

Question Set 1 - Easy

1. Who is the senior most employee based on job title?

SELECT * FROM employee

SELECT * FROM employee

ORDER BY levels DESC

LIMIT 1

2. Which countries have the most Invoices?

SELECT * FROM invoice

SELECT COUNT(*) AS countOflnv, billing_country

FROM invoice

GROUP BY billing_country

ORDER BY countOfInv DESC

3. What are top 3 values of total invoice?

SELECT * FROM invoice

SELECT total FROM invoice
ORDER BY total DESC
LIMIT 3

4. Which city has the best customers. We would like to throw a promotional Music Festival in the city we made the most money. Write a query that returns one city that has the highest sum of invoice totals. Return both the city name & sum of all invoicetotals. And count of invoices and invoices count.

SELECT * FROM invoice

SELECT billing_city, SUM(total) AS invoicetotals, COUNT(total) AS invoicescount

FROM invoice

GROUP BY billing_city

ORDER BY invoicetotals DESC

LIMIT 1

5. Who is the best customer. The customer who has spent the most money will be declared the best customer. Write a query that returns the person who has spent the most money.

SELECT * FROM customer

SELECT * FROM invoice

SELECT customer.customer_id, customer.first_name, customer.last_name, SUM(i.total) AS total

FROM customer

```
JOIN invoice ON c.customer_id = invoice.customer_id

GROUP BY customer.customer_id

ORDER BY total desc

LIMIT 1
```

Question Set 2 - Moderate

1. Write query to return the email, first name, last name, & Genre of all Rock Music listeners. Return your list ordered alphabetically by email starting with A.

```
SELECT * FROM customer

SELECT * FROM invoice

SELECT * FROM invoice_line
```

```
SELECT DISTINCT email, first_name, last_name FROM customer

JOIN invoice ON customer.customer_id = invoice.customer_id

JOIN invoice_line ON invoice.invoice_id = invoice_line.invoice_id

WHERE track_id IN(

SELECT track_id FROM track

JOIN genre ON track.genre_id = genre.genre_id

WHERE genre.name LIKE 'Rock'

)

ORDER BY email
```

2. Let's invite the artists who have written the most rock music in our dataset. Write a query that returns the Artist name and total track count of the top 10 rock bands.

SELECT * FROM track

SELECT * FROM album

SELECT * FROM artist

SELECT * FROM genre

SELECT artist_id, artist.name, COUNT(artist.artist_id) AS songsCount

FROM track

JOIN album ON album.album_id = track.album_id

JOIN artist ON artist.artist_id = album.artist_id

JOIN genre ON genre.genre_id = track.genre_id

WHERE genre.name LIKE 'Rock'

GROUP BY artist.artist_id

ORDER BY songsCount DESC

limit 10

3. Return all the track names that have a song length longer than the average song length. Return the Name and Milliseconds for each track. Order by the song length with the longest songs listed first.

SELECT * FROM track

SELECT name, milliseconds FROM track

WHERE milliseconds > (

```
SELECT AVG(milliseconds) AS avggtrack
        FROM track
   )
   ORDER BY milliseconds DESC
 "" OR you can answer with the query below ""
   SELECT NAME, milliseconds FROM track
   WHERE milliseconds > 393599
   ORDER BY milliseconds DESC
Question Set 3 – Advance
1. Find how much amount spent by each customer on artists. Write a query to return
customer name, artist name and total spent.
SELECT * FROM invoice_line
SELECT * FROM track
SELECT * FROM album
SELECT * FROM artist
SELECT * FROM customer
SELECT * FROM invoice
   WITH best_selling_artist AS(
```

SELECT artist_id AS artist_id, artist_name AS artist_name,

```
SUM(invoice_line.unit_price*invoice_line.quantity) AS total_sales
    FROM invoice_line
    JOIN track ON invoice_line.track_id = track.track_id
    JOIN album ON album.album id = track.album id
    JOIN artist ON artist.artist id = album.artist id
    GROUP BY 1
    ORDER BY 3 DESC
    LIMIT 1
)
SELECT
c.customer_id,c.first_name,c.last_name,bsa.artist_name,sum(il.unit_price*il.quantit
y) as totalsales
FROM customer c
JOIN invoice i ON i.customer_id = c.customer_id
JOIN invoice_line il ON il.invoice_id = i.invoice_id
JOIN track t ON t.track_id = il.track_id
JOIN album a ON a.album_id = t.album_id
JOIN best selling artist bsa ON bsa.artist id = a.artist id
GROUP BY 1,2,3,4
ORDER BY 5 DESC
LIMIT 1
```

2. We want to find out the most popular music Genre for each country. We determine the most popular genre as the genre with the highest amount of purchases. Write a query that returns each country along with the top Genre. For countries where the maximum number of purchases is shared, return all Genres.

```
SELECT * FROM invoice
SELECT * FROM invoice_line
SELECT * FROM track
SELECT * FROM genre
   WITH countryGenreSales AS (
        SELECT invoice.billing_country, genre.name, SUM(invoice.total) AS sales,
        ROW_NUMBER() OVER(
        PARTITION BY invoice.billing_country
       ORDER BY SUM(invoice.total) DESC
        ) AS genre_rank FROM invoice
        JOIN invoice_line ON invoice_id = invoice_line.invoice_id
        JOIN track ON invoice_line.track_id = track.track_id
        JOIN genre ON track.genre_id = genre.genre_id
       GROUP BY invoice.billing_country, genre.name
   )
   SELECT billing_country, NAME, sales
   FROM countryGenreSales
   WHERE genre_rank = 1
   ORDER BY sales DESC
```

3. Write a query that determines the customer that has spent the most on music for each country. Write a query that returns the country along with the top customer and how much they spent. For countries where the top amount spent is shared, provide all customers who spent this amount.

```
SELECT * FROM invoice
   WITH CustomerRankbyCountry AS(
        SELECT customer.country as country,customer.first_name || ' ' ||
   customer.last_name AS fullname, SUM(invoice.total) AS sales,
        ROW_NUMBER() OVER(
            PARTITION BY customer.country ORDER BY SUM(invoice.total) DESC
       ) AS customerrank
        FROM customer
       JOIN invoice ON customer.customer_id = invoice.customer_id
       GROUP BY country, full name
   )
   SELECT country, fullname, sales FROM CustomerRankbyCountry
   WHERE customerrank = 1
   ORDER BY sales DESC
```

SELECT * FROM customer