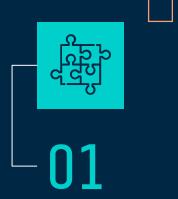
DATA SCIENCE JOB ANALYSIS

A presentation by Jessica Hoang, Ariba Anees & Nagulan Nathan OPMA419 W22 Group 3

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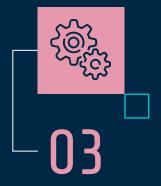
PROBLEM

What is our topic?



IMPORTANCE

Why did we choose this topic?



DATA

Data source and preparation

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ANALYSIS

k-NN Linear Regression Regression Tree Random Forest Tableau



RECOMMENDATION AND VISUALS

What do we recommend to our fellow data analysts?



CHALLENGES

What were the challenges and limitations of the project?

Which algorithm most accurately predicts average salary for data science jobs in the US? What variables are significant predictors?

Why Did We Choose This Topic?



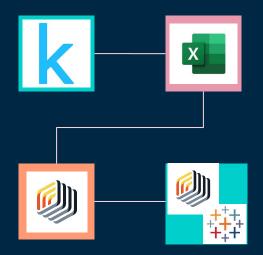
Data Workflow

Kaggle

Data downloaded as Excel csv

Data Cleaning II

In RapidMiner, we selected attributes, set role, and changed the data types as needed and made dummy variables



Data Cleaning I

Within Excel, unnecessary columns and rows with missing data removed

Analysis

Using RapidMiner to try different algorithms and Tableau for supplementary visualizations

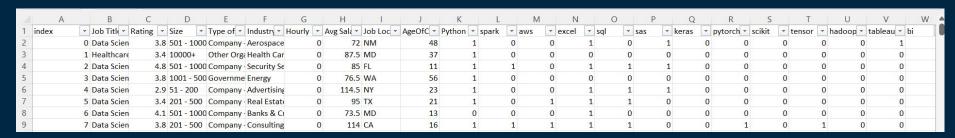
What Our Raw Data From Kaggle Looks Like

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3		1 Healthcare	\$63K-\$112 What Y	ou 3.	4 University	Linthicum,	Baltimore,	10000+	1984	Other Orga	Health Ca	r Health Car	\$2 to \$5 b	i -1		0 (63	112	87.5	University	MD	37
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7		5 Data Scien	\$71K-\$119 CyrusO	ne 3.	4 CyrusOne	Dallas, TX	Dallas, TX	201 - 500	2000	Company - F	Real Estat	Real Estat	\$1 to \$2 b	i Digital Rea	3	0 (71	119	95	CyrusOne	TX	21
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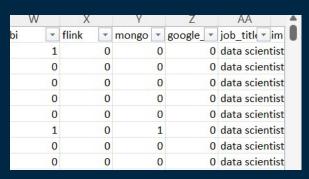
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Lots of Columns!

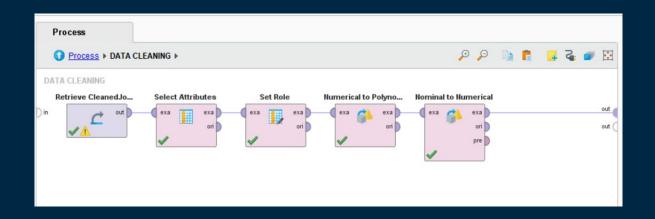
What Our Cleaned Data Looks Like



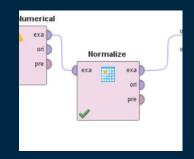
Slightly less Columns!



The RapidMiner Data Preparation



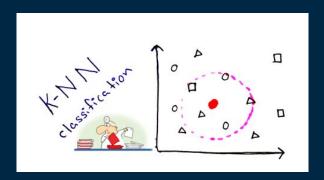
We omitted the index and Job_Title as well and made dummy variables as needed..... Now let's jump into the analysis!



For k-NN, to ensure scales do not skew euclidean distance

Our Analysis: k-NN

	RMSE	R^2	Average Error
Training	28.707	0.454	-3.985
Validation	32.137	0.242	-4.773



We used a k of 10 as it yielded the lowest RMSE from k of 1-10 on the Validation set

Our Analysis: Linear Regression

MOST SIGNIFICANT PREDICTOR AT 95% (with all predictors)

0.0000.0010.003GooglePythonSASSQLAnalytics

MOST SIGNIFICANT PREDICTOR AT 95% (comparing skills to each other)

