CLAS12 Monitoring Web Service – CherryPy Testing



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CherryPy

A Minimalist Python Web Framework

CHERRYPY IS AS EASY AS...

```
import cherrypy

class HelloWorld(object):
    def index(self):
        return "Hello World!"
    index.exposed = True

cherrypy.quickstart(HelloWorld())
```

CHERRYPY IS A PYTHONIC, OBJECT-ORIENTED WEB FRAMEWORK

CherryPy allows developers to build web applications in much the same way they would build any other object-oriented Python program. This results in smaller source code developed in less time.

CherryPy is now more than ten years old and it is has proven to be very fast and stable. It is being used in production by many sites, from the simplest to the most demanding.

FEATURES

A reliable, HTTP/1.1-compliant, WSGI thread-pooled webserver.

Easy to run multiple HTTP servers (e.g. on multiple ports) at once.

A powerful configuration system for developers and deployers alike.

A flexible plugin system.

Built-in tools for caching, encoding, sessions, authorization, static content, and many more.

Swappable and customizable...everything.

Built-in profiling, coverage, and testing support.

Runs on Python 2.5+, 3.1+, PyPy, Jython and Android.

* CherryPy was used by CMS

What is Jython?

Jython is an implementation of the high-level, dynamic, objectoriented language Python seamlessly integrated with the Java platform. The predecessor to Jython, JPython, is certified as 100% Pure Java. Jython is freely available for both commercial and non-commercial use and is distributed with source code.

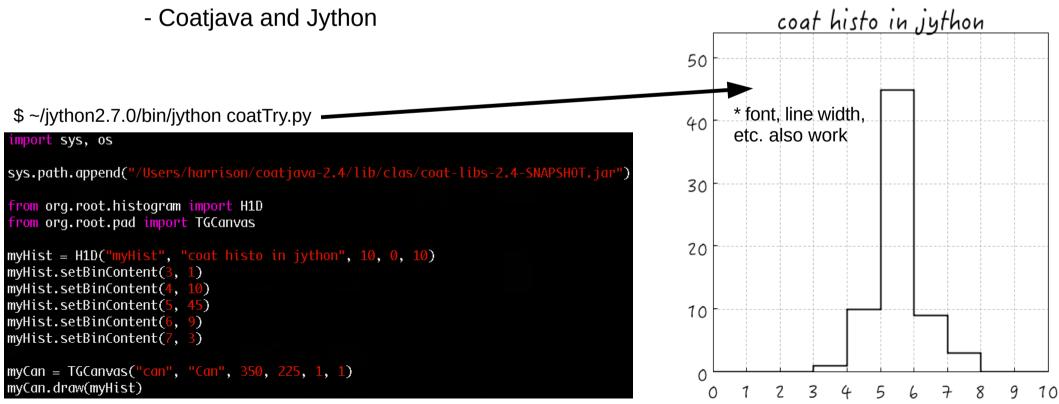
- Jython – easy installation, worked out of the box

```
java -jar jython_installer-2.7.0.jar
```

- CherryPy – similar experience

```
$ git clone https://github.com/cherrypy/cherrypy
$ cd cherrypy
$ python setup.py install
```

\$ ~/jython2.7.0/bin/jython setup.py install # one extra line required to run on jython (run with sudo)



- Jython and CherryPy

\$ ~/jython2.7.0/bin/jython tut04.1.py

```
import random
import string
import cherrypy
class StringGenerator(object):
   @cherrypy.expose
   def index(self):
        return """<html>
   @cherrypy.expose
   def generate(self, length=8):
       return ''.join(random.sample(string.hexdigits, int(length)))
if __name__ == '__main__':
   cherrypy.quickstart(StringGenerator())
```

Web Browser http://localhost:8080/

Get Random String

A63405a8

* The following error is produced:

...

Got this failure java.net.ConnectException: Connection refused: /127.0.0.1:8080 during connect (<_realsocket at 0x4 type=client open_count=1 channel=[id: 0xf73cd8b0, 0.0.0.0/0.0.0:53383] timeout=0.1>)

but it still works...

