
      "state": "USER_ACTIONABLE_ERROR",
      "worker_id": "MySQLSinkConnector_0",
      "msg": ""
    }
  ],
  "type": "sink"
}
```

Troubleshooting Scenario



Getting Connector and Task Status



```
$ curl -s "http://localhost:8083/connectors/jdbc-sink/status" | \
jq '.connector.state'
"RUNNING"
```

```
$ curl -s "http://localhost:8083/connectors/jdbc-sink/status" | \
jq '.tasks[0].state'
"FAILED"
```

Getting Task Status



```
$curl -s "http://localhost:8083/connectors/jdbc-sink/status" | jq '.tasks[0].trace' | sed 's/\\n/\\n/g; s/\\t/\\t/g'
```

```
"org.apache.kafka.connect.errors.ConnectException: Exiting WorkerSinkTask due to unrecoverable exception.
```

```
  at org.apache.kafka.connect.runtime.WorkerSinkTask.deliverMessages(WorkerSinkTask.java:618)
  at org.apache.kafka.connect.runtime.WorkerSinkTask.poll(WorkerSinkTask.java:334)
  at org.apache.kafka.connect.runtime.WorkerSinkTask.iteration(WorkerSinkTask.java:235)
  at org.apache.kafka.connect.runtime.WorkerSinkTask.execute(WorkerSinkTask.java:204)
  at org.apache.kafka.connect.runtime.WorkerTask.doRun(WorkerTask.java:200)
  at org.apache.kafka.connect.runtime.WorkerTask.run(WorkerTask.java:255)
  at java.base/java.util.concurrent.Executors$RunnableAdapter.call(Executors.java:515)
  at java.base/java.util.concurrent.FutureTask.run(FutureTask.java:264)
  at java.base/java.util.concurrent.ThreadPoolExecutor.runWorker(ThreadPoolExecutor.java:1128)
  at java.base/java.util.concurrent.ThreadPoolExecutor$Worker.run(ThreadPoolExecutor.java:628)
  at java.base/java.lang.Thread.run(Thread.java:829)
```

```
Caused by: org.apache.kafka.connect.errors.ConnectException: java.sql.SQLException: No suitable driver found for
jdbc:mysql://localhost/demo
```

```
  at io.confluent.connect.jdbc.util.CachedConnectionProvider.getConnection(CachedConnectionProvider.java:59)
  at io.confluent.connect.jdbc.sink.JdbcDbWriter.write(JdbcDbWriter.java:64)
  at io.confluent.connect.jdbc.sink.JdbcSinkTask.put(JdbcSinkTask.java:84)
  at org.apache.kafka.connect.runtime.WorkerSinkTask.deliverMessages(WorkerSinkTask.java:584)
  ... 10 more
```

```
Caused by: java.sql.SQLException: No suitable driver found for jdbc:mysql://localhost/demo
```

```
  at java.sql/java.sql.DriverManager.getConnection(DriverManager.java:702)
  at java.sql/java.sql.DriverManager.getConnection(DriverManager.java:189)
  at io.confluent.connect.jdbc.dialect.GenericDatabaseDialect.getConnection(GenericDatabaseDialect.java:247)
  at io.confluent.connect.jdbc.util.CachedConnectionProvider.newConnection(CachedConnectionProvider.java:80)
  at io.confluent.connect.jdbc.util.CachedConnectionProvider.getConnection(CachedConnectionProvider.java:52)
  ... 13 more
```

```
"
```

Kafka Connect Log4j Logging



- The log is the source of truth

```
$ confluent local services connect log
```

```
$ docker-compose logs kafka-connect
```

```
$ cat /var/log/kafka/connect.log
```

- The Log4j properties files controls what is logged, the log message layout, and where log files are stored

```
/etc/kafka/connect-log4j.properties (default location)
```

Identify the Problem Cause



```
[2022-07-19 23:57:28,600] ERROR [jdbc-sink|task-0] WorkerSinkTask{id=jdbc-sink-0} Task threw an uncaught and unrecoverable exception. Task is being killed and will not recover until manually restarted
```

```
(org.apache.kafka.connect.runtime.WorkerTask:207)
```

```
org.apache.kafka.connect.errors.ConnectException: Exiting WorkerSinkTask due to unrecoverable exception.
```

```
at org.apache.kafka.connect.runtime.WorkerSinkTask.deliverMessages(WorkerSinkTask.java:334)
```

```
at org.apache.kafka.connect.runtime.WorkerSinkTask.poll(WorkerSinkTask.java:334)
```

```
at org.apache.kafka.connect.runtime.WorkerSinkTask.iteration(WorkerSinkTask.java:204)
```