0.0000.0020.0120.026PythonSASSQLGoogle
Analytics

Our Analysis: Linear Regression

NEGATIVE COEFFICIENT ANALYSIS

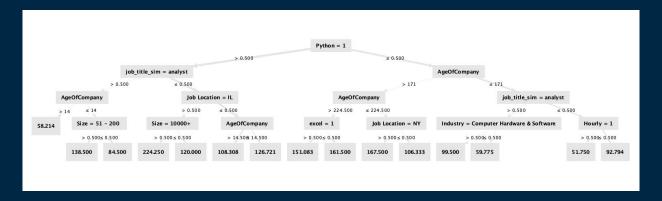
SQL: -7.88

Google Analytics: -69.85

PERFORMANCE MEASURES

	RMSE	R^2	Average Error
Training	22.557	0.654	-0.000
Validation	34.801	0.278	3.032

Our Analysis: Regression Tree



	RMSE	R^2	Average Error
Training	28.795	0.437	0.000
Validation	31.435	0.267	0.213

Our Analysis: Random Forest

	RMSE	R^2	Average Error
Training	33.001	0.474	-0.071
Validation	32.757	0.289	-1.720

Based on our analysis, the Regression Tree algorithm performed better in RMSE and average error than all other algorithms.

Recommendations



ALGORITHM

Regression Tree had the lowest RMSE on the validation set



SKILLS

Be skillful in Flink, Python, SAS, and MongoDB



JOB ROLE

Work as a machine learning engineer



INDUSTRY

Work in the trucking industry



LOCATION

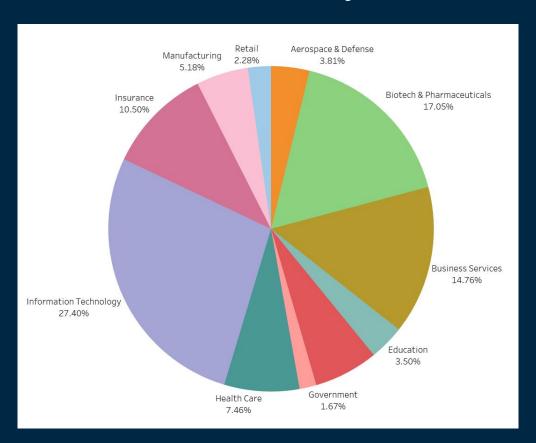
Work in Rhode Island



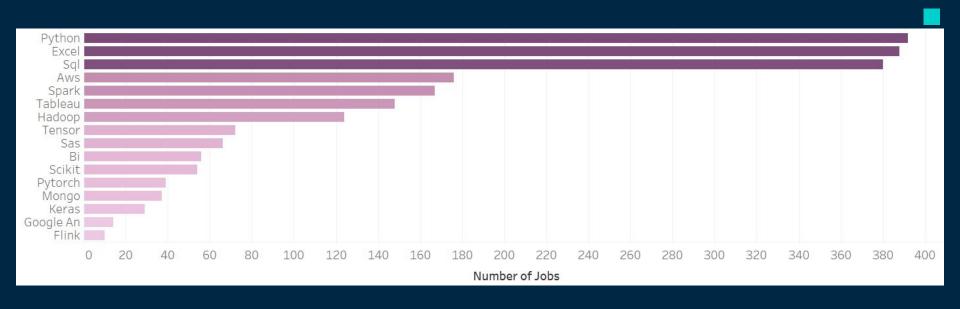
SIZE

Work for a company with 51-200 employees

Amount of Jobs by Sector "



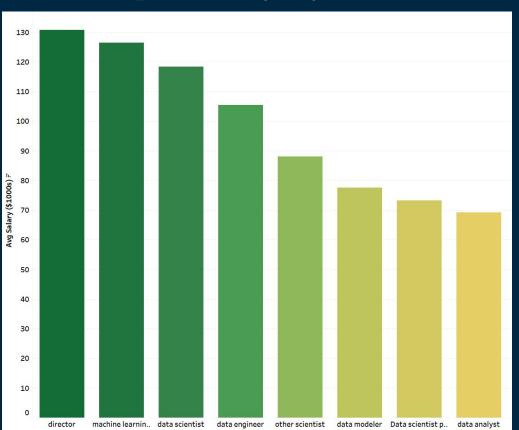
Skills in Demand



Distribution of Data Science Jobsa and Average Salary by State



Average Salary by Job Title •



Challenges & Limitations Faced

DIRTY DATA



There were missing values, and redundant columns that were time intensive for cleaning, or data that needed restructuring for Tableau

HIGH # OF CATEGORICAL PREDICTORS



Most data was polynominal, computationally intensive for BE when there are too many dummy variables

ROWS OF DATA



Just over 700 rows of data was not ideal especially when partitioned for algorithms like k-NN

