

Multi-Dimensional Array related problems (Total 15 questions)

| SL | Problem statement | Difficulty levels | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|---|--------------------|---------------|-------------------------|---|--------------------------------|---|---|
| 1. | <p>WAP that will take 9 integers into a 3 by 3 array (2D) and show them as traditional matrix view.</p> <table><tr><th>Sample input</th><th>Sample output</th></tr><tr><td>9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1</td><td>9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1</td></tr><tr><td>1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3</td><td>1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3</td></tr></table> | Sample input | Sample output | 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 | 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 | 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 | 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 | * |
| Sample input | Sample output | | | | | | | |
| 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 | 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 | | | | | | | |
| 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 | 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 | | | | | | | |
| 2. | <p>WAP that will take (m x n) integers into a <i>m</i> by <i>n</i> array (2D) and print them both row-wise and column-wise.</p> <table><tr><th>Sample input (m,n)</th><th>Sample output</th></tr><tr><td>2 3 1 2 3 6 5 4</td><td>Row-wise: 1 2 3 6 5 4 Column-wise: 1 6 2 5 3 4</td></tr><tr><td>3 3 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3</td><td>Row-wise: 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 Column-wise: 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3</td></tr></table> | Sample input (m,n) | Sample output | 2 3 1 2 3 6 5 4 | Row-wise: 1 2 3 6 5 4 Column-wise: 1 6 2 5 3 4 | 3 3 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 | Row-wise: 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 Column-wise: 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 | * |
| Sample input (m,n) | Sample output | | | | | | | |
| 2 3 1 2 3 6 5 4 | Row-wise: 1 2 3 6 5 4 Column-wise: 1 6 2 5 3 4 | | | | | | | |
| 3 3 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 | Row-wise: 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 Column-wise: 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 | | | | | | | |
| 3. | <p>WAP that will take inputs of a 3 by 3 matrix into a 2D array. Now find the determinant of this matrix. http://www.mathsisfun.com/algebra/matrix-determinant.html</p> <table><tr><th>Sample input</th><th>Sample output</th></tr><tr><td>1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9</td><td>0</td></tr></table> | Sample input | Sample output | 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 | 0 | * | | |
| Sample input | Sample output | | | | | | | |
| 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 | 0 | | | | | | | |

| 4. | <p>WAP that will take inputs of a n sized square matrix into a 2D array. Now show all the elements of its two diagonals. Reference: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Main_diagonal</p> <table><tr><th>Sample input</th><th>Sample output</th></tr><tr><td>5 1 2 3 4 5 5 4 3 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 9 3 7 4</td><td>Major diagonal: 1 4 2 9 4 Minor diagonal: 5 2 2 7 1</td></tr></table> | Sample input | Sample output | 5 1 2 3 4 5 5 4 3 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 9 3 7 4 | Major diagonal: 1 4 2 9 4 Minor diagonal: 5 2 2 7 1 | * |
|--|---|--------------|---------------|--|---|-----|
| Sample input | Sample output | | | | | |
| 5 1 2 3 4 5 5 4 3 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 9 3 7 4 | Major diagonal: 1 4 2 9 4 Minor diagonal: 5 2 2 7 1 | | | | | |
| 5. | <p>WAP that will take the size of an identity matrix from the user and generate the identity matrix into a 2D array. Finally display it. Reference:http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Identity_matrix</p> <table><tr><th>Sample input</th><th>Sample output</th></tr><tr><td>5</td><td>1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1</td></tr></table> | Sample input | Sample output | 5 | 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 | * |
| Sample input | Sample output | | | | | |
| 5 | 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 | | | | | |
| 6. | <p>WAP that will take inputs of two $m \times n$ sized matrix into two 2D array, suppose A and B. Now do $C = A + B$. Finally display all the elements from matrix / 2D array C.</p> <table><tr><th>Sample input</th><th>Sample output</th></tr><tr><td>2 3 1 2 3 2 3 4 1 1 1 2 2 2</td><td>2 3 4 4 5 6</td></tr></table> | Sample input | Sample output | 2 3 1 2 3 2 3 4 1 1 1 2 2 2 | 2 3 4 4 5 6 | * |
| Sample input | Sample output | | | | | |
| 2 3 1 2 3 2 3 4 1 1 1 2 2 2 | 2 3 4 4 5 6 | | | | | |
| 7. | <p>WAP that will take inputs of two 3×3 sized matrix into two 2D array, suppose A and B. Now do $C = A * B$ (multiplication). Finally display all the elements from matrix / 2D array C.</p> <table><tr><th>Sample input</th><th>Sample output</th></tr><tr><td>1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 1</td><td>9 9 9 24 24 24 39 39 39</td></tr></table> | Sample input | Sample output | 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 | 9 9 9 24 24 24 39 39 39 | *** |
| Sample input | Sample output | | | | | |
| 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 | 9 9 9 24 24 24 39 39 39 | | | | | |

