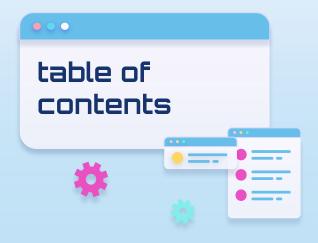
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# news recommendation system



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- data processing
- credibility assessment
- recommendation system
- recommendations





### overview



A credibility-aware news recommendation system that delivers relevant **AND** trustworthy content to readers

Unlike standard systems that prioritize relevance alone, our solution integrates credibility assessment to filter misinformation while maintaining content relevance



### problem statement - stakeholders

Standard recommendation systems promote fake news as easily as verified content

- This erodes user trust and damages platform reputation
- Readers make less informed decisions due to misinformation exposure

#### Primary stakeholder

 The end user, specifically news readers who rely on digital platforms for information that are directly affected by exposure to misinformation

#### Secondary stakeholders

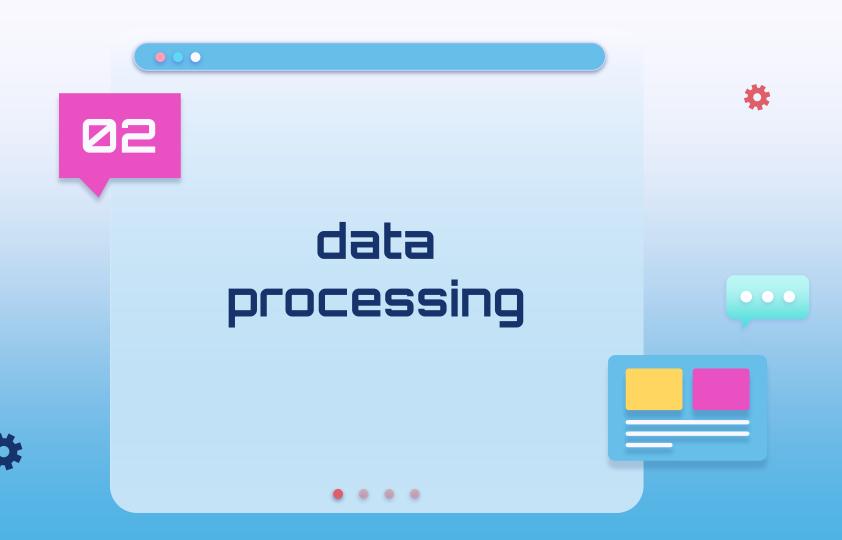
News platforms and aggregators seeking to maintain credibility and retain users



## dataset description

#### WELFake dataset: 72,134 news articles from multiple sources

- Created by merging Kaggle, McIntire, Reuters, and BuzzFeed Political datasets
- Balanced distribution: 48.6% real news, 51.4% fake news
- Final cleaned dataset: 63,121 unique articles after removing duplicates and missing values





### label distribution



Near-perfect balance: 48.6% real news, 51.4% fake news

- No artificial data manipulation required
- Ensures unbiased credibility assessment
- Reflects real-world news ecosystem proportions

This balanced dataset enables reliable credibility scoring without overemphasizing either news type





## feature engineering

Title Length: Fake news headlines are 14 characters longer on average

Real: 68.8 characters | Fake: 82.9 characters | Most powerful single indicator (66.2% accuracy)

Exclamation Count: Fake news uses 50x more exclamation marks

Real: 0.002 per headline | Fake: 0.107 per headline

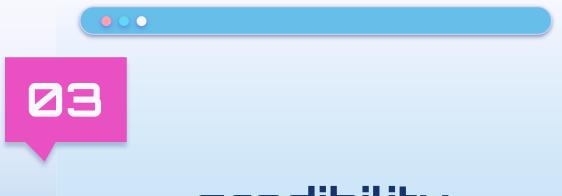
Question Marks: Fake news uses 2.6x more questions

Real: 2.5% of headlines | Fake: 6.5% of headlines

Capitalization Ratio: Fake news uses nearly 2x more ALL-CAPS text

Real: 1.0% capitalization | Fake: 1.9% capitalization

These headline patterns serve as early warning signals that help identify misinformation before readers click through to full articles



# credibility assessment











### how we measure trustworthiness

- Uses out-of-sample prediction to prevent data leakage
- Scores represent probability that an article is real (0 = fake, 1 = real)
- Maintains original dataset balance through stratified cross-validation

## what we analyze in headlines

- Punctuation patterns (exclamation marks, question marks)
- Capitalization usage
- Structural elements and length

Unlike standard systems, our credibility scores come from models that never saw the specific article during training, ensuring unbiased, reliable assessments



# transparent explanations

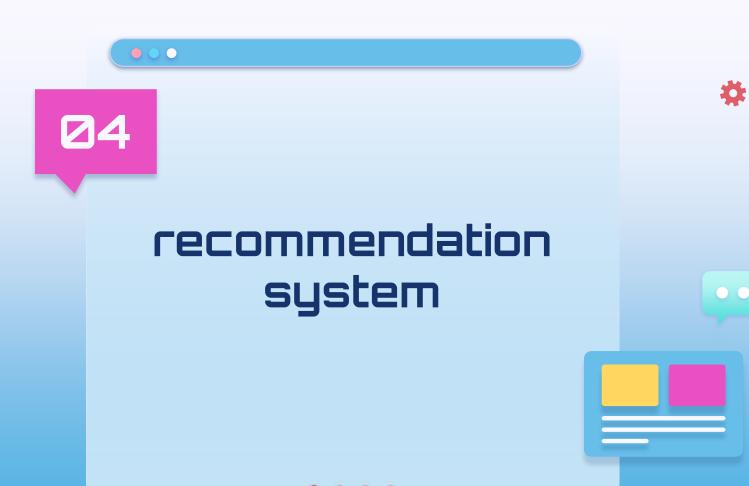
SHAP Explainability reveals why articles receive specific credibility scores:

- Identifies exact words/phrases that influence trustworthiness
- Shows how "CDC" increases credibility or "BREAKING!!!" decreases it
- Uses game theory approach for mathematically sound explanations

#### **Reader-friendly output**

- Clear "High/Moderate/Low" credibility labels
- Specific reasons like "Reputable health authority mentioned"
- Actionable guidance: "Check sources before sharing"

This transforms opaque credibility scores into actionable insights readers can understand in seconds, not technical details







### how we match content to readers

#### **Content-based similarity**

- Analyzes headlines to find topically related articles
- Uses advanced text analysis to understand what makes articles similar
- Focuses on what interests readers (not just popularity)

#### Why this matters

- 89% of news consumption happens on mobile devices
- Readers need relevant content in seconds, not minutes
- Standard systems often recommend similar but misleading content

### Hybrid scoring algorithm combines two factors

- 50% Content Relevance: What interests you
- 50% Source Credibility: Is it trustworthy?

#### **Smart topic-sensitive filtering**

- Health topics: 45% credibility minimum
- Political topics: 40% credibility minimum
- Standard topics: 30% credibility minimum



### perfect balance

#### Rigorous testing

- Tested multiple weight combinations (50-80% similarity)
- Measured impact on fake news reduction and relevance

#### The winning formula: 50/50 balance

- Achieved 91% precision@5 (91 out of 100 top recommendations are real news)
- Reduced fake news in recommendations by 38 percentage points (from 46% to 9%)
- Maintained strong relevance (0.42-0.61 topic match)

This balance delivers the best protection against misinformation while keeping content relevant to readers



### real-world results

#### When users view fake news (0.04 credibility)

System recommends articles with 0.63 average credibility while maintaining 0.42 topic relevance

#### When users view credible content (0.99 credibility)

• System maintains high standards (0.97 average credibility) with 0.61 topic relevance

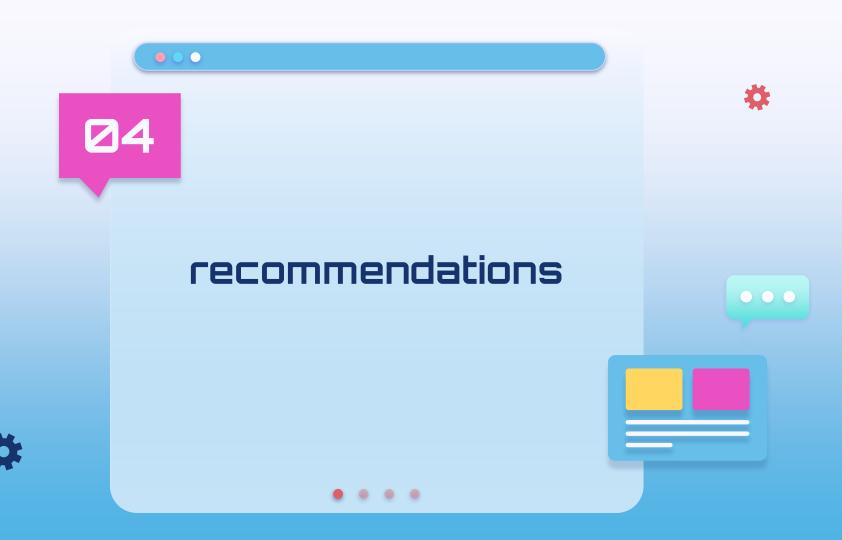


### real-world results

#### 1. Dynamic Credibility Thresholds

Problem: Fixed thresholds can't adapt to evolving misinformation tactics Solution: Automatically adjust scrutiny levels during emerging threats (e.g., health crises)

Business Value: Stay ahead of misinformation without manual intervention while maintaining the 50/50 relevance/credibility balance





## 1. Dynamic credibility thresholds

- Problem: Fixed thresholds can't adapt to evolving misinformation tactics
- Solution: Automatically adjust scrutiny levels during emerging threats
- Business value: Stay ahead of misinformation without manual intervention while maintaining the 50/50 relevance/credibility balance

# 2. Personalized credibility settings

- **Problem**: One-size-fits-all approach ignores different user needs and contexts
- Solution: Simple slider for users to adjust relevance/credibility balance (70/30 to 30/70)
- Business value: Increase user satisfaction while maintaining system integrity: breaking news seekers prioritize relevance, health researchers prioritize credibility

# 3. Cross-platform credibility sharing

- Problem: Misinformation spreads across platforms while systems operate in isolation
- Solution: Privacy-preserving protocol to share anonymized credibility signals across platforms
- Business value: Collective defense against coordinated misinformation campaigns through shared linguistic fingerprint detection





# THANKS!

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