```
at org.apache.kafka.connect.runtime.WorkerSinkTask.execute(WorkerSinkTask.java:204)
```

```
at org.apache.kafka.connect.runtime.WorkerTask.doRun(WorkerTask.java:200)
```

```
at org.apache.kafka.connect.runtime.WorkerTask.run(WorkerTask.java:255)
```

```
at java.base/java.util.concurrent.Executors$RunnableAdapter.call(Executors.java:515)
```

```
at java.base/java.util.concurrent.FutureTask.run(FutureTask.java:264)
```

```
at java.base/java.util.concurrent.ThreadPoolExecutor.runWorker(ThreadPoolExecutor.java:1128)
```

```
at java.base/java.util.concurrent.ThreadPoolExecutor$Worker.run(ThreadPoolExecutor.java:628)
```

```
at java.base/java.lang.Thread.run(Thread.java:829)
```

Symptom, not the cause

```
Caused by: org.apache.kafka.connect.errors.ConnectException: java.sql.SQLException: No suitable driver found for jdbc:mysql://localhost/demo
```

```
at io.confluent.connect.jdbc.util.CachedConnectionProvider.getConnection(CachedConnectionProvider.java:59)
```

```
at io.confluent.connect.jdbc.sink.JdbcDbWriter.write(JdbcDbWriter.java:64)
```

```
at io.confluent.connect.jdbc.sink.JdbcSinkTask.put(JdbcSinkTask.java:84)
```

```
at org.apache.kafka.connect.runtime.WorkerSinkTask.deliverMessages(WorkerSinkTask.java:334)
```

```
... 10 more
```

Possible causes

```
Caused by: java.sql.SQLException: No suitable driver found for jdbc:mysql://localhost/demo
```

```
at java.sql/java.sql.DriverManager.getConnection(DriverManager.java:702)
```

```
at java.sql/java.sql.DriverManager.getConnection(DriverManager.java:189)
```

```
at io.confluent.connect.jdbc.dialect.GenericDatabaseDialect.getConnection(GenericDatabaseDialect.java:247)
```

```
at io.confluent.connect.jdbc.util.CachedConnectionProvider.newConnection(CachedConnectionProvider.java:80)
```

```
at io.confluent.connect.jdbc.util.CachedConnectionProvider.getConnection(CachedConnectionProvider.java:52)
```