| 8. | <p>WAP that will take inputs of $m \times n$ sized matrix into a 2D array and find the maximum element with index location from that matrix.</p> <table><tr><th>Sample input</th><th>Sample output</th></tr><tr><td>3 3 1 2 3 4 5 6 2 9 2</td><td>Max: 9 Location: [2][1]</td></tr><tr><td>2 3 9 8 7 3 4 5</td><td>Max: 9 Location: [0][0]</td></tr></table> | Sample input | Sample output | 3 3 1 2 3 4 5 6 2 9 2 | Max: 9 Location: [2][1] | 2 3 9 8 7 3 4 5 | Max: 9 Location: [0][0] | * |
|--|--|--------------|---------------|--|----------------------------|--|----------------------------|----|
| Sample input | Sample output | | | | | | | |
| 3 3 1 2 3 4 5 6 2 9 2 | Max: 9 Location: [2][1] | | | | | | | |
| 2 3 9 8 7 3 4 5 | Max: 9 Location: [0][0] | | | | | | | |
| 9. | <p>WAP that will take (n x n) integer inputs into a square matrix of dimension n (where n must be an odd number). Then calculate sum of the integers at first row, last row and two diagonals without overlap. Please see the sample input-output.</p> <table><tr><th>Sample input</th><th>Sample output</th></tr><tr><td>5 1 2 3 4 5 2 3 4 1 6 3 4 9 6 7 4 2 6 7 8 5 4 3 2 1</td><td>52</td></tr><tr><td>7 1</td><td>23</td></tr></table> | Sample input | Sample output | 5 1 2 3 4 5 2 3 4 1 6 3 4 9 6 7 4 2 6 7 8 5 4 3 2 1 | 52 | 7 1 | 23 | ** |
| Sample input | Sample output | | | | | | | |
| 5 1 2 3 4 5 2 3 4 1 6 3 4 9 6 7 4 2 6 7 8 5 4 3 2 1 | 52 | | | | | | | |
| 7 1 | 23 | | | | | | | |

| 10. | <p>WAP that will take (n x n) integer inputs into a square matrix of dimension n (where n must be an odd number). Then calculate sum of the integers based on following position pattern (consider only the boxed position during the sum). Please see the input-output.</p> <table><tr><th>Sample input</th><th>Sample output</th></tr><tr><td>5 <div><div>12345</div><div>23416</div><div>34967</div><div>42678</div><div>54321</div></div></td><td>71</td></tr><tr><td>7 <div><div>1111111</div><div>1111111</div><div>1111111</div><div>1111111</div><div>1111111</div><div>1111111</div><div>1111111</div></div></td><td>25</td></tr></table> | Sample input | Sample output | 5 <div><div>12345</div><div>23416</div><div>34967</div><div>42678</div><div>54321</div></div> | 71 | 7 <div><div>1111111</div><div>1111111</div><div>1111111</div><div>1111111</div><div>1111111</div><div>1111111</div><div>1111111</div></div> | 25 | ** |
|--|--|--------------|---------------|--|----|--|----|----|
| Sample input | Sample output | | | | | | | |
| 5 <div><div>12345</div><div>23416</div><div>34967</div><div>42678</div><div>54321</div></div> | 71 | | | | | | | |
| 7 <div><div>1111111</div><div>1111111</div><div>1111111</div><div>1111111</div><div>1111111</div><div>1111111</div><div>1111111</div></div> | 25 | | | | | | | |
| 11. | <p>WAP that will take (n x n) integer inputs into a square matrix of dimension n (where n must be an odd number). Then calculate sum of the integers based on following position pattern (consider only the boxed position during the sum). Please see the input-output.</p> <table><tr><th>Sample input</th><th>Sample output</th></tr><tr><td>5 <div><div>12345</div><div>23416</div><div>34967</div><div>42678</div><div>54321</div></div></td><td>65</td></tr><tr><td>7 <div><div>1111111</div><div>1111111</div><div>1111111</div><div>1111111</div><div>1111111</div><div>1111111</div><div>1111111</div></div></td><td>33</td></tr></table> | Sample input | Sample output | 5 <div><div>12345</div><div>23416</div><div>34967</div><div>42678</div><div>54321</div></div> | 65 | 7 <div><div>1111111</div><div>1111111</div><div>1111111</div><div>1111111</div><div>1111111</div><div>1111111</div><div>1111111</div></div> | 33 | ** |
| Sample input | Sample output | | | | | | | |
| 5 <div><div>12345</div><div>23416</div><div>34967</div><div>42678</div><div>54321</div></div> | 65 | | | | | | | |
| 7 <div><div>1111111</div><div>1111111</div><div>1111111</div><div>1111111</div><div>1111111</div><div>1111111</div><div>1111111</div></div> | 33 | | | | | | | |

