Nathan Hancart

Department of Economics, University College London 30 Gordon Street, London WC1H 0AX, UK

nathan.hancart.16@ucl.ac.uk nathanhancart.com

Current PhD Candidate in Economics, University College London 2018 – present

Position Expected Completion: 2023

Fields Primary: Microeconomic Theory

Secondary: Information Economics, Behavioural Economics

Placement Director: Prof. Franck Portier f.portier@ucl.ac.uk

Details Graduate Coordinator: Daniella Harper economics.jobmarket@ucl.ac.uk

References Prof. Ran Spiegler Prof. Vasiliki Skreta

UCL Department of Economics

Drayton House, 30 Gordon St
London, WC1H 0AX

UCL Department of Economics

Drayton House, 30 Gordon St
London, WC1H 0AX

r.spiegler@ucl.ac.uk v.skreta@ucl.ac.uk

Dr. Deniz Kattwinkel

UCL Department of Economics

Drayton House, 30 Gordon St

Prof. Philippe Jehiel

UCL Department of Economics

Drayton House, 30 Gordon St

London, WC1H 0AX London, WC1H 0AX d.kattwinkel@ucl.ac.uk p.jehiel@ucl.ac.uk

Prior MRes in Economics, University College London 2018
Education MSc in Economics, University College London 2017
BSc in Business Engineering, Université Libre de Bruxelles 2016

Job Market Designing the Optimal Menu of Tests

Paper

Working

Paper

A decision-maker must accept or reject a privately informed agent. The agent always wants to be accepted, while the decision-maker wants to accept only a subset of types. The decision-maker has access to a set of feasible tests and, prior to making a decision, requires the agent to choose a test from a menu, which is a subset of the feasible tests. By offering a menu, the decision-maker can use the agent's choice as an additional source of information. I characterise the decision-maker's optimal menu for arbitrary type structures and feasible tests. I then apply this characterisation to various environments. When the domain of feasible tests contains a most informative test, I characterise when only the dominant test is offered and when a dominated test is part of the optimal menu. I also characterise the optimal menu when types are multidimensional or when tests vary in their difficulty.

Managing the Expectations of Buyers with Reference-dependent Preferences

R&R at Journal of Economic Theory

I consider a model of monopoly pricing where a risk-neutral firm makes an offer to a buyer with reference-dependent preferences. The reference point is the ex-ante probability of trade and the buyer exhibits an attachment effect: the higher his expectations to buy, the higher his willingness-to-pay. When the buyer's valuation is private information, a unique equilibrium exists where the firm plays a mixed strategy and its profits are the same as in the reference-independent benchmark. The equilibrium always entails inefficiencies: even as the firm's information converges to complete information, it mixes on a non-vanishing support and the probability of no trade is greater than zero. Finally, I show that when the firm can obtain costless signals on the buyer's valuation, it can do strictly better than in the reference-independent benchmark by leveraging the uncertainty generated by a noisy learning strategy. However, this advantage vanishes as the attachment effect grows large.

The (No) Value of Commitment

I provide a sufficient condition under which a principal does not benefit from commitment in economic situations. I focus on situations described by a constrained maximisation problem. I show that commitment has no value when the marginal contribution of the constraints is null in the problem with commitment. This condition also has bite when constraints are binding. I then apply this condition in a mechanism design setting. I show that a designer does not benefit from being able to contract over actions when his preferences are partially aligned with the agent's. Verifying the condition does not necessitate verifying explicitly that the strategy under commitment is a bestresponse to the information revealed in the economic problem.

Teaching	Microeconomics (MRes, UCL) Econometrics (BSc, University of London - External Program) Advanced Microeconomic Theory (MSc, UCL) Economics of Information (BSc, UCL)	2018 - 2022 2022 - 2023 2018 - 2020 2017 - 2019
Honors & Awards	Award for best Teaching Assistant on an MRes module, UCL Nominated for Inspiring Teaching Delivery, Student Choice Award, UCL	Jun 2022 Jun 2020
Referee Service	Theoretical Economics	
Professional Experience	Research assistant for Prof. Ran Spiegler Research assistant for Prof. Vasiliki Skreta	Apr 2018 - 2022 2019 - 2022
	Student Representative for PhD students at the Economics Department	2017 – 2022

Theory Seminar (Center for the Study of Rationality, HU Jerusalem, Scheduled 2022), Economic Theory Workshop (Tel-Aviv University, Scheduled 2022), Internal Theory Workshop (Penn State, Scheduled 2022), Asian School in Economic Theory (National University of Singapore/Econometric Society, 2022), International Conference on Game Theory (Stony Brook, 2022), Brown-bag theory seminar (UCL, 2022/2021), World Congress Game Theory Society (Budapest, 2021), Applied Theory

Workshop (Toulouse School of Economics, 2020)

Languages French (Native), English (Fluent), Dutch (Basic), Hebrew (Basic)

Software Skills Mathematica, Matlab

Presentations