```
... 13 more
```

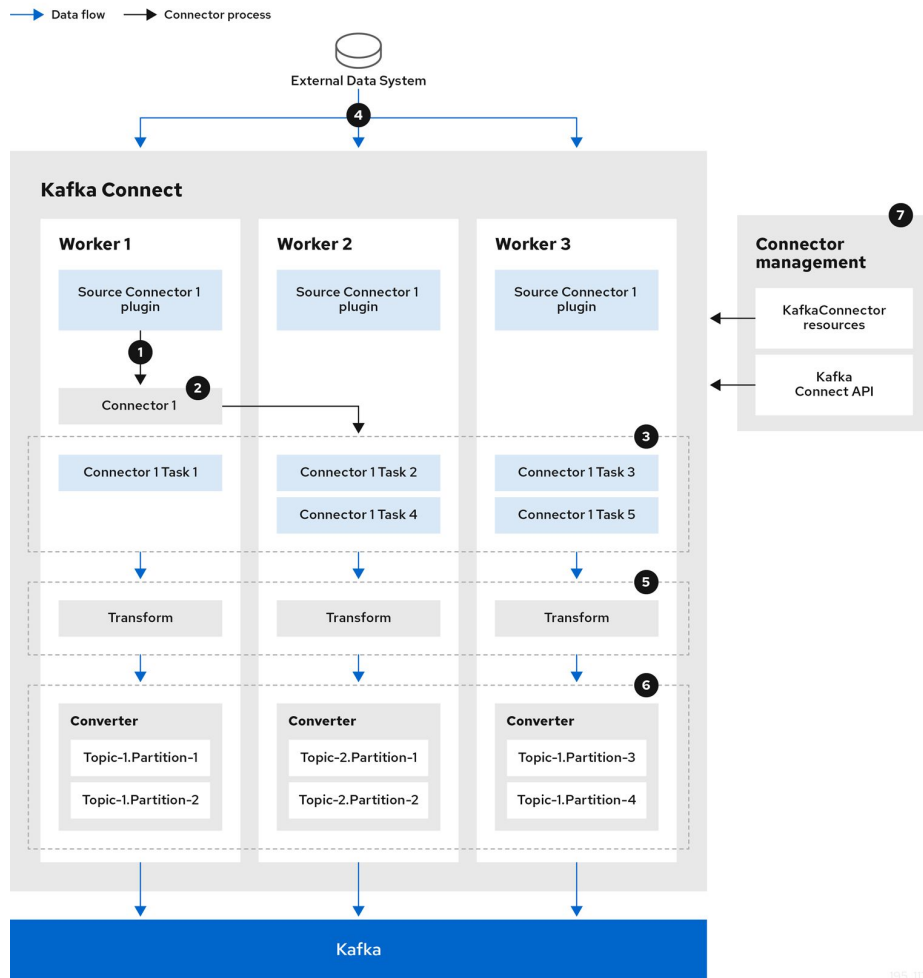
Summary

The main Kafka Connect components used in streaming data are as follows:

- Connectors to create tasks
- Tasks to move data
- Workers to run tasks
- Transforms to manipulate data
- Converters to convert data

Connectors can be one of the following type:

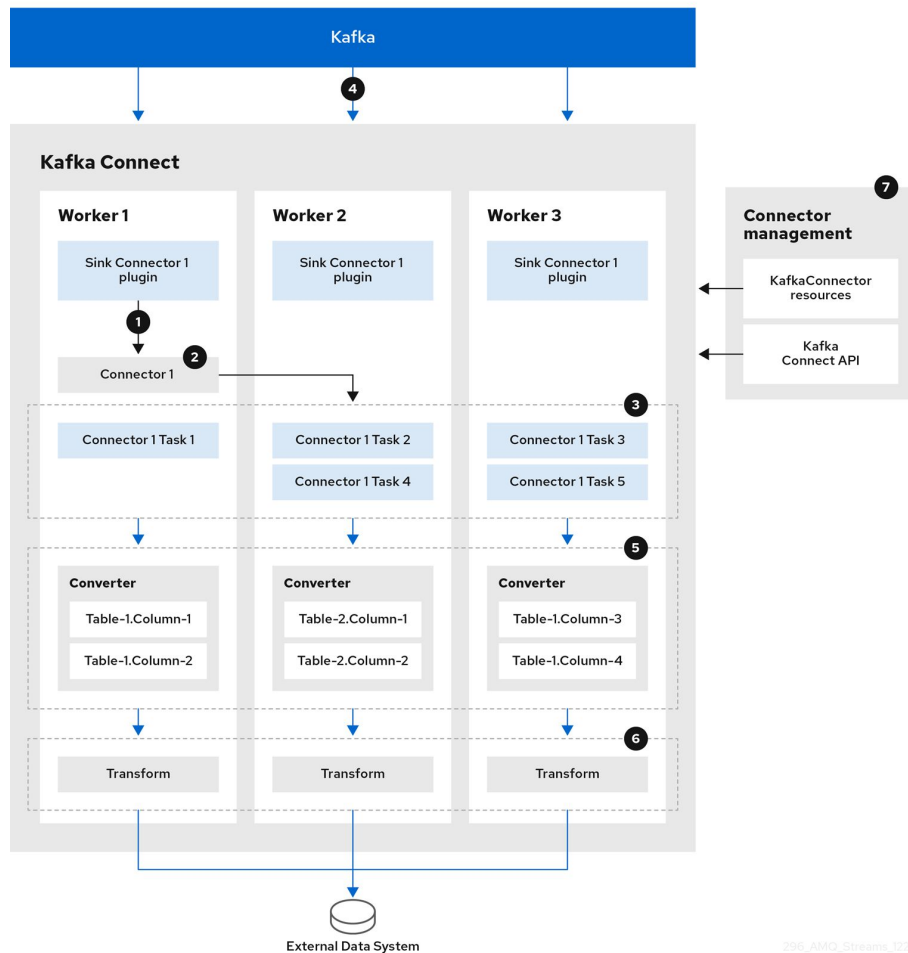
- Source connectors that push data into Kafka
- Sink connectors that extract data out of Kafka



Source connector
streaming data to
Kafka

1. A plugin provides the implementation artifacts for the source connector
2. A single worker initiates the source connector instance
3. The source connector creates the tasks to stream data
4. Tasks run in parallel to poll the external data system and return records
5. Transforms adjust the records, such as filtering or relabelling them
6. Converters put the records into a format suitable for Kafka
7. The source connector is managed using KafkaConnectors or the Kafka Connect API

→ Data flow → Connector process



Sink connector
streaming data from
Kafka

1. A plugin provides the implementation artifacts for the sink connector
2. A single worker initiates the sink connector instance
3. The sink connector creates the tasks to stream data
4. Tasks run in parallel to poll Kafka and return records
5. Converters put the records into a format suitable for the external data system
6. Transforms adjust the records, such as filtering or relabelling them
7. The sink connector is managed using `KafkaConnectors` or the Kafka Connect API