| 12. | <p>WAP that will take (m x n) integer inputs into a matrix of dimension m x n. Now reverse that matrix within itself and display it. Reversal means swap 1st column with the nth column, swap 2nd column with the (n-1)th column and so on...</p> <table><tr><th>Sample input</th><th>Sample output</th></tr><tr><td>3 3 1 2 3 4 5 6 2 9 2</td><td>3 2 1 6 5 4 2 9 2</td></tr><tr><td>2 6 1 2 3 4 5 6 9 8 7 6 5 4</td><td>6 5 4 3 2 1 4 5 6 7 8 9</td></tr></table> | Sample input | Sample output | 3 3 1 2 3 4 5 6 2 9 2 | 3 2 1 6 5 4 2 9 2 | 2 6 1 2 3 4 5 6 9 8 7 6 5 4 | 6 5 4 3 2 1 4 5 6 7 8 9 | ** |
|-----------------------------------|---|--------------|---------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----|
| Sample input | Sample output | | | | | | | |
| 3 3 1 2 3 4 5 6 2 9 2 | 3 2 1 6 5 4 2 9 2 | | | | | | | |
| 2 6 1 2 3 4 5 6 9 8 7 6 5 4 | 6 5 4 3 2 1 4 5 6 7 8 9 | | | | | | | |
| 13. | <p>WAP that will take (n x n) integer inputs into a square matrix of dimension n. Now determine whether the matrix is symmetric or not. Reference: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Symmetric_matrix</p> <table><tr><th>Sample input</th><th>Sample output</th></tr><tr><td>3 1 7 3 7 4 5 3 5 6</td><td>Yes</td></tr><tr><td>2 1 3 4 2</td><td>No</td></tr></table> | Sample input | Sample output | 3 1 7 3 7 4 5 3 5 6 | Yes | 2 1 3 4 2 | No | ** |
| Sample input | Sample output | | | | | | | |
| 3 1 7 3 7 4 5 3 5 6 | Yes | | | | | | | |
| 2 1 3 4 2 | No | | | | | | | |
| 14. | <p>WAP that will take (m x n) positive integer inputs into a matrix of dimension m x n. Now replace all the duplicate integers by -1 in that matrix. Finally display it.</p> <table><tr><th>Sample input</th><th>Sample output</th></tr><tr><td>3 3 1 7 3 7 4 5 3 5 6</td><td>1 7 3 -1 4 5 -1 -1 6</td></tr><tr><td>2 6 2 2 2 2 2 2 6 5 4 3 2 1</td><td>2 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 6 5 4 3 -1 1</td></tr></table> | Sample input | Sample output | 3 3 1 7 3 7 4 5 3 5 6 | 1 7 3 -1 4 5 -1 -1 6 | 2 6 2 2 2 2 2 2 6 5 4 3 2 1 | 2 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 6 5 4 3 -1 1 | *** |
| Sample input | Sample output | | | | | | | |
| 3 3 1 7 3 7 4 5 3 5 6 | 1 7 3 -1 4 5 -1 -1 6 | | | | | | | |
| 2 6 2 2 2 2 2 2 6 5 4 3 2 1 | 2 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 6 5 4 3 -1 1 | | | | | | | |

15.

WAP that will take (m x n) integer inputs into a matrix of dimension m x n. Now just simply add all the integers in that matrix and show the result.

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| Sample input | Sample output |
|-----------------------------------|---------------|
| 3 3 1 7 3 7 4 5 3 5 6 | 41 |
| 2 6 2 2 2 2 2 2 6 5 4 3 2 1 | 33 |