Assignment 1

CS6360: Advanced Topics in Machine Learning IIT-Hyderabad Jan-May 2019

> Max Marks: 30 Due: 3rd Mar 2019 11:59 pm

This homework is intended to cover the following topics:

- Basic understanding of implementation of neural networks
- Understanding of training and optimization strategies used to train neural networks

Instructions

- Please use Google Classroom to upload your submission by the deadline mentioned above. Your submission should comprise of a single file (ZIP), named <Your_Roll_No>_Assign1, with all your solutions.
- For late submissions, 10% is deducted for each day (including weekend) late after an assignment is due. Note that each student begins the course with 12 grace days for late submission of assignments (with a max of 7 per submission). Late submissions will automatically use your grace days balance, if you have any left. You can see your balance on the CS6360 Marks and Grace Days document under the course Google drive.
- You should use Python for the programming assignments.
- Please read the department plagiarism policy. Do not engage in any form of cheating or plagiarism if we find such behavior in your submission, both receiver and giver will be imposed with severe penalties. Please talk to instructor or TAs if you have concerns.

Learning PyTorch

Before you begin the questions in the next section, use http://pytorch.org/tutorials/ to get started on PyTorch. The link above has a 1-hour blitz tutorial, and other examples for you to get introduced to PyTorch.

1 Programming Questions

- 1. (2 + 1 = 3 marks) Learning PyTorch:
 - (a) Assuming we have defined t as: t = torch.Tensor([[1,2,3],[4,5,6],[7,8,9]]). List 3 expressions that can replace the first line below to slice (extract) the middle column from t:

```
col = ··· # extract the middle column from t
print col # should print the 1-D tensor: 2,5,8
```

- (b) What is the difference between a Tensor, a Storage and a Variable?
- 2. (3+4+3=10 marks) Regression with linear neurons: Take the demo code for linear regression available at https://github.com/pytorch/examples/blob/master/regression/main.py.This demo implements Stochastic Gradient Descent for estimating the parameters of the linear model. Your task is to familiarize yourself with every step of the code, and understand what it is doing.
 - (a) Modify the simplistic implementation of Gradient Descent to use SGD class in the torch.optim package (http://pytorch.org/docs/master/optim.html#torch.optim. SGD). Modify the learning rate and comment on its effect.
 - (b) You are provided with a toy dataset in qn2_data.csv. The data relates to the amount of corn produced (column 3) with respect to the amount of fertilizers and insecticides that are used (column 1 and column 2). Fit a linear regression model on this data, trained with SGD. Report the parameters of the trained model(weights[w1, w2] and the bias). Report the values of the number of corn produced with the following test set:

```
test_set = torch.Tensor([[6,4],[10,5],[14,8]])
```

Submit your code along with the weight, biases and the predicted values.

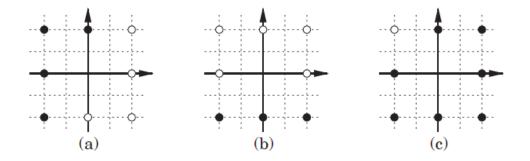
- (c) Implement the least squares solution $\theta = (\mathbf{X}^T \mathbf{X})^{-1} \mathbf{X}^T \mathbf{y}$ using the same dataset. What are the predictions for the above test set? How do they compare to the predictions of the linear neuron trained with SGD? How do the parameters compare?
- 3. (3+4+3=10 marks) MNIST Classification: The MNIST dataset consists of 1024-dimensional inputs corresponding to pixels of a 32 × 32 image showing a handwritten digit from 0 to 9, and corresponding labels stating what digit the image shows. The goal is to learn a classifier that predicts the class (label) of several test-set inputs. You have been provided with a starter code (mnist.py) which downloads the dataset, defines a network and trains it. Your main task is to find a configuration (learning rates, mini-batch size, momentum, etc.) and corresponding meta-parameter values for an optimizer algorithm (SGD) so as to minimize the number of errors on the test set. To find out all the configuration options for the optimization algorithms, you may have to read the documentation here: http://pytorch.org/docs/0.3.0/optim.html. To help you, we have provided some initial configuration options for SGD. However, more options are possible and the values provided are not necessarily optimal. With a better choice of parameters, you will converge much faster. Additionally, you can tweak other options such as the minibatch size. Answer the following questions (keep all your answers concise):

- (a) Modify the code so that it evaluates its performance on the test set after every epoch, then plot both the test loss and training loss on the same plot. Submit your code, the plot and a brief explanation of the code required to do this.
- (b) Find a configuration that works well for SGD (for the optimizer and perhaps minibatch size and others). The classification error is the percentage of instances that are misclassified. Report your training set and test set classification error as just defined. Very briefly, explain why the solution for the final model you pick is "good". Show your code for computing the classification error, which should be short.
- (c) Attempt the same with two other optimizers, say Adagrad and L-BFGS (a 2nd-order method), instead of SGD. Explain your findings about which optimizers were easier to configure than others.

2 Theory Questions

You can type this in or handwrite and submit your scanned solutions in PDF format.

1. (1+1+1=3 marks) Solve the three simple classification problems shown in the figure below by drawing a decision boundary. Find weight and bias values that result in single-neuron perceptrons with the chosen decision boundaries:



2. (2+2=4 marks) Given the following training data/label inputs:

$$\{\mathbf{x}_1 = [1;1]; d_1 = 1\}, \{\mathbf{x}_2 = [1;-1]; d_1 = -1\}$$

and that these inputs are used to train a perceptron with no bias using the LMS (Widrow-Hoff/Delta learning) rule, answer the following questions:

- (a) What does the mean error surface look like? In particular, comment on its curvature along the w_1 and w_2 axes, as well as where the surface is centered on (the mimumum).
- (b) What can you say about the eigenvalues of the Hessian of the error function?

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