* Do not get this error when using python instead of jython

- CherryPy, Jython, and Coatjava

```
1 import random
 2 import istring
 3 import cherrypy
 4 import sys, os
 6 sys.path.append("/Users/harrison/coatjava-2.4/lib/clas/coat-l
    bs-2.4-SNAPSHOT.jar")
 8 from org.root.histogram import H1D
 9 from org.root.pad import TImageCanvas
10 from java.util import Random
12 class StringGenerator(object):
        @cherrypy.expose
        def index(self):
             return """<html>
                  <form method="get" action="coatTest">
    <input type="text" value="500" name</pre>
        @cherrypy.expose
        def coatTest(self, myArq=10):
             myRnd = Random()
    myHist = H1D("myHist", "coat histo in jython displaye
in a browser with CherryPy", 50, -2.5, 2.5)
myCan = TImageCanvas("can", "Can", 450, 275, 1, 1)
```

```
for k in range(0, int(myArg)):
           myHist.fill(myRnd.nextGaussian())
        myCan.draw(myHist)
        myCan.save("public/mycan.png") # Actual path. Below,
       return """<html>
<head></head>
if __name__ == '__main__':
    conf = {
            'tools.sessions.on': True.
            'tools.staticdir.root': os.path.abspath(os.getcwd(
      'tools.staticdir.on': True,
    cherrypy.quickstart(StringGenerator(), '/', conf)
```

- CherryPy, Jython, and Coatjava

Web browser http://localhost:8080/coatTest?myArg=500

Web browser http://localhost:8080/

Events:

Make histogram

more text

coat histo in jython displayed in a browser with CherryPy

30

25

20

15

-0.5

0.0

0.5

1.0

-1.0

abcdefg

10

-2.0

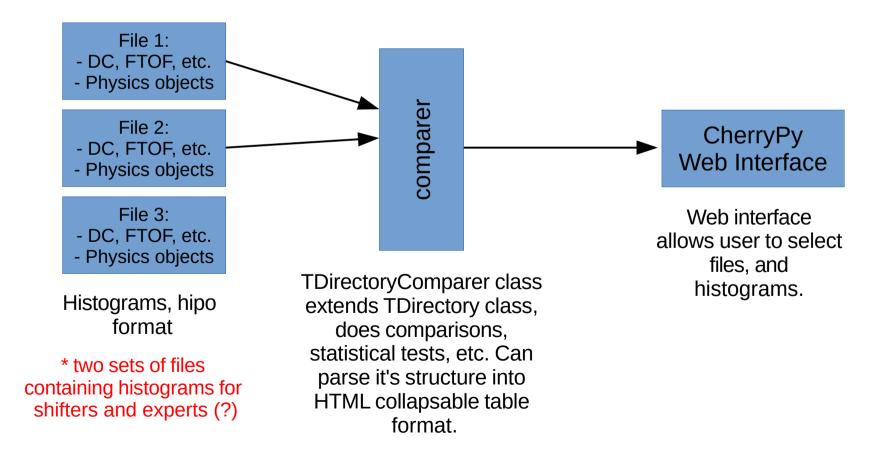
-1.5

^{*} Simple and inefficient example, but it works! Plenty of room for improvement (e.g. Ajax).

To do:

- To display plots, convert the images (Java "BufferedImage") to a Base64 Image string, then add that string to the HTML, e.g.

- Make an extension of TDirectory class which compares histograms from different files:



Need a better communication method between the html and the python code.

- Possible solution: "python-requests" (see tutorial 07 on cherryPy webpage)
 - sudo pip install requests
 - for jython: import sys sys.path.append("/Library/Python/2.7/site-packages") import requests
- Another possible solution: Ajax+jquery (see tutorial 08)

see also:

file:///Users/harrison/cherryPy/htmlTable/try3/index.html

/Users/harrison/cherryPy/jython/CLAS12monitor1.py

/Users/harrison/cherryPy/ajEx.py and ajEx.html

for good working examples.